"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day, colder to-night; fair, colder Friday; high, shifting winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,151. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1913.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

FLOOD COSTS 3,000 LIVES IN TWO STATES; $100,000,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY WIPED OUT; FIRES ADD TO HORROR IN STRICKEN DAYTON

ADRIANOPLE WON BY THE ALLIES

Fortress Is Stormed and Captured After a Terrible Battle Lasting Three Days.

TURKS SET FIRE TO CITY

Blow Up Barracks and Magazines—Flames Devastating Many Quarters.

SHUKRI PASHA SURRENDERS

Hands Sword to Savoff—Mines Destroy a Bulgar and a Servian Regiment.

TCHATALJA ALSO CAPTURED

Town Taken by Bulgarians After Fierce Two-Day Battle — Europe Thinks Latest Carnage Unjustified.

MUSTAPHA PASHA, March 26.—The fortress of Adrianople was taken by storm by the Bulgarians this morning after fighting of the most terrible character that had continued since Monday.

Flames are devastating the city at many points.

After the outlying fortifications had been captured the Turkish troops set fire to all their depots and stores as well as to the arsenal and the artillery park. They also blew up the barracks and a number of powder magazines.

Most of the population fled.

SOFIA, March 26.—Shukri Pasha, the Turkish commander in chief of Adrianople, surrendered to Gen. Savoff this afternoon. Bulgarian cavalry had previously entered the city.

An official account of the operations in the capture of Adrianople says:

"The commander of the second army received orders on March 23 to attack and carry the outlying positions of the Turks in the eastern section. The following day at 2 o'clock fire was opened in all sections by the field batteries, the Turks replying with siege guns. The duel lasted until 8 o'clock in the evening.

"Toward 3:30 o'clock the next morning the Bulgarian infantry advanced on the Kumdere, which they crossed at 4:15. At the same time the siege guns opened on the Turkish positions. The enemy replied with a violent infantry and artillery fire on the advancing columns, which, however, pushed forward, and at daybreak, at the point of the bayonet, carried the outlying positions. Twelve guns and 300 men were captured.

"Simultaneously the troops in the southern section captured Pamukryrty, and carried on an offensive action against Ouktabir and Dudjaror, while the Servian infantry occupied the hill to the northwest of Kadikeui and another Servian division captured Ekmktchikeui. The Danube Servian division attacked Papastepe.

"The siege artillery tried all day to master the Turkish guns and destroy the forts. Under cover of this the troops of the Eastern division continued to advance, and at 10 o'clock reached within 800 yards of a fort where 1,000 men and twenty-one guns were captured. These guns were at once brought into action against the enemy, and other forts were taken.

"In the course of the night the infantry destroyed a series of artificial obstacles, and at daybreak carried at the point of the bayonet the whole line of forts. The Turks began to destroy their stores, barracks, hospitals, and other buildings, and the city is on fire at several points."

Inhabitants Panic-Stricken.

At an early hour this morning fires were raging in various sections of the city. The maddened population, whose nerves had been shattered by the almost incessant bombardment for a period of over five months, were fleeing about the streets from one point to another, not knowing where to find shelter. Some of them rushed along the line of forts, daring the heavy infantry and artillery fire that was in progress.

The great artillery arsenal in the city was burning, and the barracks lying between the hospital and the northern forts were also in flames.

The entire line of fortresses defending the eastern side of the city was captured by the Bulgarians after a most spectacular assault at the point of the bayonet by long lines of infantry, which were strengthened rapidly by the second or reserve line.

In the advance on Adrianople herds of cattle were driven forward in order that the danger of mined trenches might be avoided. Soldiers clad in cuirasses and provided with shields cut and divided the wire entanglements surrounding the forts and bastioned walls, which were carried at the point of the bayonet.

The Mir says that the Servians in the northern and western sections fought valiantly, "although it was not their lot to capture the forts."

Fierce Battle at Tchatalja.

LONDON, Thursday, March 27.—Adrianople has fallen, after one of the most stubborn defenses in the history of warfare, and the Town of Tchatalja, according to a telegram received by the Bulgarian Legation in London last night, has suffered a like fate, falling into the hands of the Bulgarians after two days' desperate fighting. The Allies made just as determined an attack on the Tchatalja lines as they did on Adrianople.

Shukri Pasha, the defender of Adrianople, who held the town for 153 days against great odds, which included, be-

Continued on Page 7.

USHER'S GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH Is a Whisky of Matchless Merit.—Adv.

WE MAY GET SNOW TO-DAY.

Forecaster Scarr Predicts Passing of the Storm and Colder Weather.

Forecaster Scarr said last night that the unusual weather in and around New York in the last few days had been caused by the heavy rainfall which extended from the great lakes south to New Orleans and which centred last night over Cincinnati.

"We are getting a share of the rainstorm to-night," said the forecaster, "and for the twenty-four hours ending at 10 P. M. the rainfall in New York has been 1.24 inches. The temperature has been very varied during the storm. To-night it is at freezing point in Buffalo and 59 degrees in this city. The rain will continue until the centre of the storm has passed New York, to-morrow, when it will probably turn to snow, as it has done in Illinois and Iowa, and the temperature will be much colder."

When asked if New York was likely to be visited by a windstorm, Mr. Scarr said that he did not think so. The greatest velocity of the wind was forty-eight miles an hour at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. It might increase to that figure again to-day, but was not likely to blow harder than forty-five miles an hour.

With regard to the dark cloud that hovered over the city yesterday forenoon and caused some nervous people to get the idea a tornado was coming, the forecaster said that was ridiculous because New York was out of the tornado belt. That was only a squall, during which the wind rose to forty-five miles an hour and then died down again. The topographical conditions of New York prevent the city being subjected to tornadoes, he said.

POPE CELEBRATES MASS.

But His First Collective Audience Is Postponed Till April 4.

ROME, March 26.—Pope Pius celebrated mass early this morning, when he administered the communion to the servants of the household.

The physicians in attendance visited and examined the Pontiff both before and after the mass, and expressed their satisfaction with his condition. They, however, advised him to maintain caution and again to postpone his collective audience.

It was then decided that on April 3 the Pope would receive some of the Bishops, and on April 4 give his first collective audience since he was taken ill.

CUBAN PROBLEMS DELAYED.

Congress Closes Without Acting on Amnesty Bill or Solo Case.

HAVANA, March 26.—The session of Congress terminated this evening. The new Congress will convene on April 7.

The Senate passed the bill consenting to the submission to arbitration of the claims of Great Britain, France, and Germany for damages in the revolution of 1895-98, but in amended form, necessitating its resubmission to the House of Representatives.

No effort was made to obtain the permission of the House for the prosecution of Representative Solo, the author of the libelous attacks in the newspaper Cuba on American Minister Beaupré and Secretary of Legation Gibson.

The Amnesty bill was also left over for the new Congress.

SENATE PASSES HOME RULE.

Cullen Bill to be Sent to Assembly for Concurrence.

ALBANY, March 26.—Without opposition, the Senate passed to-day the Cullen bill designed to provide home rule for cities throughout the State. This measure carries amendments not included in the Levy home rule bill, which has passed the Assembly, and will be sent to that body for concurrence.

The Senate Insurance Committee's compromise workmen's compensation bill was reported favorably to-night.

The Wagner bill, designed to regulate labor in tenement houses, passed the Senate.

BLIZZARD IN SOUTHWEST.

Oklahoma and Northwest Texas in Clutch of a Snowstorm.

OKLAHOMA CITY, March 26.—A storm of the blizzard type has been raging in Oklahoma since midnight. Snow has fallen to a depth of three inches and is still falling. Street car service is blocked and train service is slow.

DALLAS, March 26.—An unusually heavy snowstorm swept Northwest Texas to-day, moving rapidly eastward. The storm visited sections where fields and gardens already are green. No serious damage resulted, the temperature barely touching the freezing point.

LOST SAVING GRANDCHILDREN

Paralytic Man Got Two Out and Died Himself in Burning House.

When Michael Wehr's cottage at Town Dock Road and Hutchinson River, the Bronx, was burned last evening, Mr. Wehr, a retired business man of 67, partly disabled from paralysis, succeeded in rescuing his two grandchildren, who were asleep on the second floor, but he himself was penned in by the flames and suffocated before any one could get him out. The house was completely destroyed.

The children were the son and daughter of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel McCoy. Mr. and Mrs. Wehr and Mrs. McCoy were sitting in the living room downstairs when the fire was discovered. Mr. Wehr sent them to safety, and went upstairs for the children. He carried little Mamie downstairs and out to the porch. Then he made his way back through the smoke, and lifted his grandson, Samuel, in his arms, but before he could descend the stairs gave way with the onrush of the flames, and he stumbled to a window overlooking the garden. There young Christian Bibz, a neighbor, boosted another neighbor, Jack Matthews, until the latter was able to reach his arms to the little boy and jump with him to the ground. But the sweep of the flames drove Wehr from the window, and when they finally reached him he was dead.

The house stood at a part of the Bronx so remote and with thoroughfares so unlike the pavements further downtown, that the fire engines from the station at 229th Street and White Plains Road could not make their way through the mud, and had to reach the Town Dock Road by way of Mount Vernon. They came too late.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Celtic, (White Star Line,) from Liverpool to New York, was reported 1,184 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:15 P. M.; due 30th, 8 A. M.

28 HOURS TO FRENCH LICK SPRINGS. "St. Louis Limited" via Baltimore & Ohio. Leave New York daily 10 A. M., arrive Springs 1:10 P. M. Through Sleepers to Mitchell, Ind. Parlor Cars beyond. Double daily service returning. Ticket Offices, 879 & 1,490 B'way, 7 Cortlandt St., and 4 Court St., Brooklyn.—Adv.

TOLL TAKEN BY THE FLOOD.

Lives	3,000
Property	$100,000,000

ESTIMATE OF THE DEAD.

OHIO.		INDIANA.	
Dayton	2,000	Peru	60
Piqua	540	Brookville	40
Columbus	100	Newcastle	3
Delaware	50	Lafayette	2
Middletown	100	Fort Wayne	6
Sidney	50	Indianapolis	50
Hamilton	12	Noblesville	2
Tippecanoe	3	Scattering	25
Tiffin	50	Total	188
Fremont	11		
Scattering	200		
Total	3,116		

Total in both States 3,304

NATION'S FORCES AID ON A HUGE SCALE

Wilson Puts Entire Government Machinery in Motion to Succor Flood Victims.

ARMY RATIONS FILL TRAINS

War Department Never Such a Hive of Industry in Time of Peace—National Appeal by Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—When President Wilson read the newspapers this morning and learned of the terrible loss of life and devastation caused by the floods in Ohio he hurried over to his office in the Executive Building and immediately set about finding ways and means of furnishing Federal aid to the stricken people of that State.

One of the first steps he took was to issue the following appeal to the Nation:

> The terrible floods in Ohio and Indiana have assumed the proportions of a National calamity. The loss of life and the infinite suffering involved prompt me to issue an earnest appeal to all who are able, in however small a way, to assist the labors of the American Red Cross to send contributions at once to the Red Cross at Washington or to the local treasurers of the society. We should make this a common cause. The needs of those upon whom this sudden and overwhelming disaster has come should quicken every one capable of sympathy and compassion to give immediate aid to those who are laboring to rescue and relieve.
>
> WOODROW WILSON.

The President also sent the following telegram to both Gov. Ralston at Indianapolis and Gov. Cox at Columbus, Ohio:

"I deeply sympathize with the people of your State in the terrible disaster that has come upon them. Can the Federal Government assist in any way?"

250,000 People Unsheltered.

The following telegram then came from Gov. Cox at Columbus, Ohio, to President Wilson:

"We have asked the Secretary of War this morning for tents, supplies, rations, and physicians. In the name of humanity see that this is granted at the earliest possible moment. The situation in this State is very critical. We believe that 250,000 people were unsheltered last night, and the indications are that before night the Muskingum Valley will suffer the fate of the Miami and Scioto Valleys."

The President telegraphed to Gov. Cox as follows:

"Have directed the Secretary of War immediately to comply with your request and to use every agency of his department to meet the needs of the situation."

Gov. Cox's appeal was for 50,000 tents and 100,000 rations.

Secretary of War Garrison was summoned and was with the President a good part of the day discussing the situation and giving directions to subordinate officers of the War Department for carrying out the measures of relief decided upon.

One of the first things that the President learned was that there was no authorization of law for sending Federal supplies to the distressed districts in the West. But he learned also that in cases of emergency his predecessors had directed the War Department to ship tents, rations, and medical stores to places where they were sorely needed, and that Congress had always subsequently authorized the expenditures made in these directions. President Wilson decided to follow the practice, law or no law, and in consequence the offices of the Quartermaster General and the Surgeon General of the Army were hives of industry within a brief time after the President and the Secretary of War got into action. Officers were ordered to the stricken districts, and telegrams for the shipment of tents, food, and medicines were transmitted to the proper offices at the nearest available points.

Press dispatches and information received from official sources brought home to the President that the emergency called for all the help that it was possible for the National Government and the people of the country to extend. His apeal for funds followed a call of Miss Mabel Boardman, Chairman of the Relief Board of the Red Cross, at the White House.

Wants Relief Steps Sanctioned.

In the course of the day President Wilson had a telephone conversation with Representative Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, majority leader in the House of Representatives, in which he urged Mr. Underwood to propose legislation as soon as Congress meets in extra session sanctioning the use of War Department funds and supplies for the stricken people in the West and providing for recompensing the War Department for these expenditures. Mr. Underwood said he would give the matter his personal attention, and indicated there would be no difficulty in having the proposed legislation enacted. The President sent telgrams also to Senator Thomas S. Martin, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, at Charlottesville, Va., and Representative John J. Fitzgerald, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, at Brooklyn, telling them of his directions to the War Department, and asking them to see that money was appropriated when Congress assembled to enable the War Department to purchase supplies to replace those sent to the West.

Orders were issued by direction of Secretary Garrison to provide for the entire flood region of Indiana and Ohio the same service that was maintained last year in the Mississippi River floods. Major James E. Normoyle, Depot Quartermaster at Washington, and Major James A. Logan, Quartermaster, now on duty at the War College, were ordered to proceed to Columbus and organize an adequate system for the housing and feeding of the many thousands of homeless people. A sufficient number of officers from the Quartermaster Corps and the Engineer Corps will be assigned to duty under Major Normoyle to provide for depots for the care of the suffering in all the smaller towns in the Miami Valley.

Major Powell C. Fauntleroy of the Surgeon General's Office in Washington was ordered to proceed to Columbus and take charge of the organization of hospital facilities throughout the flood section. Major Gen. Carter at Chicago was directed to order eight medical officers from posts within convenient reach of Columbus to proceed there to be in readiness for duty in the field. The St. Louis depot of the Medical Department of the army was ordered to send at once by the first available train fifty hospital corps stewards and a complete store of supplies and medicines for a field hospital.

Gov. Cox, in addition to asking the Secretary of War for rations, tentage, and cots, requested 500 boxes of reserve dressing, 10,000 vaccine points, and 5,000 anti-typhoid vaccine ampules. All these supplies were started on the way to Columbus by express in sufficient quantity to meet present requirements.

Orders Troops to Be Ready.

The Secretary of War also took another step to provide for a possible demand for more help, and issued orders to all troops stationed in Western New York and in the Central Department in the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri to be in readiness to entrain for the flood dstrict at an hour's notice to render aid to the sufferers. Several thousand blankets were ordered shipped to Columbus, and a large number of stoves, both for camp kitchens and for warming hospital tents, were also ordered from St. Louis. Gov. Cox in his telegrams to the department said that thousands of people would probably have to live in army tents for a month or more.

In the opinion of the United States Weather Bureau, the flood situation in the West will grow worse instead of better, and additional flood warnings were issued to-day. Prof. Alfred F. Henry, who is in charge of the Bureau's River and Flood Division, said that the situation in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys was grave, and there were indications of more rains in both valleys.

Prof. Henry's reports show that the Ohio River at Pittsburgh is nearing the flood stage, and it is believed that the water will have risen 26 feet, or 4 feet above the flood mark, by to-morrow morning. At Cairo, Ill., where the Ohio River joins the Mississippi, the Ohio was 1½ feet below the flood stage to-day and was rising rapidly. South of Memphis the Mississippi is up to the flood limit, but Prof. Henry was unable to tell how serious conditions would be. There is grave danger of an overflow of the Ohio from Evansville to the mouth of the river. The conditions at Pittsburgh, he said, were the keynote to the situation, and it could not be determined what the result would be in the lower Ohio until these conditions had developed thoroughly.

The most encouraging thing, said Prof. Henry, was that the water at Dayton would go lower instead of higher. He attributed much of the damage done at Dayton to the fact that the banks of the river were low there, and not much of a rise was necessary to cause a flood.

Whole Federal Machinery Moving.

The entire machinery of the Government was put into operation for the relief of the stricken districts. The measures undertaken have never been equaled in time of peace. Within ten minutes after Gov. Cox's appeal was received by President Wilson, the War and Treasury Departments and other Governmental agencies were rushing preparations for relief on an unprecedented scale.

The War Department received word late this afternoon that 300,000 rations would be shipped from Chicago this evening and 700,000 had been prepared, ready for shipment as soon as possible. In the emergency an arbitrary ration was arranged for

Continued on Page 5.

RUTLAND RAILROAD TO MONTREAL. Sleepers leave Grand Central daily 7:45 P. M. Particulars 1,216 B'way. 'Phone 6319 Madison.—Adv.

Gov. Cox Asks Nation's Aid in Meeting the Great Disaster.

FEW BODIES RECOVERED

Many Swept Away and Others in Houses Isolated by the Torrents.

FLAMES IN BUSINESS CENTRE

Beckel House Probably Destroyed—Fate of 250 Refugees There Is in Doubt.

65,000 PERSONS MAROONED

Piteous Appeals for Drinking Water and Food Made to Passing Boatman.

LIFE SAVERS ON THE WAY

Food Supplies Being Rushed from Cities—New York Relief Train Starts.

INDIANA SUFFERS LESS

Hopes to Care for Its Own Victims—Wilson Puts Federal Forces at Work to Aid Ohio.

DAYTON, Ohio, March 26.—Flames that destroyed eight buildings in Dayton's submerged business section early to-night cast a red glow over the flood-stricken city, adding to the alarm of thousands of refugees and marooned persons and causing those in safety to fear that some of the flood's prisoners in homes and office buildings might fall victims to this new danger.

Soon after the fire started notices were posted at the headquarters of the Emergency Committee that the city was under martial law, several companies of soldiers having arrived from neighboring Ohio cities.

The soldiers are being employed to patrol edges of the burned district and prevent further looting of homes which have been freed from the flood's grasp.

At 1:15 o'clock this (Thursday) morning State guardsmen shot and killed a man attempting to loot the homes of flood victims in Fifth Street.

The fire, which seemed to threaten the business section, was confined at first to the block bounded by Second and Third Streets and Jefferson and St. Clair Streets. In the block are the Fourth National Bank, Lattiman Drug Company, Evans Wholesale Drug Company, and several commission houses. It was impossible to get within two miles of the fire, and from that distance it looked as if explosions, probably of drugs, made the fire seem larger than it was.

At 9 o'clock the fire seemed to be dying out, but at 11:30 o'clock the flames started up again and obtained new headway.

It is impossible to tell accurately what buildings are burning, as the rushing torrents of water down the principal streets prevent any approach to the scene.

Reports are persistent that the Beckel Hotel has been burned. It is said that 250 persons took refuge there, but their fate is not known.

Scores of watchers on the National Cash Register building, nearly two miles from the scene, agreed in believing that the hotel had been destroyed, probably after 10 o'clock.

To-night's outbreak of flames followed several sporadic fires, which were believed to have been caused by natural gas, which is supplied to the city from the Indiana gas region.

One fire that broke out in the submerged centre of the city late this afternoon burned to the water's edge buildings between St. Clair and Jefferson Streets on the north side of East Main Street and threatened the business section.

One fire was started by an oil tank containing hundreds of gallons, which bumped into a submerged building near Fourth and Jefferson Streets.

The Dayton fire department worked from boats and dynamited the upper stories of several buildings in successful efforts to halt the flames.

Rescue squads worked frantically all day to-day, but up to a late hour to-night it was impossible to make any accurate estimate of the number who lost their lives in the flood. Conserv-

Distinguished scientists recommend the use of malt. In MALT BREAKFAST FOOD it is in its simplest and most useful form.—Adv.

"OUR GREATEST TRAGEDY," SAYS GOV. COX

He Estimates the Loss in Dayton at 1,000 Lives, in Telegram to The Times.

By Telegraph to the Editor of The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 26.—The exact extent of the appalling flood in Ohio is still unknown. Every hour impresses us with the uncertainty of the situation. The waters have assumed such unknown heights in many parts of the State that it will be hardly less than a miracle if villages and towns are not wiped out of existence in the southern and southeastern parts of Ohio. The storm is moving south of east.

Please give great publicity to our appeal for help. My judgment is that there has never been such a tragedy in the history of our Republic.

Columbus was the centre of all activities to-day in behalf of the stricken cities. Every hour has apparently been filled with an accumulation of dramatic circumstances.

Piteous appeals have been made by men who were surrounded by water and confronted by the approaching conflagration in the City of Dayton. Every human energy has been exerted to give relief, and yet the measure of assistance has been comparatively small. It is the belief, however, that by daylight to-morrow those imprisoned in the business section of Dayton can be relieved.

The day began by a storm signal from the Weather Bureau, advising that there would be a dangerous rise in the waters of the Muskingum River.

All towns along its course, including Zanesville and Marietta, were advised. Before noon the situation assumed a critical aspect at Zanesville, and the historic "Y" bridge was blown up with dynamite. The loss of life in Zanesville is uncertain, because all telephone communication ceased at noon.

Marietta lies further south on the Ohio River. It cannot be reached, but it is safe to assume that the same devastating results at Zanesville were carried on to Marietta.

A flood situation developed in the Maumee and Sandusky Valleys, in Northwestern Ohio, but the damage to life and property was nothing compared to that in the south.

The one great tragedy remains—the Dayton situation. In many respects it is absolutely without parallel in the history of the Republic.

The early morning reports were that the water was receding, and that the loss of life would not be more than one hundred. It soon developed, however, that this city, which is built on several hills and in the valleys of four streams, is unable to send to the outside world any accurate idea of the real loss that has been sustained.

North Dayton reported in itself a loss of 100 lives. Later precisely the same situation was reported from Riverdale. West Dayton is almost completely under water, and the houses in Edgemont, a residential section, are so deep in the flood that great destruction to life and property has certainly ensued there.

On the high lands of South Park and East Dayton pockets had been developed and people were drowned on apparent elevations where it would seem naturally impossible.

The water at Fifth and Brown Streets, which is twenty-five or thirty feet above the elevation in the business section, is reported to be ten feet in depth.

At this time a river, wild and turbulent, four miles wide, is sweeping through the business section of Dayton, to say nothing of the overflow in the residential sections.

Telephone communication was established before the day was over with four points in the city. Bell, the intrepid telephone operator, reported first that he had sent scouts into the different parts of the city by boat.

His belief at daylight was that the loss of life had been overestimated, but by 10 o'clock it was known that easily 500 persons had been drowned. This evening we cannot resist the belief that the loss will not be less than 1,000.

Little by little the facts are becoming known. The Miami River enters Dayton directly north and south, separating North Dayton from Riverdale. It then makes a complete turn west and runs about three-fourths of a mile before it turns directly at right angles to the south. These bends have been the undoing of the city and caused the breaks in the levee.

Not until to-day was it apparent that between 10,000 and 12,000 people are penned up in the business houses, skyscrapers, hotels, and the Young Men's Christian Association, making it apparent that the flood came so rapidly that the business community was unable to reach the hills of the city.

The City Hall is patrolled by a number of policemen inside, and it is so situated as to enable the officers to make more or less accurate estimates of the number of people in the business section.

Fire broke out in the square bounded by St. Clair, Jefferson, Second and Third Streets soon after noon. The blaze was noticed first in a drug store. It swept north and destroyed the St. Paul Evangelical Church, fronting on Library Park. The flames then shot to the south through the wholesale district, consuming two large wholesale liquor houses and threatening the Fourth National Bank Building.

The fire is still burning to-night. We were advised by telephone to-night that people could be seen on the roofs of the buildings in the imperiled square, and that they were jumping from one structure to another, keeping safely out of the way of the flames. The water at this time had receded to about five feet in that part of the city.

The appeal came in very dramatic words over the telephone to the State House that unless boats were sent at once from some part of the stricken district the loss of life would be tremendous.

This evening it developed that the rescue from this square was complete, and that no sacrifice in human life ensued.

The Beckel Hotel, immediately across the street, was on fire at noon, but the flames were put out. Howard, from the Home Telephone Building, reported that the roof of the Beckel House was black with people, standing guard over their safety point.

South of the stricken square is another wholesale section, and it developed that about thirty-five women and children were in several of the buildings.

About 3 o'clock the flames leaped across Third Street and attacked the square bounded by Third, Fourth, Jefferson, and St. Clair Streets. Lowe Brothers' paint store was destroyed, and another tremendous sacrifice in human life was imminent.

Fifteen men in the Home Telephone Building succeeded, however, in rescuing the women and children by the aid of a block and tackle, getting them into the Beaver Power Building, a fireproof structure, where they are to-night.

Instructions have been given from Columbus to the militia in the southern part of Dayton to give vigilant eye to the fire district, and if the flames start in the direction of the Home Telephone Building and the Beaver Power Building to risk passage through the turbulent river, which is now running through the city, with boats.

To-morrow morning at daylight fifty boats will go into the business district from South Park. The naval militia, with 100 boats, leave Toledo at midnight.

The Federal life-saving crew, with equipment, will arrive at Dayton from Cleveland by way of Toledo at daylight. So, unless the developments during the night are unseemly, the whole situation ought to be measurably well in hand to-morrow forenoon.

We are disquieted, however, to-night by the report from the Lewistown Reservoir that the wind has changed to the north and the water is beating against the banks on the south shore, which has been standing the pressure and impulse of the waves for ten days.

If the reservoir should give way, then the wildest imagination could probably not bring an accurate impression of what will happen in Dayton.

JAMES M. COX, Governor.

tive estimates put the number at 500 to 800, while others figured that it was likely to reach 2,000.

George F. Burba, representing Gov. Cox, and J. H. Patterson, head of the relief work here, thought at noon that the loss of life from the flood would be between 500 and 1,000 persons. Both said, however, that the estimates were based solely on conjectures and rumors, and that the death list might be much greater or much less.

At 6 o'clock this evening J. H. Miller, Secretary of the Board of Health, estimated that the death list would reach 00.

It was reported that the National Cash Register Company had ordered 00 coffins for immediate delivery.

The known dead are:

ANTON SAETELL, grocer, Vine and Main Streets, killed in an explosion.
Mrs. ANTON SAETELL, drowned.
Unknown woman found near by, hanging on wire.
Mrs. A. B. BISH, aged 65.
Miss FLORENCE BISH, aged 27.
Miss VIOLA BISH.
Mrs. JOHN BISH.
Mrs. LUCY ABEL, aged 50, died after being rescued near Miami Hospital.

The entire Bish family excepting John, son of one of the drowned women and husband of another, perished in the flood.

Reports that Fire Chief Ramby lost his life while attempting to reach a floating house have not been confirmed.

The arrival of motor boats late tonight gave hope that by to-morrow the northern section of the city, now cut off by the Big Miami's waste of waters, may be penetrated, and then may be learned the fate of hundreds who were imprisoned by the torrent sent down from the broken reservoir.

It was impossible to ascertain, even approximately, the number of persons who might have been marooned in this section and died after being trapped by flood and fire. Nevertheless, rescue work went steadily on, and about 3,000 persons were housed in places of refuge tonight, most of them in buildings of the National Cash Register Company.

Late this afternoon several refugees brought in from Simpson Street told stories that gave an insight into conditions in East Dayton, hitherto unreached. They said they knew of no loss of life in that section, because many had taken warning and fled.

Sixty-five persons were marooned in the Central Police Station.

Nothing had been heard up to tonight from Mayor Phillips of Dayton or from Adjt. Gen. Woods, marooned, it was believed, in North Dayton.

At least 65,000 persons are imprisoned in homes and business buildings. It is feared that their two days' imprisonment, with accompanying hunger and fright, have caused tremendous sufferings. The flood came with such suddenness that food supplies in homes were whisked away by the torrent that reached to second floors in almost the flash of an eye. Skiffs skirted the edge of the flooded district, attempting to take food to those whom it was impossible to carry off, but the fierce current greatly retarded this work.

Two oarsmen, Fred Patterson and Nelson Talbott, who braved the current that swirled through the business section of the city to-day, reported that the water at the Algonquin Hotel, at the southwest corner of Third and Ludlow Streets, was 15 feet deep. From windows in the hotels and business buildings hundreds of marooned begged piteously for food. The oarsmen think many persons must have perished in the waters' sudden rush through the streets.

Houses Drift Down Main Street.

At the intersection of Main and Third Streets, the city's principal corner, they said they saw houses and many small structures drift swiftly down between imposing office buildings that formed banks for the muddy torrents.

"By careful steering and strong rowing we penetrated to almost the centre of the city," said Mr. Patterson. "Our route was Warren Street to Jefferson, up Jefferson to Main, thence to Third Street, to Ludlow, to Second. Everywhere people yelled to us to rescue them, but it was impossible, for we were barely able to keep afloat.

"Large amounts of money were offered us to take persons from perilous positions. The windows of the Algonquin Hotel seemed filled with faces, and the same conditions prevailed at most of the buildings we passed. We did not see any bodies, but the loss of life must have been great."

Oarsmen who worked into the outskirts of the business section to-night reported that 250 persons were marooned in the Arcade Building and 200 in the Young Men's Christian Association Building. They were begging for water, while children in all the houses were crying for milk.

Volunteers were called for to-night to man boats that will brave the dangerous currents to-morrow in an attempt to get food to the suffering.

"Our greatest need is a dozen more motor boats and men to run them," was a sentence in an appeal sent out by J. H. Patterson, President of the National Cash Register Company, who is chairman of the Relief Committee. This gives an insight into the flood situation. Skiffs and rowboats cannot live in the torrents rushing through the city's principal streets.

Floods Hold Up Food Trains.

A shortage of provisions was threatened this afternoon, when it was reported that many relief trains, bound to Dayton from neighboring cities, had been stopped by high water. Every grocer in the city had been "sold out" before noon.

Late to-night, however, the first trainload of provisions from Cincinnati, together with a detail of policemen to help in the rescue work, reached here after being twelve hours on the road. This, with two cars from Springfield, relieved the immediate suffering. Word was received that a carload of supplies was on the way from Detroit.

The list of six known dead was added to this afternoon by the death of a refugee. It was reported late tonight that a number of dead had been found in houses at Fifth and Eagle Streets, but when rescuers worked their way into the partly submerged buildings they found some flood prisoners, who were weak from fright and hunger.

It is feared that the loss of life on the north side of the Great Miami River will be large. The water stood 7 feet deep in a large section of the city, lying across that river, when the rush from the break in the Laramie levee came. There has been no communication with that part of the city since early Tuesday. Opinions differ as to whether persons, living there, knew the levee had let go before the water overwhelmed their homes.

A report that the dam above Dayton threatened to break added to the city's terror to-night. If the dam breaks it will pour in a flood that will hold up rescue work for days.

Vandals Have Been Looting.

A gang of roughs went through the southern part of the city to-night instructing people to extinguish all lights for fear of a gas explosion and then began raiding. University students from Cincinnati and the traffic officers dispersed them.

Numerous stories of looting have been told. In most cases the vandals had entered houses and had been searching for valuables. Repeated revolver shots last night gave rise to the reports that desperate householders had shot themselves rather than drown. When some of the shots were traced to-day, however, they proved to have been fired in an effort to attract rescuers.

Dayton was practically cut off from wire communication until late this afternoon. Then two wires into Cincinnati were obtained, and operators plunged into great piles of telegrams from Dayton citizens almost frantic in their desire to assure friends outside of their safety. Operators at opposite ends of the wires reported that thousands of telegrams were piled up at relay offices. These were from people anxious over the fate of Dayton kinsmen.

Railroad trains have been unable to enter, and the nearest telephone or telegraph station in operation during most of the day was from Lebanon, eighteen miles away, where a single wire allowed the news to be sent out.

Excepting a railroad bridge or two, all such structures leading into the city have been washed away.

Waters Slowly Receding.

The crest of the flood was passed at midnight last night and the waters began to recede slowly thereafter.

The rain, which had persisted for forty-eight hours, stopped at daylight, and by 10:30 o'clock this morning the depth of water had been lessened by about two feet. Rain again began to fall at noon.

The low temperature, ranging about 35 degrees at daylight, added to the dismal situation. This condition was welcomed, however, because a hard freeze would aid materially in holding back the innumerable tributaries of the flooded streams and assist the earth in retaining the moisture that has been soaked into it steadily for the last five days.

In front of the Central Union Telephone office the water was still running so swiftly this morning that horses could not go through it without swimming. The telephone employes in that building fished chairs, dry goods boxes, and other floating property from the flood.

Débris has been swept down the main business street with such force that every plate glass window has been smashed by floating logs and boxes.

Only one building of any size had collapsed, so far as the watchers in the telephone office could learn. This structure, an old one, was a three-story affair near Ludlow Street, occupied by a harness manufacturing concern.

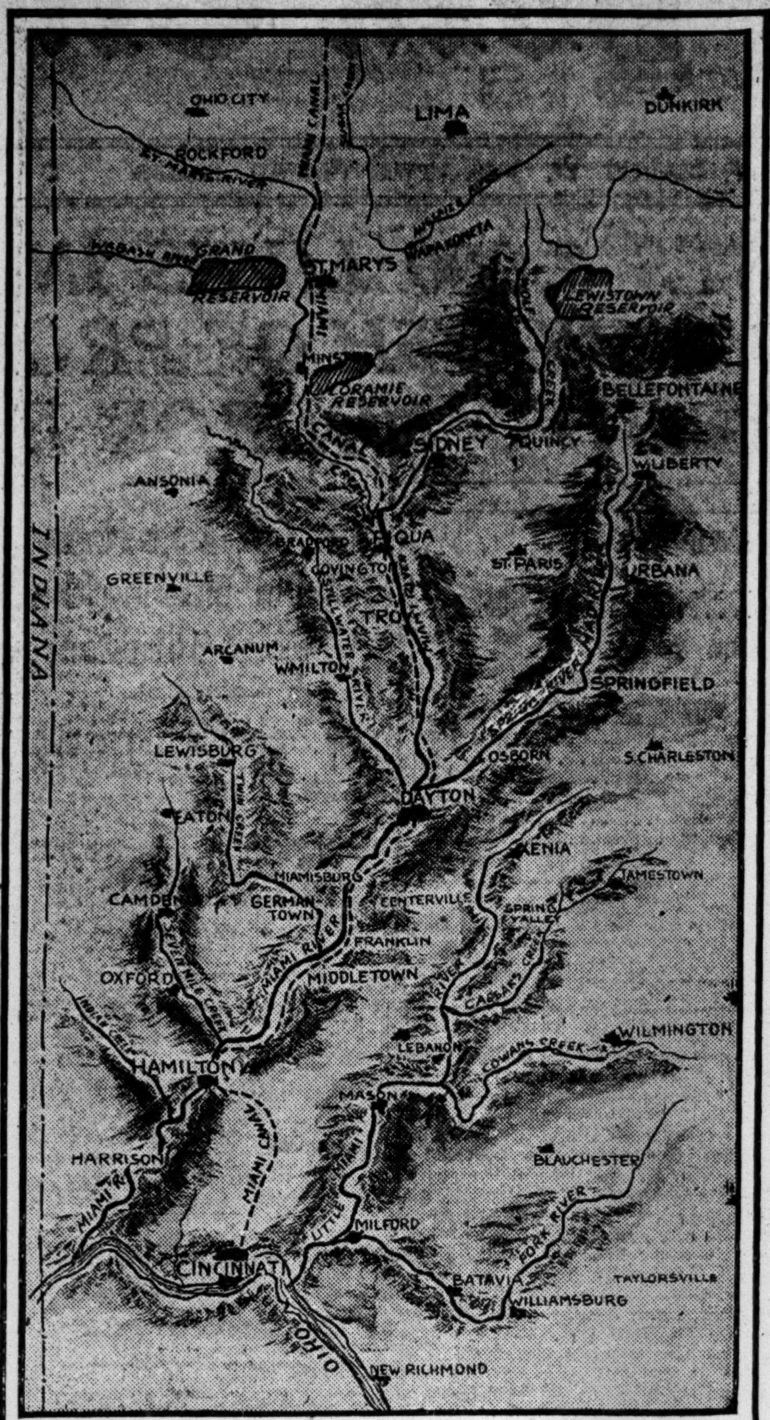
The rumor circulated last night that St. Elizabeth's Hospital, with 600 patients, had been swept away, proved to be untrue. Although it has been impossible to reach the hospital, field glasses show the building is still standing. The water is not thought to be much above the first floor of the building, and it is believed the patients have not suffered.

Waters Cover Fifteen Square Miles.

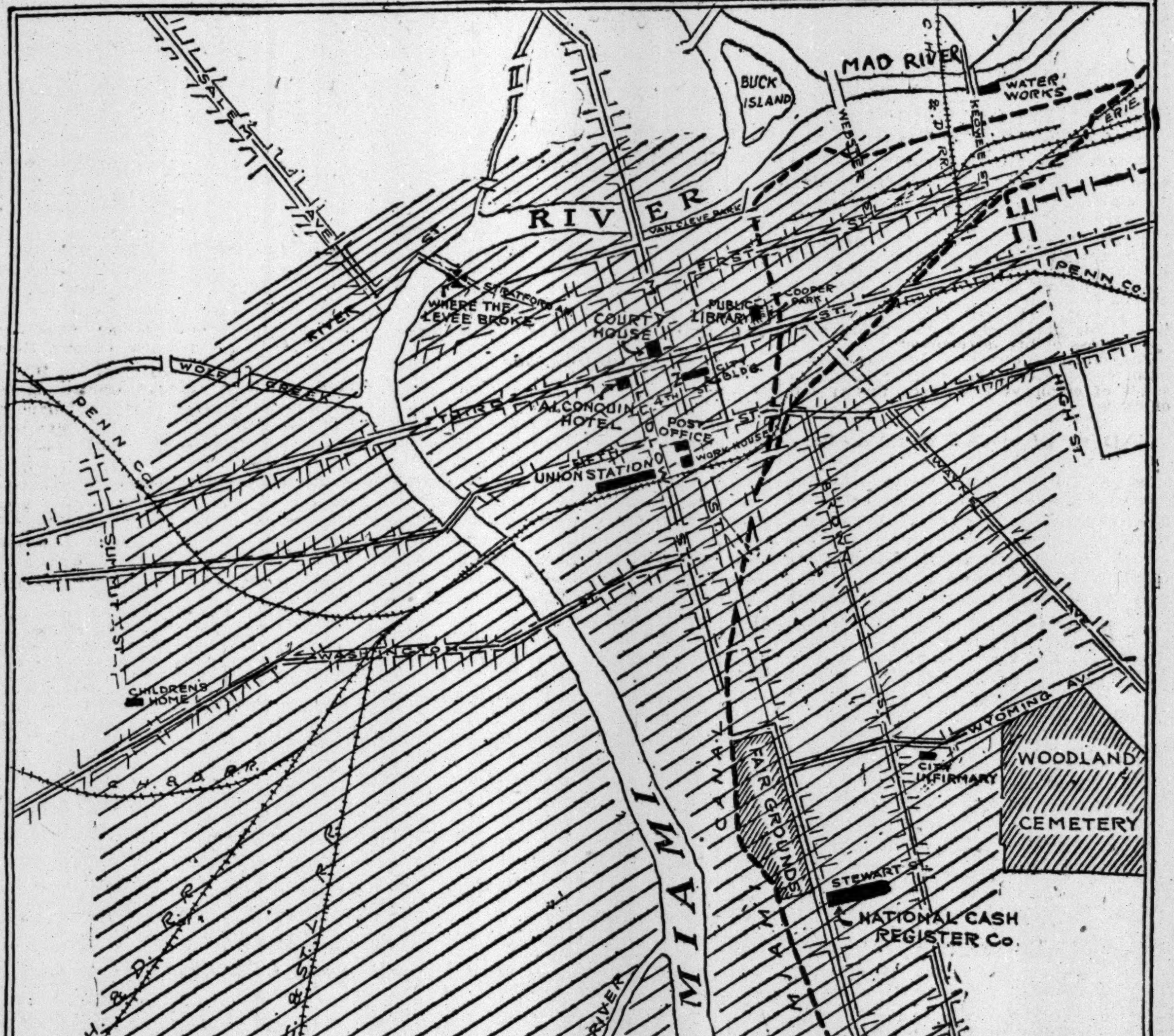
The inundated district in the city is estimated to-day as covering an area of more than fifteen square miles, most of which is under from six to eighteen feet of water.

The water extends from River Street on the north, Summit Street on the west, and High Street on the east down past the southern borders of the city. This covers the main part of the town and the most thickly populated section.

How the Waters Came Down on Dayton.



Topographical Map, Showing the Convergence of Valleys That Brought the Waters of Three Rivers Upon the Stricken City.



The Flooded Area of Dayton.

Water Covered the Lightly Shaded Portion to Depths as Great as Eighteen Feet. This Area, Which Is the Heart of the City, Is Two and One-Half Miles Wide and Three Miles Long.

All stores and factories in the main part of the town are flooded to a depth of eight to ten feet.

It is thought most of the fatalities occurred on the west and north sides of the river, where the water rushed in suddenly with the breaking of the levee. Here the residents were almost entirely foreign-born, and they refused to obey the warning to leave on the night before the levee broke.

Except in a few instances, where houses were notably unstable, there was less loss of life in Riverdale or the south and east sections, where residents had warning.

The early breaking of the levee had the effect of keeping down the loss of life in the commercial section. By 8 o'clock yesterday morning the business streets were impassable because of the flood, and many employes in the stores and offices were prevented from reaching their places of employment.

Many were driven to the outskirts of the city far from their homes, however, and were unable to communicate with friends who feared they were lost.

Probably more than 70,000 persons were unable to reach their homes or were held in their water-locked houses and unable to reach land.

Systematizing the Rescue Work.

Rescue work, which yesterday was being done in disconnected fashion, was undertaken with something like system to-day.

Many boat loads of women and children were taken out of houses in the flood zone. The powerful current on each cross street, however, made it impossible for those manning the boats to pass a street crossing without the aid of tow ropes. Automobiles meet the boats and the refugees are taken at once to hospitals.

Expert oarsmen, who braved the tide in the business section of the submerged city this afternoon, came back nerve-wracked to tell narratives of pitiable appeals made to them by hundreds marooned in upper floors of tall buildings about whose lower stories swirled a flood that threatened the structures' foundations. The dark colors in the narrative were lightened here and there by stories of bravery shown by many of the prisoners of the flood.

A woman with three children marooned in the upper floor of her home on the edge of the business district called to the oarsmen:

"Oh, I know you can't take me off," she cried, "but for the love of humanity, please take this loaf of bread and jug of molasses to Sarah Pruyn, down the street. I know she's starving."

Twice the boatmen attempted to take the food, but waves that eddied about the submerged house hurled them back.

Further on, in the high grade residence district, large amounts were offered them for rescue.

Their narrative inspired an effort late this afternoon to launch a boat for navigation on the river, but up to a late hour the craft had been unable to pass beyond areas already reached on the fringe of the flooded district.

Human Clearing Houses Started.

Missing members of families were restored to their loved ones through human clearing houses, established at several points on the fringe of the flood district. Great ledgers filled with names, presided over by volunteer bank clerks, were at the disposal of persons seeking missing kinsmen. If these had registered in the clearing house, their addresses were quickly given to the inquirers.

Up to 7 o'clock this evening 3,000 of the homeless had been housed in different places of refuge, most of them being cared for at the plant of the National Cash Register Company.

Scores of the flood victims were being carried from their places of imprisonment late this evening, and leaders of the rescuing parties were arranging for relays of torch bearers to light the work during the night.

All the cash register buildings available have been filled with cots and means for providing food for the sufferers.

The crop of flood babies was increased to-day by two, making five little ones to be born in the hospital rooms of the factory within twenty-four hours.

Hundreds of homeless persons are being cared for by citizens whose homes were above the water level.

A plan by the Relief Committee to make a systematic effort to penetrate the downtown district to-day failed through the non-arrival of several motor boats which had been ordered. These are expected to-morrow.

Appeal of Relief Committee.

Local relief committees to-day issued the following statement:

"An awful catastrophe has overtaken Dayton. The levees have broken. The centres of Dayton and the residence districts from the Fair Grounds Hill to the high ground north of the city are under water.

"Some of our buildings are used as shelter for the homeless and sick of the south side.

"Bring potatoes, rice, beans, vegetables, meat, and bread, and any other edibles that will sustain life.

"We have cooking arrangements for several thousand. We are sending trucks to near-by towns, but ask that you haul to us, as far as possible."

Red Cross officials also sent out urgent requests for aid.

The immediate pressing need of Dayton to-day was food and medical supplies. The great demand for food exhausted the emergency supplies in the outskirts of the city, and survivors are now depending entirely on what may be brought in.

Those who are flood-bound in offices and stores will suffer from hunger and thirst unless the flood soon subsides, but they are in no danger from the water.

All roads that are passable are being used by parties of relief. From north, south, east, or west persons bent on rescue work wended their way to Dayton to-day. All day and all night strings of automobiles were going back and forth.

Farmers in the surrounding country have offered their teams to haul toward Dayton any supplies that can be gotten together.

Peace officers of Dayton who are able to get about at all are swearing in all available men as Deputies, commandeering provisions and charging the expense to the State. The available supplies are so slender, however, that 1,000 persons on the north side of the river are destitute.

Efforts to learn the conditions of the 2,500 inmates of Old Soldiers' Home on the west side brought a report that the institution was in no danger because of its high location.

A graphic story of the beginning of the flood was told by Edsy Vincent, a member of the Fire Department. His engine house was within a few doors of Taylor Street, where the first break in the levee occurred. The department watchers, fearing that they would be flood-bound, sounded the fire call simultaneously with the break in the levee.

"When the horses, which were hitched in record time, reached the street," said Vincent, "we were met by a wall of water which must have been ten feet high. The driver was forced to turn and flee in the opposite direction to save the team and the apparatus."

The water poured into Third Street, and fifteen minutes later Main Street was under ten feet of water.

Many buildings on the right side of the river were so insecure that they had left their foundations within an hour. What were blocks of thickly populated one and two story residences, occupied mostly by foreigners, are to-day only shattered lumber. They are believed to contain many bodies.

It is reported that a woman has been marooned on top of a moving van in the middle of Broadway since 10 o'clock yesterday morning. She and two men were trying to cross the flood in the van when the vehicle tipped. One of the men was thrown off and drowned; the other got on the horse, and, although swept away, is thought to have reached safety. The woman clung to the top of the van.

According to report, a boat which was engaged in rescue work capsized and all the crew but Robert Patterson, son of John P. Patterson of the National Cash Register Company, were drowned. Young Patterson acted as Captain of the crew.

REPORTS 2,000 MAY BE DEAD.

Gov. Cox's Secretary's Estimate—Dayton's Horror Reflected in Capital.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 26.—The great flood calamity that has overwhelmed Southwestern Ohio, especially the City of Dayton, was reflected in intense activity on the part of Gov. Cox and other State officials and energetic efforts to send succor to the sufferers in the devastated district.

That the loss of life in Dayton would be not less than one thousand was the estimate made this evening by Gov. Cox after an analysis of the information from that city.

"How many more than that there will be no one can tell," he added.

Hopes that the reports of great loss of life in Dayton had been much exaggerated were dissipated early when the Governor received this message from his Secretary, George F. Burke, who went to Dayton last night:

> Deaths may run as high as 2,000. Property loss, $10,000,000. River four miles wide. Difficult to get anywhere near centre of city. Water up to second story of Phillips House. Worst calamity in the country since Galveston.

That great disorder prevails in Dayton was the information conveyed later to Gov. Cox by his secretary when he told the Governor that the demand for troops was imperative.

Mr. Burba said that Frank Rambo, Chief of the Fire Department of Dayton, was believed to have been drowned, and that Adjt. Gen. Wood could not act, as he was marooned.

Before hearing from Burba the Governor had been told by Operator Bell of the Bell Telephone Company at Dayton that the number of dead would reach several hundred. Reports concerning the number of fatalities had been exaggerated, the operator told the Governor, yet conditions there beggared description.

The severe damage, he said, was confined to the territory along the bends in the Miami River, west of the main business section of the city. A morgue was being established on the west side of the city.

Gov. Cox received word later from Bell that already 200 bodies had been found. The bodies were located by men in patrol boats. Bodies were found as far out as Wayne Avenue, which is more than a mile from the river. At Fifth and Brown Streets the water reached a height of ten feet. At least one of those drowned met death in the Algonquin Hotel.

The Governor established communication with the relief committee in Dayton and was told that the greatest need of the flood sufferers was water, as the city supply had been cut off.

From fifty to seventy-five persons are reported drowned in Riverdale, a northwest suburb of Dayton. Not a house is left standing on Linwood Avenue in Riverdale.

Told of Fires Starting.

At 2:47 P. M. the Governor received word from Dayton that the business section of the city was on fire and that indications were that it would be destroyed.

People were reported to be jumping from roof to roof of buildings, keeping out of the way of the flames.

The Governor at once requested the Associated Press to notify the Mayors of all cities and town surrounding Dayton, who could reach that point in any way, to make haste with boats, as buildings of Dayton were burning up with people in them.

The fire started in a row of buildings on Third Street, between Main and Jefferson Streets, next to the library building. This point is two squares south of the Phillips house. The fire was burning south.

The report of the fire came from Mr. Green, Wire Chief of the Bell Telephone Company, who said the fire was within a block of the Telephone Exchange, in which was operator Bell.

Russell's apartments on Third Street were reported on fire, and people jumping from the building into the water. Militiamen were reported taking people off the housetops on Second Street in the exclusive part of the residential district.

Later word came from Operator Bell that all the thirty persons in the block that was swept by the flames had escaped in safety to the Beaver Power Building.

Gov. Cox said the building was fireproof and the occupants will remain in safety. Sixteen persons are housed in the Home Telephone Building, with a block and tackle rigged as a means of egress if the fire presses them.

The fire jumped across Third Street into the next block, but was then dying down. The Fourth National Bank Building and St. Paul's Evangelical Church were among the important structures destroyed.

According to information received by the Governor, 12,000 persons are imprisoned in buildings in the business district of Dayton. There are four or five persons at every window.

Gov. Cox heard from Springfield that Edward W. Hanley, who is in Dayton, had telephoned to a Springfield newspaper that, while it was impossible to make accurate estimate of the number of dead, he was of the opinion that not more than 3,000 lost their lives.

Federal Aid Is Asked.

Almost the first act of Gov. Cox this morning on reaching the State House, where he kept watch over the situation until late last night, was to telegraph the War Department at Washington asking that 50,000 tents and 100,000 rations be made available for use and distribution by the Ohio National Guard.

From 10:30 o'clock last night, when Gen. Speaks received the order from the Governor to call out the entire military force of the State, orders were kept flying through the night from the Adjutant General's office as fast as crippled wires would permit. By morning communication had been established with all the regimental commanders.

Gen. Speaks is making every effort to get a relief expedition to Dayton. He ordered Col. H. G. Catrow of the Third Regiment of Miamisburg, who was in Columbus, to obtain motorboats from the Columbus Safety Department and try to get them to Dayton.

The Fifth and Sixth Regiments are ready to move at any time, as are those Third Regiment companies which are not in Dayton. The Seventh Regiment's companies are being held in readiness for duty.

National Guard companies at Freemont, Napoleon, Defiance, and Newark are on duty in their respective cities, as flood conditions are serious there.

Legislature Makes Large Grant.

An appropriation of $250,000, to be expended by the Governor in relief of the flood sufferers, was provided in the Lowry bill, passed by the House this morning and by the Senate this afternoon. This action was taken in response to this message from the Governor:

"The flood disaster that has befallen our State is of such magnitude in loss of life and human suffering that I respectfully urge upon your honorable body the importance and propriety of making an appropriation for the succor of those in distress. May I further suggest that it be of such size and made with such dispatch as to reflect the great heart and resource of our Commonwealth?"

Howard Elting, President of the Chicago Association of Commerce, telegraphed Gov. Cox this afternoon that citizens of Chicago were raising a relief fund for Ohio and Indiana flood sufferers.

"I am pleased to state," the telegram said, "that $100,000 will be placed at the disposal of Ohio through the American Red Cross Society."

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Edited by Braumach

IN London, the bigwig tailor is proud as Punch of holding "Royal Warrants of Appointment to H. M., the King," but sheaves of the best "turned-out" Londoners *buy a Stein-Bloch.* It isn't the fabric, for in weaving cloth Great Britain shows its coattails to all the world. It's the *style*—the lure of line, the glamour of good form, the intensity of individuality that Stein-Bloch spears with his needle. He's the Plenipotentiary of Style.

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Our Spring Derbies and Soft Hats have a year's start of the shapes shown by the hobble-and-wobble, stuck-in-the-rut hatters.
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Filthy!
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Ash heaps for garbage dumps in the country, and cans on city sidewalks, are now regarded repulsive.

Health considerations alone should impel burning the garbage and refuse as fast as it accumulates, while fresh, in a Kewanee Water Heating Garbage Burner.

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Introduction by Bernard Shaw,
"Damaged Goods"
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Notice to Employees

Help Wanted advertisements in The New York Times Censored Want columns must state the character and conditions surrounding the employment offered, and whether the work is on a salary or commission basis. This means a saving of time and money to you in investigating advertisements of positions which are unsuitable or of no interest to you.

Turn to the Help Wanted columns of to-day's issue and note the high character of the positions offered. If you do not find what you want, insert a "Situation Wanted" advertisement of your own. That is the first step to a new or better position. "Situations Wanted" advertisements should be received at the Times Building before

9 o'clock Saturday Night
for the following Sunday.

The New York Times
"Only Advertisements Fit to Print."

ALL OHIO IN GRASP OF BOILING FLOODS

Over 100 Persons Lose Their Lives in Columbus—Whole West Side Under Water.

PANIC OVER WILD RUMOR

Delaware Suffers Severely—Great Distress in Youngstown—Many Bridges Go Out.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 26.—Ohio is experiencing the worst flood in its history. The property damage is enormous. Darkness to-night brought no relief to the scores of cities and towns of the State that are inundated and cut off from the outside world. Thousands of persons are marooned by the swollen waters. Although the floods in some places are reported to be receding slowly, there is no immediate relief in sight. Rain continues to descend, at times in a drizzle and more frequently in torrents.

The reports received from flooded cities to-day were so appalling that in many cases they were disputed, and in some instances totally disregarded. Later reports from these same districts, however, many times confirmed what seemed to be wild rumors. The various news agencies of the State are working under great difficulties in obtaining accurate reports because of crippled wire service. This city itself suffered severely from the flood.

As a result of the flood in the Scioto and Olentangy Rivers, it is estimated that from 100 to 150 persons lost their lives. The west side of the city is flooded. Many persons say that they saw scores of bodies float downstream. Many persons were carried away in their houses. Among those reported dead are William A. Sexton, probation officer; Edwin D. Daniel, Albert Gore, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hayes, Mrs. George Cook and baby, Mrs. L. H. Mack and three children, and Mr. and Mrs. George Eckert and seven children.

The isolation of the western part of the city again became real when the last remaining bridge gave way before the torrent this afternoon. A report became current late to-day that the storage dam several miles north of the city had broken and was sending its waters to augment the Scioto River flood. At once there was a wild panic in all parts of the city. Policemen, soldiers, and citizens in automobiles with tooting horns warned every one to seek safety in the highlands and on the east side. Many, stunned by the supposed impending disaster, collapsed from fear or gave way to hysteria.

It was more than an hour before the report was officially denied. Responsibility for its origin has not been fixed. Policemen say that the report was given to them by persons connected with the militia.

City officials said to-night that the storage dam was holding fast against the millions of gallons of water that were being poured against it, and they expressed confidence that it would continue to do so.

The flood is the greatest ever known in Columbus. Business activities are practically paralyzed. The water works shut down last night and will not be in condition to furnish water for a week, as two large mains have been washed out by the flood, which took away every bridge in the city. The city was in darkness last night, as the municipal electric light plant was flooded. Gas pressure is low.

The flood in the Scioto and Olentangy Rivers came so suddenly yesterday that workers who had crossed them early in the day were unable to return to their homes in the west side when the torrents tore loose the bridges connecting both sides of the city. All available State offices were thrown open to refugees and thousands of dollars have been raised to care for them.

According to a wireless report received at the Ohio State University late this afternoon from Mount Vernon, that town was hit hard by the flood, and probably one hundred lost their lives. This report could not be verified to-night.

Communication with Zanesville was cut off early to-night, when the telegraph company's office was flooded. The operator's last words were that the town was under water, that a building near the telegraph office had fallen, and that he would have to get out.

All points below Zanesville, extending east to the Ohio River, were cut off from the outside world to-night. The last available information received here from these places was that they were partially or wholly submerged. Marietta and McConnellsville at that time were reported to be under several feet of water. The Muskingum River was reported to be more than ten feet higher than ever before. Chillicothe, Circleville, Portsmouth, Ironton, and all points in the Miami Valley south were cut off from communication with this city late to-night. All are either partly or almost wholly under water. At Chillicothe the telephone and telegraph offices were flooded early to-day.

Reports received here from Akron late to-day were that at least 500 families are homeless, and that there undoubtedly would be fatalities. Massillon, New Philadelphia, Marion, and Lima also, it was reported here, were partly inundated and were wholly cut off from communication.

PIQUA SAID TO BE ON FIRE.

Midnight Report Told of the Peril of Ohio Town.

PHONETON, Ohio, March 26.—A report received here at midnight said that the town of Piqua was on fire. There was no positive confirmation of this report.

ZANESVILLE IS CUT OFF.

Two Bridges Go Down and Many Persons Are Marooned.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, March 26.—(By Telephone to Pittsburgh.)—Six persons are believed to have drowned in the Muskingum River here this morning, when the mill of the Zanesville Woolen Company, whose foundations had been weakened by the high water, washed down against the Sixth Street bridge. The bridge collapsed, and the mass of debris was carried away by the current. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad bridge went out later in the day, completely severing communication between the east and west sides of the city. On the west side are scores of persons marooned in their homes. It is thought that the loss of life there will be heavy, as it is impossible to reach them. Many of them were warned by the police at daybreak, but they refused to leave their houses.

The city is entirely cut off from the outside world except by one telephone line. The rising waters of the Muskingum and Licking Rivers have flooded the electric light plant, and notice was given by the gas company at noon that the suply would be shut off this afternoon.

Before the wires went down the news came from Coshocton, Ohio, thirty miles north of here, that the Tuscarawas and Walhonding Rivers had overflowed their banks, and were raging torrents. Thousands of acres of the richest farm lands in Ohio were under water, and the loss of live stock was heavy.

A railroad bridge on the Columbus division of the Panhandle Railroad went out during the night, and scores of highway bridges were washed away. All streams throughout this section are raging torrents, and the loss will be very heavy. There are no trains or trolley cars running into Zanesville.

The Muskingum River is ten feet above normal, and is rising at the rate of five inches an hour.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, March 26.—Great damage has been done to manufacturing plants and the railroads by the floods. Railroad and street car service is suspended. The city is without light. The water and filter plants are flooded and out of commission. Three bridges have been swept out. Many persons are homeless. Suffering and destitution call for help from city officials. The local militia company is doing guard duty.

The Mahoning River was still rising at 2:30 o'clock at the rate of seven-eighths of an inch an hour. It has reached a stage of twenty-five feet, which is ten feet higher than was ever recorded before. Every large industrial plant in the city is flooded. Fully 25,000 workmen are temporarily out of employment. The financial loss to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, Republic Iron and Steel Company, Carnegie Steel Company, and other plants will easily reach $2,500,000, while the loss in wages to men will be extremely heavy, because weeks will elapse before the industries are again able to operate at full capacity.

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio, March 26—(By Telephone to Pittsburgh.)—Conditions in the Muskingum Valley are growing more serious with each passing hour. All lines of communication are fast failing. Telephone wires that have been relied upon to keep this place in touch with the outside world are going down one by one. The line to Zanesville failed at 3:45 o'clock this afternoon. At that hour the river was still rising, with no crest of the high water in sight.

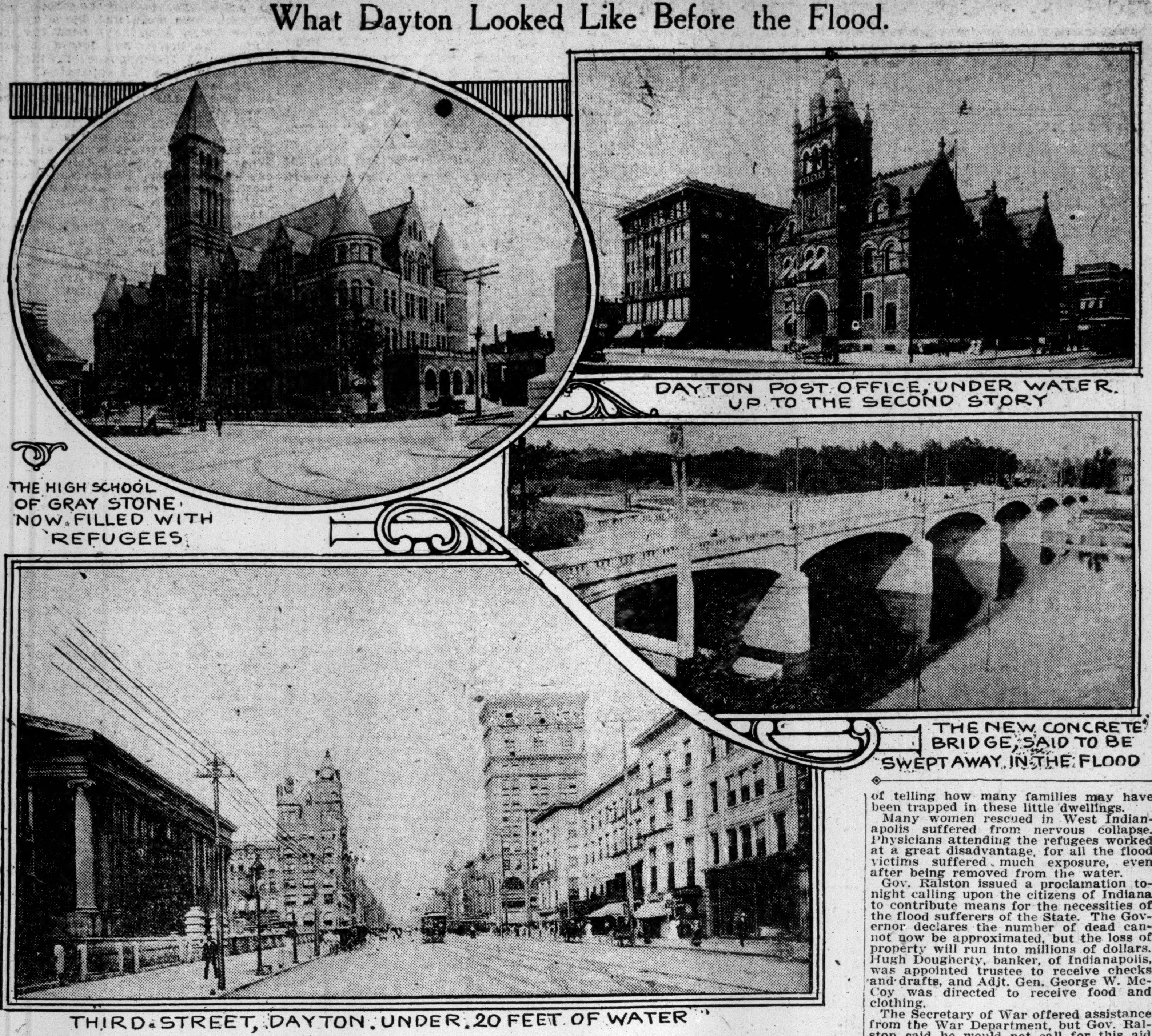
MARIETTA, O., March 26.—With the Ohio River rising rapidly and all surrounding streams hurling a large volume of water into it, residents of this region are alarmed over the prospects of a flood. Reports this morning indicated that the Ohio River would continue to rise at least throughout the day. The Muskingum River, it is also reported, is rising rapidly at headwaters. All train service in and out of the city has ceased.

M'CONNELLSVILLE, O., March 26.—Flood conditions here became serious early to-day, and National Guard troops have been called out. The Muskingum River has overflowed its banks, and stretches over a wide area. There are no reports of fatalities so far.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, March 26.—The Ohio River here at 9 o'clock this morning was at the 34.4-foot stage and was rising at the rate of seven-tenths of an inch an hour. The western part of the town is under water and twenty-five houses are flooded. Many families were rescued by wagons. Five large manufacturing plants have been forced to close down, throwing 1,300 men out of work.

DENNISON, Ohio, March 26.—The flood in the Tuscarawas River is the worst in its history. All the lowlands are under water. A highway bridge west of here went out this afternoon. Two bridges on the Baltimore & Ohio near Uhrichsville, Ohio, were washed away. The village of Lockport is cut off from all communication. Supplies in the town have been exhausted. Two men were reported drowned there.

What Dayton Looked Like Before the Flood.



THE HIGH SCHOOL OF GRAY STONE NOW FILLED WITH REFUGEES

DAYTON POST OFFICE, UNDER WATER, UP TO THE SECOND STORY

THE NEW CONCRETE BRIDGE, SAID TO BE SWEPT AWAY IN THE FLOOD

THIRD STREET, DAYTON, UNDER 20 FEET OF WATER

WATCH BIG RESERVOIR.

Conflicting Reports as to Condition of Lewiston Basin.

LIMA, Ohio, March 26.—Mayor Kerr of Lakeview, which is on the bank of the Lewiston reservoir, reported to-night that the reservoir did not seem to be in danger of breaking, although a strong wind was blowing. The banks appear to hold the 2,000 acres of water well in check.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 26.—Gov. Cox received a dispatch shortly before midnight that the Lewistown dam was weakening, and might go out at any time. Acting on this information the Governor, arranged to send a special train from Bellefontaine early to-morrow with men and material to strengthen the dam.

50 MAY BE DEAD IN TIFFIN.

Half the City Under Water—Eleven Die in Fremont.

TIFFIN, O., March 26.—Death and intense suffering have marked the great flood which has swept the Sandusky Valley. Tiffin is a city of desolation. Half of the city is under water. Fire Chief Albert Harris, who has had charge of the rescue work, estimates the loss of life at fifty. The known dead are: Jacob Knecht and family of eight, and George Klingshirn and family of four. Many have been carried to death in the treacherous currents, and only the abating of the flood will reveal the actual number of dead.

SANDUSKY, O., March 26.—The list of dead at Fremont has been increased to eleven. The water in the main street is fifteen feet deep. This city has sent a special train with life boats and crews to help the flood sufferers.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 26.—The flood situation in Northwestern Ohio to-day is practically unchanged, except that there has been more interruption of railroad and wire communication than there was yesterday. Hundreds of villages are more or less under water. In this neighborhood there has been very little loss of life.

There has been no direct communication with Tiffin and Fremont for nearly twenty-four hours. Relief trains containing boats and crews of firemen and policemen were sent to-day to these towns from this city. Five bridges were swept away at Tiffin, and the flooded area covers several blocks of the business part of the town. At Fremont the Lake Shore Railroad bridge was carried out this morning. Along the Portage River a few villages have been flooded, but the damage is slight. Toledo is a rescue station. It will send a relief train to Dayton, which will carry a company of naval reserves and 10,000 rations, tents, bedding, and other supplies.

It will also carry a crew of structural ironworkers, who expect to rebuild bridges in order to get the train across the flooded country.

OHIO AT DANGER POINT.

Entire Valley of Little Miami Is Submerged—Region Cut Off.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 26.—The Ohio River at this point rose ten feet during the night and passed the danger stage at 7 o'clock this morning. At that time the river stood at 50.3 and was still rising.

The entire valley along the Little Miami River above Cincinnati is submerged. All wires are down and that entire region is cut off from communication.

At Cleves, Ohio, seven miles down the Ohio River, part of the city is under water, but no loss of life is reported.

The large factories at Ivorydale have been forced to close down and many thousands of employes have been thrown out of work.

FIND 14 DEAD AT DELAWARE.

DELAWARE, Ohio, March 26.—The bodies of fourteen persons drowned by the flood have been recovered. Fully as many more are missing from their wrecked homes here to-night as the result of the overflow of the Olentangy River. The property loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

The known dead are: Frank Melching, Mrs. Frank Melching, their sons Ralph, aged 6, and Lewis, aged 4; Mrs. Silas Smith and her two sons, aged 7 and 8, and daughter aged 1; Miss Esther Jones, aged 15; Miss Hazel Dunlap, aged 22; Mrs. Slosson, William Hessey, William Fielding, and James Maine, aged 60.

Rescue work continued this morning in the flooded districts, and the list of dead was changed from time to time. Several of those reported to be drowned were found after daylight. Mrs. Quirk and Mrs. Samuel Jones, who were reported dead last night, it is said were saved. Others members of their families are still unaccounted for. A family of the name of Milligan is reported drowned. The husband, his wife and two children were washed down the river. Only one child was saved.

The Olentangy River has fallen from five to seven feet within the last eighteen hours and continues to fall.

Mayor Bleas was rescued to-day from the top of a telephone pole which he had climbed to rescue others. The town to-night was in great need of bread. It also needs gasoline with which to cook.

The village of Stratford, five miles south, has been wiped out and the total population of 100 has been drowned, according to a report received here, which cannot be confirmed. Fifty are dead in Tiffin, it is also reported. The village of Prospect, ten miles to the north, is under water.

Company K of the Fourth Regiment was in charge of the city to-day with orders to shoot unauthorized persons who attempted to go into the flood district.

The students of Ohio Wesleyan University have organized volunteer rescue companies and work unceasingly. The 500 homeless have been housed in the Y. M. C. A. and in the churches. Only the most daring attempt to communicate with those across the river by crawling across on a wire cable.

DISTRESS IN HAMILTON.

Many Persons Marooned in Business Buildings Need Food.

HAMILTON, Ohio, March 26.—Small relief came to this city to-day, despite the fact that several carloads of provisions reached here. Thousands of refugees are marooned in the upper floors of the houses in the business district. The swift current swirling through the town prevented anything like quick work in supplying food, and when darkness made the further work almost impossible probably one-fourth of the marooned persons were still unfed.

Fires have caused large property damage. What remained of the Champion Coated Paper Company plant, which was partly burned last night, caught fire again to-night, and the building and contents are a complete loss. The Atlas Hotel, which collapsed early in the day, is also reported to be on fire, but this cannot be verified.

The three companies of militia from Cincinnati as well as several squads of Cincinnati police restored a semblance of order in the town to-day. As yet no looting has been reported. The river fell slightly to-day and high hopes are entertained to-night that it will recede enough by morning to allow the rescuers to get food to the marooned ones.

The number of dead cannot be estimated any better to-night than it could last night. Perhaps 100 were drowned.

MIDDLETOWN FACES FAMINE.

MIDDLETOWN, Ohio, March 26.—Darkness to-night put an end to all relief work here. It is still believed that from fifty to one hundred have been drowned by the flood in the Miami River. The river about 3 o'clock this morning began to fall slowly. The situation is, however, still dangerous.

The work of relief for the homeless was started to-day. Supplies are rapidly running out, and unless trains can reach the city within twenty-four hours a food famine will add to the misery of the flood sufferers.

INDIANA DEATH TOTAL NOW PLACED AT 200

Reports from Remote Localities May Swell Number of Fatalities in State.

PERU HAS 7,500 HOMELESS

Refugees in Stricken Town Packed in Court House, Where Six Die of Suffocation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 26.—Night fell upon flood-swept Indiana with little comfort for its many thousands of sufferers. The most conservative reports put the loss of life in the State at 200, while persistent statements from various points indicate that more than that number may have perished. No one has attempted to even guess at the property damage. The total number of fatalities in this city is roughly estimated at 50.

Communication established with Connersville brought definite information that at least 40 persons perished at Brookville, Franklin County, during Monday night in the flood caused by the overflowing of White Water River. Dispatches from the same region bring the news that the smaller towns of Metmora, Cedar Grove, and Trenton have been swept away.

Late afternoon advices from Peru, sent by telephone through South Bend, say that 12 bodies were recovered from a single house there, and insist that the largest death figures for that city are not exaggerated. Peru probably suffered more than any other town in the flood districts of Indiana., but Fort Wayne, Logansport, Lafayette, and Terre Haute have experienced loss of life and great property damage.

Indianapolis suffered heavily through loss of life in the great flood expanses along White River, and inestimable property loss in the most substantial residence districts. Water fell rapidly in the latter district during the day, but there was no abatement of the waters in West Indianapolis.

There are three distinct flood districts in the State, each only a few miles wide, but sweeping across the entire width of Indiana. In the north all the towns and cities along the Wabash and its larger tributaries are affected; White River sweeps through Central Indiana, with Indianapolis the greatest sufferer; while White Water River drains a valley in the middle-southern portion of the State, where many towns and small cities have been affected. Smaller streams throughout the valleys, all tributary to one or the other of the three principal rivers, are swollen and are causing more or less damage.

Culver Cadets Give Aid.

The total number of deaths may never be known, and probably it will be several days before even approximately correct figures may be obtained. Efforts of all flood relief workers were directed to-day toward rescuing persons still in dangerous places and relieving the suffering of the homeless. The Peru death list still is placed at from 60 to 100. It is generally admitted that at least twenty have perished in West Indianapolis, where the flood struck the foreign quarter and the poorer homes with overwhelming suddenness last night. Six deaths are reported at Fort Wayne, three at Newcastle, two at Lafayette, one at Rushville, one at Muncie, and five scattering throughout the State, in addition to definite reports of deaths in several places yesterday.

The most reliable information obtainable from Peru said that only one block in the city remained altogether out of the water, and that thousands of persons were packed in buildings in a small area downtown. Six were said to have suffocated in the crowds at the Court House, which still is out of water.

At Logansport the flood waters of the Wabash River are sixteen feet deep on the floors of the Pennsylvania Railroad station and cadets from the Culver Military Academy were rushed to that city to aid in the relief work. Scores of persons are marooned in the business districts of the city.

In West Indianapolis one pitiable tale after another added to the horors of the flood story to-day. Night fell there with the rescue work half completed. More than 500 persons had been taken to a single landing station at Blaine Avenue and Morris Street, where facilities were increased to nineteen rowboats, a launch, and two canoes. Three to four persons were brought in each boat from the second floors of houses and from the roofs of one-story buildings.

Governor Calls for Aid.

Poorer classes constitute a majority of the population in that section of the city, and nearly all of them lived in one-story homes now covered by the water. It is this situation that makes it impossible to estimate the loss of life. There is no way of telling how many families may have been trapped in these little dwellings.

Many women rescued in West Indianapolis suffered from nervous collapse. Physicians attending the refugees worked at a great disadvantage, for all the flood victims suffered much exposure, even after being removed from the water.

Gov. Ralston issued a proclamation to-night calling upon the citizens of Indiana to contribute means for the necessities of the flood sufferers of the State. The Governor declares the number of dead cannot now be approximated, but the loss of property will run into millions of dollars. Hugh Dougherty, banker, of Indianapolis, was appointed trustee to receive checks and drafts, and Adjt. Gen. George W. McCoy was directed to receive food and clothing.

The Secretary of War offered assistance from the War Department, but Gov. Ralston said he would not call for this aid unless Indiana citizens were unable to take care of the situation.

Secretary Garrison's message was as follows: "In view of the apparent great loss of life and injury to inhabitants of your State I desire to know if the War Department can be of any assistance through the temporary use of officers and troops and the loan of such supplies as may be available. Our sincere sympathy is with your afflicted State."

Indianapolis street cars remain standing in the streets where they stopped yesterday morning when the power house was flooded. All interurban lines are at a standstill, and the steam roads are having poor success in getting trains out of the city. The water service probably cannot be resumed within thirty-six hours. Available water supplies are being taxed to the utmost to provide a scant supply of good water.

Another Bridge Swept Away.

Late this afternoon the east span of the West Washington Street bridge fell into the river, and soon afterward a pier of the Kentucky Avenue bridge went out. The bridge may collapse at any time. This leaves only the Oliver Avenue traffic bridge and two railroad bridges to be used in rescue work in West Indianapolis.

The Washington Street bridge was torn apart by the water earlier in the day.

Sixty passenger trains are shut out of the city on the lines entering from the west and all the passengers are practically sharing the lot of the homeless refugees. The Assumption Parochial School in charge of Father Joseph Weber is sheltering and feeding about 100 women and children.

All sorts of makeshift rafts were used by the rescuers in West Indianapolis. At the edge of the water men built skiffs and scows of scantling and boards and lined them with tar paper. With these frail boats they scurried about in the back waters picking up marooned persons wherever they were found. Harley Reed, Police Sergeant, and Albert Harris made a score of trips to marooned homes during the night.

"We saw three persons drown," Reed said, "a man, a woman, and a child. People across the street from them yelled to us and pointed to the house. We rowed over only to see the three swept away."

Thirty-five children were taken to the West Washington street car barns.

Among those rescued were forty-five persons who had spent the entire night on the roof of a factory calling incessantly for help. One man among them fired a revolver at intervals.

William Morris took his wife and two children from his West Indianapolis home late yesterday afternoon, but, believing the flood warning an exaggeration, returned to his house and was drowned. A woman whose name could not be learned died in a church, where she collapsed after being rescued from the flood.

L. C. Huddelston, one of a rescue party working in West Indianapolis, this afternoon saw the bodies of a man, a woman, and two children in a house that had been submerged. He could not identify the bodies.

Indianapolis faces another day without water and is without fire protection. Drinking water is at a premium, while water for bathing and washing is out of the question.

HALF OF PERU HOMELESS.

Thousands Marooned in Flooded District and Hundreds Injured.

PERU, Ind., March 26.—Most of the 15,000 residents of Peru are huddled to-night in the upper stories of the business blocks near the Court House, which is the centre of the relief work. All day they watched the muddy waters rush through the streets, hoping for the flood to subside so they might search the houses near the river, where they believe the bodies of at least fifty flood victims will be found.

City officials and members of the Citizens' Committee assert that the death list will not be less than fifty. One man who came from the West Peru district to-day said he saw twelve bodies floating in one house. The only person who visited Canal Street, where the greatest loss of life is believed to have occurred, has not returned.

It is impossible to establish the exact number of dead, because many bodies are hidden in houses still wholly submerged. Fully 7,500 persons are homeless. Two hundred and twenty-five injured or sick persons have been rescued and removed to a temporary hospital at Plymouth, Ind. The property loss is estimated at $2,500,000.

Only two of the dead have been identified. They are Mrs. Rose Whittle and Mrs. Elsie Smith, tenants of what was known as Walnut Row, composed to twelve frame cottages, where twelve families were drowned.

The Winter quarters of a big circus and menagerie were destroyed, about 500 animals being drowned. These include lions, tigers, bears, camels, elephants, ponies, monkeys, and a rare collection of birds.

The citizens have organized a Vigilance Committee, with orders to shoot any person caught looting houses.

Several thousand persons are marooned in the Court House, hospital, factory buildings, and other structures, because the various relief parties sent from South Bend and other cities had not sufficient boats to carry them to the nearest dry land three miles away. A heavy snow is falling and suffering is intense because of the lack of heating facilities. The town is in darkness except for a scant supply of lanterns.

The town is without electric light power, and has no drinking water supply. The only means of communicating to the outside world is over a feeble telephone line. Much food, clothing, and blankets already have arrived, but more help is needed.

The difficulty of giving anything like a list of the dead and injured is explained by the fact that the rescue parties devoted the entire day to carrying away the survivors who had climbed to perilous positions on icy roofs. Ten men who had remained for two days on top of the tank at the water works became panic-stricken at the sight of the first rescue boat. Most of these men fell into the water in attempting to jump into the boat and several of them were carried away.

It is impossible to tell how soon, if ever, the names of all the dead will be listed or the number known.

"Our energies are being devoted entirely to saving those still living," said Lieut. Gov. O'Neill. "It is impossible for us even to try to give a list of the dead."

Many of those taken to the hospital at Plymouth are ill from drinking muddy water.

A member of the first rescuing party that entered the town said: "We learned from the survivors that the flood rushed in upon the city at 10 o'clock on Monday night. The river rose six feet in three hours. Warnings had been sent to some of the residents, but many failed to heed it.

"The cries of those who saw the first rescue boat were heartrending. Some of the marooned people threatened to jump into the water if we did not take them aboard. But it was impossible to take all of them away in one boat."

Daylight to-day showed how great was the devastation wrought since last night, when the Wabash River burst its banks. Houses half submerged were drifting away, other buildings toppling over, bodies were recovered floating with the débris in the streets, and only a spire indicated the location of a church.

The chief source of information to-day was a telephone operator in a downtown building who, surrounded by water, had stuck to his post without food or drinking water for twenty-four hours.

Death faced hundreds of persons who at dawn were clinging to the roofs of buildings. Currents of muddy water from ten to twenty-five feet deep were racing through the main streets at twenty miles an hour.

Among those marooned was Mayor John J. Krutzer. He was ill at his home when the flood rushed upon the city, and was unable to escape before the water surrounded his home.

Three motor boats were brought on interurban trains from Winona Lake, fifty miles away, and these proved of vast assistance to the rescuers.

Telephone communication to points in the residence and business districts brought information to-day that many persons, including some women who held their children in their arms, had been on roofs exposed to an almost freezing temperature all night. One man telephoned he had seen several persons fall into the water after having become exhausted.

SEND FOOD TO PERU.

South Bend Bakeries Ship Their Stock of Bread to Sufferers.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., March 26.—In the belief that most of the residents of Peru were hungry, Mayor Goetz started another relief train to-day, laden with 3,000 loaves of bread, representing the output of all the South Bend bakeries and hotels. Barrels of salt meat, condensed milk, the eggs of all the grocery stores in town, a carload of apples, gasoline stoves, lanterns, and some clothing also were sent.

Information was telephoned to Mayor Goetz this afternoon prepared still another City Controller of South Bend, who was in charge of the first relief party. Mr. Joyce said that 5,000 persons were camped, without shelter, in a park on a hill, that a small Court House is crowded with 1,000 survivors, the hospital with 1,000 more, and that 300 children are imprisoned in a schoolhouse. No fires are allowed to be lighted, and the women and children are suffering intensely from the cold and dampness.

Edward Mack, a fisherman, is credited with saving 600 lives. When the water rushed over the embankment and poured into the city Mack ran through the suddenly darkened streets, shouting to the people to get out of their houses.

In response to more appeals, Mayor Goetz this afternoon by Patrick A. Joyce, relief train, to be loaded chiefly with blankets. It is to be conducted by Lieut. Gov. O'Neil.

At Logansport, on the Wabash River to the west of Peru, all the railroad bridges were washed out to-day. The interurban station in the heart of the city is under six feet of water. The people are fleeing to the hills and seeking shelter in school houses and churches.

FOUR ORPHAN GIRLS DROWN.

Boat Capsizes While They Are Being Taken from Fort Wayne Home.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 26.—Four girls, inmates of the Allen County Orphans' Home, were drowned to-day when a boat capsized while an attempt was being made to transfer them from the flood-bound home to the county infirmary. They were Esther Cramer, 14; Alice Madden, 14; Arda Wood, 15, and Kittie Wise, 7. Three other occupants of the boat were rescued.

There was a further rise in St. Mary's River to-day, but the Maumee was at a stationary stage, and it is predicted that the crest of the flood will pass to-night.

Fort Wayne's water supply is cut off, but one of the pumping stations will be in operation to-morrow.

RIVERS SWEEP BROOKVILLE.

Seventeen Drown When Waters Engulf Town at Night.

LIBERTY, Ind., March 26.—A local newspaper was in communication with Brookville by telephone for a few minutes to-night and learned that at least seventeen were killed there in the flood on Monday night and half of the town was swept away. The east and west forks of White Water River meet at Brookville.

Survivors tell of attempts of men, women, and children to escape by the light of lanterns after the electric light plant had been swamped. Cross-currents rushing along streets and alleys swept several of them away. Five children, all of one family, were seen clinging to the posts of a wooden bed when they were swept into the main stream and lost.

Five large wagon bridges, the Big Four Railroad bridge, and a paper mill were destroyed. Fifty Summer houses on White Water River, south of Brookville, are gone.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

SPECIAL NOTICE

Account Western Floods

On account of the floods in Ohio and Indiana all train service to points on the P., C., C. & St. L. Ry. (Panhandle Route) via Pittsburgh has been temporarily discontinued.

Cincinnati is accessible via Washington, and the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Columbus, Ohio, can be reached via the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. and the Norfolk & Western Ry.

Trains for Cincinnati via Washington leave New York, Pennsylvania Station, 9:15 A. M., 1:08 P. M., and through train at 5:08 P. M.

All train service to points on the Ft. Wayne Route West of Alliance has been temporarily suspended.

A limited number of Chicago trains are running through via Alliance, Cleveland and the Lake Shore Route.

The sale of tickets has been suspended to all points to which train service is interrupted, but will be resumed as soon as the train service is restored, of which prompt notice will be given the public. Consult ticket agents.

WOOLWORTH BUILDING

Broadway, Park Place to Barclay Street

READY FOR OCCUPANCY MAY 1st

Neighbors

A man is known by the company he keeps.

A business man's standing is often measured by his associates, while his immediate office neighbors, although total strangers to him, also seriously affect his position.

The care with which Woolworth Building tenants are investigated assures office neighbors of the highest integrity.

Special elevator from Broadway

Edward J. Hogan, Agent

Woolworth Building

TELEPHONE BARCLAY 5524

A Word to the Wise Is Unnecessary

¶Those who are wise are already familiar with the merit of Saks clothes.

¶Those who are not familiar with Saks clothes cannot expect to be wise to their merits.

¶Daily we meet with men who have literally been driven to Saks' by their disappointments elsewhere.

¶And what does it matter how a man arrives at the truth so long as he does arrive at it?

¶We are just as well satisfied to have a man come to Saks' by the circuitous route of disappointment as by any other route.

¶The best husbands are those men who have sown a few wild oats and who are proof against the specious allurements of the Crimson Way.

¶And the best customers on our books are men who have tried other clothes and found them wanting in just those things which Saks clothes possess.

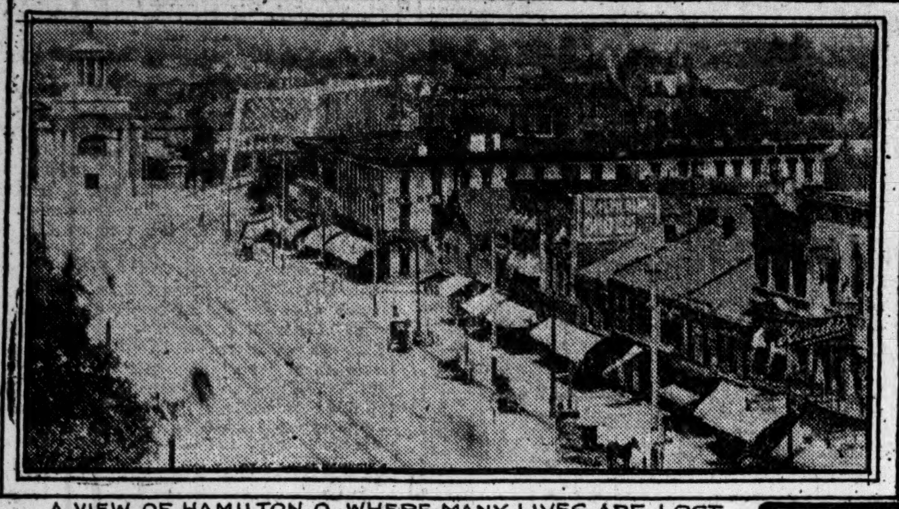
¶If you are dissatisfied with your tailor and prepared to make a change we are prepared to make the change worth while.

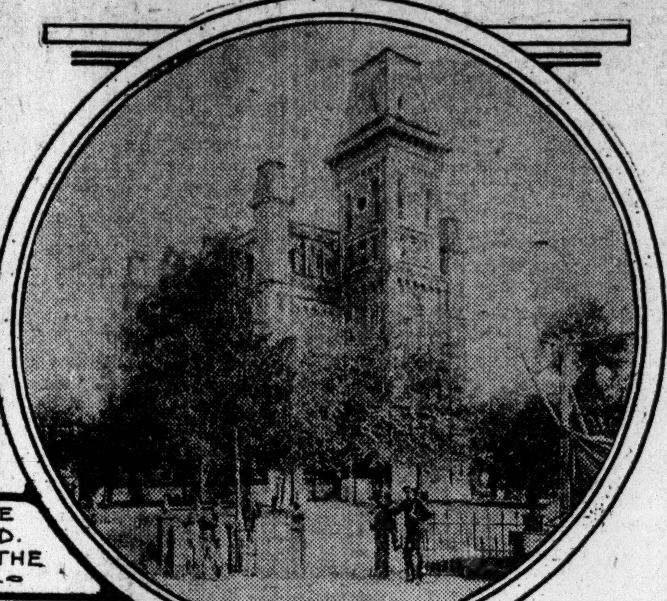
Suits $17.50 to $45.

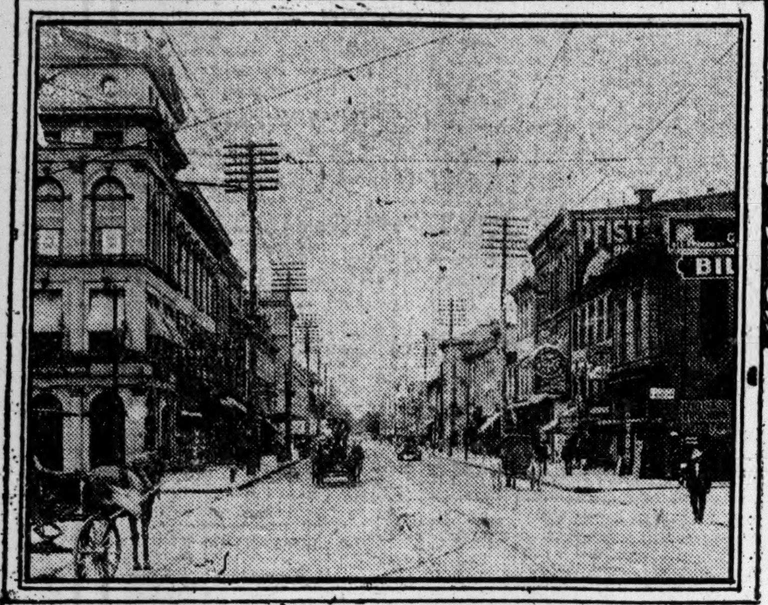
Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Towns in Ohio and Indiana Suffering from the Flood.


A VIEW OF HAMILTON O. WHERE MANY LIVES ARE LOST.


COURT HOUSE AT PERU, IND. CAUGHT IN THE FLOOD


MAIN STREET OF PIQUA O. SWEPT BY THE FLOOD

ALONG THE MIAMI RIVER IN SUMMER

ONLY ONE LINK LEFT TO POINTS IN WEST

Railroads in Worse Plight Than Was Ever Known in This Country Before.

LAKE SHORE HELPS OUT

Pennsylvania Ceases to Run Its Fastest Trains—Erie Badly Crippled.

With the single exception of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, the Ohio link in the chain of the New York Central lines, rail communication between New York and Chicago was cut off yesterday as a result of the great floods in Ohio and Indiana. Never before in the history of rail transportation in this country has a situation more serious developed. But for the courtesy of the New York Central the Pennsylvania, the Erie, and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroads would not have been able to maintain a service to the West by the northern routes yesterday. As it was only a scattering few trains of those lines left New York, these trains taking long detours over their New York and Pennsylvania tracks to reach points on the Lake Shore and Michigan system, over which line they finished their journeys West.

It would be a hard question to decide which of the three great systems—the Pennsylvania, the Erie or the Baltimore & Ohio—suffered most as a result of the floods.

Concerning the Erie, for instance, it was said at the general offices of that company at 50 Church Street that the main line from Meadville, Penn., to Chicago was practically out of business as a result of great and little washouts that had occurred at intervals of twenty or thirty miles between those points. It was said that between fifteen and twenty long-distance passenger trains were caught in the flood district, and up to a late hour yesterday afternoon their situation was not known because of the interruption of the railway telegraphic service.

From the New York Central offices in the new Grand Central Terminal came the only cheerful report made by any of the great trunk lines between New York and the West. There it was said that the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad was in fine working order, and that trains between New York and Chicago were departing practically on time. The situation to the south of the Lake Shore, however, it was admitted, was very serious, and no New York Central trains were being sent out of Cleveland to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Dayton, St. Louis, and intermediate points.

At the Pennsylvania Station it was said at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon that the Broadway Limited, the Pennsylvania's twenty-hour train to Chicago, and the twenty-four-hour St. Louis, its fastest train to St. Louis, would not leave before sometime to-day if then. It was added that all passenger trains to points on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis division (The Panhandle), west of Pittsburgh, had been temporarily discontinued. It is over this division that the Pennsylvania's fastest trains to Chicago, St. Louis and other points in the Middle West are run.

Conditions did not improve as officers of the Pennsylvania hoped they would, and early last night the company gave formal notice that the following trains between New York and the West were annulled until further notice:

Train 5—The Pennsylvania Limited, New York to Chicago; Train 2—The Pennsylvania Limited, St. Louis to New York; Train 28—The Broadway Limited, Chicago to New York; Train 29—The Broadway Limited, New York to Chicago; Train 31—The twenty-four-hour St. Louis, New York to St. Louis; Train 30—The twenty-four-hour New Yorker, St. Louis to New York; Train 21—The St. Louis Express, New York to St. Louis; Train 20—The Keystone Express, St. Louis to New York; Train 23—The Chicago Limited, New York to Chicago, and Train 22—The Manhattan Limited, Chicago to New York.

Pennsylvania's Bad Plight.

The official statements given out at the offices of the various lines tell the full story of the troubles of the railroad companies. That issued by the Pennsylvania follows:

"Train service on the Pennsylvania Railroad in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, on the lines west of Pittsburgh and Erie, has been severely interrupted by high water and bad weather conditions throughout the Middle West. Passenger and freight traffic have been practically discontinued temporarily on all divisions of the Pennsylvania lines west, with the exception of the Pittsburgh Division of the Southwest system. Telegraph and telephone communication is only possible for a distance of about 200 miles west of Pittsburgh. Many bridges have been destroyed and numerous stretches of track have been washed away.

"All passenger trains to points on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad (the Panhandle) west of Pittsburgh have been temporarily discontinued. All trains to points on the Fort Wayne route west of Alliance, Ohio, have been temporarily suspended. Trains for Chicago are being operated through by way of Alliance, Cleveland, and the Lake Shore route.

"Arrangements have been made with the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway whereby passengers for Cincinnati and Columbus will be turned over to them at Washington, D. C. The sale of tickets has been temporarily suspended to all points to which train service is interrupted.

"All through freight delivered to the Pennsylvania Railroad for shipment to points in the Middle West will only be received subject to delay.

"The officers of the various divisions of the Pennsylvania Railroad are giving the most assiduous attention to the whole situation, making every effort to repair the tracks and bridges as promptly as possible. The company is also taking steps to see that friends of all passengers are as fully informed as possible concerning all delayed trains."

Conditions Get Worse.

In the afternoon Vice President W. W. Atterbury of the Pennsylvania received the following dispatch from C. M. Sheaffer, the Pennsylvania's General Superintendent of Transportation, in Philadelphia:

Conditions on lines west of Pittsburgh are getting worse. All perishable freight is being diverted via the Empire Line and all other freight is being received subject to delay.

The lines West will only represent five trains in both directions between Chicago and New York—trains 8 and 16 eastbound and trains 9, 11, and 15 westbound. All limited trains have been annulled. Cincinnati trains are being diverted over the C. & O. Railway.

The lines East are helping the lines West with materials and men wherever possible. The conditions on the Northern Division of the lines East are well in hand.

Central Helps its Rivals.

The New York Central's statement reads:

"The main line over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern to Chicago is not affected to any extent by the heavy rains and trains are departing practically on schedule time between New York and Chicago.

"The situation south of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern line, however, is serious and trains are being sent out of Cleveland for Indianapolis, St. Louis, Dayton, Cincinnati and intermediate points. Through passengers for Columbus are being transferred at New London, Ohio, and handled through to destination.

"The rainfall from 10 o'clock Sunday morning to 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, approximately forty-eight hours, was about five and one-half inches at Cleveland, the heaviest on record, and this condition extends over a large part of Ohio and Indiana. There is no ice in the streams or snow on the ground. The temperature in the storm district this morning is about freezing, with occasional showers.

"Hard showers have been reported during the night in Eastern Ohio. The latest reports indicate that the smaller streams are receding and the larger ones going down somewhat.

"The Pennsylvania Railroad and the Baltimore & Ohio are detouring their trains over the Lake Shore between Chicago and Cleveland and we are also handling the Erie trains between Buffalo and Chicago."

Washouts on the Erie.

At the offices of the Erie Railroad no formal statement was issued. It was frankly said that the conditions on the main line between Meadville Penn. and Chicago were as bad as could well be imagined with washouts at intervals of every few miles. The telegraph wires along the Erie in the disturbed area were in the worst possible shape and only the barest skeleton reports as to the situation were being received at the New York offices. A telegram was received from one of the company's officials in Cleveland dated 11:30 A. M. yesterday in which it was said that no news was obtainable from points west of Marion, Ohio, and that the situation in the region extending from Marion to Dayton was very bad and at that hour appeared to be getting worse.

"We have fifteen of our long distance express trains stalled in the flood districts," an officer of the Erie said, "and we have sent out instructions to the company's officers in those sections to care for all passengers, at hotels if necessary until service is resumed and then to take the passengers to their destination giving them every comfort and attention in their power. We are double tracking in the flood section and we have 6,000 laborers in our employ. These men are held in readiness to begin the work of restoring track and will aid in every way the rescue work the moments conditions permit."

No estimate of the probable amount of the monetary loss the railroad will suffer because of the floods was obtainable in this city yesterday. It was not denied that it will be in the millions. A Chicago dispatch said that the damage would be at least $25,000,000.

Fragmentary news as to conditions in the flooded regions was received yesterday at the various railroad offices.

The Hocking Valley division of the Chesapeake & Ohio is cut in two at Columbus, according to dispatches received by Chairman Trumbull yesterday. He had been unable to get any reports of the damage.

The "Big Four" loaded its threatened bridges in the flood district with coal and freight cars in the hope of saving them, but in many places the waters were pouring over the tops of the cars, according to news received here from the offices of the company at Cleveland.

At Tiffin, Ohio, thirty-four miles south of Sandusky, one dispatch said, seven houses were jammed against the railroad bridge there, and in spite of its load of freight cars it was feared the bridge would not hold.

A dispatch dated at 10 o'clock on Tuesday night said that the water stood sixteen feet deep over the "Big Four" tracks in Dayton, and that freight cars in the Cooper Street yards were submerged. Indications were that the bridge at Fifth Street in Dayton would go out. Water covered the tracks all the way from Dayton to Cold Spring, nineteen miles east, and thousands of feet of track were washed out entirely. Washouts 500 feet in length were reported between Dover and Springfield, Ohio.

The water was eighteen feet deep in Broad Street, Columbus, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, according to a dispatch received at one railroad office. The round house of the Toledo & Ohio Central Railroad in that city was submerged. The river bridge, according to the dispatch, was still standing, but the river was rushing over the tops of the coal cars placed on it to weigh it down.

TICKETS AT BUYERS' RISK.

Railroad Officers at Buffalo Give No Assurance to Passengers.

BUFFALO, March 26.—The embargo on railroad traffic, both passenger and freight, to points in Southern Ohio and Indiana is complete to-day. Perishable freight is being accepted at owners' risk, and no assurance is given to passengers buying tickets for any point in the flooded district that they will be taken to their destination within the next forty-eight hours. Mails from the Southwest due here yesterday morning had not been received up to 10 o'clock this morning.

At the office of the Superintendent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad it was said that traffic between Buffalo and Chicago only was normal.

"We have not received a train from our Big Four connections in twenty-four hours," an officer of the road said, "and we have no information as to the prospect of restoring normal conditions in that territory."

The Pennsylvania is crippled by washouts between Oil City and Titusville and between Olean and Ischua.

The water is reported to be going down in both districts, and it is said that the branch line can be repaired in a few hours. Repair gangs were sent out from this city this morning to begin work as soon as the flooded conditions will permit. The Erie is moving trains on both the Jamestown and Hornell branches, but is without advices as to conditions on the main line because of the loss of wire service.

PLIGHT OF THE B. & O.

Train Service Either Crippled or at a Complete Standstill.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—At the executive offices of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad it was said to-day that the train service of the system in the Ohio and Indiana flood regions was either badly crippled or at a complete standstill. The same conditions, it was added, applied to the other lines in the same territory.

The Union Railroad bridge crossing the Miami River at Dayton, and used by the Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Big Four, was blown up by dynamite last night, according to the company's advices.

The Baltimore & Ohio main line through West Virginia and Southern Ohio was open to Cincinnati early this morning, but Newark, Ohio, was the furthest point west reached on the Pittsburgh-Cincinnati line, and Youngstown, Ohio, was the temporary terminus of the Chicago division.

RAIL TRAFFIC IN CHAOS.

Miles of Roadbed and Scores of Bridges Washed Away.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Train communication with the East and the West was practically suspended to-day. Many railroads annulled schedules as trains hours late tried in vain to force their way through the flood zone in Ohio and In- Big Four. Monon, the Erie, and the diana. The chaotic condition caused by the high water means, it is said, that traffic will be crippled for weeks. The Chesapeake & Ohio annulled schedules early in the day.

The Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railroads will endeavor to run two trains daily between Chicago and New York, using the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern tracks in Ohio, which thus far have not been damaged. Other railroads in Indiana and Ohio have made no effort to run trains.

Scores of trains are stalled in different parts of Ohio, and reports indicate that many miles of roadbed and scores of railroad bridges have been washed away. Conditions are worse than yesterday, despite the fact that in several districts the crest of the flood seems to have been reached.

Gangs of men were rushed on special trains from this city toward the flooded country in Ohio and Indiana to-day by railroad companies in a desperate effort to restore communication with the East by rail. The first trainload left for Ohio last night. Another train was sent out this morning. The men were ordered to begin "rip-rapping." This describes the work of ballasting embankments against which the high water is beating. Iron scraps, anchored logs, and sand are piled along the rails to prevent them from being washed away.

A train on the pennsylvania Railroad from New York due here yesterday arrived at noon to-day.

Representatives of Eastern roads held a meeting to-day to consider plans for making necessary repairs as soon as the floods subside. In the meantime, every possible effort will be made to get trains through the flooded districts by circuitous routing.

The roads have offered to carry relief supplies to the flood sufferers free of cost.

ST. LOUIS, March 26.—No through tickets over the direct lines from St. Louis to New York could be purchased here to-day. The Big Four train for New York, which should leave at 8:44 A. M., was canceled. The pennsylvania train for New York started, but tickets were sold only as far as Indianapolis. The Baltimore & Ohio accepted passengers for points only as far as Lawrenceburg, Ind.

INQUIRERS THRONG TERMINAL.

Friends of Flood Sufferers Here Anxious About Trains from West.

The Grand Central Terminal all yesterday was thronged with crowds of anxious relatives and friends eagerly inquiring when trains from the West, especially those from the flood regions, would arrive. In each instance the inquirers got the same answer: "No trains have arrived to-day; we expect none to-night, and do not know when a train from the West will get here."

A number of men and women who were expecting relatives and friends on the Dayton train made no efforts to conceal their anxiety, and pleaded with the railroad officials to find out if the train had passed safely through the danger zone. The railroad officials are just as anxious themselves, and said that the first authentic information they received would be made public.

The following was placed on the bulletin board near the entrance to the trains: "Trains delayed on account of floods and storms in the Middle Western States and high water on the Mohawk Division. All trains on the Big Four from Cleveland delayed."

Another bulletin pasted outside the train dispatcher's office last night read: "No trains being operated from Cleveland south to Dayton, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Indianapolis, and points in the affected territory with the exception of Columbus, Ohio, which is being reached by way of New London, Ohio. Water conditions in the affected district are still very serious, and from latest advices it is impossible to say just when the trains will be operated to points in the affected territory."

WATER EXTENDS FOR MILES.

Passengers Reaching Chicago Describe Flood Conditions.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Eyewitnesses of the floods in Ohio, who reached this city to-day, told stories of devastation. From windows of a Baltimore & Ohio railroad train W. H. Chown, who lives in England, saw men, women, and children fleeing from their homes as the water undermined foundations and carried houses away. The train was eleven hours late. It was due in Chicago last night. Some distance from Youngstown the train stopped for five hours before its crew had the courage to attempt the passage of a treacherous looking bridge. As the train crawled slowly over the bridge the passengers could feel the structure swaying and hear it creak under the train's weight.

"For miles and miles we saw nothing but water," said Chown. "Farm houses, almost submerged, could be seen on every hand and from the windows we could see people, carrying what few articles they could, get into boats and row away. Every stream we crossed seemed to be a raging torrent, its waters racing at top speed far beyond its natural boundaries."

Alfred Griffin, another Englishman who was a passenger, said:

"The further we got the worse conditions became," he said. "There were no lights along the entire countryside. It was most gloomy and awe-inspiring. We could hear the swish of the waters through the darkness and every now and then hear the cries of people in distress. It was a shocking experience."

Perry Hollister and Roy Taylor of Ravenna, Ohio, saw more of the flooded conditions than most of those on the train.

"When we boarded the train at Ravenna, Ohio, the rain was coming down in torrents," said Hollister. "It had been raining in that way for hours, but that town had not suffered to any great extent. We proceeded to Toledo without encountering any difficulty. However, all along the line to Toledo we saw great expanses of water.

"When we approached Toledo we began to see the real extent of the flood. On the outskirts of that city there was nothing but water. Barns had been swept from their foundations and were washed about aimlessly.

"Many men had built crude rafts and were poleing these about through what I supposed were once streets. Some of them appealed to the engineer of our train to stop and take them aboard and he complied. The wind was raw and some of them were nearly frozen when we took them aboard.

"Toledo was struck badly. The lower part of the city was under water."

Mrs. Mary Martin of Atlantic City, N. J., bewailed her misfortune in not reaching Chicago yesterday.

"My husband, Adolph Martin, was coming through Omaha when the tornado hit that place," she explained. "He was fortunate enough to be among those who were not injured. He telegraphed me to come on and meet him here. I started, of course, and I struck a flood. I should have been there yesterday morning."

WIRES IN BAD SHAPE.

Worst Demoralization in Twenty Years for Western Union.

The Western Union Telegraph Company, it was said at the main office of the company in this city yesterday, had opened two offices in the suburbs of Dayton, Ohio, one at the plant of the National Cash Register Company and the other at Wolf Creek. No messages are accepted for delivery except in the vicinity of these temporary offices owing to the flooded condition of the streets and the confusion that exists all over the city.

Western Union wire chiefs reported yesterday that communication with Cincinnati was fitful during the morning, but by noon it had become normal. Wire communication with Toledo has been interrupted by wire troubles outside the city. Terre Haute, Ind., could not be reached by wire at noon.

The demoralization of the Western Union wire service in Ohio and Indiana, which is the worst in twenty years, is due to three causes, the washing away of bridges which carried down telegraph wires, the sweeping away of cables located in the bed of rivers that are now raging torrents, and the submersion of towns like Dayton and Hamilton, where telegraphic communication was entirely cut off

Despite these conditions the Western Union has maintained a main line connection between New York and Chicago, although messages are subject to delay. Notices were sent out yesterday that all messages to Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois would be taken subject to delay.

The local manager of the company said late last night that the company at that time had no direct connection with any of the Ohio or Indiana towns in the flooded district. The only two points in Ohio with wire communication at that time, he said, were Cleveland and Cincinnati. These cities and Columbus are the distributing points for all messages sent to Ohio, but the only communication with Columbus was by way of Cleveland. There was also no direct service to Indianapolis. Messages for that place were sent to Chicago.

The Postal Telegraph Company had no wires working to the flooded districts last night.

As the night wore on wires failed rapidly. The Western Union relied largely upon the wires of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, which are strung on strong, new poles.

SAYS FIRES ARE AGAIN RAGING.

Telephone Operator Reports More Dayton Buildings Burning.

A midnight dispatch from Phoneton, received by the American Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company in New York, reported fires were again raging in Dayton.

"For the past hour," a message said, "burning buildings in Dayton have been plainly visible from our office here. The rain has subsided now, so the fire has practically nothing to check it."

A previous dispatch said:

"One of our employes returning this evening from the north side of the submerged district around Dayton, says people are huddled in churches and public school buildings, many of which are in danger of collapsing. Three babies were born in one church, and one baby was born in a boat while in transit to safety, rain pouring down on mother and child.

"One large school building, which is said to contain 600 people, is over-burdened, and it looks as if it might collapse at any moment. The steel high school building is a complete wreck, and many of the buildings in the downtown section have been destroyed by fire.

"The heavy rains of the afternoon have somewhat subdued the fires.

"It is feared that the loss of life will be frightful before sufficient aid can reach the sufferers. A relief committee from the north side of Dayton reports 500 dead and 10,000 destitute. Many dead bodies are floating downstream. There is danger of the spread of disease on account of dead animals and refuse. The river is falling rapidly."

A later dispatch from Chicago said:

"Last report from our Mr. Anderson states that a relief party from North Dayton says that loss of life is greatly exaggerated."

A DOUBLE MEANING

To improve property, technically means to put a building on it.

It does not necessarily mean to improve its value, though that is the object in view.

But the Owner who employs this Company to erect a building is not only improving his property from a technical point of view, but improving it also from that investment point of view which is the main point of view of all.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Rich Silverware
—rich in quality and beauty—should grace every home. Choose
1847 ROGERS BROS.
This brand is known as "Silver Plate that Wears"
It is the original and genuine "Rogers" as well as the heaviest grade of plate made.
Sold by Leading Dealers

Wanted! Young Men With $18 to $25

THIS is a plain invitation to young men seeking Spring suit satisfaction at $18 to $25 to come to Smith Gray & Co. and get it.

Nothing could be plainer than this invitation except your satisfaction when you see the suits.

The matter of perfect fit is taken care of by a system of sub-sizes. We can fit you, and well.

Our fabrics are made for *us*, and designed for *us*. This means tastefulness and exclusiveness.

Add to all this (and at $18 to $25) Smith Gray *Style* — as different from the ordinary as day is from night. Other suits up to $50.

Smith Gray & Co.
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — NEW YORK — 5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.
FULTON ST., AT FLATBUSH AV.—BROOKLYN —BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere."
Meet Me at the Fountain — The Big Store — A City in Itself
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Notice to Charge Customers
Purchases made for the balance of this month will be regarded as if made in April, and bill will be rendered on May 1st.

MAIN BUILDING

Hand-Tailored Spring Suits and Silk-Lined Overcoats
For Men and Youths
A One-Day Sale Is Announced for Today, at . . $15.75

No argument is necessary to sell such high-class and faultlessly tailored garments at so nominal a price as $15.75 outside of the suits and overcoats themselves.

The Suits

Hundreds of new, stylish patterns in novel color effects and shades. There is a new and bright spring idea for every youth and every young man, as well as a smart suit for the business man.

Also, Note Particularly This Offering of Oswego Blue Serge Suits in Three New Models.

The Norfolk, the Long Roll Sack and the conservative Sack, for which you would be asked, in many stores, up to $25; your choice today, at................. $15.75

The Overcoats

These are silk-lined spring overcoats, as well as silk-faced to edge, in Oxford, gray and black; handsomely made and perfect-fitting; in all sizes; your choice today, at $15.75

English Raincoats—imported direct from London. Raglan or box back style; made as only the best coats are made; today, at....................... $10.75

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

GREENHUT BUILDING

This $6 Cut Glass Fern Dish, Today for $2.85

It Is Only One of the Scores of Bargains in Today's Brilliant Collection at This Price

THIS RICH CUT GLASS FERN DISH—full 8-inch size, with deep brilliant sunburst and Venetian fan cutting, is a brilliant example of the values offered in this sale. The fern dish is complete, with silver-plated lining, fernery, and footed reflector with silver-plated mounting.

Your choice of the following articles, also at the same specially low quotation:
$4.95 Fruit Bowls, floral cutting.
$4.50 Water Jugs—4-pint size.
$4.95 Sugar and Cream Sets..
$4.95 Footed Sandwich Trays
$4.95 Ice Cream Trays.....
$4.95 Oval Orange Bowls....
Choice at $2.85
(NO MAIL OR TELEPHONE ORDERS FILLED)
(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)

Other Specials Sales for Today

MAIN BUILDING
$7.50 Automobile Horns—electric; 9 inches long; at $2.95
$3.25 Kit of Auto Tools—at.................. $1.48
$25 Mexger Wind Shields—at................ $7.50
$10 Master Vibrators—for Ford cars—at.......... $7.25
Collars for Men and Boys—four-ply; all sizes from 12 to 19; usually retail at 15c to 25c each; at.................... 5c

"PULLMAN" BABY CARRIAGES at Reduced Prices.
Inexpensive Silverware—values to $2.50; at...... $1.25
(Other special items, values 35c to $12; at 19c to $7.50.)
75c to $1.25 Dog Collars—at.................... 59c
BEST CANNED FOODS AND GROCERY SPECIALS

GREENHUT BUILDING
Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains—values to $6.50 a pair; at.............. $3.50
$20 Handsome Solid Mahogany Colonial Work Table—at.. $16
$7 Bungalow Brass Bedsteads—at............ $4.90
$2.25 Golden Quartered Oak Dining Chairs—at $1.75
$100 Four-piece Dining Room Suites—at.......... $75
$23.50 to $28.50 Sanford Axminster Rugs—at...... $16.75 to $22.50
SPRING SALE OF REFRIGERATORS

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Thereafter — *In New York's Shopping Center*

12 REASONS WHY

WE HAVE AROUSED THE INTEREST OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORLD.

8TH. The number of ferries, bridges and avenues leading to the Borough of Manhattan and all sections of the city, insure local deliveries at the lowest cost and with proper dispatch. It makes a difference whether or not a horse truck is required to travel 16 miles to make one delivery, and this difference is accentuated when you recall that 18 miles is considered a good day's work for any horse truck.

New York Dock Co.

INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS DEPT.
10 Bridge St., New York

He forgot the

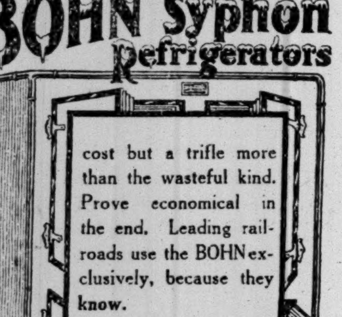
Awful

Number of

Life

OUT YESTERDAY,
ALL GONE TO-DAY
LUCKY IF
YOU GET ONE
10 CENTS

BOHN Syphon Refrigerators



cost but a trifle more than the wasteful kind. Prove economical in the end. Leading railroads use the BOHN exclusively, because they know.

Best for your home. Call and see.

WHITE ENAMEL REF. CO. OF N.Y.
59 WEST 42nd ST. NEW YORK

Last year saved families over $200,000

A CHILD CAN CLOSE IT
MANAHAN'S
SATCHEL FORMED
TARINE
MOTH BAG

For lining trunks and wrapping clothes use
TARINE MOTH SHEETS
Sold at all department and drug stores

Something New!

ELECTRO-SILICON
POLISHING CREAM

for Cleaning and Polishing Gold, Silver, Nickel, Aluminum, and all fine metals. Free from acids or other injurious substances.

One trial will convince you it's the Best Cream Polish you ever used.

Electro Silicon Co., 30 Cliff St., New York.

Sold by leading dealers.

CAUTION Don't use dust-covered, unsanitary, germ-laden toothpicks. Ask your dealer for and insist on getting

Quilo

GENUINE GOOSE QUILL TOOTHPICKS
In the Sanitary Blue Box, 15c.
Sold by RIKER-HEGEMAN CO.
all Druggists, Grocers and Department Stores.

BROWN'S
Bronchial
TROCHES
For Coughs
Can be used freely with perfect safety. Contain no opiates. 25c, 50c, $1.00. Sample Free.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

The RIGHT REMEDY FOR CONSTIPATION must stimulate the Liver, Intestines, Stomach and Nervous System without injurious after effects.

THE NEW REMEDY
Hunyadi Janos Pills
is a scientific discovery which must satisfy the most exacting demands—1 or 2 pills at night will convince even you. 25 CENTS at any up-to-date Drug Store, or by mail from A. Saxlehner, New York.

GAYNOR ASKS FUNDS FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

While Merchants' Association Wires Ohio Governor Inquiring in What Way It Can Assist.

CITY'S SYMPATHY EXPRESSED

Chamber of Commerce and Salvation Army Also Seeking Relief Measures —Free Express for Supplies.

The readiness of New York City to aid in the plans for the relief of the flood sufferers in the Middle West was shown yesterday when Mayor Gaynor issued an appeal for funds to the people of the city, and several organizations sent telegrams of sympathy and proffers of assistance to Gov. Cox of Ohio. This is the Mayor's appeal:

"City of New York, Office of the Mayor.

"To the People of the City of New York:

"The appalling loss of life and disasters from wind and flood in the West require that a relief fund be made up for the sufferers. Several citizens have already expressed to me their wish to contribute. I therefore ask the people of the city generally to contribute to such a fund. I know of no respect in which charity could be more worthily bestowed at the present time, and I am sure that the response will be adequate to the occasion.

"Contributions may be sent to the Mayor's office or to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the National Red Cross Society, at 54 William Street, or to the office of the National Red Cross Society at 105 East Twenty-second Street.

"W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

"March 26, 1913."

Without waiting for direct appeals from the flood-stricken districts the Merchants' Association, through Henry R. Towne, President, on behalf of the citizens of New York, whom it represents, sent telegrams of sympathy and offers of help to Gov. Cox of Ohio, Mayor Phipps of Dayton, and to the leading commercial organizations in the flooded area. This message was sent to Gov. Cox:

"The frightful calamity which has overtaken so large an area of your State has shocked the whole country. On behalf of the citizens of New York, as represented through the Merchants' Association, we extend deepest sympathy to your State, particularly to those sections and cities which have borne the brunt of the calamity. What kind of assistance is most needed and would be most welcome? Kindly wire particulars."

To Mayor Phipps of Dayton Mr. Towne telegraphed:

"Please accept on behalf of the citizens of your stricken city deepest sympathy from the Merchants' Association of New York and from the great number of our citizens which this association represents. What character of assistance is most needed? Please wire."

Telegrams were sent on behalf of the association to the Secretaries of the Dayton Chamber of Commerce, the Columbus Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, the Manufacturers' Association, the Board of Trade, and the Commercial Club of Indianapolis. These telegrams read:

"Please accept from the citizens of New York, as represented through the Merchants' Association, profound sympathy in the calamity which has befallen your city. It is our earnest hope that the first accounts may prove greatly exaggerated. Please wire if we can assist."

The Chamber of Commerce at its meeting yesterday discussed ways and means to send relief, and President John Claflin sent this telegram to Gov. Cox of Ohio:

"The Chamber of Commerce of New York wishes to express its deep sympathy with the sufferers from the floods in Ohio. Would you like us to take immediate steps to collect subscriptions for their relief?"

No replies to any of the messages had been received last night.

Relief work in all parts of the tornado and flood-stricken districts is being vigorously pushed by Salvation Army officers and soldiers on the spot, acording to reports received yesterday at headquarters here. Miss Booth, head of the army in America, telegraphed the army officials here from Chicago, authorizing an appeal for money and supplies, food, clothing, &c. These will be forwarded with all speed to the stricken districts and dstributed by officers who are experts in emergency work of this sort.

The Adams, American, National, Southern, United States, and Wells-Fargo Express Companies issued instructions yesterday to the agents of their respective companies that they will carry free of charge contributions of money and necessary supplies for the relief of the flood sufferers in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Northern Kentucky, and adjacent flooded districts, and at Omaha, Neb., when such shipments are consigned to municipal authorities or organized relief committees.

Mrs. Ernest K. Coulter of 67 West Ninety-sixth Street, Chairman of the Special Relief Fund of the Daughters of Ohio, telephoned to THE TIMES last night a request that the Daughters of Ohio in New York be permitted to head a relief fund for the Ohio flood and fire victims with a contribution of $100. Mrs. Elizabeth Gowdy Baker is President of the society.

SISTER STATES OFFER AID.

Sulzer Eager to Help Flood Sufferers —Bay State Fund Opened.

ALBANY, March 26.—Gov. Sulzer sent the following telegram to-day to Gov. Cox of Ohio:

"I am deeply grieved at the frightful disaster which has overwhelmed portions of your beautiful State and worked such havoc to many of your people. Through you I extend to the people of Ohio the heartfelt sympathy of the people of New York, and trust the calamity is not as bad as reported. If New York State can render any aid to her sister State of Ohio, advise me, and everything possible to help you will be done."

Gov. Sulzer, as President of the New York State Board of the American Red Cross, issued an appeal to-night to the people of the State to aid the flood sufferers.

BOSTON, March 26.—Gov. Foss telegraphed Gov. Cox of Ohio and Gov. Ralston of Indiana to-day expressing sympathy, and stating that the Massachusetts branch of the Red Cross and private citizens had opened a fund for the relief of flood sufferers in their States. $26,000 was raised in a few hours.

Mayor Fitzgerald wired Gov. Cox as follows:

"Boston stands ready to furnish money, clothing, food, and anything you want. Advise us immediately what most needed."

AUGUSTA, Me., March 26.—Gov. Haines telegraphed Gov. Cox of Ohio today:

"Newspaper reports of loss of life and destruction of property in your State by flood and storm compel me to extend to you and to the people of your State my sympathy and the sympathy of the people of Maine in your great trouble."

HARRISBURG, Penn., March 26.—The Pennsylvania Senate unanimously adopted a resolution to-day providing for the forwarding of $50,000 to the flood sufferers of Ohio.

PITTSBURGH, March 26.—Mayor W. A. Magee called a public meeting in the Chamber of Commerce to-day at which $15,000 was subscribed for the relief of the Ohio and Indiana flood sufferers in ten minutes. The Carnegie Hero Fund also contributed $10,000. Appeals for funds and provisions were sent out and newspapers have started stations to gather the supplies. The Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railroads will transport all relief supplies free.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Hurrying to Omaha to assist in relief work in that city, Director Ernest P. Bicknell of the American National Red Cross Society halted here to-day in order to go to the flooded districts in Indiana and Ohio. He left for Dayton, Ohio, and will endeavor to reach the stricken city by way of Terre Haute.

Scores of offers of clothing, provisions, and furniture were received by the United Charities.

Miss Edna Foley, Chairman of the Illinois State Red Cross Nursing Association, issued a call to-day for all members of the organization to hold themselves in readiness for emergency service in the flood districts. There are several thousand enrolled members of the organization in Illinois.

A warning to persons contributing clothing and shoes for the relief of tornado and flood sufferers was issued here to-night by Dr. P. J. Farrell, former Surgeon General of the Army of the Philippines. Dr. Farrell cited his experience at the San Francisco disaster, where he was in charge of the emergency hospitals.

"Send nothing but perfectly clean clothing and see that shoes are tied firmly together in pairs," Dr. Farrell instructed. "These precautions are of the greatest importance. Unless clothing is new or perfectly clean when shipped, it frequently will be found infected by vermin by the time it reaches the point of distribution. At San Francisco we burned carload after carload of clothing, simply because it was soiled or covered with vermin. At the very least forty carloads were destroyed.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 26.—In a blinding snowstorm a train bearing supplies for the flood sufferers at Dayton and environs left here to-night under the supervision of General Manager Burnett of the New York Central Lines. Besides one company of naval reserves the train carried three carloads of boats, including two cutters and a gig from the United States training ship Essex, a large quantity of provisions, and $1,000 in money.

The relief expedition was organized by members of the Toledo Commerce Club. A relief station will be maintained here and shipments of supplies rushed into the stricken flood district as fast as transportation facilities can be supplied.

NATION'S FORCES AID ON A HUGE SCALE

Continued from Page 1.

as follows: Eight ounces of salt or tinned meat, hard bread, one pound of flour for use where baking can be done, baking powder, lard, evaporated milk, coffee, and sugar. The United States Army Depot Quartermaster at Chicago was instructed to go into the open market and purchase the supplies without any haggling over the price.

Instructions were issued to pack the food securely as follows: Flour in sacks and then boxed, coffee roasted and ground and put in fifty-pound cloth sacks, lard, baking powder, and milk in original packages.

The medical supplies were all shipped by express this afternoon from the field medical supply depot in Washington. The boxing for shipment required less than an hour. The railway officials reported that they could get the supplies as far West as Pittsburgh without much delay, but beyound that point they could promise nothing.

A special train will be in readiness at Pittsburgh and the supplies rushed straight through to Columbus if possible. Instructions have been issued that if the train is held up automobiles or horse packs should be tried. From Philadelphia 4,000 tents were shipped this afternoon by special express train, together with 20,000 cots, 200 hospital tents, and 400 stoves. The tents are of the conical-wall type, designed to accommodate six persons each. The first shipment will provide shelter for 25,000 persons.

Other tents and field hospital supplies are to be shipped in the night to Pittsburgh, when the expectation is that word would be received in the night or early in the morning, so that the additional supplies can be rushed from Pittsburgh to the exact points where they are needed in Ohio without the delay that would be caused by using Columbus as a distributing point.

Every State Asked to Aid.

In conjunction with the activities of the War Department, the National Red Cross put its entire machinery into operation under the direction of Miss Mabel Boardman. The Governor of every State in the Union was asked by telegraph to issue appeals for relief in the shape of clothing and blankets, as well as money. The principal branches of the organization located in all the large cities were instructed to start the raising of relief funds. Twenty nurses were ordered to proceed from Cincinnati to Dayton or as near as they could get to the stricken city.

Miss Gladwin of Akron, head of the nurses committee for the State of Ohio, was instructed to proceed to Columbus with twenty nurses from Cleveland and Akron.

All the Red Cross branches in cities located outside the flood district in Ohio were instructed to collect and ship clothing and blankets to the relief camps outside of Dayton.

The Treasury Department also put the Public Health Service in motion. Physicians representing the Health Service were dispatched to Columbus and Dayton. These were in addition to the eight army surgeons sent to Ohio by the War Department.

One great fear pervades official circles in Washington to-night. It is that a terrible pestilence will follow in the wake of the floods, taking a toll of tens of thousands where the waters have taken but thousands. To guard against this every resource of the Government is to be employed. Money is to be expended where necessary with a lavish hand.

Brigadier Gen. Henry G. Sharpe of the Quartermaster's Corps was placed in charge of organizing the relief expedition at Washington. His first action was to order Majors Normoyle and Logan to Ohio to take charge of the field work on behalf of the Government. Gen. Sharpe said to-night that if the transportation arrangements did not fail, the first installment of food rations being sent out of Chicago would reach Columbus in time to be used for dinner to-morrow. As he was personally directing the order for rations, Gen. Sharpe said:

"Put in plenty of evaporated milk for the children. We intend to look after the children first."

The evaporated milk issued by the army, if it is properly handled, makes an excellent substitute for regular milk.

The War Department will not alone help to feed the flood sufferers, but has made just as elaborate arrangements for handling the sick and injured. This problem was considered by Surgeon Gen. Torney and the medical officers on duty in the department. Major Powell C. Fauntleroy and Major Paul C. Hutton were ordered to Columbus this afternoon with field medical supplies for 15,000 injured. The particular work of the Army Medical Corps, however, is not the temporary relief of sufferers, but that of sanitation after the flood begins to subside. The work is to be focused on an attempt to stamp out any epidemic of disease. By the extensive sanitation work under the direction of the army medical force, an epidemic of typhoid and smallpox was prevented in Southern States at the close of the Mississippi floods.

Big Wireless System May Result.

The installation of a Government wireless system of telegraphy covering the interior of the United States may be one of the results of the flood disasters throughout Ohio, Indiana, and the Middle West. At the suggestion of Representative R. J. Bulkeley of Cleveland, the Ohio delegation in Congress will join in the introduction of a resolution at the special session of Congress, asking the War Department to submit to Congress estimates and plans for such an extension of wireless telegraphy.

At present the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts are covered by a wireless telegraph system maintained by the navy. Messages are now being flashed from the Navy station at Arlington across the ocean to points in England and France. The Pacific Coast stations talk with Honolulu, and the navy shore-line system has been extended along the coast of Alaska. By this means Alaska is kept constantly in communication with the outside world.

Thus, while small military posts in Alaska are constantly in touch with Washington, the great inland State of Ohio has practically been cut off from all the rest of the United States. Thousands of people throughout the country have been in agony for the better part of two days because they could get no word from relatives and friends in the flooded districts. Congressional leaders say the experience of this flood shows plainly enough that the interior of the United States ought to be cared for equally as well as Alaska, and there is only one way—that by wireless telegraphy—to keep up constant communication with the country at large.

Officers of the War Department said to-day that the establishment of a wireless system in the interior of the country was entirely feasible. It had been considered by the department in the expectation that Congress sooner or later would ask for recommendations. The plan that the army officials have in mind would call for the establishment of two high-powered wireless plants in the interior. One might be located in Ohio or Indiana, close to the centre of population of the United States, and the other in the Rocky Mountain region, somewhere near Denver. This would create a wireless trunk line from Washington to San Francisco, which could pick up smaller stations either of the War Department or private companies established in all the principal interior cities.

OHIO'S RAPID RISE MENACES THE SOUTH

River Is Going Up from Six to Fourteen Inches an Hour.

MISSISSIPPI FLOOD FEARED

Continued Rain Would Cause Heavy Losses All the Way to the Gulf.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 26.—The Ohio River at this point reached a stage of 29 feet at 7 o'clock to-night, which was one foot above flood stage, marking a rise of 6.5 feet since 7 o'clock this morning. The rise to-night is at the rate of six inches an hour. The rainfall, which began yesterday afternoon, continued to-night, and the Weather Bureau predicted rain for to-night and to-morrow. Residents on The Point in the east end of the city have been warned to leave that district, and many families are moving out.

With a rainfall yesterday and last night of 5.13 inches, the river rose eleven feet in twenty-four hours. The gauge this morning was 22.5, as compared with 11.4 at 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 26.—Four persons were drowned and many narrowly escaped death when a freshet swept down Wheeling Creek through Barton, O., near here this morning. The Ohio River and its tributaries are rising rapidly, and scores of families are moving out of the lowlands.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., March 26.—The Ohio River is at 25 feet, and is rising at the rate of 14 inches an hour.

Rising Fast at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 26.—The Mississippi River was 25 feet above low water mark here at 9 o'clock this morning, having risen five feet in twenty-four hours. The Illinois River is high, and flood warnings have been sent to all points along that stream. At Lasalle, Ill., the Illinois is eight feet above flood stage, and at Beardstown three feet above.

The Gasconade River, in Eastern Central Missouri, is in flood, as also is the lower Missouri.

A heavy snowstorm prevailed in the city, and large parts of Iowa, Missouri and Illinois to-day, and the melting of the snow is expected to increase the rise in the rivers.

Thousands of acres of rich farm land in the southern part of St. Louis County are under water.

Dardanne Creek, in St. Charles County, broke through a levee yesterday, and inundated the town of St. Peters. No loss of life was reported.

Twelve hundred residents of the Washington Park District, northwest of East St. Louis, were reported marooned to-day by the breaking of a dike protecting that section from Rose Lake.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 26.—A stage of 1.7 feet was registered on the river gauge here to-day, a rise of a foot in the last twenty-four hours. A heavy rain fell in the night.

"With such a volume of water coming into the Mississippi from above, dwellers along that river might just as well prepare for a great flood," said Col. S. C. Emery of the local United States Weather Bureau to-day. "I cannot say just what the stage is going to be. It will be a big river, and I believe the flood stage will be reached at Memphis Thursday morning, if not before."

Big Mississippi Flood Feared.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Weather Bureau scientists confirm the fears of Local Forecaster Emery in Memphis for a heavy Mississippi flood, although they do not believe the flood stage will be reached so soon as Thursday. If rains continue for the next twenty-four hours they look for disastrous developments.

Over crippled wires, fragmentary reports trickling into Weather Bureau headquarters told of excessive rains all over the stricken districts, threatening to carry the waters higher. With the exception of a single reading of the stage of the Muskingum at Zanesville, which reported that river fifteen feet above flood stage, the Weather Bureau lacked the usual river records from the danger zone. This morning the Allegheny at Pittsburgh was two feet below flood stage and rising rapidly. It is expected to be four feet over the flood stage by Thursday night. The Ohio at Cairo early to-day was reported 43.5 feet, but 1.5 feet below the flood stage.

Hope for relief appears in a cold wave, now over the West, which is advancing East very slowly. Officials say it probably would aid in checking the rains predicted to continue over Ohio, Indiana, Western Pennsylvania and the entire flood region.

The Red Cross agent who investigated the situation in Lower Peach Tree, Ala., to-day reported that sixty-eight persons were injured in the cyclone which swept that section, and that 200 were destitute.

Business Stops in Wheeling.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—U. B. Williams, in Wheeling, West Va., reported by telephone to-day that flood conditions in his territory were parallel to those in other regions affected. He said business practically was at a standstill in Wheeling, and arrangements were made to vacate the railroad terminals and office buildings. Trains were tied up in the vicinity of Newark and Columbus, bridges had been carried away and coal mines had been closed.

In his opinion it will be a week before train service can be restored.

CHICAGO, March 26.—A falling of the floods that cover a portion of Ohio and Indiana was promised to-day in a cold wave that will turn the expected precipitation in the northern parts of those States to snow. That will give the overburdened river valleys time to disgorge their waters into the larger channels of the Ohio River before further floods come from the northern streams.

Colder weather was expected to-day in the zone extending east of Chicago and including the headwaters of the streams now swollen.

Reports to the local weather bureau from the flooded districts were meagre. South of them, however, came news of more rain, Louisville, with five inches, reporting the greatest precipitation. A disturbance originating in the southwest and following the Ohio Valley—the route of several in the last few days—will determine by its exact course the weather in the section it touches. North of its path moistures it carries probably will be turned into snow and south into rain.

Officials in the Chicago Weather Bureau declined to make predictions regarding the floods beyond the probabilities of rain or snow. Everything depended, they said, on the "trough" through which the new disturbance might travel.

Western Conditions Give Hope.

Fear that the extreme height of the rivers in the Ohio Basin may cause dangerous rising of the Mississippi and resulting damage throughout the entire valley to the Gulf is allayed by reports of conditions in the other water basins that are drained by the Mississippi. The Mississippi at present is below its normal stage for this season of the year. There is little snow except in the extreme northern part of the United States, and the Spring freshets along the smaller streams are below normal in all parts of the country.

There can be extreme and damaging rises in the Ohio Basin without causing dangerous rises in the Mississippi, if the other water basins, such as those of the Missouri River and the Arkansas River, are not overfed by snow or rain. At present there are no indications that the other water basins which drain into the Mississippi are suffering from abnormal rainfall.

Serious floods in the Mississippi, especially those of 1882, 1890, 1897, and 1903, have been due to unusual rainfalls or snow conditions in all the various water basins of the Mississippi Valley. At present the serious trouble is solely in the Ohio water basin, and the freezing weather reported this morning in Northern Ohio is an encouraging condition.

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Famous Candy

New York Factory, 154 W. 14th St.

NUNNALLY'S name is the hall-mark of quality. For a quarter-century it has signified candies pure, fresh and delicious. Buy Nunnally's sweets at best druggists and grocers, supplied *fresh daily* by our New York manufactory.

MISSISSIPPI TO RISE.

High Stage of Water Soon to Reach Cairo, Weather Bureau Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Weather Bureau late to-night issued the following special weather and flood bulletin:

Excessive rains have continued in the Ohio watershed, and considerable rainfall is reported in the Atlantic and Gulf States. In the Lower Missouri and Middle Mississippi Valleys and Southwestern lake region the rain has turned to snow with the approach of colder weather from the Northwest. The Northwestern cold wave, in fact, is now pushing south and covers practically the entire country between the Mississippi River and the Rockies, but the temperature is beginning to moderate in the Northwest.

Additional rainfall reports received at the Weather Bureau confirm earlier indications of heavy rains on the watersheds of streams in Kentucky and Tennessee which enter the Ohio River from the south, but the precipitation north of the Ohio River on Wednesday was not heavy, and the volume of water in the rivers of that section was not materially increased. However, a repetition of the flood in the Ohio that was experienced in January of this year is indicated, with a probable stage at Cairo of at least fifty feet within the next ten days. The crest stage in the Mississippi at St. Louis may slightly exceed twenty-seven feet by the end of the week.

Flood stages are indicated for the upper Susquehanna and in the Hudson River at Troy and Albany.

Definite stages in the Mississippi below Cairo cannot yet be determined, but with the water now in sight a flood with stages slightly in excess of the stage experienced in February seems wholly probable.

The outlook for the cessation of rain in the flood districts within the next twenty-four hours is good.

The storm, now centred in Kentucky, will move rapidly northeastward, and pass into the ocean by Thursday night, accompanied by rains and shifting gales, and followed by fair and much colder weather in the Atlantic States. The weather Friday will be fair throughout practically the entire country.

Following the passage of this storm no further disturbance will for the present appear in the South, but rather in the Northwest instead, and therefore relatively of little importance.

Temperatures will rise Thursday west of the Mississippi and quite generally Friday throughout the central valleys.

Cold wave warnings have been ordered for Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Northern Florida, South Carolina, Tennessee, West Virginia, the extreme west portions of North Carolina, and Virginia and Southwestern Pennsylvania.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Jacksonville to Eastport, and on the Gulf Coast from Mobile to Cedar Keys. The winds along the New England Coast will be high east, shifting to west and increasing to a gale; on the Middle and South Atlantic Coasts, high south, shifting to northwest; on the East Gulf Coast, brisk to high northwest; on the West Gulf Coast, moderate to brisk north; on Lake Michigan, brisk north, becoming light and variable Thursday night and shifting to south by Friday morning.

Steamers departing Thursday for European ports will have high southwest, shifting to northwest, winds, increasing to a gale, with rain, turning into snow and much colder weather to the Grand Banks.

PITTSBURGH PLANTS IDLE.

Ten Miles of City's Streets Under Water—100,000 Men Out of Work.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, March 26.—The flood in Pittsburgh became serious to-night. The gauge at Point Bridge showed twenty-six feet at 8 o'clock. The danger mark is twenty-two feet. The rivers are rising. Rain is falling throughout the western watershed and every stream in Western Pennsylvania has become a raging torrent.

In the Pittsburgh district 100,000 men are idle, driven from the manufacturing plants by high water.

Ten miles of streets in Pittsburgh are canals. In parts of the north side the streets are under twelve feet of water. The police boats are patrolling the flooded district, carrying coal and food to families marooned in the upper floors of their homes.

Throughout Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, and West Virginia all train schedules are suspended. Traffic has stopped on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad west of Pittsburgh. Trains are being detoured over the Fort Wayne branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad to Alliance, beyond which the company is not sending trains. From here all trains are going over the Cleveland Division to Cleveland and thence to Chicago over the Lake Shore.

The Panhandle division is open only to Dennison, Ohio. Landslides have stopped traffic between Pittsburgh and Buffalo.

At Sharon a woman and her five children were drowned when their home fell into the Shenango River. The Shenango and Mahoning Rivers are higher than ever before at New Castle. All manufacturing plants there are shut down. One thousand homes are under water.

Warren County is experiencing the worst floods in its history. Thousands of cattle have been lost.

Oil Creek has overflowed a large section of Oil City. Greenville is in darkness. The light plant is under water. There are reports of loss of life there, but there is no confirmation, as all wires are down.

Beaver Falls, New Brighton, Rochester, and Woodlawn are dark. The light plant is submerged. The gas mains broke, and 75,000 persons are without heat in their homes. Throughout Washington, Westmoreland, and Greene Counties all the mines are shut down.

Telephone communication between Pittsburgh and the various flood-stricken districts of Eastern Ohio is badly crippled. During the afternoon wires were being lost almost hourly. To-day the lines of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, that had heretofore been a reliable source of communication, were down to all the Ohio cities in the eastern and central parts of the State. Lines to Wheeling also failed late in the day.

The last point to be reached was Cambridge, Ohio, which reported the conditions growing more serious.

OIL CITY, PENN., March 26.—Oil City and the entire Allegheny Valley are stricken with the most serious flood in the history of the city, and Oil Creek, which flows into the Allegheny River, is rising at the rate of three inches an hour. The river gauge this morning registered twenty feet, the highest ever known here.

There is much anxiety because of the large quantities of gasoline and oil that covered the surface of the creek and river. About 4,000 barrels of oil washed away from the Germania Refinery Company's plant. It was feared last night that there would be a repetition of the disaster of June 5, 1892, when the entire surface of the river was ablaze with burning oil.

When residents were notified of the escaping oil, they rushed to the river banks, and the local company of the National Guard was called out to drive them back.

Shortly after noon to-day the oily surface of the waters began to disappear.

STEEL INDUSTRY CRIPPLED.

Flood Throws 25,000 Men Out of Work in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Reports of flood damage in the Mahoning and Shenango River valleys of Ohio which were received at the offices of the United States Steel Corporation and the Republic Iron and Steel Company yesterday confirmed in detail earlier news dispatches telling of submerged mills and furnaces.

The Republic Company had not been able to get into direct communication with its plant at Youngstown, but messages received from Pittsburgh said many of the buildings were entirely under water, and that the crest of the flood on Tuesday night reached the third story of the tall main office structure. Work had been abandoned and the employes of the mills had removed their families to places of safety.

President Farrell of the Steel Corporation said the rising water had caused the banking of all fires in the corporation's mills at Youngstown, Sharon, Niles, and other places in the Ohio flood region, and that the plants would stand idle until the water receded.

The corporation's officers were relieved to learn that the rising water had not reached a dangerous stage in the Pittsburgh and Homestead region. A dispatch received late in the afternoon by the Republic company brought the information, however, that the Ohio River had risen at Pittsburgh to the twenty-two-foot level and was still advancing. The news was disquieting to steel men, but they saw no reason for great alarm, as Pittsburgh's extreme flood stage is considerably higher than this figure.

The disaster has thrown 25,000 men out of work in the Youngstown and Sharon mills, it was estimated yesterday. The damage to property could not be estimated, owing to the meagre reports received from the centre of trouble. The Republic Iron and Steel Company's mills are mostly near the river and were exposed to the force of the rushing water more than were the plants of the Steel Corporation and the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

MANY ACTORS MAROONED.

In the theatrical district yesterday the flood news was closely followed all day because there are many companies playing in various parts of Ohio and Indiana. No reports of disaster to any of these reached the booking agencies, and the managers were disposed to take the attitude that no news was good news.

It is certain that scores of companies, especially those playing the one-night stands, are held up in railroad trains and flooded towns. The booking offices tried all day to get some word from the companies, but were not successful.

At the Shubert offices it was said that no word had been received from any of the companies in the flood region. The Sothern and Marlowe company was scheduled to play Monday, Tuesday, and last night at Lexington, Ky., and was to go to Columbus to-day. It is doubted whether the company can follow its schedule. Henry W. Savage's "Little Boy Blue" company is tied up at Mansfield, Ohio. It was supposed to play Columbus on Monday night, but has been unable to move. "The Sun Dodgers" company is at Cincinnati, and it is expected to overstay its schedule there.

John Drew was playing in Omaha last week, and this week "The Quaker Girl" company is scheduled for the Brandeis Theatre there. No report as to how this theatre had come through the disaster had been received yesterday. In Columbus there are eight theatres, and it is not known how they have fared.

RELIEF TRAIN LEAVES HERE.

Grocery Firm Executes Rush Order from Dayton for Provisions.

Austin, Nichols & Co., New York wholesale grocers, received a rush order yesterday afternoon from the National Cash Register Company of Dayton, Ohio. It was for provisions for the sufferers in the Dayton flood, and all last evening trucks were being loaded at the storehouse in Hudson Street. At 12:23 this morning a special train, made up of several cars of groceries, started for the Middle West from the Grand Central Terminal.

The supplies represent a value of $11,000.

The loading of them in the brief time allowed called for the services of thirty big trucks and a small army of men in the shipping department. There were hundreds of cases of canned goods, boxes of prunes, and all the non-perishable grocery products which could be got ready for shipping at a moment's notice. The order reached Austin, Nichols & Co. through the New York office of the Cash Register Company.

The train also carried a carload of drinking water; another of medical supplies, and 2,000 blankets. Two trained nurses accompanied the party, as did several physicians. Telegraph messages have been sent to officials of the National Cash Register Company at Cleveland and Toledo, asking them to have automobile trucks meet the train.

Two carloads of motor and row boats will also meet the train at either of the two cities. The New York Central Railroad announces that the bridge at East Liberty is down, and in all probability the supplies will have to be ferried to Dayton.

The train consisted of five cars and a Pullman. A. E. Brainard, general traffic passenger agent of the New York Central Railroad, accompanied it, and assured the men in charge that he would have the train in East Liberty, Ohio, forty miles north of Dayton, by night. The relief train will have the right of way, and instructions to that effect have been wired ahead.

In the Pullman car were about twenty reporters and Mrs. Charles J. Daly, President of the Social Requirement League of New York, and Mrs. J. McCarthy, a trained nurse, who had a sister in Dayton. She had received information that her sister had been killed.

LIFE SAVERS OFF TO AID.

Treasury Orders Louisville Crew to Dayton—Boats to Rescue Orphans.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 26.—Capt. John F. Gillooly and a crew of four picked men from the United States Life-Saving Station at Louisville, together with a big lifeboat and other equipment, will leave Louisville early to-morrow morning for Dayton by way of Cincinnati. They are due to arrive in Cincinnati about 8 o'clock to-morrow morning over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad.

The crew goes to aid in the rescue work at Dayton in conformity with instructions from the Treasury Department.

CHICAGO, March 26.—A relief train carrying lifeboats was sent from here tonight to Fort Wayne, Ind. The boats will be used to rescue the occupants of an orphan asylum on the St. Mary's River near that place.

NEWARK MAYOR'S APPEAL.

Haussling Asks Citizens for Subscriptions for Flood Sufferers.

Mayor Jacob Haussling issued a proclamation yesterday to the people of Newark urging them to render what aid they could to the flood sufferers of Ohio and other States. This is the proclamation:

"An awful calamity has befallen some of the fairest portions of our Union in the storms or floods that have visited Ohio and other States, causing a fearful loss of human life, the destruction or partial destruction of many flourishing municipalities, and a property loss running into the millions of dollars.

"In the absence of complete authentic information the extent of the catastrophe can only be guessed at, but it is certain there is and will be widespread destitution and distress.

"I appeal to the warm-hearted people of Newark, whose generosity has been marked on similar occasions, for subscriptions in aid of the sufferers. All contributions will be turned over to properly accredited official bodies or other organizations for distribution. The earlier contributions are received the more effective they will be, in all probability.

"The Board of Trade, through its Board of Directors, has, at my request, cordially indorsed this appeal, and has promised its most effective co-operation. I therefore request that checks and money be sent to James M. Reilly, Treasurer, in care of the Board of Trade, who will make prompt acknowledgment of all donations."

The Board of Trade appointed a special committee to take charge of the relief measures for the flood victims.

SPECIAL TRAIN TO SCENE.

Among the 320 cabin passengers arriving yesterday from Bermuda on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Arcadian was Alfred H. Smith, Vice President of the New York Central Railroad, who has charge of the operating department of the railroad. When the liner arrived at the end of her pier at the foot of Morton Street she got jammed there by the strong tide and was held for nearly two hours.

Mr. Pollock, manager of the foreign freight department of the New York Central, who was at the pier, shouted to Vice President Smith that a special train was waiting ot the Grand Central Station to convey him to the scene of the floods to take charge of the operations without delay. After some delay a ladder about seventy-five feet long was placed at the end of the pier and managed to reach the rail of the Arcadian just under the bridge. Mr. Smith descended while the ladder was held by five longshoremen, and hurried away in an automobile to the station, leaving his valet behind to look after the baggage.

AERO CLUB'S SYMPATHY.

The Aero Club of America, which held its seventh annual dinner last evening at the St. Regis, sent this message to the Mayor of Dayton:

> Whereas devasting floods and havoc in all its terrible consequential forms have descended upon your city with appalling loss of life and property, we, the members of the Aero Club, do hereby extend our heartfelt sympathy and condolence to the City of Dayton, Ohio, not only for the reasons already stated, but as Dayton is the home of our distinguished members, past and present, Wilbur and Orville Wright, the American fathers of aviation and the first practical founders of the science of the art of flying in this and all other countries of the world.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
New York Paris

The most extensive exhibit in America of exclusive Fashions for Women is now on view in the Gidding Salons.

Late French models just out of customs and *exact reproductions* of these exquisite creations, together with our own smart adaptations, form an *ensemble* of Outer-dress for all occasions which satisfies every whim of feminine fancy for that which is *chic*, ultra-fashionable and in the best of taste—and at our well-known *sensible* prices.

For the *debutante, college miss* and *school girl*—exclusive styles designed especially for youthful figures, a feature.

Charge purchases made today will be billed May 1st.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

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FIFTH AVENUE, THIRTY-FOURTH AND THIRTY-FIFTH STREETS
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THE ALTMAN STUDIOS ARE PREPARED TO OFFER ORIGINAL IDEAS FOR ALL KINDS OF INTERIOR DECORATIVE WORK, AS WELL AS TO PLAN ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN THE EXISTING FITMENTS OF TOWN OR COUNTRY HOUSES.

Period Interiors.

FOR BOTH KINDS OF INVESTORS

EVEN if your means and financial experience may be limited yet you can get the same investment in point of safety and return as the millionaire investor.

Our $5,000 Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate has the same security behind it and pays the same rate of interest as the $200 certificate that is paid for at the rate of $10 per month.

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Capital . . $ 5,000,000
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This number gleams like a great shop window set in the heart of Paris—a window in which each notable designer has placed his most successful creations—a window in which you can see all that is newest, best and most correct.

NOW ON SALE

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF"

A Woman's Shoe With Extension Heel

A Coward feature that gives a firm, comfortable support to arch and ankle, and rests and relieves tired, weakened foot muscles.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

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JAMES S. COWARD
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Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

150 Children's and Misses' Serge and Linen Norfolk, Peter Thompson and Russian Blouse Dresses, latest models, at less than ½ their value. Mme. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

2 p. m. To-morrow

To insure insertion of advertisements in Sunday's New York Times it is requested that copy be in The Times Building by 2 P. M. to-morrow.

Pressure on space renders this rule imperative, and advertisers will find it advantageous to help enforce it.

UP-STATE FRESHETS IMPERIL THE CANALS

Bensel Fears Opening Will Be Delayed—Dangerous Conditions at Troy.

UPPER HUDSON RISING FAST

Main Dam Across River at Palmer Falls Breaks—Genesee Floods Cause Damage.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—John A. Bensel, State Engineer, is apprehensive that the floods in the canalized rivers and canal feeders in Eastern New York will result in great damage and may delay the opening of the canals. He and his deputy, Arnold Chapman, have been directing the work at two bad spots on the Mohawk River. Mr. Bensel looked after the work in the neighborhood of Waterford and Mr. Chapman at Fonda, where the most dangerous condition prevails.

The Mohawk has reached the highest level which the oldest inhabitant has seen. At Yosts, Montgomery County, the water undermined Track 1 on the Central-Hudson Road, and all day long stone has been dumped by the State and railroad authorities to prevent the rapidly swelling stream from cutting through the country. This is the point near Yankee Hill which required exceptional engineering skill on the part of the West Shore Railroad to construct its roadbed and hold up the mountain.

Mr. Bensel returned to Albany this evening. He said that when he left Waterford the Mohawk was rising seven inches an hour. He did not care to make predictions, but admitted that great damage was likely to follow, unless the flood lessened in a short time. He has gangs of men at different places where he looks for trouble, to be ready at a moment's notice for active work. This evening he received a telegram from Mr. Chapman which stated that he had double reinforcements at Fonda, and also that the water still was rising.

Reports from the upper Hudson to-night are that the river is eight feet higher than ever was known before. This flood is rushing to the lower Hudson with that from the Mohawk. The Hudson in this vicinity is rising rapidly to the average high-water levels. The eastern part of the city is inundated several feet, but no great damage is reported.

Information reached Mr. Bensel to-night that the towpath of the old Seneca Falls Canal, which must be used this year, had been washed away by the rising tide. Mr. Bensel could not guess to what extent the damage would reach, as the waters still were rising.

Freshet Fourteen Feet at Albany.

At 10 o'clock to-night the freshet in the Hudson at this point measured fourteen feet. Weather Forecaster Todd predicted that when the next reading was taken to-morrow morning the freshet would have attained sixteen feet above mean tide.

Reports from up the river and from the Mohawk River in the vicinity of Little Falls and Amsterdam are that conditions bordering on the danger point prevail along the headwaters. North of Luzerne, on the Hudson Railroad, traffic has been discontinued temporarily because of the washing out of three miles of track. Several bridges over highways in that vicinity also have been washed away.

TROY, March 26.—Flood conditions along the river front of this city have assumed alarming proportions. Merchants and others living near the banks of the Hudson are moving their goods. Several streets are flooded. Between 9:30 and 10:30 o'clock to-night the river rose more than two feet, and it still is rising rapidly.

A large part of the Boston & Maine tracks near Johnsonville was washed away late this afternoon when a freight train was passing over it, and the train was wrecked.

Many barge canal contracts at and near Mechanicville were flooded, and several buildings were washed away. The south end of Mechanicville is under water.

SARATOGA, March 26.—The main dam across the Hudson River at Palmer Falls broke this afternoon. More than half of the 250-foot structure was carried away. No loss of life or damage to surrounding property was reported. The dam impounded water to supply power for the mills of the International Paper Company. Indications are that the mills will be closed for several months until repairs can be made.

Loss Reaches $2,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, March 26.—With a steady downpour of rain throughout Western New York to-night the flood situation is more alarming than ever before. The property loss has reached $2,000,000. Two lives have been lost. Thousands of persons are homeless and out of work as results. Train service is almost completely paralyzed, many miles of tracks having been washed out. Most of the railroads have stopped selling tickets to through points.

John Cook was drowned at Olean to-night. The situation there is more serious than at any other place in Western New York. Fifteen hundred persons have been driven from their homes. The city is in darkness, and the loss there thus far is more than $150,000. The water is rising hourly.

Thousands of barrels of oil have been lost by the wrecking of big tanks. A thick coat of oil covers the water, and should fire start an enormous loss would result.

The village of Batavia, in Genesee County, is inundated and in darkness. The property loss there has been heavy. Twenty towns in Steuben County are under water.

At Avoca the water is seven to eight feet deep in the business section, and many stores are ruined. The damage to the State roads in Steuben County is said to be $100,000.

In this city the situation is not so alarming, although the streams again are rising with great rapidity. Many dwellers in the South Park section have abandoned their homes, fearing a repetition of yesterday's inundation, which caused a loss of about $100,000 in this city alone.

At Hornell, Steuben County, the property loss is even greater.

Rapid Rise of the Genesee.

ROCHESTER, March 26.—The Genesee River is higher than at any other time since 1902, and is rising at a rapid rate. Many Rochester industries dependent on water power have been forced to close.

Reports from the valley towns south of this city say that thousands of acres are under water, and that the loss to property and livestock is high. Railroads are suffering. The City of Hornell is reported suffering greatly from the overflow of the Canisteo River. In Olean 1,000 persons have forsaken their homes. John Cook was drowned in Olean when attempting to rescue others.

Four oil tanks are floating about the city of Olean. The coating of oil on the water causes grave danger of fire.

AUBURN, March 26.—Floods due to breaks and overflows in the Erie Canal at Waterloo, Seneca Falls, Port Byron, and elsewhere near here, have caused thousands of dollars of loss. The Seneca River is over its banks, but the cessation of rain promises relief. The Lehigh Valley Railroad along Cayuga Lake, between Auburn and Ithaca, is under water for nine miles south of King's Ferry. No train is running on that branch.

ITHACA, March 26.—Washouts from the recent rains have tied up the Auburn-Ithaca branch of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. A small bridge at Farley's Point, near the lower end of Cayuga Lake, was washed away. An avalanche of mud and stones buried the railroad tracks near King's Ferry.

Spier Falls Dam in Peril.

GLENS FALLS, March 26.—With bridges and small dams washed away, the dam at Spier Falls, the biggest in the Adirondacks, in danger, and all high water records on the upper Hudson River broken, the Adirondacks to-night are in grave flood danger. A part of Fort Edward is inundated. In many places farmers were forced to move their live stock.

The Delaware & Hudson Railroad has been forced to suspend traffic on its Adirondack Division. In Luzerne several small buildings were washed away and many persons were descued from houses in boats.

INTERLAKEN, March 27.—The incessant rains of the last two days have raised the little creeks in this section to torrents. Many bridges have been washed out.

Charles Sniffin, a rural mail carrier, narrowly escaped being drowned in a creek, and lost his mail bag and letters. All trains on the Lehigh Valley Railroad are running late and cautiously.

Great damage has been done throughout the near-by country.

SUSPECTS WILSON'S ENEMIES

Wife of Missing Man Says He Intended to Expose Them in a Book.

The general alarm sent out on Tuesday night failed to bring any word of the whereabouts of Thomas Wilson, President of the Wilson Linen Company of 135 Broadway, who has been missing since Saturday night. At her residence, 140 West Eleventh Street, the wife of the missing man was inclined to believe last night that Mr. Wilson's absence was the work of enemies. Mr. Wilson had written a book entitled "Insurance Rascalities Revealed" and was trying to get it published. Mrs. Wilson said that some of the men attacked in the book knew that her husband had intended to publish it and would be interested in seeing him out of the way.

Another work which Mr. Wilson had planned to publish was called "The Romance of Poisons." This was a series of crime and mystery tales which Mr. Wilson had written for a London paper and published in book form twenty years ago. Mr. Wilson intended to add an autobiographical chapter to this story on the subject of his own experience in the insurance business.

Mrs. Wilson became hopeful for a while yesterday when her nine-year-old daughter, Marguerite, said she believed her father would be found in a hospital. Both Mr. and Mrs. Wilson had credited their daughter, who is an exceptionally bright child, with an unusual gift of intuition. On one occasion, when the girl was 5 years old, she awoke from a sound sleep and said that her father was sick. A few minutes later her father came home, saying that he had been suddenly seized with the severest headache he had ever experienced.

As the general alarm did not bring word that he was in any of the local hospitals Mrs. Wilson believes that he may be found to be sick in some other city.

SUFFRAGISTS GET COLONEL.

Roosevelt Promises to Speak at Opera House Mass Meeting.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt is to make a suffrage speech at the mass meeting in the Metropolitan Opero House Friday evening, May 2, the night before the suffrage parade, under the auspices of the Committe of Allied Suffrage Associations. A letter was received from Col. Roosevelt yesterday morning accepting the invitation and saying that it would be "a pleasure to address the suffargists of New York."

The National Suffrage President, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, will preside and introduce Col. Roosevelt whose address will precede the allegorical tableaux, a repetition of those given during inauguration week on the steps of the Treasury Building in Washington. A large orchestra under the direction of David Mannes will be a feature. Advance orders for seats and boxes have been so large that it is expected that the entire house will be sold out within the next ten days. Prices range from as low as 25 cents.

The Committee of suffrage organizations having the meeting in charge, with Mrs. Harriet Burton Laidlaw, chairman and Robert Cameron Beadle, Secretary, are: Men's League for the State of New York, George Foster Peabody, President; Collegiate Equal Suffrage League, Mrs. Charles Tiffany, President; Equal Franchise Society, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, President; National American Woman Suffrage Association, Dr. Shaw, President; New York State Woman Suffrage Association, Miss Harriet May Mills, President; Woman Suffrage Party, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, President; Political Equality Association, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, President.

FINDS SHE WEDDED A THIEF.

Court Annuls Mrs. Kornbluth's Marriage to "King of Pickpockets."

Asserting that her husband is best known under the title of "King of the Pickpockets," and that he is at present serving a term on Blackwells Island for grand larceny, Mrs. Rose Kornbluth, who, before her marriage, was a trained nurse in the Jewish Maternity Hospital in Brooklyn, asked Supreme Court Justice Cohalan yesterday to annul her marriage. Mrs. Kornbluth said that she first met her husband when she was a student nurse in the hospital, and that she was captivated by his fine clothes and diamonds. She described the array of diamonds on his shirt front as being like a drugstore window on display night.

After living together for less than a year, during which time a child was born, the plaintiff said her husband deserted her. When she went to Police Headquarters on Jan. 1, 1910, to gain aid in a search for him, his record on the books, which covered a career of crime beginning with his fourteenth birthday and included fourteen arrests, was disclosed to her. The next time she saw him was when she identified him in the detention room at Ellis Island after he had been deported from France.

Justice Cohalan granted the decree of annulment.

SEES INTIMIDATION IN RECALL

Gaynor Does Not Believe In It—Too Much Clamor Now, He Writes.

Mayor Gaynor in a letter yesterday to Leo W. Mayer of 1,307 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, said he did not believe in the recall of public officials. Mr. Mayer had written that he was one of five judges in a recent debate on the subject, and he wanted the Mayor to decide the question. The turmoil and trouble of a recall by popular vote during the term of an official was not necessary when there are other ways of removing him, said the Mayor.

"The recall would be used to intimidate officials and make them do what they would not do if left to exercise their sound judgment," wrote the Mayor. "Public officials are too much influenced by clamor now. If the recall existed many more of them would be giving way to clamor than now."

CONVICTED OF AUTO DEATH.

Watchman Who Ran Over a Boy Found Guilty of Manslaughter.

A. L. Bulger, a watchman, formerly employed in the New York Central Railroad storehouse at Twelfth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday after it had been shown that he killed eight-year-old Thomas Gilmartin while driving an automobile.

The testimony against Bulger was that he got in an automobile which was awaiting shipment, and, although he had never driven one before, ran it into the street. Boys were playing baseball in the street and saw the automobile come toward them. Bulger called a warning to them, but Gilmartin was crushed between a platform of the storage house and the auto. He died in the New York Hospital the next day.

NEWELL AGREES TO CONFESS ALL

Lawyer Indicted for Bribing Sipp Turns State's Evidence on the Eve of His Trial.

MURTHA IS WEAKENING

Ex-Inspector Expected to be the Next One to Save Himself by Confessing.

District Attorney Whitman won his demand last night for the unconditional surrender of Edward J. Newell, the lawyer indicted for delivering to George A. Sipp the bribe fund said to have been subscribed to by ex-Inspectors Sweeney, Hussey, Thompson, and Murtha, and ex-Capt. Walsh. According to the terms of the surrender Mr. Newell when his trial is called before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court this morning will plead guilty to the lesser of the two indictments against him.

This important development in the graft investigation became known last night after Judge W. M. K. Olcott, counsel for Newell, had had a long conference with Mr. Whitman. Newell will follow the example set by Patrolman Eugene Fox, Capt. Walsh, and Ashley Shea. By turning State's evidence he will win the immunity which he sought. He will thus be the fourth man caught in the graft net who will aid the State in its case against the men higher up. The only exception so far among those whose cases have been moved for trial in the graft investigation is Patrolman John J. Hartigan, who was convicted of perjury. It was said last night that ex-Inspector Murtha would be the next to confess probably.

There are two indictments against Newell, one charging a misdemeanor in that he attempted to induce a Grand Jury witness to flee the State, and the other charging a felony in that he kept a Grand Jury witness out of the State by paying him money. According to the programme agreed upon last night Newell will plead guilty to the misdemeanor charge. The other indictment will then hang over him as a check.

It was learned that the District Attorney said he would take no chances with Newell. To offset any possibility of his hedging as a witness for the State, Newell will be brought before District Attorney Whitman this morning before his case is called in court. It is expected that he will tell Mr. Whitman of his connections with the Sipp bribery fund, and that he will then plead guilty to the misdemeanor charge. It was learned that a conference had been arranged between Mr. Whitman and Newell for this afternoon. At that time it is expected Newell will go into details on all the points on which the District Attorney wants corroboration. Later, it is believed, Newell will be allowed to go before the Grand Jury, thus winning the immunity which he demanded as the price of a confession. Unlike Patrolman Fox, who did not plead guilty until the jury box had been filled, Newell is expected to make his plea the moment his case is called.

It became known yesterday that friends of former Inspector Murtha had been in touch with the District Attorney for several weeks, and that these friends had paved the way for Murtha's confession. This confession will probably be in the District Attorney's hands before the end of the week, it was said last night. Before the Grand Jury adjourns to-day indictments will be handed up against four Inspectors. It is believed that Murtha sought to make his truce with the District Attorney early in the hope of shutting off an indictment. It is known that at least one other Harlem Inspector seeks to win the favor of Mr. Whitman, and it was said that Murtha was anxious to save himself first. With the confessions of Newell and Murtha, it was doubtful, it was said, that Mr. Whitman would let any more men go free.

The case against Inspector Hussey will be strengthened, it is expected, by Newell's confession. It was the lawyer's desire to shield Hussey that made him hold out so long against giving his testimony.

Strong opposition developed yesterday against the plan of District Attorney Whitman to have the testimony of Capt. Walsh taken by a commission. George Gordon Battle and Alfred J. Talley, attorneys for Sweeney, argued before Justice Seabury yesterday for a setting aside of the Justice's order for the examination of Walsh at his bedside. After hearing the argument Justice Seabury ruled that he would temporarily amend his order so that the examination of Walsh should take place next Wednesday instead of to-day. At the same time he said that he would reserve the right to set aside the order before that time. He ordered both sides to submit briefs on the matter of setting aside the order.

Mr. Talley charged that Walsh was not as ill as he had been made out to be by Assistant District Attorney Clark, who represented the prosecution. He said that it would be manifestly unfair to the defense to have a commission take the evidence of Walsh in all of the thirteen counts against Sweeney without an opportunity to put Walsh under cross-examination in open court. Mr. Battle came to Mr. Talley's support, and said that the defense would insist on its constitutional rights to have Walsh put on the stand. Assistant District Attorney Clark interrupted, saying:

"I believe this witness is going to die soon. God knows, I hope he will not die. The prosecution is much more anxious to have Capt. Walsh go on the witness stand than the defense. We ask that your Honor take the testimony of this witness as a commissioner, because we believe that such a course will accomplish the ends of justice."

Ex-Patrolman Hartigan had no conferences with the District Attorney yesterday. It was said at the Tombs that he had seen no one in the day. On the application of his attorney Supreme Court Justice Davis signed an order directing the District Attorney to show cause why Hartigan, who is facing an indeterminate sentence of two and one-half to three and one-half years in Sing Sing, should not be granted a certificate of reasonable doubt. The order is made returnable before Justice Platzek and arguments will be heard to-morrow.

WARDEN 92 YEARS OLD.

St. George's Church in Flushing Boasts Oldest Official in America.

George Pople, 92 years old, father of George W. Pople, President of the Flushing Business Men's Association, has been re-elected Warden of St. George's Episcopal Church in Flushing, and his friends say he is probably the oldest active church official in continuous service in the United States.

Mr. Pople was elected Vestryman of St. George's Church in 1864 and served continuously in that position until 1884, when he was elected Warden, which office he has held ever since. Mr. Pople was born in England and came to this country with an uncle in 1840 and went to live in Flushing. He retired from active business many years ago and is living in North Prince Street, Flushing.

SPEAR SENTENCED TO DEATH.

His 12-Year-Old Son Tells How He Planned to Kill His Wife.

Justice Seabury, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, yesterday, sentenced Alexander Spear of 347 Eldridge Street, convicted of the murder of his wife, to be put to death in the week beginning May 5 next.

Spear was convicted of cutting his wife's throat with a razor and cutting her head with a meat chopper. His 12-year-old son Frank described the manner in which his father had demonstrated with an apple how he intended killing his wife. Before being sentenced yesterday Spear shouted he was innocent of the crime and collapsed when he heard the death sentence pronounced. He was taken at once to Sing Sing by Sheriff Harburger.

CRANE SALE BRINGS $32,792.

Books Sold from His Collection Yesterday for $8,450.

The third session of the sale of the library of the late Edward N. Crane of Newark, N. J., by the Richmond Auction Company of 19 East Forty-fifth Street, brought in $8,450 yesterday. This makes $32,792 for the sale. Robert E. Sherwood was the auctioneer.

Walter M. Hill of Chicago paid the highest price of the day, $1,100 for "The New Life of Virginia," by Robert Johnson, quarto, London, 1612, a fine copy of this extremely rare work. It is the Marshall C. Lefferts copy, and is in binding by Stikeman. Mr. Hill also gave $475 for the same author's "Nova Britannia," London, 1609. It is the Griswold-Ives-Lefferts copy, and is in binding by F. Bedford.

George E. Littlefield of Boston obtained for $200 "Historical Memoirs relating to the Housatunnuk Indians," by Samuel Hopkins, small quarto, Boston, 1753. Sabin, in his bibliography, says that this is one of the rarest of books relating to New England. Hopkins was pastor of a church in Springfield, Mass.

A fine Revolutionary letter of Francis Hopkinson, dated from the Continental Navy Yard, Borden Town, N. J., Oct. 7, 1777, and signed also by John Wharton, brought the high price of $160. It refers to the Battle of Germantown and mentions Gen. George Washington. A set of "The Jesuit Relations," edited by R. G. Thwaites, was bought by S. H. Clark for $167.90.

Mr. Hill paid $200 for the "Journal of the First Session of the Senate of the United States of America begun and held at the City of New York March 4, 1779, and in the thirteenth year of the Independence of the said States." A collection of the rare original treatises, containing the nine parts complete of Bartholome de Las Casas's work upon the Indians, published at Seville, Spain, 1552-53, went to George D. Smith for $305. He also obtained a set of the collection of "Voyages" by Levinus Hulsius and his successors for $800. The rare first English edition of "The Spanish Colonie," by Las Casas, a small quarto printed in London in 1583, was also knocked down to Mr. Smith for $420, and he obtained for $135 the rare "Account of the First Voyages and Discoveries made by the Spaniards in America," by Las Casas, published in London in 1699.

Dodd & Livingston paid $400 for the rare first edition of Marc Lescarbot's "Histoire de la Nouvelle France," small octavo, Paris, 1609. This copy contains the three original maps and is in binding by Chambolle-Duru. "Novo Francia, or the Description of that part of New France which is one Continent with Virginia," an English translation of the fourth and sixth books of the first edition of Lescarbot, went to Mr. Smith for $235. Lathrop C. Harper gave $120 for another edition of the same work, Paris, 1611, and Mr. Smith $165 for another edition, Paris, 1612. Still another edition, Paris, 1618, went to Mr. Littlefield for $250. Sabin says of it: "This edition differs from all the preceding. The arrangement is altered and there are many additions. It may therefore be considered the best."

A fine copy of the rare "Semper Eadem John Huighen Van Linschoten. His Discourse on Voyages into ye Easte and West Indies," folio, London, 1598, was knocked down to Mr. Smith for $250. This edition was not in the Robert Hoe collection.

The sale will be continued to-day.

STRIKE DEVELOPS A POET.

He Tells of "the Dawn of a Better Day" at Manufacturers' Dinner.

The recent garment makers' strike had one unexpected result. It moved an underwear manufacturer to poetry, and last night, at a dinner at the Hotel Martinique, held by the Board of Directors of the Cotton Garment Manufacturers of New York, Dudley D. Sicher of D. E. Sicher & Co., the manufacturing poet, formally dedicated his lyric product to the association, and, moreover, read it aloud in the hope of inspiring, as he said, the members to recognize their obligations and responsibilities toward their employes. The poem is entitled "The Dawn of a Better Day." Here are some of the stanzas:

Do we purchase Toil at the lowest rate,
  As we buy our cloth and thread?
Do our workers labor long and late
  For the price of their daily bread
In gloomy lofts, where shadows frown,
  In foul, unwholesome air,
Till Want and Weariness drag them down,
  Where—we neither know nor care?
If such things be, they must pass away
Ere we hail the Dawn of a Better Day.

Let us wipe the slate of the bitter score,
  Let us turn the blotted page,
And grant that we owe our workers more
  Than the dole of a "living wage."
They give us more than their time and skill
  In the health and strength they spend,
And earn the right to the kindly will
  And helpful hand of a friend.
We must give them more than the coin we pay
Ere we hail the Dawn of a Better Day.

If this light that leads us shall not dim
  They will see, ere the course is run,
That the worker's weal and the weal of him
  Who owns the shops are one.
Then each shall have his rightful gain
  Ungrudged, and great and small
Shall give their best of hand and brain
  For the good of each and all,
And we'll stand together, come what may,
In the brighter Dawn of a Better Day.

Harry A. Gordon acted as toastmaster, and in addition to the poetry there were speeches by H. S. Martin and A. Rattner.

HOLDS WITNESS FOR PERJURY

Rosalsky Releases Defendants and Orders Prosecution of Their Accuser.

Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions ordered a jury to acquit Charles Andrews and Stephen Winters yesterday, who had been on trial for robbing a shop owned by the United Cigar Stores Company at Forty-second Street and Eighth Avenue on Feb. 23. Judge Rosalsky ordered the arrest of Edward McLoughlin, the principal witness against them, on the charge of perjury.

The evidence given by the prosecution's witnesses proved an alibi for the two defendants. Other witnesses for the prosecution testified that McLoughlin's story of overhearing four men plot a series of cigar store robberies while in a saloon in Philadelphia could not be true. It was shown that at the time McLoughlin said he was in Philadelphia he was in this city. In discharging the defendants and ordering the arrest of McLoughlin Judge Rosalsky said:

"I want to take this occasion to compliment Assistant District Attorney Bostwick for the careful and deliberate manner in which he tried this case and investigated all of its peculiar facts. The evidence he put in clearly shows perjury. These two defendants might have been convicted on perjured testimony had it not been for him. I am not expressing any opinion as to the two defendants' guilt or innocence, but they certainly should not be convicted on perjured testimony. I will hold the witness, McLoughlin, for the Grand Jury, as I am convinced that he perjured himself in the hope of obtaining a reward from the United Cigar Stores Company."

Held for the Curran Murder.

Coroner Winterbottom held Harry J. Collett, a bartender, of 216 West 116th Street, for forty-eight hours yesterday, pending an investigation of the murder of Julia M. Curran, a governess. Miss Curran was killed in the Boulevard Hotel, at Broadway and Sixty-seventh Street, on Aug. 22 last, and Collett was charged with being in the hotel with her on the night of her death.

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CURRAN DROPS SUIT AGAINST THE MAYOR

Alderman Withdraws Libel Action When Gaynor Admits He Has No Evidence of Newsstand Graft.

THEY WILL WORK TOGETHER

Mayor Says He Was Misled in Regard to Charges He Made Against Head of Graft Investigating Committee.

The trial of the $100,000 libel suit which Alderman Henry H. Curran, head of the committee investigating police graft, brought against Mayor Gaynor, came to a sudden end yesterday afternoon when the Mayor and Mr. Curran shook hands in the City Hall and agreed to work together in the future to better conditions in regard to newsstand licenses. The compromise was announced at the opening of the afternoon session of court before Supreme Court Justice Page by W. M. K. Olcott, counsel for Mr. Curran, and Stephen C. Baldwin, counsel for the Mayor. Neither of the attorneys would disclose the exact nature of the settlement, but two letters given out afterward from Mayor Gaynor's office showed that the Mayor had no evidence that Mr. Curran ever received any graft in return for granting newsstand licenses.

It was 2:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Mr. Olcott and Mr. Baldwin appeared in court. Rumors of a settlement had been heard before that. The two lawyers walked to the bar on the opening of court, and Mr. Baldwin said:

"If it is satisfactory to your Honor, this action is discontinued. We have made an adjustment which is satisfactory to us."

Both Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Olcott asserted that there were no further terms in the settlement than appeared in the two letters given out in connection with the case. The first letter was addressed to Mr. Balwin by Mayor Gaynor, and the other to Mr. Olcott by Alderman Curran. Here is the Mayor's letter:

Office of the Mayor, March 26, 1913.

Dear Mr. Baldwin: The suggestion made to me by you and Judge Olcott, counsel for Mr. Curran, that the suit brought against me by Alderman Curran should be discontinued meets with my approval. I would not in any such case wish to withstand the joint advice of counsel. Much less do I wish to do so in this case, for now that the evidence of the trafficking in licenses for stands, and of the payment of money for such licenses, has been collected, there is no evidence that Mr. Curran personally participated in such graft or received any money therefrom. When I wrote my letter to Mr. Curran, of which he complains, I had much evidence which had been furnished to me by various departments and officials, some of it sworn to, that such trafficking and grafting was taking place throughout the city. When I described the method by which graft was secured in licensing these stands, namely, that a certificate of approval would be secured from the Alderman of the district by a go-between or ward heeler, who would hold it up and refuse to deliver it until he was paid for it, I had ample evidence thereof before me, and there had accumulated before me evidence that certain persons were pursuing this system in Mr. Curran's Aldermanic district. But, as I have said, there is no evidence that Mr. Curran ever participated in the payment or receipts of such moneys. And I am exceedingly glad to believe that he did not, and it must be remembered that I never directly said that he did.

And what pleases me now very much is that Mr. Curran will give me his powerful assistance in rooting out this form of graft all over the city. I shall be most glad to work with him to that end. Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Stephen C. Baldwin, Esq., 190 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Here is Alderman Curran's letter:

Dear Judge Olcott: I have seen the Mayor's letter to Mr. Baldwin and I concur in the settlement of my suit against the former. I commenced it because his Honor's letter to me of Sept. 9 appeared to accuse me of dishonesty. He now disclaims or withdraws that accusation and I am satisfied not only with that but with his suggestion that hereafter he and I may work together for the betterment of conditions regarding the licensing of stands throughout the city. I cannot refrain, however, from saying that I do not believe that any of the district Captains of my district were dishonest in the matter of these licenses. I know them all intimately and do not think less of their honesty than of my own. Yours truly,

HENRY H. CURRAN.

The Hon. W. M. K. Olcott.

Alderman Curran's suit was started on Sept. 17. The complaint alleged that a letter written to him by the Mayor a week earlier contained false statements. Alderman Curran said yesterday afternoon:

"There was no money settlement. I wished to vindicate my integrity, and that was accomplished."

Mrs. Harrington Asks Final Decree.

Attorneys for Mrs. Amy Edith Harrington, who on Dec. 17 last was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce from her husband, Edwin De Wolfe Harrington, a railroad associate of Collis P. Huntington and Edwin Hawley, applied yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Bijur for a final decree. In the papers of the divorce suit the corespondent was referred to invariably as "Kitten" and was described as "tall, thin, with a long nose, and some gray hairs."

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THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

CAREERS AT STAKE IN MARCONI INQUIRY

Chief Justiceship May Be Lost to Isaacs, and the Ministry Is Under Attack.

OPPOSITION SEIZES CHANCE

Significance Sought in Sir Rufus's Innocent Telegram to Times Diners—Government to Stand by Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, March 27.—Melodramatic effects were conspicuously absent from the proceedings of the Marconi Parliamentary Inquiry Committee yesterday, but no play ever set upon any stage exceeds in human interest or goes more deeply into human passions than the drama of which one great scene was enacted on Tuesday and another will be presented to-day in Committee Room No. 12 of the House of Commons.

For five hours on Tuesday Sir Rufus Isaacs sat under fire and never once faltered and scarcely ever showed irritation, though some of the questions were decidedly hostile and others were barbed with suspicion and innuendo. It was an ordeal from which all but the bravest nature and clearest conscience would have shrunk. On the surface the proceedings suggested nothing more than an assemblage of ordinary men of the world, met to investigate a matter of profound importance, it is true, but of no particular immediate concern to anybody present. But below the surface political rancor, personal animosities, and even racial hatreds were smouldering. Sir Rufus's smiling countenance showed no trace of it, but he must have realized that his whole future career was at stake.

Even if, as his political enemies admit is most likely, it is proved beyond cavil that his worst offense was lack of judgment—and impartial judges do not yet agree that even so much has been proved—it is believed that irremediable injury has already been done to the Attorney General's prospects. The Lord Chief Justiceship was undoubtedly at his disposal; it is now questioned whether Premier Asquith will consider it expedient to offer him the post on Lord Alverstone's retirement.

Government in the Same Boat.

Sir Rufus was not defending himself alone; in the same boat with him are the fortunes of the present Liberal Government. A careful reading of the verbatim report of Tuesday's proceedings shows that some members of the Marconi committee are seeking to make party capital out of the affair; and, as the Westminster Gazette justifiably says, "Mr. Bonar Law is waiting until the committee proceedings are over to ask for a day of debate on the question. The Opposition intend to run the matter for more than it is worth. Their attitude was clearly shown by the cheer with which they greeted Mr. Bonar Law when he got up yesterday to ask, as they supposed, a day for a vote of censure. Having nothing else on which to attack the Government, they seem intent on making what was in no case more than an indiscretion on the part of the Minister the subject of a full-dress debate. The Government and the Liberal Party may be trusted to stand by Sir Rufus when the debate comes. There is a strong feeling that the burden of the ordeal to which he voluntarily submitted is out of proportion to anything he has done."

One of the subjects on which Sir Rufus was cross-questioned was his telegram to The New York Times Marconi dinner. Two Unionist members of the committee, Mr. Faber and Lord Robert Cecil, in fact, made this a feature of the cross-examination, both suggesting that the telegram might have been designed to boom the Marconi Company. Sir Rufus gave a detailed statement of how The New York Times correspondent telephoned him at his house in Reading and asked for a message which might be read at the dinner, his relation of the incident occupying about half a column of The London Times. Sir Rufus said: "I would not have sent such a telegram if it was to be used in any way for share purposes; indeed, it never was. The telegram was never used except at that banquet and in the report of the banquet."

Mr. Faber remarked: "Unfortunately, a public man can never be sure what use will be made of his telegrams."

Sir Rufus replied: "I think there is some ground for that; but at the same time it does not occur to me that the investors in America are likely to put money into shares because of congratulatory telegrams from me or other persons used at a banquet."

Search for Hidden Meaning.

Then Mr. Faber, persistently seeking for an ulterior motive, sought to establish some recondite connection between Sir Rufus's congratulations to his brother Godfrey and Signor Marconi, and his reference in The New York Times message to the coal strike.,

This message was as follows:

LONDON, Sunday, March 17.—Please congratulate Marconi and my brother on the successful development of a marvelous enterprise. I wish them all success in New York, and hope that by the time they come back the coal strike will be finished. RUFUS ISAACS.

After reading this, Mr. Faber said: "It may be hypercritical on my part, but I know you will forgive me. Isn't it rather an anticlimax to begin by congratulating Signor Marconi and your brother on the success of the enterprise and to end with the coal strike?"

"Yes; certainly," said Sir Rufus. "My head was fuller of the coal strike than of wireless. We were just then contemplating our bill."

Mr. Faber continued: "I am bound to put this, and you will not misunderstand it. You say: 'I hope by the time they come back the coal strike will be finished.' That is the meaning of the words? There is nothing behind them? I have seen in so many papers that this was a cryptic utterance, and that it might mean something else; so I want to get it definitely on the note."

"Oh, yes, certainly," Sir Rufus replied. "I am much obliged for your putting it to me. I did not know I was going to be asked to send this telegram. I sent the telegram to The New York Times; I never cabled my brother; I never had any communication with him from the beginning to the end, nor did I know he was going to New York until after he got there."

"So that is the plain meaning of the plain words?" said Mr. Faber. "Yes," said Sir Rufus.

"Looking back," asked Mr. Faber, "do you think it was wise for the Attorney General of England, a member of the Government which had just concluded a preliminary tender with the Marconi Company, to send a message of this character to a banquet in New York booming the Marconi Company?"

"I did not boom the Marconi Company," said Sir Rufus. "Praising the Marconi Company," was Mr. Faber's amendment.

"I was praising the enterprise of Mr. Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy," answered Sir Rufus. "I do not think I referred to any company."

Mr. Faber suggested that it was unwise for Sir Rufus, in his dual capacity as Attorney General and brother of the Managing Director of the English company, to send the message.

"I confess I thought nothing of it," said Sir Rufus, "and should not think anything of it to-day, if it were not that all these falsehoods have been scattered broadcast. If you had told me there were people who were going to say that in some way I was benefiting by this contract and had made use of my information and been guilty of what undoubtedly I should call corruption, I agree; but it never occurred to me that anybody would suggest that I had been guilty of any such act. If I had been the only person who sent a telegram, or if I had sent a telegram affecting the shares of the company or anything of that kind, that would have been a different thing."

Mr. Faber asked whether the reading at the Marconi dinner of those messages might not have contributed to the subsequent increased strength of Marconi shares.

"I should have thought it impossible," said Sir Rufus. "The successful conclusion of the negotiations between the English Government and the English Marconi Company had already been announced."

Mr. Faber read an extract from a financial paper stating that before the sending of the congratulations from the Attorney General Marconi shares remained practically stationary, in spite of the public announcement of the conclusion of the negotitions between the company and the Government, but that after that message was sent they went up rapidly. The paper added that Sir Rufus's high position in the British Government was a matter of common knowledge, and his message was doubtless regarded both by the American public and the United Wireless Company as practically, if not technically, an indorsement by the British Government of the Marconi undertaking.

Sir Rufus said he could conceive nothing more scandalously unfair than that article, and went on to show that it was without justification in fact.

At a later stage of the proceedings Lord Robert Cecil also took up the question of the message to The New York Times. Replying to a question of Sir Robert, the Attorney General said he had no reason to suppose that the entertainment of Mr. Marconi by The New York Times was the first step in negotiations or a campaign. He had reason to suppose the contrary, because he asked the question and was assured that The New York Times, animated by a journalistic spirit, desired to entertain Mr. Marconi when he arrived, give him a banquet, and produce the telegrams. "Have you any reason," asked Lord Robert, "to suppose that your telegram was, in fact, made use of in America for commercial purposes?"

"No," was the answer. "I inquired into that, and was told exactly the opposite; it had no effect whatever except to be read in conjunction with a number of others at the banquet, of which there was a report in The New York Times.

Lord Robert Cecil by some further questions suggested that it had been desirable, in view of the negotiations in New York, to make the position of the English Marconi Company as strong as possible in America. Sir Rufus responded that he should have thought it was as strong as it possibly could be. "You could have nothing stronger than to say that the Postmaster General had accepted the tender they offered. The fact that the company had a contract with the Government would put it in a far stronger position than a congratulatory telegram from me."

"The Attorney General as an official of the United States," suggested Lord Robert, "is even more important than the Attorney General of this country." Sir Rufus replied, amid laughter: "I am inclined to think you are right."

To this Lord Robert countered with: "It is just possible that the Attorney General would be regarded with even greater awe and respect there than he would be here," from which it is evident that the elements of comedy are not lacking in the drama of Committee Room No. 12.

ASKS ALL TO STOP BUILDING WARSHIPS

Churchill Suggests General Cessation of Construction Work for a Year.

SPECIAL OFFER TO GERMANY

Proposal That She and England Cancel 1914 Programmes—Present Rivalry "Futile Folly."

LONDON, March 26.—A naval holiday for a year, as far as new construction is concerned, was the offer made to the world to-day by Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, when he submitted the naval estimates to the House of Commons.

In this way, he said, the peoples of the world would obtain almost instantaneous mitigation of the thralldom in which they had been involved by the evil and insensate folly of the present acute rivalry in armaments. Scores of millions, he declared, were being squandered year after year without making any real difference in the relative naval strength of the nations. His proposal, he argued, would involve no alteration in the relative strength of the world's navies, and he added:

"We address this proposal to all nations, and to no nation with more profound sincerity than to our great neighbor over the North Sea."

Mr. Churchill concluded with a graceful recognition of the sensible improvement that had taken place in Anglo-German relations.

In a speech delivered later in the House of Commons Mr. Churchill definitely proposed that Germany and Great Britain should agree to cancel their programmes of construction for the year 1914. He suggested that the influence of such an agreement would be priceless and measureless in giving wider international scope to an arrangement for the prevention of "wasteful, purposeless, and futile folly."

The First Lord of the Admiralty said he was convinced that this treatment of the subject was the only way to terminate one of the most stupid and unnatural chapters in the history of European civilization.

Mr. Churchill announced that the Admiralty had arranged to lend to first-class British liners guns, munitions, and trained gunners to enable these vessels to protect commerce in time of war against armed foreign merchantmen.

LIEUT. CLARK HANGED.

Indian Army Oficer, Convicted of Murder, Dies Without Flinching.

ALLAHABAD, March 26.—Lieut. Clark of the Indian Army Medical Department was hanged here to-day for the murder of Mr. Fulham, an assistant examiner of military accounts, of which crime he was found guilty on March 1 by the Superior Court at Agra. He died without flinching and did not speak while on the scaffold. He was buried in the military cemetery of the garrison, an army chaplain officiating.

The trial of Lieut. Clark and of Mrs. Fulham, his accomplice, caused a great sensation in India. They were charged together with poisoning Mr. Fulham and attempting to murder Mrs. Clark, the male prisoner's wife, in order that they might marry. Mrs. Clark was badly wounded in the head last Nov. 17 and later died from her injuries, while Mr. Fulham died in October.

The crime was discovered owing to the finding of correspondence which had passed between the two prisoners.

PANAMA'S VIEW ADOPTED.

American Government Ends Deadlock in Land Commission's Work.

PANAMA, March 26.—The deadlock which was reached several days ago by the joint American-Panaman Land Commission for the adjudication of the values of lands in the Canal Zone has been adjusted under instructions from Washington.

The American Commissioners have been ordered to take a broader view of land values than was stipulated in the treaty.

They had previously maintained that the payment for the lands should be made on their value in 1904. The Panaman Commissioners submitted that the basis of payment should be their value at the present time.

SHOW STOMACH AT WORK.

Moving Pictures a Feature of the Physiotherapy Congress in Berlin.

Special Cable to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 26.—Cinematograph pictures showing digestive organs of the human system in operation are a striking feature of the fourth International Congress of Physiotherapy, which opened in Berlin to-day.

Some films reveal the entire stomach in the performance of its vital function, expanding and contracting with the regularity of machinery. The pictures, which were produced by Dr. Rosenthal of Berlin, are the first taken full size at the rate of twelve per second and then reduced to film size.

Dr. Hall Edwards, the famous English X-ray martyr, who is attending the congress, explained the value of the pictures to The New York Times's correspondent as follows:

"The movements of a normal stomach are rhythmical. If the film brings out the fact that the movements are abnormal we know that there is something wrong and can at once detect the presence of imperfect nervous control or actual disease of the organ."

The mechanical exhibition attached to the congress, which was opened by and is under the Presidency of Prince August Wilhelm of Prussia, does not otherwise contain much which was not shown in Paris in 1910. An English firm is the only foreign exhibitor.

The National Committee for America consists of the following physicians: S. Betton Massey of Philadelphia, Thayer of Baltimore, J. H. Pratt of Boston, Robert Abbe of New York, Bellenger of Chicago, and Herlett of Ann Arbor.

Heinrich F. Wolf of New York is to address the Kinetotherapy Section of the congress on Friday.

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ADRIANOPLE WON BY THE ALLIES

Continued from Page 1.

sides the investing armies, disease and famine, handed his sword yesterday afternoon to Gen. Savoff, the Bulgarian Generalissimo—not, however, before carrying out his stern threat to destroy the town rather than let it fall into the hands of the Bulgarians.

From all accounts the arsenals and all the stores and a great part of the town are in flames. It was reported yesterday that Shukri Pasha had taken his own life, but this proved to be untrue, as, after visiting all the fortifications and deciding that resistance was no longer possible, he sent word to Gen. Savoff, to whom he made submission, that he was burning the city.

Gen. Savoff has appointed a commandant of the city, who will take steps to maintain order. The Bulgarian and Servian cavalry, which were the first to enter the town, will be utilized for this purpose.

Ferdinand to Enter City.

Gen. Ivanoff, who has been in command of the forces around Adrianople, will make his entry to-day, while King Ferdinand will follow shortly.

A Sofia dispatch to The Daily Mail says:

"The first Bulgarian troops entered Adrianople at 9 o'clock in the morning. They found the city in flames and the inhabitants fleeing in terror in all directions.

"Shukri Pasha not only blew up all the powder magazines and the barracks but also set fire to every large building in the city.

"The Bulgarians' triumph followed a general assault on the trenches of the Turkish infantry, which were cleared by the bayonet. The Turks fled back to the last line of forts and to the city itself. The Bulgarians manned the captured trenches and attacked the last defenses, turning against them the Turkish guns taken in the first assault. The Turks abandoned the forts and ran in disorder to the centre of Adrianople, the besiegers closely following them.

"At Tchatalja on Tuesday three Bulgarian positions defeated a large Turkish force which assayed an attack, and drove the Turks back to the Tchatalja lines. Thus the Turkish attempt to take the offensive failed completely."

A Sofia dispatch, dated 2:30 P. M. yesterday, to a London news agency says that fighting was then proceeding in the streets of Adrianople.

A Constantinople dispatch to the same agency says that the Turkish centre at Tchatalja was driven in on Tuesday with a loss of 800 killed.

The battle which preceded the capture of the fortress commenced on Sunday night with a three hours' bombardment. The Turks replied with energy, but they were evidently saving their ammunition, as the artillery duel soon ceased.

The besieging troops in the east advanced at the double quick, under the glare of searchlights, to attack the advanced works at Maslak. After a fierce defense, which lasted throughout Monday, the Turks retired from the light forward works and forts. Part of these forces, engaged in covering the retreat of their comrades, were cut off by the Bulgarians and captured.

After moving forward a short distance toward the chief fortress the Bulgarians rested. It was then observed that, although great progress had been made in the east, the fighting in other sections had resulted in enormous losses to the Bulgarians with small gain of ground.

Nevertheless, the attack was renewed, and on Tuesday and yesterday the important forts composing the inner ring of defenses were taken after hard fighting.

Most of the accounts of the battle which have come from Bulgarian sources make no mention of the Servians, of whom there seems to have been a good deal of jealousy among King Ferdinand's troops.

Servians Claim Part of Credit.

The Servians, on the other hand, who have issued only a brief report of the capture, divide the credit with their allies and are apparently not quite so eager to hide their heavy losses. According to a dispatch received at Belgrade from Mustapha Pasha, the sacrifices were very heavy. The Servian Thirteenth and the Bulgarian Eighteenth Regiments were blown up by mines, and many other regiments suffered great losses. All the reserve hospitals have been put in order to receive thousands of wounded.

In Adrianople itself there is also much work for doctors and nurses, for the garrison and civilians are known to have suffered severely from famine and disease. The garrison, which was estimated at from 40,000 to 60,000, will probably be found to have been considerably reduced from these causes and the casualties suffered in sorties. The people of the town are said to be panic-stricken, as they may well be, because even in Europe, judging by the history of previous wars, the occupation of a city is often accompanied by indiscriminate slaughter.

Europe continues to criticise the action of the allies in carying the siege to the bitter end, when it was known that the capture of Adrianople was not necessary to bring the war to a conclusion or to obtain for the victors anything not already theirs.

Jealousy of the Greeks in their capture of Yanina, and a desire to win Adrianople at the point of the sword rather than by diplomatic mediation, doubtless influenced the Bulgarians.

Now that the fighting is over, the correspondents and attaches have received permission to go to the front.

The capture of Adrianople has caused rejoicing at all the Slav capitals. At St. Petersburg the news was received while the Duma was in session, Dr. Daneff, who was head of the Bulgarian Peace Delegation in London, and the Bulgarian Minister, M. Bobtcheff, being guests of the members.

The Deputies arose as one man, and the chamber rang with cheers. Dr. Daneff and his companion were carried shoulder high to Catherine Hall, where the Russian and Bulgarian national anthems were sung.

No news has been received from Constantinople, but it is feared that when the capture of Adrianople becomes known another revolution may occur.

King Nicholas of Montenegro has decided to wait until Saturday to allow non-combatants to leave Scutari. Essad Pasha, the Turkish commander, declares that they must remain in the town.

THE TURKS' SACRED CITY.

Desire to Keep Adrianople Caused Rupture of Peace Negotiations.

It is doubtful if even the loss of Constantinople would be regarded by the Turks as a greater disaster than the loss of Adrianople.

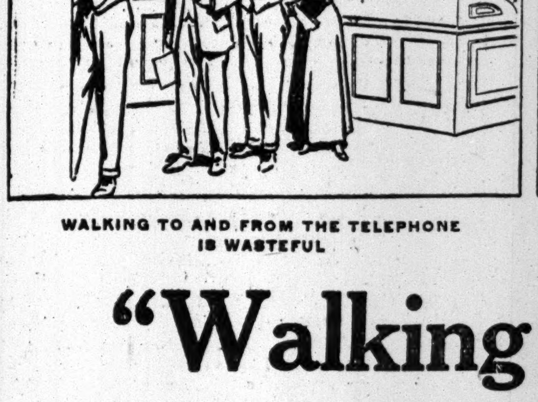
There are several reasons of the peculiar veneration in which they hold the city. It was their first capitol in Europe, captured a century before the fall of Byzantium. Once it was among the most splendid of Ottoman cities—a place of Arabian Nights gorgeousness—and to this day it contains forty mosques, some of them among the best examples of Oriental art and architecture in the Near East.

But the principal reason for the Turks' tenacity in holding Adrianople, tenacity which was practically the only cause of the failure of the peace negotiations in London in December and January, is that the city contains Mohammedan shrines that are the most venerated in all Turkey. The Mosque of the Sultan Selim II. is one of the finest Mohammedan buildings in existence, and other buildings in Adrianople are regarded as equally sacred.

Even now, it is not improbable that, out of deference to the Turks' religious susceptibilities, the Bulgarians will permit a sort of extra-territorial government of the portion of the city that contains the shrines. They offered this to Turkey more than once in the course of the abortive peace negotiations, and they may regard a renewal of the offer as a politic means of preventing racial and religious difficulties that would be likely to develop in Adrianople if the Mohammedan population there became irritated.

The siege of Adrianople has lasted five and one-half months, the first gun having been fired at the fortress by a Bulgarian field battery October 5 last. The investment of the city was completed by Gen. Ivanoff toward the end of October. It must be remembered, however, that warlike operations were suspended during the armistice, from Dec. 3 to Feb. 3, so that the fortress has actually been under fire for between three and four months.

Adrianople is one of the most ancient cities of Europe. A Thracian town of unknown antiquity, it was rebuilt by the Emperor Hadrian, who gave it his name. A great victory was won there by the Goths in 378, and another by the Huns two centuries later. It was captured from the Byzantines by Amurath (Murad) I. in 1361. In the last century the Russians twice occupied it—in 1829, when they forced Turkey to grant independence to Greece, and in the course of the war of 1878.



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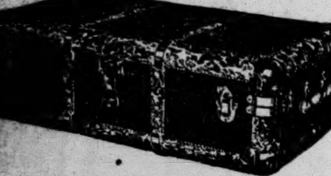

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ARBITRATION BOARD TO HAVE MORE TIME

Firemen and Railroads Agree to an Extension of the Period Granted by Erdman Act.

CRAWFORD TESTS CRITICISED

Judge Chambers and President Carter Intimate That the Stop-Watch Method Is Far from Fair.

There will be no decision on April 6 by the Board of Arbitrators considering the dispute between the firemen of fifty-four Eastern railroads and their employers. Under the provisions of the Erdman act a decision would be due on that date. Both sides have, however, agreed to an extension of time and have left it with the board to decide how much more time will be needed. The board will fix a date later on.

Statistics, presented before the board at the Waldorf, purporting to show that on a number of runs where tests were made only 15 to 17 per cent. of the fireman's time was spent in shoveling coal, were criticised yesterday by Chairman Judge W. L. Chambers, as well as by W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen.

The tables and charts were produced by D. F. Crawford, General Superintendent of Motive Power on the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg. Judge Chambers asked him yesterday how the time spent in shoveling coal was determined, and Mr. Crawford explained that the observer put on the engine had a stop-watch, by means of which was taken the time elapsing from the moment the fireman picked up his shovel to the time he stopped firing and put the shovel down.

Judge Chambers suggested that a fireman might shovel a few seconds, then stop "to take a breath," and then go on shoveling again. Under the system used if he leaned on his shovel a few moments it would be taken out of the working time recorded.

"Suppose a carpenter is on a scaffold," said Mr. Carter, "nailing up weather-boards, and we have a man with a stop-watch, and every time the carpenter hits a nail he clicks off a second. About how much would he work in an hour, or how many minutes during the day? Suppose he put down his hammer and picked up a board, took his pencil out, and made a mark on it. If we measured the time he was hitting that nail, I suppose, according to my idea of snap photography, it would be about three-hundredths of a second. Therefore, I imagine, that carpenter would be shown to work less than five minutes a day."

Mr. Crawford said this was not a parallel case, as the carpenter's manual labor was not confined to hitting the nail. Judge Chambers was not satisfied, however, as to the fairness of the method employed.

"When Mr. Carter is examining you," he said to Mr. Crawford, "it takes him a minute to propound a question, and one-tenth of a minute for you to say yes. Now, hasn't your time during that minute and a tenth been occupied in the examination? If somebody asked you, when you went out, how long you were occupied in this examination, wouldn't you cover the whole time that you were in the chair?"

"I would say that was how long I was occupied in the examination," replied Mr. Crawford. "If they asked me whether I devoted my entire time to it I would have to say no."

Elisha Lee, Chairman of the Conference Committee of Managers, said the statement in question was not to show how much of any work the fireman did, but to make a comparison between the amount of manual labor on different sizes of engines, the purpose being to show that the fireman on a small engine often had more work to do than one on a big engine.

Mr. Carter led Mr. Crawford through a long discussion of the mechanical stoker, invented by the witness, to the conclusion that its purpose was to increase the power of the locomotive by using more coal than a fireman could handle. With this conceded, Mr. Carter said the same result would be achieved by using two firemen on engines not so equipped. His contention has been all along that it would cost the roads nothing to grant the demand for two firemen on the larger engines, as their power would be increased and they would get over the road without so much overtime to pay.

John G. Walber, assistant to the Third Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio, presented comparisons between the wages and working rules requested by the firemen of the fifty-four Eastern roads with those in vogue in the Western and Southwestern territories. A similar comparison was introduced at the opening of the firemen's case, and much time was spent yesterday in discussing the variations. At one point Mr. Carter became reminiscent.

"As far back as 1887," he said, "I made $113 a month firing on a run in Texas, where the wages were only $2.25 a day. A fireman would have difficulty in doing that now, despite the increase in wages."

Judge Chambers wanted to know how this was possible, and Mr. Carter explained that in those days the engine was made ready for the fireman to start out without loss of time, and there was no such heavy tonnage to haul as now. The result was that he got over the road and back in a few hours, while his wages were figured on the mileage basis of 10 hours for 100 miles, as they are now.

PACIFIC MERGER UP AGAIN.

Representatives of Three Roads Confer with Attorney General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The adjustment of the Southern Pacific-Union Pacific merger is up again in the Department of Justice, the point of the controversy being the claim of the Western Pacific to the use of the short line track and equipment through California. Attorney General McReynolds has had the matter under consideration for several days, and to-day began to hold separate interviews with the attorneys interested in the hope of arriving at a common ground of arrangement.

The Attorney General talked to-day with President Robert S. Lovett of the Union Pacific, Maxwell Evarts, representing the Southern Pacific, and E. G. Cushing, counsel for the Western Pacific. All of them saw Mr. McReynolds separately.

It was said at the Attorney General's office that no plan of adjusting the existing difficulties, growing out of the objection of the California Railway Commission to the plan previously proposed, had been submitted to Mr. McReynolds. It was said, also, that the Attorney General promised to do everything possible to bring about an agreement.

ASKS TO BE WILSON'S CADDY.

President Has a New Experience with Young Brooklyn Office Seeker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—President Wilson got this letter to-day from a boy in Brooklyn:

> Dear President: I respectfully apply for a position as your caddy during the Summer at Spring Lake. I am almost 12 years of age, and live, during vacation, at Bradley Beach, a near-by town.
>
> I have had experience on the links at Forest Park, Brooklyn, and, for a boy, I understand a great deal of the game.

The President's secretary wrote the boy that his application would be placed on file for consideration.

SAYS HUSBAND DRUGGED HER

Mrs. Le Compte Alleges He Gave Her Medicine to Craze Her.

Mrs. Madelon Le Compte of 109 Woolsey Street, Astoria, L. I., has sued her husband, Edward Le Compte, for a separation, on the ground that he tried to drive her crazy by administering a drug to her. The trial of the suit began before Justice Jaycox in the Supreme Court of Queens County yesterday.

In the affidavit accompanying her complaint Mrs. Le Compte alleged that when she was ill on Feb. 11 her husband administered to her a drug which he said was a cathartic, but which she found contained "deleterious and dangerous ingredients, including a mydriatic alkaloid calculated to enfeeble her mental faculties and make her enervated and maniacal and to act and appear as a demented person."

Because of this drug, Mrs. Le Compte alleged, she became ill, and experienced difficulty in speech. While in this condition, she asserted, a physician employed by her husband called on her and as a result of his report she was put in the Kings County Insane Asylum. From that institution she was released by Justice Blackmar. She alleged that in the three days she spent in the asylum her furniture was removed from her home. This she recovered through replevin proceedings.

HARD QUERY PUT TO WILSON.

Apropos of Churchgoing, He Is Asked About "Fashionable" Churches.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Reaford L. Holmes, President of the District of Columbia Christian Endeavor Union, has asked President Wilson to answer this question:

"Can there be such a thing as a fashionable church?"

Mr. Holmes's query was the result of statements in newspapers that on each of the three Sundays he has been in Washington the President has avoided fashionable churches in attending divine service. None of the churches he has visited is in a fashionoble residential section. In a letter to the President Mr. Holmes says:

"My point is this, Mr. President: Granted that a church may possibly be 'inconspicuous,' (which, however, the well known Eastern Church is not,) can there be such a thing as a 'fashionable church'?

"What are churches and beautiful Easter services for? Are they merely rendezvous for society folk in same cases and herding places for the poor in others?

"Is the Easter service a combination of high-priced song and silken garments displayed from choir loft and pew for the edification of the society reporters? Or are our churches holy edifices for the worship of God by the President or peasant, and the sacred services of the Eastertide an expression of man's love for his Master, of man's hope in a risen Lord?"

NEW RULE ON HOUSE SEATS.

First Come First Served the System, Except for Leaders.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Choice seats in the House hereafter will fall to Representatives who appear on the floor early. Since the benches were placed in the chamber it has been decided that the biennial lottery, by which members drew for seats, should be abolished.

It is not doubted that the younger members will give way to the leaders in the selection of seats, for otherwise public business might be impeded. Minority Leader Mann and his opponent, Majority Leader Underwood, it is conceded, will have commanding places close to the Speaker's desk and well in the middle of the chamber.

WILSON REAPPOINTS NEILL.

Nominates Him for Labor Statistics Chief Despite Tillman's Opposition.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—President Wilson to-day announced the recess appointment of Charles P. Neill as Commissioner of Labor Statistics.

Mr. Neill's appointment was sent to the Senate at the recent special session, but no action was taken upon it, as it had been attacked by Senators Tillman and Overman.

"Fancy Match" Gets Legal Definition

WASHINGTON, March 26.—A long standing tariff dispute—what is a fancy match?—was settled to-day by the Customs Court, which decided that a fancy match is one of uncommon variety with some quality of value unnecessary to the ordinary match. The assertion that all safety matches were fancy was overruled, and the court reversed a decision by the Board of General Appraisers that red stemmed, yellow tipped matches, inclosed in a paper folder of the kind usually given away at cigar stands, were fancy.

Rear Admiral Mertz Retired.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Rear Admiral Albert Mertz was placed on the retired list of the Navy to-day on account of age. He was born in Wisconsin in 1851, was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1867, and has seen more than twenty-five years of sea service. About a year ago Admiral Mertz was relieved of the command of the Cavite Naval station and was detailed as Governor of the Naval Home at Philadelphia.

Supply of Condemned Cannon Low.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—When the hundred or more condemned cannon, voted at the last session of Congress to sixty municipalities and military organizations, have been delivered, the supply of such relics at the Ordnance Bureau of the War Department will nearly exhausted. The relics are now being prepared for shipment to their destinations and although there are sufficent cannon balls to go with the guns, there are no carriages. To take the place of these, the bureau has devised a suitable rest for the cannon.

Littlebrant Yosemite Superintendent.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Maj. William T. Littlebrant, First United States Cavalry, a native of California, was designated to-day by the War Department to be acting Superintendent of the Yosemite National Park. The appointment was made on the recommendation of Secretary Lane. Lieut. Col. Forsythe, the present Superintendent of the park, has completed his tour of duty in that capacity.

Moore to be Weather Lecturer.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Prof. Willis L. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau, who is to retire July 31, will go on the lecture platform. He announced to-day he had received invitations to speak on meteorological subjects.

ILLINOIS ELECTS LEWIS AND SHERMAN

The Former for the Long, the Latter for the Short U. S. Senate Term.

SENATE IS NOW COMPLETE

Democrats, Numbering 51 Against Total Opposition of 45, Can Pass Tariff Bill.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 26.—Ending a long and stubbornly fought contest, in which the progressives held the balance of power, the Legislature in joint session to-day elected James Hamilton Lewis, Democrat, United States Senator for the long term, and Lawrence Y. Sherman, Republican, for the short term.

James Hamilton Lewis was born at Danville, Va., on Mary 18, 1866, and was educated at Houghton College and the University of Virginia. After graduation he went to Savannah, where for a time he earned his living as a dishwasher. Later he entered a law office. In 1886, soon after being admitted to the Bar, he went to the State of Washington. One of the many picturesque stories told about his rise is that on the night after his arrival in Spokane he attended a mass-meeting of citizens and became a man of prominence in the community all at once by electrifying the meeting with an eloquent presentation of his idea of booming Spokane and attracting capital to the city.

Afterward he became a resident of Seattle and was elected to the Territorial Legislature in 1886. He declined a nomination for Congress in 1890. He was nominated for Governor in 1892 and was a candidate for the United States Senate in 1894. In 1896 he was an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for Vice President. He was elected a member of Congress in 1897 and was caucus nominee for Senator in 1899. He was the author of a resolution in Congress in 1897 for the recognition of Cuban independence. During the Spanish-American was he served in Cuba on the staff of Gen. Frederick D. Grant. He was a member of the Joint High Commission on Canadian and Alaskan boundaries in London.

He removed to Chicago in 1903 and was Corporation Counsel for that city from 1905 to 1907. He was Democratic candidate for Governor of Illinois in 1908.

He made a figure at once on his first election to Congress by his ability to use epigrams and striking phrases. One of his first oratorical duels was with Lemuel Ely Quigg of New York, who replied to an attack by Representative Lewis on the trusts. Lewis on this occasion retorted upon Quigg with the Scriptural quotation: "The ox knoweth his owner and the ass his master's crib."

During his latest compaign for the Senatorship Col. Lewis was believed to have seriously imperiled his chances by charging President Wilson with a display of ingratitude in his relations with Col. Harvey.

Lawrence Y. Sherman was born in Miami County, Ohio, on Nov. 8, 1858. His parents removed to Illinois the following year. Mr. Sherman received an LL. B. degree from McKendree College in 1882, and began to practice at Macomb, Ill. He was County Judge of McDonough County from 1886 to 1890. He was elected to the Illinois Legislature in 1897, and became Speaker of the House in 1899, serving in that capacity for four years. He was Lieutenant Governor of Illinois from 1904 to 1908. He ran for Mayor of Springfield in 1908, and was defeated. He was appointed a member of the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission in 1907, but declined to serve. Since 1909 he has been President of the Board of Administration of the State of Illinois, having control of seventeen State charities.

A remarkable thing about Mr. Sherman is his resemblance to Lincoln. He has deep-set eyes, sunken cheeks, and heavily lined features, and other facial characteristics which make the likeness striking. Mr. Sherman won in the Republican Senatorial primaries last Spring by a plurality of nearly 50,000 votes over Shelby M. Cullom, who had also been long referred to as a man of the Lincoln type.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The election of two Senators from Illinois fills all vacancies in the Senate. The Democratic strength is now 51, against a total opposition of 45, composed of 43 Republicans and 2 Progressives. Democratic defections have been rumored on some phases of tariff revision; but it is asserted that the addition of Col. Lewis to the Democratic ranks gives a safe majority for the Tariff bill.

HOLDUP IN CIGAR STORE.

Clerk of United Company Bound and Safe Robbed of $150.

A man entered a store of the United Cigar Stores Company at 322 Columbus Avenue last night at 10 o'clock and asked to see some pipes. While Nathan Werner, the only salesman in the place at the time, was showing a line of pipes, a second man entered. Werner looked at the second man. When he turned again to speak to the customer who asked for a pipe he found a revolver pointed at his face.

"Get out from behind the counter!" shouted the man with the gun. Werner obeyed, and was pushed into a rear room. Another man entered the store while this was going on, and all three set to work gagging the salesman and binding his hands and feet with six lengths of picture frame wire.

They searched Werner then and took a bunch of keys from his pocket. With one of these they opened the safe and emptied it of $150. Then, taking $25.75 from the cash register and a number of the best cigars in the store, they walked out, leaving Werner with the warning that they would watch the store for twenty minutes and would open fire if he made a move in that time. A few minutes after they left, however, Werner wriggled along the floor to the front door and began to butt his head against the glass panes to attract attention. Three negroes opened the door when they saw him. Unable to loosen the wires themselves, they called in the chauffeur of a taxicab, who cut the wire with nippers.

Werner went in the taxicab to the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station and told his story. The robbery is the third of its kind in the upper west side in the last three weeks.

John Moore Elected Regent.

ALBANY, March 26.—John Moore of Elmira was formally elected a Regent of the University of the State of New York by the Legislature to-day, to succeed the late Daniel Beach of Watkins.

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PROGRESSIVES BOLT.

Congressmen Lenroot, Anderson, and Kent Decline to Join Third Party.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The movement among House Progressives to form a third party organization, which has been sanctioned by Col. Theodore Roosevelt, received its first serious setback to day, when Representatives Irvine L. Lenroot of Wisconsin, Sydney Anderson of Minnesota, and William Kent of California, all known as Progressive Republicans, announced that they would have nothing to do with the proposed organization and would refuse to support the candidacy of Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas for Speaker.

Mr. Lenroot said that the proposal of a third party in the House might be "good personal politics," but that there was no statesmanship about it. Mr. Kent said that it could accomplish no good. These statements were concurred in by Mr. Anderson. All three will remain in the Republican organization and will vote for Representative James R. Mann of Illinois for the Republican leadership. They expressed themselves as believing, however, that Progressive ends could be best served by supporting President Wilson's progressive policies.

"As far as can now be foreseen," said Mr. Lenroot, "progressives of all political parties will be called upon to assist and co-operate with President Wilson in his progressive policies, and new complications relating only to party politics can only injure the Progressive cause.

"In justice to my political affiliations as well as from reasons of the public interest, I could not join this movement at this time, having been elected upon the Republican ticket and having made use of the Republican organization to secure my nomination and election.

"If my first act as an official elected upon that ticket should be to repudiate it and join another party, I should feel that I had obtained my office under false pretenses and by unfair means. The time for me to have joined the Progressive Party was before election, and to have kept off the Republican ticket. Having failed to do so, I feel in honor bound to act with the Republican Party for the present."

Representative Kent asserted that to support a third party at this time would be like "applying force to an obstacle from different angles rather than applying all the force we can muster in one direction."

"Not until President Wilson shall have shown a willingness to abandon the road in which he is traveling," said Mr. Kent, "shall I consider it my duty to do other than to help him to the utmost of my strength and ability."

Steps were taken late to-day by some of the men named to call a conference of Progressive Republicans to determine upon a plan of action. All of the Representatives who will be asked to attend have already been invited to join the distinct progressive organization. Many of those denominated by Col. Roosevelt as "near-Progressives" in his recent letter to Representative Hineman declined to say to-night what attitude they will take toward the third party plans.

ALASKA'S HUGE COAL WEALTH

Expert Testifies That the Available Supply Is 1,500,000,000 Tons.

CHICAGO, March 26.—The defense in the trial of Albert C. Frost and four others charged with defrauding the Government out of Alaskan coal lands valued at $10,000,000 was resumed before Federal Judge Landis to-day.

William Griffiths, a coal mining expert, was cross-examined by counsel for the Government in regard to the accuracy of statistics in his testimony on direct examination. The witness testified that the coal lands in Alaska extended over 900 square miles, and that there was an available supply of 1,500,000,000 tons of coal in that territory.

MRS. WILSON VACCINATED.

Daughters, Too; but President Is Too Busy—He Will Submit To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Mrs. Wilson and her daughters were vaccinated to-day by Dr. Cary Grayson, U. S. A., one of the attending physicians at the White House. The President was asked to submit to the slight operation, but he said he was too busy. He will be vaccinated to-morrow. Smallpox in the family of one of the White House servants was responsible for the precautions taken.

The local health office has issued a statement saying that the smallpox prevailing in Washington is of a mild type.

Wealthy Steel Student Decapitated.

BUFFALO, March 26.—Michael Topar, 21 years old, said to be the son of a wealthy Russian, was decapitated at the Lackawanna steel plant last night. Young Topar came here to gain practical experience in engineering, after being graduated from a Russian university. He was oiling the bearings of an immense flywheel when he lost his balance and fell, and the wheel cut off his head.

Little Six Roadster

We have just received the Franklin Little Six "30" roadster with Entz electric starter.

A small six roadster! Who has not looked for a car of this type? As usual, the Franklin Company is first.

The Entz starter gives a control similar to an electric. The starter switch is left "on" while driving, so that the engine, like an electric motor, is always under perfect control. The engine cannot stall.

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Of Standard Grade, in designs and colors adapted to all requirements, at the following very special prices:

4.6x 7.6 Regularly $9.00........Now 7.25
6x 9 Regularly $15.00........Now 12.50
8.3x10.6 Regularly $22.00........Now 18.75
9x12 Regularly $25.00........Now 21.00

300 Carpet Rugs

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A special lot of 300 made up Carpet Rugs in odd sizes, of best Wilton, Brussels, Velvet and Axminster.

APPROXIMATE SIZES:

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Our tenants do not hesitate to tell us of the savings they are making by the reduction of overhead expenses, by unexcelled quarters at comparatively low rentals, by freedom from the danger of fire, by cheap power, by the ability to receive and ship rail freight without the expense of cartage and without even the expense of unloading and loading goods. Our list of tenants has shown a constant and healthy growth. We now have nearly two hundred, many of national prominence. They constitute our one best advertisement. They continue to renew their leases and to take larger quarters. They appreciate the fact that the Bush Terminal affords facilities and advantages not obtainable elsewhere in this country.

From this you will see why we feel so cocksure that the Bush Terminal fills the business needs of a large proportion of those who manufacture or distribute. This cocksureness of our position causes us to feel entirely safe in making an announcement that is unique in the business history of New York. And here it is: If your standing and the nature of your business is such that we believe you will become a satisfied and satisfactory tenant, we will give you a lease **and we will state in it that if for any reason whatsoever you are not satisfied you may, during the first year, cancel it at the end of any month.**

In other words, you can try our goods with no other obligation than that of notifying us to take them off your hands if you are not entirely pleased.

BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY,
General Offices, 100 Broad St.,
New York.

GAYNOR WON'T STOP DRINKING AT DANCES

Mayor Issues Statement That April 1 Order Will Not Interfere with Them.

HOTEL MANAGERS PROTEST

Can't Understand Why Travelers Should Be Prevented from Having What They Want to Eat and Drink.

Through his secretary, Robert M. Adamson, Mayor Gaynor announced yesterday that his order naming April 1 as the date for the revoking of every all-night liquor license now in force did not mean that any new administrative attitude was to be taken toward all-night dancing parties and festivities arranged for special occasions.

For such festivities, it was explained, the permits to sell drinks would be issued in the future exactly as they had been in the past. But each license applied for would have to be for one night only, and would be judged on its individual merits.

With this explanation as to the exact scope of his order and the range of its intention the Mayor remained firm in spite of many protests from hotel and café proprietors. And Police Commissioner Waldo prepared to carry out the Mayor's order by issuing instructions to the police just as specific as the orders he had received from Mayor Gaynor.

The police order, which was in process of preparation yesterday, will make it the duty of every precinct Captain to see that a policeman goes into every hotel and café in his district at five minutes before 1 o'clock in the morning and proclaim from a chair, if necessary, that all persons in the place must vacate it before 1 o'clock.

The duty of the policeman, in case the patrons do not go, will be to summon the reserves and drive them out.

After the patrons have gone it will be the duty of the policeman to see that the lights over every table where drinks have been sold are extinguished, and the room in which the drinking has been going on closed and barred to all except the proprietor and his family.

By almost unanimous consent the proprietors of the places affected credit the Mayor's unexpected move to the opening of the Mayoralty campaign.

They professed to see a parallel in the present action to that in the case of the Duffy boy, out of which Mr. Gaynor built his first Mayoralty boom.

Some of the proprietors professed to see a two-edged purpose on the part of the Mayor. The element in his action not having to do with the starting of a new Mayoralty boom they credited to a desire on his part to raise an outcry against something other than the Whitman revelations in regard to police graft.

"Why else," said Manager Moran of Shanley's restaurant, "should the Mayor send out a characterization of places holding all-night liquor licenses that is entirely discreditable to them and then include many places not in the least degree guilty of the charges he made against them?

"Now, I am willing to be perfectly frank about our own all-night license. We took it out four months ago from a squeamish desire to be entirely within the law. Any one who knows the habits of New York diners-out knows that they seldom are through with their after-theatre dinners at 1 o'clock. We often have had distinguished public officials at our tables at the stroke of 1. It did not seem to us to be the courteous thing to switch the lights out on such people and hustle them into the street.

"I cannot believe that the Mayor intends to send a policeman in to drive our diners out at 1 o'clock. We have no objection to stopping the sales of drinks at that hour, or even the drinking of anything previously purchased after that hour. We shall obey the order—up to that point. But we certainly shall do our utmost to oppose it if it comes to driving out our diners or admitting policemen to address them from chairs as to their obligation to go."

In the Mayor's list of places sent to Police Commissioner Waldo was the Hotel Martinique, which has never permitted dancing, and the Hotel McAlpin, where there has not been even a cabaret show except as furnished by an orchestra and a violinist.

George T. Keen, assistant manager of the Martinique, pointed out the manner in which he considered the Mayor's order was unjust to his patrons.

"We have never had the patronage of a show crowd. Our cabaret has been very modest and we have never permitted dancing of any kind. More than that, if any woman has come into our dining room and has evidenced a disposition to drink rather than to dine we have told her escort that it would be useless to order more drinks."

At the Hotel McAlpin it was said that it was a keen disappointment to find the hotel on the Mayor's list, because of the castigations delivered in sending it out.

"We have never had a cabaret," it was stated at the office, "and, of course, have never catered to a dancing crowd or permitted dancing except at regular dances given by private parties on invitation."

The order was received at Louis Martin's in grim silence. The silence even seemed to suggest a slight spirit of satisfaction, for the management recalled how it was compelled to fight without help from other restaurants to win the right to give cabaret performances, and how the others hastened to announce cabarets after the court decisions had been rendered.

"The Mayor is the boss," said Manager Girsch with a shrug of his shoulders, when asked what he was going to do about it.

"And what will you do," was suggested. "if a policeman drives your people out at 1 A. M., even from half-finished dinners?"

"Why, we will obey the law and the orders of the police. The Mayor, as I said, is the boss, and we will recognize him as such," the manager replied. He explained that he was willing this time to let the other proprietors do the fighting.

One effect of the Mayor's order is to show that, after all, the Great White Way, for all its fame, is really a minor centre of all-night places. Brooklyn will suffer in the new order almost as heavily as Broadway, and the outcry of the proprietors there against the Mayor's order is even more pronounced than in Manhattan.

There the cry is that the all-night places cater to night workers, and a philosophy was expounded which arrived at the conclusion that the man who gets off work at 2 A. M. is as much entitled to a drink before going to bed as the man whose working hours end at 6 o'clock in the evening.

DOWS IN COURT TO-DAY.

Must Appear Before Magistrate Murphy for Assault on Alva Johnston.

David Dows must appear at 2 o'clock this afternoon before Magistrate Murphy in the Harlem Court to answer the charge of assault preferred by Alva Johnston, a reporter for THE TIMES.

The summons, which was served on Mr. Dows on Tuesday afternoon, was returnable at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning, but by agreement of counsel the return was set for 2 P. M. to-day. Mr. Dows will be represented by James R. Ely and Mr. Johnston by William Travers Jerome.

A PRINCE KILLS HIMSELF.

Vincenz von Windisch-Graetz the Only Son of the Family's Head.

ROME, March 26.—The Hereditary Prince Vincenz von Windisch-Graetz, an attaché of the Austrian Embassy here, committed suicide to-night.

He was born in 1882, and was for a time an attaché of the legation at Sofia.

The family of Windisch-Graetz is of semi-royal rank, being one of the mediatized royal families. It is among the most ancient in Europe, tracing its descent from Ulric von Windischgräz, who lived early in the thirteenth century and was a Baron of the Holy Empire.

Prince Vincenz was the only son of the head of the family, Alfred, Prince of Windisch-Graetz, who was born in 1851, and succeeded his father in 1876. There are three sisters of the dead Prince, two of them married to Austrian noblemen.

TAXES UP ON COURTS' SITE.

Assessment on Land for New House Increased 25 Per Cent.

The Tax Department has increased by 25 per cent. the assessment on the property to be acquired by the city for the site of the new County Court House. Mayor Gaynor has written to Lawson Purdy, President of the Tax Department, to ask the reason for the increase.

Fear was expressed yesterday by members of the Board of Estimate that the addition to the assessed valuation would cause an increase in the cost to the city of the new site. Condemnation proceedings have been proceeding in connection with it for the last nine months and are likely to be wound up next week.

In 1912 the assessment on the Court House tract was $4,311,000, but this year it is $5,471,000, an increase of $1,160,000. In the condemnation proceedings the value put on the property by the city authorities has been $5,591,439 and by the owners $9,905,869, a difference of $4,314,430.

REPUBLIC GETS $20,000.

By Will of Mother of T. M. Osborne, Who Has Just Resigned Chairmanship.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 26.—Announcement was made to-day by Directors of the George Junior Republic at Freeville, N. Y., of the receipt of $20,000 by the will of Mrs. D. M. Osborne of Auburn.

She was the mother of Thomas Mott Osborne, who this week resigned from the Chairmanship of the Board of Directors.

THE FARM TENANT PERIL.

Robs the Soil and Shirks Public Duties, Says an Iowa Authority.

AMES, Iowa, March 26.—"A greater menace to the country than war, famine and pestilence combined" is the strong expression used about the farm tenancy system of the United States by W. J. Kennedy, Director of the State College Extension Department.

The present method of one-year leases, he holds, is causing a greater annual loss to the natural resources of this country than all the thefts from the National reservations and public lands. Not only does the tenant rob the soil by trying to get all he can out of it without regard to the future, but his temporary and uncertain tenure affects community life. Good rural schools, good country churches and good roads are hard to get and keep, he says, when so many of the residents feel that their stay in the neighborhood may be short and take no interest in public affairs.

"The one-year tenure problem is one of the greatest ones that confront Iowa," Mr. Kennedy continues. "In 1880, 23.8 per cent. of the farms of Iowa were held by tenant farmers. In 1890 the per cent. had risen to 28.1, and in 1900 to 37.8. Seven of the counties of Iowa, all in the northwest, have more than 50 per cent. of their farms tenanted.

"The average tenant farmer labors under seven handicaps, which seriously reduce his efficiency as a producer. He lacks a comfortable home for his family; he lacks sufficient livestock; his buildings are not adequate; he has not the machinery to till the farm properly; his fences are inadequate; he lacks capital, and his credit is short of his actual needs. The consequence is that instead of farming he mines the soil."

To remedy these ills, Mr. Kennedy suggests long-term leases with renewal options; rentals on cash basis, and a credit system like that found in Europe, whereby a farmer may borrow at rates of interest as low as the landowner can, and government aid to enable the tenant to buy land on long-term contracts at low rates of interest.

"England and Scotland," says the Ames man, "have the best land tenure systems in the world. There the tenant may obtain leases that run ten to thirty years. The land is farmed in many cases by tenants who have, as a family, held the land through several generations. These tenants are as anxious to keep up the fertility of the land as the landowners; they are a part of the community in which they live."

Army Opposes Brazilian Executive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO JANEIRO, March 26.—President Fonseca declared to-day that a way must be found to curb the attacks of the press upon the Government. At the same time a number of army officers met and protested against a subservient press.

Picks Up the Helpless Cayo Romano.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 26.—A wireless message to-day reported that the Leyland Liner Bohemian, bound from Liverpool for Boston, had picked up the steamer Cayo Romano, which sailed from Shields for Galveston on March 5. The Cayo Romano lost her propeller in mid-ocean and was drifting helplessly until taken in tow by the Bohemian. The vessels are expected to reach here to-morrow.

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SUBWAY AT THE DOOR—ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY

MADE FALSE CHARGES, TAILOR A SUICIDE

Dale, Who Jumped His Bail, Found Dead from Gas in His Deserted House.

SENT ONE MAN TO SING SING

Real Character of the Dead Man Revealed When He Had Second Man Arrested Who Attacked Him.

Theodore Brodzki Dale, who made a fortune as a tailor to fashionable folk in this town, was to have been tried yesterday in Special Sessions on a charge growing out of the visit of a young man to his house at 23 West 126th Street last December. It was the second time the case had appeared on the calendar, for when it was first called on Feb. 3 it was learned that Mr. Dale had sent the furnishings and paintings of his home to a storage warehouse and gone to San Francisco. But his lawyer, Bernard Sandler, who was retained by Sam Schepps, one of the figures in the Rosenthal murder case, persuaded him that an acquittal awaited him in New York, and so Mr. Dale came back and his case went on the calendar for trial yesterday. He did not appear in court, and there were no explanations.

At 6 o'clock last evening Mr. Sandler and William Henderson of 90 Charles Street called at the Lenox Avenue Police Station to ask for help in breaking into the big brownstone house at 23 West 126th Street. This was the house which Mr. Dale deserted when he went to San Francisco in February. Since his return he had been stopping at the Hotels McAlpin and Algonquin, but Mr. Henderson said he was sure Mr. Dale would be found in the empty house.

Lieut. Human gathered that Henderson had good reasons for his confidence, so Patrolman O'Rourke was provided as an escort and a few moments later these three broke in the door leading into the basement at the rear. They were staggered by the heavy odor of escaping gas. After filling their lungs with fresh air the three dived into the house, with Henderson leading straight to the third floor, where he flung open the door of a room at the rear. The gas here was so strong that it was all O'Rourke could do to reach the window and throw it up.

In all that bare house this room was completely furnished. Fully dressed upon the bed Dale lay dead. Coroner Winterbottom, who called at the house early in the evening, said that he had been dead at least five hours. The gas had been pouring freely from three jets and the flow from a fourth jet passed down a rubber tube into the man's mouth. The tube was tied there by a piece of string.

From Henderson the police learned that he had reason to suspect Dale intended to kill himself. The two had spent Tuesday evening together, taking a long walk in the neighborhood of the house in West 126th Street. They had talked over the prospects of an acquittal at the trial yesterday, and Dale had been very depressed. He had gone alone into every drug store they passed, but finally at one on Eighth Avenue Henderson had gone in with him and heard the clerk refuse to supply him with cyanide of potassium. Finally Mr. Dale had bought a rubber tube, and had told Henderson what he wanted it for. But Henderson said yesterday that he had not supposed Dale would carry out the threat.

According to Henderson, Dale was worth $250,000.

The trouble which resulted in Dale's suicide came on the afternoon of Dec. 16, when Patrolman Kopp of the Lenox Avenue Station was called into the house by Mr. Dale's story of a young man who he said tried to steal a diamond stickpin. He led the policeman to the backyard, where a youth of 17, who said he was Jack Young of 1,645 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, an actor out of a job, was standing, mopping with his handkerchief a gash on his forehead. This wound had been inflicted by Mr. Dale's servant.

At the station Young told the Lieutenant that Dale had offered him employment. He had welcomed it, he said, and had gone to Dale's house to talk it over. There, Young said, Dale became offensive and he admitted that he struck him in the face. The policeman was inclined to think that Dale was the person who should be arrested, and both Dale and the woman servant were taken into custody. She was discharged later by Magistrate Freschi, who held Dale for Special Sessions as a disorderly person.

It was this charge which Dale evaded by his trip to San Francisco, and which he would have had to meet yesterday had he not killed himself instead.

Up in Sing Sing, and sentenced to stay there for many years, is a prisoner named Switofsky, who was convicted in 1910 of having assaulted and tried to rob Mr. Dale in the rear of the Dale establishment, 71 West Forty-fifth Street. A few weeks ago Rabbi Goldstein of Sing Sing became interested in this convict's story, which was a denial of the assault, and a countercharge. As Switofsky told his story, it was a duplicate of the Young's story. The rabbi was so impressed with the sincerity of the prisoner's manner that he persuaded Samuel Untermyer to look into the matter, and last week Mr. Untermyer appeared in the Appelate Division to ask for a new trial. Decision on this is pending.

Dale was born in Austria forty-seven years ago. He came to this country as a boy and lived with his mother. She died three years ago.

A Protest from the Shop Girl
The Future of Poetry
By Alfred Noyes.
Discovery of the Future
By H. G. Wells.
Three unusual features
In Next Sunday's Times

CAN STOP BOMB THROWING.

Harburger Says Those Are to Blame Who Do Not Tell of Threats.

"The people of the east side have it in their own hands to stop bomb-throwing, horse poisoning, kidnapping, and the other activities of extortioners working under the names of Black Hand and Camorras of every race," Sheriff Julius Harburger said, in a speech last night before Joshua Lodge, Independent Order of the Free Sons of Israel, at 21 West 124th Street.

"Bomb-throwers and horse poisoners are dastardly cowards. They can only prey on those cowardly and ignorant like themselves," he continued. "This city's record of fifty bomb throwings a week is a disgrace. It exists merely because those upon whom the extortioners work don't live up to their obligations as citizens. Bowed down under memories of governmental appression abroad, they distrust the authorities here and do not complain as they should; do not co-operate with the authorities, and even fail to assist the authorities after some bomb throwing or horse poisoning outrage.

"If the bomb throwers or horse poisoners knew that every threatening letter would be turned over to me as Sheriff, or to the police, these low-down, cowardly outrages would stop in a week. Complaints coming to me will be received in sacred confidence, under the rose tree, and I will set my special deputies at work to track down these pestiferous parasites whose flourishment dishonors our glorious institutions."

FRIEDMANN DENIES OFFER.

No Conference with Any Drug Company, He Says—Visits Hospitals.

Dr. F. F. Friedmann issued a statement yesteray in denial of the report that on Tuesday there had been a conference attended by representatives of a drug company to discuss its offer of $2,000,000 for the exclusive rights to distribute Dr. Friedmann's tuberculosis vaccine in this country. He said that there had been a conference among members of his own party as to the best means to distributing the preparation in America.

Dr. Friedmann visited yesterday the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases at Madison Avenue and 123d Street, where he examined twelve children who, with twenty-eight other patients already selected, will be treated by him this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

During the day the doctor went to Bellevue to look over patients who had already received his treatment at that hospital, and in the morning he had a conference with Dr. A. M. Stimson of the Public Health Service in relation to another clinic for the purposes of the Federal authorities who are examining the Friedmann treatment.

A SHEPHERD GETS $7,400,000.

Fortune Left by an Englishman to His Son, a Peasant in France.

MONTPELLIER, March 26.—An inheritance of $7,400,000 has fallen to a shepherd named Marius Bonnaud. It comes from an Englishman whose name has not been made public.

Bonnaud, who left here for London yesterday to take possession of his unexpected wealth, is a natural son of his benefactor, and his identity has been fully established by a firm of London lawyers, who followed out the instructions left by the testator.

Bonnaud is described as a person of no education, but of great intelligence.

FINE MAY YET ACCEPT.

Will Take Berlin Post Only from a Sense of Duty, Tageblatt Hears.

BERLIN, March 27.—Prof. Henry Burchard Fine, former Dean of Princeton University, whom President Wilson offered the post of American Ambassador to Germany, has decided to refuse, according to the Munich correspondent of the Tageblatt.

The correspondent adds, however, that Prof. Fine will accept if President Wilson insists that it is his duty to make the sacrifice.

Peru to Have Hygienic Exposition.

LIMA, March 26.—The sessions of the International Exposition of Hygiene and the fifth Latin-American Medical Congress have been postponed until the latter part of the year. The Hygienic Exposition will open on Nov. 2 and continue until Dec. 31, and during that time the Medical Congress and also the sixth Pan-American Congress will be held. The Peruvian Government is taking an active part in the organization of the Exposition of Hygiene, which is to deal with provisions for pure drinking water, the treatment of sewage, the disposal of refuse and rubbish, and other matters pertaining to public health which stand in great need of improvement in many South American cities.

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DIETZ FAILURE DUE TO TWO HE CAUSED

Sold Notes to Buy Diamonds and Then Pawned the Gems, His Creditors Assert.

SIMONS THIEVES GOT SOME

Failure to Meet His Notes Put Two Firms in Bankruptcy and Their Creditors Move Against Him.

Herman J. Dietz, a diamond merchant of 87 Nassau Street, was forced into bankruptcy yesterday on petition of creditors alleging probable total liabilities of $200,000. Judge Mayer, in the Federal Court, appointed Louis H. Rowe, a lawyer of 165 Broadway, receiver for the firm. In the papers the creditors alleged that Dietz had admitted that he had raised large sums of money on discounted notes, bought diamonds with this money, and then pledged the diamonds with the pawnbroking firm of Martin Simons & Son at 14 Hester Street, whose vault was robbed of $250,000 worth of valuables a week ago last Saturday.

The precise amount of diamonds so pledged by him or lost in the robbery could not be ascertained last night. It was said, however, by an expert in the diamond trade, that rumors for a long time have been current that many smaller diamond firms, owing to the present unsettled state of the diamond trade, had been pledging their diamonds in this way with so-called 1 per cent. pawnbrokers to tide them over the dull season.

Three creditors signed the petition against the Dietz firm yesterday. They were A. S. Webb, with a claim for $36,150; P. F. Gleason, with one for $23,466, and Irene Harrington, with another for $6,125. These, it was said last night, really represented two bankrupt estates—that of Joseph Samuels & Co., dealers in braids and laces, at 129 West Twentieth Street, and that of Aaronson & Rutenberg of Montreal. Other creditors, it was said, held claims of about $170,000 against the firm.

According to the petitioners, the Samuels firm and Aaronson & Rutenberg discounted and indorsed notes of the Dietz firm, and with the money thus obtained Dietz invested liberally in diamonds. When the notes fell due Dietz defaulted on them, and this was assigned as a reason for the bankruptcy of the two firms.

At the Samuels bankruptcy hearing about a month ago Dietz testified that he had pledged large quantities of his diamonds with the firm of Martin Simons & Son. Then came the Simons robbery, and the creditors who said they had been forced into bankruptcy through Dietz's failure to meet his note obligations instituted the proceedings that resulted in the appointment of a receiver for his firm. It was charged that preferential payments were made to I. Hochberger.

Mr. Rowe, the receiver, said last night that he was unable to say how much Dietz had pledged with the Simons firm; nor could such information be obtained from Grenville Clark of the law firm of Root, Clark & Bird, who represent the creditors. Mr. Simons, at his home, 216 West 100th Street, refused to discuss the matter.

Ludwig Nissen, an expert on diamond trade conditions and Chairman of the Tariff Committee of the diamond trade of the country, who returned last night from a five weeks' visit to Washington, said that rumors had for a long time been current to the effect that many smaller diamond dealers had been pawning their diamonds to help tide them over the present dull times resulting from the unsettled tariff conditions. While he could recall no specific firm that had done this, he was certain that none of the larger firms had been obliged to resort to the practice. These, he said, found no difficulty in raising money on easier terms from their banks, provided they had the goods on which to make loans.

The profit on diamonds, he said, was too close at present to permit any legitimate diamond firm to buy extensively and then pledge its diamonds at the exorbitant rate of 12 per cent. a year or more; and any such purchases by firms pledging their diamonds had for some time been generally regarded with suspicion.

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¶ The extra fare will be $10.00 from Chicago to San Francisco, corresponding extra fares to intermediate points. *A maximum of extra comforts for a minimum of extra fare.*

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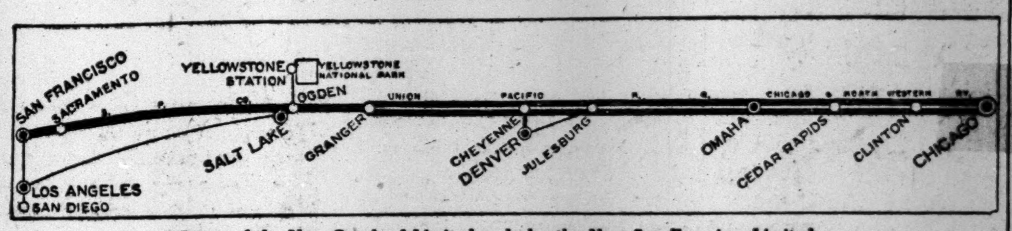

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1913.

THE BLUE SKY LAW.

The Assembly has passed the Goldberg bill to prevent the citizens of New York from investing in anything between the earth and the blue sky unless it shall first have been approved by the gentlemen who have managed the State's affairs in a manner which it would be libelous to describe except by quotations from the report of the Governor's Committee of Inquiry. In the words of Mr. GOLDBERG:

> The bill creates a State Securities Board consisting of gentlemen who must be considered by virtue of their office as beyond suspicion—the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and State Controller. In turn they have the authority to appoint an examiner, and he with their aid has the power to appoint the necessary clerks for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this bill.

After this bill shall be enacted nobody may buy or sell any security which has not received the approval of these clerks. They are the real power necessarily, for no one examiner can examine the billions of securities dealt in on this market for all the continent. The idea that the State officials named shall give their personal attention to individual securities is absurd. They do not manage their primary business in a manner worthy of confidence, and their secondary business is many times more difficult of accomplishment. As Mr. GOLDBERG says, they are "beyond suspicion" both of personal dishonesty and of business acumen making them fit for advising investors. The Controllers of the State through a series of years have not been able to calculate a sinking fund, and they are asked to foil the crafty men who mislead investors. They would be sheep set to watch wolves. Investors by the thousand would be seeking to hold the State liable in the same manner that the depositors of the Union Bank of Brooklyn are now seeking indemnity for the lack of protection by the State in a far simpler matter than the certification of securities. No seller of blue sky securities ever sold the same thing to the same investor twice, but the assistance of the Banking Department of the State of New York enabled the Union Bank to bring loss upon two sets of depositors in the same institution.

The sharpers who sell bad securities to those who buy things they know nothing about, until experience teaches them better, would find the certificate of the State a great help in their business. They would only have to pull the wool over the eyes of the Albany clerks and politicians, and then would sell their wares on the officials' say so, instead of their own. To deceive the officials they would stoop to tricks and devices which honest men would scorn, and the brand of New York securities would be second rate or worse. No one can doubt this who has read the list of assets of banks which have failed under the oversight of the Banking Department, whose functions are simple and limited compared to the unknown ground to be opened by these examiner clerks, for whose functions there is no precedent or standard.

These are practical, not theoretical, remarks. It is easy to describe a bill of this sort which should be useful, but it would be impossible to draft it or to administer it. The sort of blue sky law which is useful is the kind exemplified by the conviction of HAWTHORNE and MORTON. There is no difficulty about such convictions when the acts are committed. It is the failure of existing laws which impels to new laws, regardless of the fact that the failure of the first set proves the futility of the second set. What can the various associations of business men be thinking about that they allow this bill to make progress without protest? And what can the honorable legislators be thinking about that they pass this bill without the approval of such bodies? Is all wisdom confined to the Legislature, and can its members think that anything they can do will make very much difference with the course of business? The reason why the bill will not be ruinous simply is that it will not do what is expected. The evasions will be countless, and finally the bill will become an empty form. Either that, or the State of New York will be reduced to the level of the State of Kansas, which already is amending the law that New York is copying.

THE FLOODS.

The City of Omaha could hardly have foreseen and guarded against the tornado that has wrecked and set fire to that city. Scientific fireproof construction would have mitigated the damage, and doubtless the new buildings that will be erected in the devastated district will be less burnable. The torrential rains that fell in the Mississippi Valley, followed by floods that have killed thousands of people, made scores of thousands homeless, and ruined millions of dollars' worth of property in the cities of Dayton, Columbus, Indianapolis, East St. Louis, and many other towns of Ohio and Indiana, might have been foreseen.

But present calamities call for swift measures of relief. Besides tents, food, and clothing which Gov. Cox of Ohio asks for bereaved and miserable multitudes, the banks of the flooded cities and towns have urgent need of money. As in the case of San Francisco, the financial institutions of the East will be relied upon to meet the exigency. Medical ministration for present sufferings and pestilence to come must be provided.

The danger from floods is yearly increasing, not decreasing. The public of the United States has been instructed upon this point by men qualified to tell it that as the forests are hewed down their retaining "sponges" of roots and humus are destroyed; the Spring thaws, hastened by heavy rains, find no counterpoise against the downrush of waters through the great drainage areas. The bridges, levees, and dams that, until a few years ago, would have amply withstood the worst conditions of freshet and flood, have lost their "factors of safety." The present floods are sweeping territory never hitherto inundated. Where thousands of dollars might have been utilized two decades ago to conserve the forests, millions must now be spent to build higher dikes and great systems of retaining reservoirs. The remonstrances of nature rise above exhortation; they teach concretely, relentlessly, the wisdom of foresight and conservation.

THIS CITY'S PURE FOOD FORCE.

Commissioner LEDERLE sends to THE TIMES a copy of the Health Department's Monthly Bulletin containing the statement that 24,000,000 pounds of food were condemned by his nineteen food Inspectors during the past year; 2,200 arrests were made for violations of the sanitary rules relating to food supplies; $14,070 was collected in fines, and sentences amounting to 195 days' imprisonment were executed. Men who substituted yellow paint for the yolks of eggs in pastry and brown paint for chocolate, who used systematically wormy nuts and fruits in bakers' supplies, dealt in "rots and spots" in the egg industry, and used all manner of injurious preservatives and coloring matters in foods, began last year to feel the restraining hand of the law.

It is an issue that affects every man's stomach. For this reason it exceeds in importance most if not all other questions of Government administration. Commissioner LEDERLE asks for more Inspectors to guard the purity of supplies in the 20,000 establishments wherein foods, exclusive of milk, are prepared or sold to a vast population. A "food code" should be drawn up with precise regulations, and the Commissioner should have all the Inspectors he needs.

THE FALL OF ADRIANOPLE.

The fall of Adrianople brings peace in the Balkans within sight. While it will tend to stiffen the necks of the Bulgarians, it will leave the control of the situation more definitely in the hands of the European Powers, with whom the Balkan Allies will now have directly to deal.

The speech of Sir EDWARD GREY in the House of Commons, with the equally firm and confident statement of the British Premier, shows the spirit in which the task will be met.

The Balkan Allies may persist in the demand for an indemnity. It will hardly be conceded. For one reason, because there is no precedent for a defeated Government giving an indemnity and surrounding territory not yet conquered. And, for a second reason, because the holdings of French and English and German banks in the Turkish debt would practically be wiped out by the addition of an indemnity.

With a settlement in the Balkans, general peace may be regarded as reasonably secure. The chief difficulty, of course, is the peculiar situation and the peculiar temper of the ruling class of Germany. No doubt it seems to the German Government that the vital interests of the nation are gravely menaced by the changes of the last six months. There has grown up in the Balkans a serious military power the future affiliations of which it is impossible to predict. It is possible—some German publicists think it certain—that this power will act with Russia, and that, with or without Greece, there will be formed a strong Slav alliance which will complete the circle of probably hostile nations with which Germany will have to fight for its very existence. Against such a combination the Triple Alliance would be weakened in Austria-Hungary by the large and more or less discontented Slav element in its population. It might be further weakened by the indifference of Italy, with its new empire on the south coast of the Mediterranean to defend, to the larger needs of the Alliance. In such a situation Germany would be left with far the heaviest burden on her own shoulders, with the Triple Entente arrayed against her and with her partners crippled, or worse. This is the reason for the desperate measures of preparation for war on which Germany is embarking.

But reasoning of much the same sort was frequently used a month ago as to the course of Russia and Austria. It was said that the interests of Austria were so deeply involved in preventing the Balkan Allies, and especially Servia, from gaining a foothold on the Adriatic, that she would fight to gain that end, and that as soon as Austria took up arms Russia was bound to do the same. Nothing of the sort has happened. Servia has withdrawn her claims under the advice and even pressure of Russia. The two great Powers have halted on the very brink of a conflict that threatened a general war. It is not unreasonable to hope that Germany and Russia and Great Britain and France will find a means for a like understanding. And the nearer Europe gets to actual fighting the more likely it seems that an agreement of some workable sort will be reached.

BUILDING A SCHOOL SYSTEM.

An organized movement is proposed to secure constructive work upon the school system of New York based strictly upon the best information and educational opinion. The city at an expense of some $70,000 has had an expert investigation of the schools, of the teaching organization, and of the general administration, and its results are now being laid in detail before the public, including the recommendations as well as the information whether or not the accounts of the various features of the schools disclosed in this group of reports are in all respects accurate, and whether the suggestions presented are sound, it is plain that they should be carefully considered and candidly weighed. They are by far the most authoritative review of the situation that we have or can get. Legislation that ignored them would be irrational and probably mischievous.

The so-called McKee bills, now on their way to the Senate at Albany, not only ignore the results of the investigation, but are in direct conflict with them. If passed they would render the present confusion more confounded and reduce the whole educational system to something like chaos. It is in view of these facts that the movement to which we have referred has been organized. In a memorial to be presented to the Legislature it is stated:

> We have in such a situation only the beginning of a conflict from which one of two things will result—either after much wasteful effort the struggle will end in the defeat of the present measures and nothing will happen to benefit the school system or these unscientific measures will be adopted, producing a confusion which is sure to damage alike the authors and administrators of the measures.
>
> Constructive statesmanship demands, first, an acknowledgment that the school system of New York City requires overhauling, and, second, an effort to obtain legislation that is comprehensive and fundamental in character and based strictly upon the best information and educational opinion available.
>
> To this end it is urged that the Legislature empower the Governor to appoint a Commission to draft an educational section to replace the present educational provisions of the City Charter. The Commission should be composed of citizens of the State resident in New York City, persons interested in the schools, of the soundest character and having public confidence; there would be no expense to the State, for persons of such standing would serve without pay.

The signers of the memorial are men of experience, intelligence, and standing.

COSTLY CUTS OF BEEF.

A discussion of the relative economy, composition, and nutritive value of the various cuts of beef, put forth in Bulletin 158 of the Illinois Experiment Station, concludes with the statement that there seems to be "no relation "between market prices and the per-"centages of fat, protein, extractives, "and ash" in the several cuts; the cheaper cuts appear to be "as valu-"able, and, in some cases, actually "more so," compared with the higher priced cuts. It appears that the clod, chuck, and plate are the most nourishing parts of the beef animal—and the least expensive. The rump, rib, and loin are least nutritive, but cost the most.

The findings of the Illinois Station scientists merely confirm results obtained by Federal food experimenters and advertised among the housewives of the Nation. Frenchwomen long ago knew what the preparers of American viands are still slow to learn. They discovered that tenderness was a quality that could be produced by proper cooking, that palatability was a question of culinary art. The French housewife regales her family on the meats that American cooks throw away or fail to buy.

UNIONISTS AS GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

Gov. SULZER is quoted as saying that New York would be the luckiest State of the Union if it had JOHN MITCHELL as Labor Commissioner. The gain of New York would be the loss of the unions which Mr. MITCHELL serves so efficiently. It is not to be supposed that Mr. MITCHELL could continue to serve the unions after accepting a State appointment. The meaning is not merely that Mr. MITCHELL could not fill two offices, but that service of the State is inconsistent with service of the unions, either officially or indirectly.

This is a Government of the people for all the people, not of unions for unions. It has not occurred to anybody to appoint a Commissioner of Capital, whose functions should be to protect the trusts against oppression by combinations of their employés. It is evident to all, especially to the unionists, that the capitalists must look to universal law for their protection. But it is not so clear to unionists as it ought to be that the same doctrine applies to them. It is no reproach to Mr. MITCHELL that he is a stanch unionist, and the breaches of the law to which he has been a party are not the basis of the objection to his appointment. The objection is that he takes a one-sided view of labor topics, and therefore is disqualified for public office by his qualifications as a unionist.

As Commissioner of Labor he necessarily would offend either the unions by lukewarmness, or non-unionists by his accustomed unionist partisanship. Nor would he escape suspicion on either side, even though he should stand so straight as to lean backward. In short, he has the disqualifications of his merits as a unionist for any office which requires him to consider the interests of all the people. For example, the present Federal Commissioner of Labor and Mr. MITCHELL are both under injunction of court in the acute labor dispute in West Virginia. Neither, therefore, is in a position to intervene without an imputation of partisanship. And there are several labor disputes pending in New York State respecting which Mr. MITCHELL is not in such a state of detachment as is desirable in a State official.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Demanding Quite Too Much. More than a few readers of THE TIMES have manifested appreciation of the Morgan masterpieces as reproduced for its issue of last Sunday by making—quite unintentionally, of course—what come near to being complaints about the doing of something that evidently gave them great pleasure. This they have done in letters lamenting that the pictures, when brought to them, had been once folded, causing the blemish of a crease, and asking if another edition could not be struck off on heavier paper and better protected from injuries in delivery. For such a duplication of the supplement, eagerness to pay a higher price has been expressed in many instances.

It should hardly be necessary to tell these good people that we sympathize with both their sorrows and their desires, but in the expression of both they reveal how little consideration they have given to the journalistic necessity for keeping within the limits of what is journalistically practicable. To have delivered that supplement unfolded, and yet obviously the part of THE SUNDAY TIMES which for many and good reasons it had to be, would not only have been extremely expensive, but it certainly would have strained to the breaking point the existing facilities for distributing newspapers. On the other hand, to have used better paper than the much more than ordinarily good quality that was devoted to the pictures would not only have added largely to an already burdensome weight, but it would have increased the cost beyond all reason.

Without entering into tiresome details, it can be stated that the supplement, as printed and delivered, required an expenditure painfully close to what the buyer paid for the whole paper.

The suggestion as to a separate issue of the supplement at a higher price also has the fatal quality of impracticability. To be a transaction not involving heavy loss the price would have to be so much higher that a sale approaching the circulation of THE TIMES would be out of the question, and nothing less could be undertaken by others than regular picture dealers. What they would ask can be easily ascertained by going to their shops and noting the prices put by them on similarly meritorious reproductions of famous pictures and the number they sell.

Yet They Meant All Right. Rarely has the large difference between assumption and knowledge been more clearly—or more embarrassingly—illustrated than in the case of those kindly and well-intentioned friends of KLOTZ, the bombmaker, when they drew up and sent to the newspapers the solemn statement of their belief in his innocence of the charges made against him by the police.

For sole basis of this confidence they had facts, indeed, but unfortunately, as they now realize, the facts are all quite irrelevant to the only questions at issue. The associate whom they knew as a faithful office worker, with a leisure-hour taste for marksmanship and a scientific interest in explosives as ammunition, found time and energy, it seems, for wholly different activities, and, though it is true that between police accusation and court conviction there yawns a considerable gulf the bridging of which not infrequently proves impossible, the detectives are following a clear trail in this instance, and they have gathered evidence of manifestly good quality on both sides of it.

Already no doubt remains that KLOTZ made in his elaborately guarded chamber weapons for which there is no legitimate use, and that the industrious draftsman by day was by night a student of much more than ballistics. In short, he is of a not unfamiliar type and led two lives of startling contrast.

His incautious friends, warm of heart but rather soft of head, have most unnecessarily exposed themselves to the jests of the unfeeling and the sympathy of the charitable. Another time, before they seize opportunities for using the fine word "divagation," they will first ascertain its temperature.

For the Provident Loan Society.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you, or some of your readers, inform me through the columns of THE TIMES where it would be possible to arrange a loan on a salary, this loan to be paid off monthly? I do not want to get in the toils of the loan sharks and yet urgently need such an accommodation. There must be many others in the city to whom such information would be of value. Will you kindly publish this for suggestions?

New York, March 25, 1913. E. C. P.

Cats and Clover.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The only insect that will fertilize the red clover is the humble bee. Now, mice just love humble bees' nests, and cats love mice. No cats, no humble bees, no clover. Yet the red clover enriches the milk for our babies, so no cats, no humble bees, no healthy babies. "He doeth all things well." The great law of nature requires cats.

F. R. TOWNSEND.

New York, March 25, 1913.

STANDARD OIL CONTROL.

A Correction of Misstatements in Regard to the Present Situation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of March 22 appeared an article, "Thousands of Uses for Petroleum Oil," quoted largely from an interesting paper by Russell Hastings Milward in The Pan-American Bulletin of November, 1910. Mr. Milward wrote with some care as to the facts, and nearly two years before the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company. It would not seem, therefore, that he is responsible for the following:

> While the Standard Oil has been dissolved, it is still the principal stockholder in the segregated companies. The control of the oil-fields and of the oil by one refining company is peculiar, inasmuch as the fields and the wells in them are owned by a multitude of men and independent corporations. The Standard is, however, the carrier. It owns the pipe lines that tap every well and drain the product as fast as it is produced. In this it virtually has no competition, and it is, therefore, practically the one buyer of crude oil at the well and can fix the price at whatever it pleases, within reason or without it.
>
> This condition also allows it, no matter how the corporation may be split up, to fix the price at which independent refineries must sell their oil. The independents, with a few noticeable exceptions that do not make much difference in the result, have to get their crude oil from the Standard Oil lines.

May I point out the wholly erroneous character of the above? The Standard Oil Company is not "the principal stockholder in the segregated companies." The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey (the company presumably referred to) does not own a single share in any of the segregated companies. When it states that "the control of the oil fields and of the oil by one refining company is peculiar," it states something that is not only peculiar, but untrue. The pipe lines are owned by independent companies; many of them never were owned by the Standard Oil Company, and it is not "the carrier." It is not "the one buyer of crude oil at the wells." There is no central authority to say at what rate any company must sell its oil—and so on and so on.

At a time when the entire pipe-line question is before the courts, and with so many sources of correct information within reach, it is surely justifiable to believe that if THE TIMES falls into error it will be willing to print a correction of the slips of its writer.

C. T. WHITE, Secretary,
Standard Oil Company, 26 Broadway.
New York, March 26, 1913.

VICE-MAD RESPECTABILITY.

Is It Not Time to Sober Up and Think of Other Things?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has respectability gone vice mad, think you? The spectacle of the virtuous housewife out with her student lamp trying to study the Social Evil, and the ditto househusband jotting down the addresses of street walkers so that he can confer with them regarding the best way to injure their trade or vocation, is getting on some of our nerves.

We would like to see something in the papers and magazines besides confessions (for revenue only) and statistics regarding the growth of crime in our (at intervals) most moral of cities. The fictionists have the police blotters beaten a mile, and the committees are as prevalent as tuberculosis and almost as much in need of an anti-toxin. All we need at present is a well-advertised "Madam" as the Adventuress on our stage and a few genuine "White Slaves" in vaudeville to complete the human interest.

To those of us who have seen women on the streets all our lives, and who always expect to see them as long as human nature continues to be human nature, and to those of us who have seen the same type of woman by no means confined to said streets, but both radiating and irradiating each and every social stratum, the present offer to tag her, snag her, or bag her savors a bit of fanaticism.

Why not give her a rest for a time and beguile the mob into other lines of public service? Something like a revision of the old marriage laws, segregation of loveless husbands and wives, compulsory protection of the young by their parents until their twenty-first year, the erection of a few free, decent, and interesting places of recreation for the young, compilation of text books for the edification of fool voters, and a thousand other things might work a revolution. Another decade or so and they might return to the present craze—to find, perhaps, that there was no work for them in the ranks of vice. The street woman and her close seconds in other fields might all have been obliterated while the committees wrestled with humane proposals and questions of common intelligence.

LURANA SHELDON.

New York, March 25, 1913.

PAWNSHOPS AND LOOT.

Victim of Thieves Thinks Pawned Articles Should Be Better Described.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You are to be congratulated for your hearty support and able defense of the Carswell bill in your editorial article replying to Mr. McGuire's letter. Despite his statement to the contrary, from a recent personal investigation I know that thieves do dispose of their loot in the pawnshops in this city.

Reporting your case to Police Headquarters, you are referred to a local precinct, and receive a call from a detective, who gets the facts, assures you he will do the best he can, but informs you the chances of recovery are small, as the special marks on your goods have undoubtedly been destroyed, and the meagre records kept by the pawnbrokers make it practically impossible to identify your property. A written request to Commissioner Waldo to know what efforts have been made by the police to recover your property brings forth no definite information, so you are left a victim of police indifference and possibly collusion between the thieves and pawnbrokers.

With the adoption of the Carswell bill, modeled after the Boston law, as outlined in your editorial article, the victims of the thieves in this city will have a reasonable chance to recover their property, and the police will be compelled to do their duty by arresting the thieves. Every citizen who has the welfare of this city at heart should write Senator Carswell in support of his bill.

A RECENT VICTIM.

New York, March 26, 1913.

President Miller's Market Plan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In advocating an industrial railway and a market site, it seems to the gentle observer that Borough President Miller of the Bronx is plainly trying to palm off a neat little trick upon the people of Harlem and the Bronx, whose welfare he is very much concerned about. His proposition of locating a market on the north shore of the Harlem River is simply absurd, inasmuch as any one knows that the Harlem River is anything but a desirable highway for commercial purposes of any kind. And again, what good is a proposed up-to-date market without ready water front, regardless of the tide? Mr. Miller further promises us connections with five railroads. Is he really in earnest or is he simply playing upon the partial ignorance and credulity of the populace in general? He should be aware of the fact, as any intelligent person instantly realizes, that he is just helping the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad to a freight station in the shape of a proposed market, and giving, at the same time, the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company a convenient outlet to the east in the shape of a perpetual franchise. This highly self-advocated benevolence on the part of Borough President Miller should be subjected to a little more scrutiny, for it appears to savor altogether of too much one-sidedness, to say the least, at this inopportune moment, while I sincerely hope that the public will not be duped once more by a mere subtle trick quietly but deftly pulled off.

WILLIAM LANE.

New York, Jan. 25, 1913.

NEW METHOD FOR TEACHERS.

Board of Education Overrides Supt. Maxwell's on Examinations.

After listening to a debate between City Superintendent Maxwell and Commissioner Abraham Stern in which each accused the other of misstatements, the Board of Education at its meeting yesterday adopted the report of its special committee, appointed some time ago to investigate the methods of the Board of Examiners. The committee, of which Mr. Stern is Chairman, recommended that the work of approving teachers in the high schools for increases of salaries as provided in the equal pay law, be taken from the Board of Examiners and given to a commission to consist of one associate City Superintendent, two district Superintendents, one high school Principal, and a member of the Board of Examiners. The report criticised the methods of the Board of Examiners and advocated the abolition of the indefinite phrase, "superior merit," as used in relation to the fitness and merit of high school teachers.

The report came before the Board of Education at its last previous meeting, when Dr. Maxwell read a long defense of the Board of Examiners, of which he is the Chairman. Action on the report was then postponed until yesterday to permit of the printing of Dr. Maxwell's argument and the special committee's rejoinder. When Commissioner Stern moved the adoption of the report yesterday Dr. Maxwell attacked it.

He said that some of the items in the definition of "superior merit" as set forth in the Board of Examiners' standard were obtained from Principals' replies to a circular letter sent out by that board. He accused the committee of inconsistency in its attitude toward official ratings. He insisted that oral examination of those who expressed opinions and made records was the only way to arrive at the truth or validity of the statements put forward. When an adverse decision was given the teacher had the right of appeal and a hearing before the commission. Commissioner Stern's comparison of the position of this teacher with a person accused of a misdemeanor or felony in court, Dr. Maxwell said, was lacking in all semblance of reality.

Mr. Stern in reply accused Dr. Maxwell of giving his own opinions and drawing his own conclusions without answering the committee's statements. He said that the teachers as a whole, instead of being mercenary, were conscientious. He said it was the injurious practice of the Board of Education to have first assistants do its work of examining teachers. He instanced one case where after such an examination of a teacher the first assistant reported favorably on his case. The first assistant was then asked: "Would you have this teacher in your own school?" and replied: "I would not." He was then asked: "Why," and answered: "I do not like the place of his birth."

The board adopted a resolution of the Committee on Finance asking for the issue of special revenue bonds for $351,000 additional to carry on the work of the special branches in elementary schools. Unless this sum is granted, the committee said, the special branches will have to be closed and the teachers dismissed after eight months of the school term.

CHILD PRODIGIES.

Tests by Magicians Would Not Satisfy All Skeptics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to Beulah Miller and similar cases one cannot help wondering what sort of evidence would convince some people. I am not quite familiar with the case, but from the little I have read it would seem that Beulah is nothing but a simple child, and it hardly seems likely that she would be able continuously to deceive people so much older than herself. Sleight-of-hand performers do a great many puzzling tricks, it is true, but then they generally have their specially arranged stage apparatus and they do not usually allow too much investigation in certain directions.

I do not see that any good would result from such a test. The experts would probably want to tie Beulah's arms and limbs and sew her up in a bag, and then when she failed under such conditions (as she certainly would) they would flatter themselves that they had exposed the whole business. If on the other hand they gave her a fair chance and she convinced them, and they were honest enough to admit it and to give their united certificate to that effect, would it convince anybody else? The experience of the past shows that it would not. The experts would simply lose caste in the estimation of their friends. They would be laughed at for having allowed a little child to impose upon them, and then would be thrust out of court. So if they value the good opinion of their associates they had better let Beulah alone.

I am afraid there is no cure for the "last ditchers" except to let them die out. The coming generation will think differently. The evolutionary theory was opposed by almost all of the old-school scientists, Agassiz, if I am not mistaken, opposing it to the last, but the younger generation thought differently, and who opposes it now? Strange that people will not see that if they think or say a thing is impossible, simply because it is opposed to current theories of physics, they are quietly assuming that they know everything that is possible.

ALGOL.

Philadelphia, Penn., March 25, 1913.

THE LIPTON CHALLENGE.

Decision of New York Yacht Club Meets with Criticism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The action of the New York Yacht Club in the matter of Sir Thomas's challenge brings to mind a little saying of a late lamented friend: "Fight or no fight, come out from under the bed." It begins to look as if the New York Yacht Club will have to be dragged out.

J. K. B.

New York, March 26, 1913.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to the New York Yacht Club, while the challenger has the right to specify that he will race with a yacht of a size less than the ninety-foot limit, the club has decided that the defender may be built any size up to the ninety-foot limit. It follows as a matter of course that if the challenger decides upon a yacht of any size under the limit, the defender will be built as much larger as may be deemed necessary to hold the cup. As no time allowance is permitted, it reduces the challenger to the necessity of building a ninety-foot boat or none at all. It seems perfectly obvious, therefore, that such construction should not be put upon the deed of gift, as the very fact that different sizes were permitted shows that the intention was not to limit the contest to yachts of one size.

I cannot but feel, therefore, that Sir Thomas Lipton is right in his contention that the challenger should be allowed the privilege of deciding the size of boat in the contest, as otherwise, as I have before mentioned, the contest reduces itself to a competition between two boats of the ninety-foot limit.

INDEPENDENT.

New York, March 25, 1913.

Bessie Van Vorst's Book.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES published on March 13 a cable dispatch concerning the translation from the French of a book entitled "The Pursuit of Happiness in the United States," (published by Hachette, Paris.) In this dispatch the authorship of the book was attributed to Miss Marie Van Vorst, who is not the author. Mrs. John Van Vorst, who signs her name B. (or Bessie) Van Vorst, is the author of the book.

Miss Marie Van Vorst has cabled asking me to request you kindly to cause a suitable correction to be published in THE TIMES.

VICTOR MORAWETZ.

New York, March 26, 1913.

WIDOWED MOTHERS.

Mr. Hebberd Asks State Relief of Their Destitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of THE TIMES's references to the Levy bill, intended to provide home assistance for needy widows with young children dependent upon them in the City of New York, may I say that its provisions are based upon the almost universally accepted theory that it is the duty of Government to make provision for the aid of the dependent poor? This duty is expressly recognized in the Constitution of this State. That this aid should be given in the manner that is most humane and at the same time seeks to conserve the best interest of the State naturally follows.

In every city, town, and hamlet in the State of New York, except in the City of New York, relief in the homes of the poor is given from public funds by the local poor law officers. The same custom prevails almost universally throughout the United States and in Europe. Even in Germany, with its system of compulsory insurance, such relief is largely given from the public funds. Obviously the purpose of this form of aid is to keep desirable family homes together in the best interests of the State. As a rule broken homes mean broken lives and family homes rearing good and useful lives for the service of the State are among its chief cornerstones.

It was unanimously agreed at the White House Conference on Dependent Children called by President Roosevelt in January, 1909, that "except in unusual circumstances, the home should not be broken up for reasons of poverty, but only for considerations of inefficiency or immorality."

In New York City relief in the homes of the poor was given for many years out of the public treasury. It was discontinued at the instance of the representatives of the private charities of the city on the ground that the administration of the relief was bad and that the assistance not only failed to reach the right families, but to the contrary helped to encourage pauperism. All of which was, doubtless, perfectly true. The representatives of the private societies promised to make provision to take the place of the public relief and to a considerable extent have done so. This must be frankly admitted by the supporters of the Levy bill.

The fundamental error, in my opinion, lay in the abolition of public outdoor relief. Instead of discontinuing what was so clearly a function of government the representatives of the private charities should have sought to bring about a reform in the methods of administration. The public institutions of charity were also badly managed at the same time, but the reformers did not seek to take over this work. They helped to bring about the improvements that were necessary, so that such institutions are now generally well managed.

The representatives of the private relief societies succeeded in abolishing public relief in the homes of the poor in New York City, but while doing a large amount of excellent work for which they are entitled to great credit, even the best of them have never been able to meet the needs of the situation in New York City in anything approaching an adequate manner. This fact has borne hardest upon the members of the class which above all others in the community should be aided to keep their homes together, where such homes are good and desirable ones for the bringing up of the young. The struggling widow with her young children dependent upon her for maintenance is in a distinct class in the community in so far as the giving of relief is concerned. This we know not only by the logic of the situation but by Scriptural injunction as well. St. James bids us "to visit the widow and the fatherless in their affliction," and adds "if a brother or sister be naked and destitute of daily food, and one of you say unto them, Depart in peace, be ye warmed and filled; notwithstanding ye give them not those things which are needful to the body; what doth it profit?"

Now we know by their own statements, as well as by our own knowledge of the inadequacy of their resources for relief and the inequality of their distribution, that the private relief organizations in New York City do not and cannot deal adequately with the cases of dependent widows with young children in the City of New York. We know that these widows are obliged to overwork, that many of them must inevitably break down under the harsh conditions imposed upon them, that they are compelled to place their children in institutions, and that many boys and girls find their way into institutions for the delinquent because their widowed mothers have been unable to give them that watchful care and oversight which the young require, particularly in a great city like New York, to keep their feet from stumbling.

Moved by a knowledge of these facts, those of us who favor the passage of the Levy bill are urging a change in the methods of relief for the widow, and it is for the widow of good character and habits and her young children alone that this bill is meant to provide protection under conditions of administration that should prevent the recurrence of the old abuses of public relief which the private relief societies complained of years ago.

ROBERT W. HEBBERD,
Secretary State Board of Charities.
New York, March 25, 1913.

Motion Picture Dramatists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Frequently within the last two or three years literary friends of mine, including book and play writers, have confessed to me more or less good-naturedly their poor luck in selling a photoplay to any of the purchasers of such material. I knew they were capable writers, successful writers in their own field, and I wondered a little that they had not landed, knowing the prices such material is commanding. Curiously enough, during the past week I have seen two of my moving picture melodramas shown on Broadway, [illegible] I also know, and am willing to make affidavit to it, that [illegible] photoplay [illegible] else, unless it is a check, which I understand [illegible]

Nobody [illegible] moving picture melodrama [illegible] photoplay manager [illegible] a 5-and-10-cent [illegible] which of them [illegible] to be sorriest for.

New York, March 25, 1913. L. J. W.

THEIR LATEST CONVERT.

An earthy scent, a brightening sky,
The bluebird's call, the south wind's sigh—
Such tokens once proclaimed the Spring,
Like courtly dames of bygone days,
With softest steps, with gentlest ways,
She came, her lips [illegible] to sing.

This year with slam and bang and crash
Of things just made to smash,
She came, [illegible]
No longer "gentle," "coy," nor "sweet,"
Nor "stealing on with quiet feet,"
But noisy, rude, and full of [illegible]

Our spirits grieve, our hearts are sore,
For days [illegible]
When she [illegible]
Was "Lady Spring," [illegible]
But now—(how sad and strange to tell!)—
She is a [illegible] suffragette!

MAUD GOING.

DR. BRISTOW DIES OF BLOOD POISONING

Surgeon Pricked His Finger While Operating, and the Infection Which Resulted Killed Him.

NEWEST REMEDY FAILED

Noted Surgeon's Run-Down Condition Held Responsible for Ease with Which He Succumbed to Disease.

Dr. Algernon Thomas Bristow, a noted surgeon, who suffered blood poisoning on March 14, as the result of pricking his finger while operating, died last evening at 5 o'clock at his home, 234 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. For the last two days Dr. Bristow had been unconscious, and his physicians gave up hope of saving his life yesterday. At his bedside when he died were his wife, Mrs. Emeline Bristow; their two daughters, the Misses Helen and Alice Bristow, and Dr. J. M. Van Cott, a friend of the surgeon and one of three prominent physicians of Brooklyn who had attended the surgeon since his illness began.

Dr. Bristow was infected while operating on a patient at the Long Island College Hospital, at Pacific and Henry Streets, where he was a visiting surgeon. The patient, a woman, was supposed to be suffering from appendicitis. She died after the operation. Dr. Bristow was called in to perform the operation on March 12. In the course of it he punctured the tip of one of the fingers on the left hand with a sharp instrument he was using. He felt the sting of the knife point, and immediately washed his finger with an antiseptic solution. He examined his finger closely, but could not discover the slightest trace of the wound. He then forgot all about it until two days later, when he felt a slight pain in the left hand.

Realizing that blood poisoning had set in he called in Dr. William B. Brinsmade of 117 Montague Street, Dr. H. Beeckman Delatour of 73 Eighth Avenue, and Dr. J. M. Van Cott of 188 Henry Street, all of Brooklyn and consulted them. Every means known to science was resorted to in an effort to prevent the spread of the disease. Dr. Van Cott's bacterial vaccine for blood poisoning, which has been used in many instances where surgeons have been infected while performing operations, was used on the stricken physician.

For several days the poison was confined to the hand, but later it spread to the arm. Until then the physicians were not alarmed. They succeeded in preventing the disease from spreading further until the early part of this week, when it was discovered that the blood in the rest of his body was infected. It then became apparent that the physician's run-down condition, brought on by overwork, had made it impossible for his system to cope with the malady.

Dr. Bristow was born in Richmond, England, on Nov. 29, 1851. He came to this country with his parents when he was 4 years old. He was educated in the public schools, and later was graduated from the Polytechnic Institute. He was graduated from Yale in the class of 1873, and three years later from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York. He then began to practice in Brooklyn, where he continued in his profession until he died.

Dr. Bristow was at one time editor of the New York State Medical Society's publication. He contributed articles on surgery to medical journals. He was Vice President of the New York Academy of Medicine, President of the Medical Society of New York, and a member of the New York Academy of Medicine and the American Academy of Medicine. He was a professor in the Long Island College Hospital, a visiting surgeon there and at the Kings County Hospital and St. John's Hospital, and consulting surgeon for the Long Island State Hospital, the Swedish Hospital, and the Bushwick Hospital. He was also a member of the Hamilton and University Clubs of Brooklyn.

He leaves a widow and two daughters. No definite arrangements for the funeral had been made last night.

COMING BACK FROM AIKEN.

Several Winter Visitors Have Started for New York.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 26.—Joseph Harriman and W. Earl Dodge, who left here ten days ago on a private car with Roy A. Rainey, are now in Newport. Mr. Harriman will return to Elm Court next week for the remainder of the season.

Lawrence Waterbury left the Whitney estate this afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Watson, Jr., and Seymour Johnson. They went on the private car Sunset, which was attached to the Palmetto Limited, arriving in New York to-morrow afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Delafield also left on the Palmetto Limited and are returning to New York after a six weeks' honeymoon.

Alexander Perry Osborn closed his season here this afternoon and left for New York.

Mrs. W. Duncan McKim will be joined at Pebble Lodge to-morrow by Miss Looran of Boston, who will remain a week.

Every one in the Winter colony attended a club tea this afternoon at the Palmetto Golf Club.

SAILING FOR EUROPE.

Passengers on France and Kaiserin Auguste Victoria—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

FRANCE (Havre)—Henry Adams, Miss E. O. Adams, Countess Benoist d'Azy, Mrs. C. H. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bishop, G. Grey Barnard, W. C. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jay Gould, Misses Hetty, Mabel, and Matilda Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Kellogg, Mrs. W. Stanmiller, Mrs. W. Post, Mr. and Mrs. Byron L. Smith, Barclay J. Warburton.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—E. O. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Brigham, B. H. Burton, Miss Florence H. Butler, Mrs. A. C. Dodge, Miss Dodge, W. M. Edwards, Mrs. M. S. Freeman, S. Hambly, F. T. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Newburger, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. N. Penni, Edward Sheldon, H. A. Taylor, Miss H. H. Taylor, Count and Countess Van Valkenstein.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Capt. H. C. Akroyd, Mr. and Mrs. L. Armstrong, Marquis L. d'Aurenceon, Mrs. H. W. Butler, John Butler, C. L. Currier, Capt. P. D. Daly, Mrs. Marcus Daly, H. Durand, Judge C. F. Fishback, Mrs. Fishback, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Grayson, Mrs. A. B. Hilton, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Porter, Miss Lucy M. Talmadge, W. J. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. F. Latimer Wells, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Bell.

ADRIATIC (Naples)—A. Bachellor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Black, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Butler, Mrs. G. L. Chadbourne, Lincoln Ellsworth, Lady Florence Fy, Mrs. J. B. Gibson, W. B. Goodwin, Lewis Latimer, Miss E. A. Miller, Mrs. W. G. Oakman, Mrs. F. Stanhope Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thompson, and Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Morgan.

NIEUW AMSTERDAM (Rotterdam)—Mrs. H. O. Underwood, Miss M. Underwood, G. B. Watson, Miss P. P. Wells, Miss J. R. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. F. Wolf, J. P. Henderson, Miss F. N. Cushing, C. W. Hazen, John Jackson, C. G. Blake.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—Miss F. Ewing, G. Galbraith, H. Williams, J. Vaughan, A. Trimble, A. Simpson, J. Stewart.

Mrs. F. C. Penfield's Tea.

Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield gave a small and informal tea yesterday at her city home, 787 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. John Stearns and Mrs. William P. Hamilton were at the tea table. Mme. Elena Gerhardt and Paul Riemers sang.

Among the fifty or sixty guests invited were Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, Dr. and Mrs. Humphreys, Mrs. Kernochan, Mrs. Samuel Thorne, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, Mrs. William Jay, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander and the Misses Alexander, Miss Harrison of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. James R. McKee, Miss McKee, John D. Crimmins, Mrs. Frederick R. Childs, Miss de Barrill, Miss Coffin, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gary, Mrs. E. M. House of Texas, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Miss Annie Leary, Commodore E. C. Benedict, Moncure Robinson, and Henry Sands.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Stuart Duncan gave a small dance last night at her town residence, 3 East Seventy-fifth Street, for her nephews, C. Gouverneur and Stoddard Hoffman. The guests were mostly very young people. Supper was served at midnight.

Mrs. J. Mayhew Wainwright of 36 West Forty-ninth Street, gave a tea yesterday afternoon for Miss McKim of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Rossiter of Glen Cove, L. I., are at the Hotel Vanderbilt for a few days' visit.

The wedding of Miss Celestine Eustis Hitchcock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock of Westbury, L. I., and Julian L. Peabody, son of Charles L. Peabody of New York, will be celebrated to-day at the Winter home of the bride's parents, Mon Repos Villa, at Aiken, S. C. Only the immediate relatives and a few intimate friends have been invited to the ceremony. Mr. Peabody and his bride will sail for Europe shortly to spend part of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Harry Sabin and Miss Ruth Sabin, who have been spending the Winter in Italy, returned yesterday, and are at the Hotel Gotham for a visit before going to their country place at Williamstown, Mass.

Mrs. James Timpson of 36 West Fifty-fourth Street gave yesterday one of a series of small luncheons followed by bridge. She will give another on April 3.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle will dance for the benefit of the Virginia Day Nursery at a flower market and dance to be held at Sherry's this afternoon and evening. Mrs. Richard Irvin is President of the Board of Managers of the nursery, Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn and Mrs. R. E. Schirmer are First and Second Vice Presidents, Mrs. Winthrop Burr, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Jr., Mrs. Charles Steele, and Mrs. H. G. Trevor are among the managers.

The Shut-In Society will give a benefit bazaar and tea at the Plaza this afternoon.

The New York branch of the Bryn Mawr Alumnae Association will hold a tea to-morrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. L. Emmett Holt, 14 West Fifty-fifth Street, and will hold a sale of hats and flowers. Mrs. Arthur Scribner, Mrs. Frederick S. Pease, and Mrs. Charles Knoblauch are among those who will have charge of tables.

For the benefit of the Educational Fund of the Central Young Women's Christian Association, Miss Janet E. Richards will give a talk on Current History in the ballroom of the Hotel McAlpin to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

MRS. WILSON IN CIVIC WORK.

Attends Meeting for Mountain Whites —Flower Ball Held.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Mrs. Wilson, who inaugurated her Washington work for civic betterment by attending the Woman's Section of the National Civic Federation less than a week ago, took part this afternoon in the annual meeting of the Southern Industrial Educational Association which was held in the ballroom of the Shoreham Hotel. The meeting was to show the progress made in the education of the poor whites of the mountain districts. Thomas Nelson Page and Archdeacon Spurr were the speakers.

The Swiss Minister and Mme. Ritter entertained one of the largest dinner companies of the evening, when their guests were invited to meet the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Franklin K. Lane. Mme. Christian Hauge also entertained a large company at dinner, her guests being chiefly young people who later took part in the floral ball in aid of the Washington Diet Kitchen.

The Vice President and Mrs. Marshall have returned to their apartment at the Shoreham after a short visit to Massachusetts.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Bradley again loaned their "Great Hall," as they like their private theatre to be called, for a local charity this evening, when some 400 members of Washington's smart society attended a flower ball in aid of the Washington Diet Kitchen.

The performance began at 10:30 with a minuet, danced on the stage by a company of well-known belles and beaux in costume. This was followed by special dances participated in by the younger portions of smart society, under the direction of a professional director. Miss Frances Hoar, Miss Elizabeth Noyes, Miss Ruth Hitchcock, Miss Rebecca Wilmer, Miss Emily Beatty, Miss Eleanor Reyburn, Miss Roberta A. Mies, Miss Margaret Perin, Miss Alice Meyer, were among the "flowers" participating.

Following the spectacle on the stage, supper was served, after which general dancing was indulged in, the theatre becoming the ballroom simply by removing the chairs. The audience, which remained to dance, included the Misses Wilson, daughters of the President.

Mrs. William Corcoran Hill entertained at a large tea this afternoon at her home on H Street. The occasion was in honor of Mrs. Blodgett, a late arrival in Washington. Mrs. Stephen O. Richie, Mrs. Lloyd W. Bowers, and Mrs. Thomas W. Symons assisted in dispensing the hospitality of the afternoon.

Miss Sally Williams, daughter of the Senator from Mississippi, and Miss Lucy Hoke Smith, daughter of the Senator from Georgia, were guests in whose honor Mrs. William F. Dennis entertained at a large luncheon to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis have purchased and will shortly take possession of the residence on Massachusetts Avenue and Twenty-second Street, for many years the home of the late Commander Frederick Miller, U. S. N.

Mrs. Henry Dimock of New York, who is occupying the I Street residence of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Slater, which she has leased for the season, will build a permanent Winter home in Washington. Mrs. Dimock has just concluded the purchase of a site on New Hampshire Avenue, north of Dupont Circle. Her immediate neighbors will include Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Col. and Mrs. Charles L. McCawley, Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Blair, and Mrs. U. S. Grant.

The American Ambassador to Japan, Larz Anderson, and Mrs. Anderson, who are now en route from Tokio, will pass the Spring season at their home on Massachusetts Avenue.

Mrs. Joseph E. Thropp, wife of former Representative Thropp of Pennsylvania, is passing some time at the Grafton where she entertained at luncheon to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Thropp will not open their Washington home until next Autumn.

Miss Edna Tyler, daughter of the late Col. Augustus T. Tyler of New London, Conn., is visiting Miss Natalie Sumner Lincoln at the latter's home on Nineteenth Street.

For Skin and Cancer Hospital.

An entertainment will be held in the lecture hall of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, 301 East Nineteenth Street, on next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, for the benefit of the hospital, under the auspices of the Woman's Guild. Tickets are $1 and may be obtained at the door on the night of the entertainment.

Mrs. Grant's Gift to Soldiers.

Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, widow of Gen. Grant, who is visiting in Washington, D. C., has just presented a group of paintings of sacred subjects to the Chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion, on Governors Island, in memory of her husband.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Winthrop Ames will produce next season Arnold Bennett's "The Great Adventure," which was first given in London last Tuesday. The announcement of the $10,000 prize contest for the play, with which his new theatre is to be opened next Fall, has attracted inquiries from all over the country.

H. B. Warner signed contracts yesterday with Maurice Campbell whereby he will continue as the star of "The Ghost Breaker" next season.

The proceeds from William Morris's Wonderland and New York Theatre on the afternoon of Tuesday, April 1, will be devoted to the relief work in the Ohio flood district.

Blanche Bates begins a five-year contract with Charles Frohman at the Collingwood Opera House, Poughkeepsie, to-night, appearing in "The Witness for the Defense." Next September she is to have a new play.

Lawrence Grant will give an extra lecture to-morrow night at the Berkeley Theatre on Glacier Park.

A legislative night is being arranged for to-morrow night at the Astor Theatre, when it is expected that the Speaker of the Assembly and a number of Assemblymen will attend the performance of "A Man's Friends."

Antonio Scotti attended last night's performance of "Romance" at Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

Mathilde Cottrelly will appear in the revival of "The Beggar Student" at the Casino on April 16 for one performance, her own matinee in "The Five Frankforters" being shifted to the following day to allow of it. She was a member of the original cast of the piece when it was produced at the Casino many years ago by the McCall Opera Company.

It is announced that the curtain will rise on the opening of "The Geisha" to-night at Weber & Fields's Forty-fourth Street Theatre at 8:10, and that those not seated at that time will have to wait for the end of the first act.

CITY CLUB PROMISES MUNICIPAL OPERA

Spokesman Sure That Spring and Fall Seasons of Eight Weeks Each Will Be Given.

TO ASK CITY FOR SUBSIDY

May Begin in September, or at Least in April, 1914—Otto H. Kahn at Meeting.

Plans for new opera companies seem to be in the air, as is usual in the Springtime. Following Oscar Hammerstein's announcement that he would build a house in which to give opera in English came the announcement of the City Club of a plan to give municipal opera, curiously enough not in English, but in the languages in which the operas were written.

The club, it seems, has had the matter under discussion since an opera luncheon which it gave last Spring. A committee has investigated the budgets of foreign municipal theatres, and it has also conferred with New York theatrical managers. Yesterday afternoon there was a meeting at the club at which the discussion was renewed. Otto H. Kahn attended this meeting, but he hastened to reassure reporters that he attended as a member of the City Club and not as a Director of the Metropolitan Opera House.

The plan, according to Edward Kellogg Baird, is to give opera for eight weeks in the Fall and eight weeks in the Spring at the Century Theatre without any assistance from the Metropolitan Opera Company. The singers are to be "discovered" for the occasion. The city is to be asked to furnish some sort of a subsidy, and the prices for seats are not to exceed $2.

"The plan is sure to be put into operation," said Mr. Baird. "We may not be able to get it started in time for the eight-week season in September and October, but we hope even to accomplish this. At any rate, there will be an eight-week season, beginning in April, following the regular opera year at the Metropolitan."

It is proposed to raise a fund of $450,000, covering a period of three years. Subscriptions will be payable in installments during that time.

A budget has been prepared by the committee and vised by the management of the Metropolitan Opera Company and other experts, from which it appears that the sum of $52,761 will be required the first year for the purchase of scenery, costumes, &c.

It is estimated that the cost of producing opera will be $14,500 a week, or $232,000 for two seasons of eight weeks each. The receipts (estimated on a basis of two-thirds the seating capacity of the house) will be $199,547, leaving a deficit in the operating expense of $32,453. It is expected that this deficit will diminish from year to year and in the fourth year be entirely wiped out by the receipts.

MR. SCHELLING'S RECITAL.

Spanish Pieces by a Spanish Composer, Granados, Heard for First Time

Mr. Ernest Schelling at his third pianoforte recital yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall brought forward some interesting Spanish compositions that were not only quite new to this public, but represented a style that was also new. They were three pieces called "Goyescas," by E. Granados. Mr. Granados is a Spanish composer and pianist now living in Barcelona, and he has undertaken to embody in artistic form melodies, rhythms, and color of the music of his native country. Composers of other nationalities, Frenchmen, Germans, Italians, Norwegians, Hungarians, Poles, and Russians, have long found pleasure in utilizing these materials, either in transcriptions or in original compositions based on what they have been able to assimilate of them. Sarasate did for Spanish music something of what so many other modern composers have done in working with the folk tunes and dances of their own countries. But it would not be easy to think of many other Spanish composers who have done it, or of many other modern Spanish composers at all. Isaac Albeniz is one, and a piece of his came later on Mr. Schelling's programme.

It is true, however, that Mr. Albeniz saw Spain through the veil of the modern Frenchmen. Mr. Granados is sumbitted to no such foreign influence. The Spain that is embodied in his music is authentic. And yet, possessing as it does an intensely national color, what he has written is a personal, individual expression. Nor does he fall into the easy commonplaces to which the Spanish tunes and rhythms are often a temptation. There is something deeper, more profoundly felt. The music is far from superficial. Mr. Granados's title, "Goyescas," may be taken to mean something evoked by pictures of Goya, the Spanish painter, or in the style of his pictures. The sub-titles suggest some such significance: "Los Requiebros," "Coloquios en la reja," "El Fandango de Candil." They all are of elaborate structure and development; of specially moving power is the richness of Granados's harmony and the elaboration of his harmonic scheme.

Mr. Schelling played these pieces with splendid enthusiasm and devotion, and made them extremely telling. Their difficulties from a technical point are great. He also played Liszt's transcription of Bach's A minor organ prelude and fugue; Beethoven's sonata Op. 31, No. 3, not much affected by pianists in public; a group of Chopin pieces, a nocturne by Paderewski, the "Triana" from Albeniz's "Iberia," a barcarolle by Rubinstein, and Liszt's tenth Hungarian Rhapsody.

INCORPORATE DRAMA SOCIETY

Well-Known Names on List of Directors—Its Aims.

Articles of incorporation of the Drama Society were signed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Davis. Among the Directors are many people well known in New York Society, including Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. George C. Haven, Jr., Mrs. E. R. Hewitt, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. Frederick B. Platt, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr., John Corbin, Walter P. Eaton, Archer M. Huntington, Thomas W. Lamont, and Robert P. Perkins.

The purposes of the society as outlined in the petition for incorporation are:

To take means toward raising the standard of dramatic art and the art of acting and stage management; when good plays are produced to promote their success by arranging that the members of the society attend them promptly; to promote the production of good plays and undertake their production for the stage; to hold lectures and conferences on the art of the drama and of the theatre in order to raise the standard of public taste; to hold courses in the study of the drama; to publish bulletins and other matter calculated to arouse interest in and patronage of dramatic art; when good plays leave New York and tour the country to exert the influence of the society in all possible ways to insure that they are widely appreciated and supported; to co-operate with clubs, leagues, or societies in other places the objects of which are similar to or compatible with those of The Drama Society.

The organization of the society was announced in THE TIMES on Jan. 31.

MUSIC NOTES.

The second concert of the season at the German Liederkranz, 111 East Fifty-eighth Street, will take place Sunday evening, April 6. Efrem Zimbalist, the Russian violinist, will play the Mendelssohn concerto, and several shorter numbers. The other soloists will be Elsa Kellner, soprano; Emil Zeh, tenor, and Carl Schlegel, baritone. Arthur Claassen will be the conductor, and Otto A. Graff the pianist. The Liederkranz chorus will sing.

Henriette Michelson, pianist, and Paul Dufault, tenor, will be the soloists at the fourth matinee musicale of the Lombard Choral Society of New York, to be held at Rumford Hall, 50 East Forty-first Street, Sunday afternoon, April 6. Benjamin Lambord is the conductor of the society. The programme on this occasion will be devoted entirely to French composers.

David and Clara Mannes will give their second violin and piano recital at the Riverdale Country School, Riverdale-on-Hudson, Saturday.

"The Magic Flute" will be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on the evening of April 1 for the benefit of the Legal Aid Society.

WEDDING OF MISS ROMEIKE.

Married to Harry E. Mowen at St. Stephen's Church.

The wedding of Miss Henriette E. Romeike, daughter of Mrs. Henry Romeike of 108 West Sixty-ninth Street, to Harry Eugene Mowen of this city took place at 8 o'clock last evening in St. Stephen's Church, the Rev. Nathan A. Seagle officiating.

The bride wore a trailing gown of white satin and chiffon trimmed with brocaded satin and a veil of rose point lace, which was caught up with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley, and her only ornament was a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom.

Miss Emma R. Paine of Ogden, Utah, acted as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Harriet C. Parker and Elizabeth R. Martin of New York, Marguerite H. Prentiss of New Brunswick, N. J., and Elisse Renaud of Stamford, Conn. The gowns of the attendants were shaded from the emerald green of the maid of honor to light green. They carried muffs of marguerites and smilax. Miss Dorothy Ferguson acted as flower girl. She wore a white frock and a green sash and carried a gold basket of white flowers.

Benedict Burkman was Mr. Mowen's best man. The ushers were Legrand Gould, Bernard Murray, George Leigh, and Kirk Johnson.

The church ceremony was followed by a large reception at the Hotel Gotham. Mr. and Mrs. Mowen will make an extended trip through the South, and upon their return will live in this city.

MISSES WENZEL MARRIED.

A Double Wedding Celebrated for Sisters at Bronxville.

A double wedding was celebrated at 8 o'clock last evening in the ballroom of the Hotel Gramatan, the brides being the daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Wenzel of Bronxville, N. Y. The Rev. H. H. Beatty of Mount Vernon, N. Y., officiated.

The marriage of Miss May Wenzel to Rudolph Seckel, an art dealer, took place first. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Walter Frese, and the Misses Eva Robinson, Eileen Thompson, Madeleine Kann, and Marie Clark. Max Schaaf acted as best man.

Immediately following this ceremony Miss Edith Wenzel became the bride of Edward L. Bradbury, a civil engineer of Mount Vernon, N. Y. Her attendants were Mrs. Charles Edgar Storey and the Misses Vivian Peck, Dorcas Greene, Florence Webel, and Georgette Lasner. William Bradbury was his brother's best man. The ushers were Walter Frese, Alfred Eggers, Charles Edgar Storey, and C. C. Close.

A large reception followed. Mr. and Mrs. Seckel will live in New York upon returning from their honeymoon, and Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury in Bronxville. Mr. Wenzel, the father of the sister brides, is the President of the Liederkranz Club of New York.

CHATARD-WHELEN WEDDING.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Whelen Married by Cardinal Gibbons

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—One of the most interesting of the Easter weddings in Baltimore society was that of Miss Alice Marie Whelen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Whelen, to Dr. Joseph Albert Chatard, son of the late Ferdinand Chatard and Mrs. Chatard, which took place to-day.

The ceremony was performed at 11 A. M. in St. Ignatius Church by Cardinal Gibbons. The bride had for her matron of honor her sister, Mrs. Philip Reese, and for her maid of honor another sister, Miss Edith Whelen. A little niece, Miss Catherine Whelen, acted as flower girl.

Dr. Chatard's best man was his brother, William Miles Chatard. The ushers were Thomas A. Whelen, Jr., Dr. Charles W. Larned, Dr. Thomas R. Brown, Dr. A. Duval Atkinson, Dr. John Fischer, and Vivian Leftwich. A breakfast followed at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Whelen, 1,300 North Calvert Streett.

COCHRANE-CUTTER WEDDING.

To be Celebrated at the Bride's Home on May 8.

Miss Anna Ladd Cutter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ladd Cutter of Brooklyn and Westhampton Beach, L. I., and Adam W. S. Cochrane are to be married Thursday, May 8. The ceremony will take place at the Cutter home, Clinton and Amity Streets, Brooklyn, at 4 o'clock, with only relatives and a few intimate friends present.

Miss Cutter is a member of the old New England family of that name, and is a direct descendant of Ammi Ruhamah Cutter, who was graduated from Harvard in 1725.

Mr. Cochrane lives at the Royalton, 44 West Forty-fourth Street, and belongs to the Union League, Racquet, New York Yacht, and New York Athletic Clubs.

London Violinist to Marry Here.

The wedding of Miss Ethel Pelgram of 701 Madison Avenue and Harold Percy Colson, the well-known violinist of London, England, will take place on Saturday at the home of the bride. Only the immediate relatives will witness the ceremony. The couple will sail for Europe early in April, and spend the Spring at Versailles, going later to London.

Miss Gilbert's Wedding Plans.

Miss Lilla B. Gilbert, whose marriage to Howard Price Renshaw will take place on April 15, will have no bridesmaids, but her two young sisters, the Misses Florence and Betty Gilbert, will be her maids of honor. There will be no ushers, and Mr. Renshaw has not decided on his best man. Relatives and a few intimate friends will be asked to the ceremony, at 4 o'clock, and a large reception will follow. The Rev. Kirkland Huske of Great Neck will officiate, and the bride's mother, Mrs. H. Bramhall Gilbert, will give her in marriage.

PHILLIPS—BRINSMADE.

The marriage of William Wirt Phillips of this city and Jessie Maxwell Brinsmade, a daughter of Frederick W. Jones, took place yesterday in the First Presbyterian Church at Newark, N. J., the Rev. Frederick W. Lewis officiating. Mr. Jones gave his daughter in marriage. The immediate family only was present. There were no attendants. Mr. Phillips is a Princeton graduate, class of '95, and a member of the University Club.

STRICKLAND—HOYT.

The marriage of Charles Hobart Strickland of Paris, France, and Sarah Olivia Hoyt of Minneapolis took place very quietly yesterday in the Church of the Incarnation, the Rev. Howard C. Robbins officiating.

Tea Dance for Stony Wold.

Arrangements for the dansant which is to be given by Auxiliary 17 of the Stony Wold Sanatorium on next Saturday afternoon at Sherry's have been completed. The tea tables will be arranged around the ballroom so that those not caring to dance may watch the others. Two orchestras will furnish the music for the general dancing. As special features several Japanese and Spanish dancers will appear in costume, and Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle are also to give fancy dances. A number of young men will act as ushers. Tickets may be obtained from Mrs. Benjamin Stern, 542 Fifth Avenue, or at the door.

Singers at Woman's Exchange Tea.

A series of Saturday afternoons, with music at tea from 4 to 6, will be given at the Woman's Exchange, 334 Madison Avenue, beginning this week, when Mrs. Cater-Karr and M. Gustave Borde will sing.

"Lohengrin" Repeated.

"Lohengrin" was repeated at the Metropolitan Opera House last night. This time Olive Fremstad was the Elsa, and the cast included Mrs. Homer and Messrs. Jörn, Braun, Goritz, and Hinshaw. Mr. Hertz conducted.

MRS. BASKERVILLE MARRIED.

Wedding of Operatic Coach to W. F. Douthirt Announced.

The friends of Mrs. Jessie Baskerville, who is well-known in the opera world, received word last night that she had married Wallenstein Failing Douthirt, a lawyer. The cards were sent out by Mrs. Schned, Mrs. Baskerville's aunt, and did not announce the date of the marriage. Mrs. Douthirt lived in the Metropolitan Opera House apartments, but it was announced there that she had gone away.

This is Mrs. Douthirt's third marriage. She was divorced some years ago from Thomas H. Baskerville, and has enjoyed considerable reputation as an operatic coach. She has given assistance to Lillian Nordica, Emma Calvé, and Lina Cavalieri.

"LOVE AND LIFE" RECLAIMED.

Watts's Painting, Barred by Cleveland, Hung in Wilson's Study.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—George Frederick Watts's painting, "Love and Life," which he sent to President Cleveland as "a gift to the American people," has been rehung in the White House. Mr. Cleveland did not like it and had it transferred to the Corcoran Art Gallery. It was returned to the White House in the Roosevelt Administration and sent back to the Corcoran Gallery during the term of President Taft.

Mrs. Wilson saw the painting when she was visiting the Corcoran Gallery. When she learned that it belonged to the White House she requested that it be returned there. The picture has been hung in the President's study, formerly the Cabinet room. There is another "Love and Life" by Watts in the Tate Gallery in London. It is exactly the same as the White House picture.

BLACK DIED INTESTATE.

Fortune, Which Goes to Widow and Son, Probably $1,500,000.

TROY, N. Y., March 26.—Some surprise was occasioned to-day by the appearance in the Surrogate's Court here of Arthur T. Black, son of the late ex-Gov. Frank S. Black, who made application for letters of administration upon his father's estate. The son said that he had made a search for his father's will, but had been unable to find one. He said that he could not give the exact value of the estate, an inventory not having been made. It is estimated by those who were in close touch with Mr. Black that his estate is worth from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000, all of which was accumulated by the practice of law after he became Governor.

The estate will be divided between Mrs. Black and her son, as provided by law.

LOUIS J. GRANT DEAD.

Police Lawyer Was Active in Recent Graft Cases.

Louis J. Grant, the police lawyer, of the firm of Grant & Rouss, 99 Nassau Street, died yesterday afternoon from erysipelas in his apartments at the Hotel Somerset, 150 West Forty-seventh Street. While in his office on March 18 Mr. Grant was seized with a chill. This was followed by an attack of the grippe, and last Saturday erysipelas developed. His wife and son, Wylie C. Grant, were at his bedside when he died.

Mr. Grant had lived at the Hotel Somerset for the greater part of the Winter, having recently sold his home at 328 Convent Avenue.

Mr. Grant was born in Banagher, King's County, Ireland, on March 9, 1854, and came to this country at the age of 12 with the late Judge Barrett, a relative. Mr. Grant studied law with Judge Barrett and entered the Columbia Law School, from which he was graduated in 1873. He devoted almost his entire practice to the defending of accused policemen. He was attorney for the defense in the cases of ex-Capts. Dougherty and Killelea, and more recently represented Patrolman Eugene Fox, who was indicted for accepting graft, and Patrolman John J. Skelly, who was accused by Mrs. Mary Goode, the disorderly resort keeper, of extorting protection money from her.

Joseph Liebmann Dead at 81.

Joseph Liebmann, for many years connected with the brewing industry in New York, died yesterday at his home, 40 East Seventy-second Street, at the age of 81 years. He was born at Würtemberg, Germany, and came to this country in 1854. His father and two brothers followed him a few months later, and the family started a brewery in Brooklyn. Mr. Liebmann was the first President of the Bushwick Savings Bank in Brooklyn. He was also a Director of the Kings County Trust Company, School Commissioner under Mayor Low, ex-President of the Brewers' Board of Trade, and at one time Treasurer of the United States Brewers' Association. Five years ago he retired from active business.

Jane Beaumont Stansbury.

Miss Jane Beaumont Stansbury died Tuesday evening at her home, 976 Whitlock Avenue, the Bronx, of pneumonia. She had been a teacher for twenty-four years in the Industrial Schools of the Children's Aid Society. In 1889 she was appointed to the Henrietta School, and eight years later received charge of the truant boys' class in the Avenue B School of the Children's Aid Society, and also of the Sixth Street Evening Vocational School in the building given to the society by Mrs. William D. Sloane.

Obituary Notes.

ALBERT STEVENS WESLEY, a civil war veteran and retired grocer, died Monday in his seventy-fifth year at his home, 155 Clymer Street, Williamsburg. He retired from business sixteen years ago.

Mrs. ELLA FRANCES SHATTUCK, wife of Dr. Laforest A. Shattuck, died Tuesday at her home, 115 West 104th Street. She was 66 years old.

Mrs. GILBERT H. BAKER, wife of Judge Baker of Penn Yan, died suddenly of heart trouble yesterday at Hotel Gerard, where they have been stopping while Judge Baker has been sitting in the County Court, Brooklyn.

HENRY C. ATWOOD, an expert accountant, died Monday at his home, 43 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 67 years.

ARCHIBALD GIVENS CHISHOLM, for thirty years an employe of Spencer Trask & Co., died Sunday at his home, 741 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Rev. JAMES BRAINARD GOODRICH, 73 years old, of Concord, N. H., died Saturday from apoplexy in Cairo, Egypt. One of his daughters is the wife of Louis F. Butler, Vice President of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

Sister TERESA VINCENT FERGUSON, a teacher in the Academy of St. Francis Xavier, Sixth Avenue and Carroll Street, Brooklyn, died Monday at the convent.

Mrs. ANNIE W. WRAY, widow of Thomas H. Wray, died Monday at her home, 1,141 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. HELEN CURRAN, 72 years old, died Monday at her home, 57 East Fifty-sixth Street. She was the widow of Thomas Curran, a dry goods merchant.

EDMUND P. PHELAN, 55 years old, a mining operator, died Tuesday of tuberculosis at Reno, Nev. He was a brother of James Phelan of Jersey City, and a cousin of James B. Phelan, ex-Mayor of San Francisco.

Sister ALOYSIUS HUGHES, sacristan of the Holy Rosary Convent, died Monday afternoon at the age of 79 years. She belonged to the Order of St. Benedict.

JOHN H. SISSON, 94 years old, a mill manager for more than half a century, is dead at his home at Wickford, R. I.

Capt. A. ROGGEVEEN, retired, for twenty-five years with the Holland-America Line, died yesterday at his home in Beverwyk, Holland. He left the company in June, 1911, when he was in command of the liner Nieuw Amsterdam and had completed his two hundred and tenth trip across the Atlantic Ocean.

WILLIAM C. RICKARD, who had been the collector for the Delaware and Raritan Canal at Bordentown, N. J., for the last twelve years, died there yesterday. He was 64 years old. He had been in the employ of the canal company for forty-six years.

Miss CHARLOTTE MONTGOMERY, 46 years old, died Tuesday night at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles W. Williams of 63 South Mountain Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

CLINTON M. SCHULTZ died yesterday at the home of his son, R. T. Schultz of Linden Avenue, Morsemere, N. J. He was formerly proprietor of The St. Joseph (Mo.) News and The Tacoma Ledger. He had been managing editor of The Minneapolis Tribune and general manager of The Judge Company in New York.

ROBERT T. BRYANT, 38 years old, an importing chemist of Harrodsburg, Ky. died yesterday at the home of his father-in-law W. H. Oakley, Oak Bluff Avenue, Larchmont, N. Y.

Dr. JOSEPH CODDINGTON YOUNG, 63 years old, for many years chief medical examiner of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of Newark, is dead at his home, 964 Broad Street, Newark.

Mrs. MARY A. SEDGWICK, 83 years old, died yesterday at the home of Mrs. M. Le Brun Cooper, 55 East Sixty-sixth Street, of heart disease. Mrs. Sedgwick was formerly Miss Mary A. Wood, and was the widow of John W. Sedgwick.

EATON INQUIRY NEAR CLOSE.

Accused Widow's Mother May Go Before Grand Jury To-day.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., March 26.—The fate of Mrs. Jennie May Eaton, so far as it rests with the Grand Jury, probably will be made known to-morrow. That opinion was expressed by District Attorney Barker at the close late this afternoon of the third day of inquiry into the death of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, of whose supposed murder by poisoning the widow is accused. Mr. Barker said one of two witnesses would be called in the morning. One of the possible witnesses, it is understood, is Mrs. Eaton's mother, Mrs. George Harrison, who is 80 years old.

Mrs. Harrison's testimony is considered important. She has described incidents of the night of the Admiral's sudden death. She said she and Mrs. Eaton were awakened by groans from an adjoining room occupied by the retired naval officer. Mrs. Eaton went to her husband. She told her mother afterward that she lay down by the side of her husband, and that, his pains passing, she and the Admiral fell asleep. She was awakened by the touch of a clammy hand, and discovered that her husband was dead.

Mrs. June Ainsworth Keyes and her sister, Miss Dorothy Ainsworth Eaton, accompanied by their mother's counsel, William A. Morse, visited Mrs. Eaton in the County Jail this afternoon. Mr. Morse said afterward they found his client cheerful and that she said to her daughters:

"Don't worry, girls. I have done nothing that I am sorry for and nothing that I ought not to have done. All this trouble will come out all right. It is only a matter of time."

Testimony supposed to be vital to the case of the State was presented to the Grand Jury to-day. The chief witnesses were Dr. Joseph Frame, who attended the Admiral several hours before the veteran's death; Dr. Gilman Osgood, Medical Examiner, who made the autopsy, and Prof. W. F. Whitney of the Harvard Medical School, who found arsenic in the dead man's stomach. The others called were Mrs. Keyes, elder daughter of Mrs. Eaton by her first marriage; Harry S. Cate, a one-time friend of the family, and State Officer John H. Scott.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

MARTIN—CLARK.—On Wednesday, March 26, 1913, at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York City, by the Rev. Clifford S. Gregg, Mrs. Josephine Agnes Clark to William Vail Martin.

PHILLIPS—BRINSMADE.—On Wednesday, March 26, 1913, by the Rev. Frederick W. Lewis, Jessie Maxwell Brinsmade, daughter of Frederick W. Jones, to William Wirt Phillips.

STRICKLAND—HOYT.—On Wednesday, March 26, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. Howard C. Robbins, Sarah Olivia Hoyt of Minneapolis, to Charles Hobart Strickland of Paris, France.

SUYDAM—WOOD.—On Tuesday, March 25, 1913, at the home of the bride's parents, Sayville, L. I., by the Rev. Alfred Duane Pell, Elizabeth Maxwell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wood, to Mr. Walter Lispenard Suydam, Jr.

YOUNG—CHESBROUGH.—On Tuesday, March 25, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Lucille Chesbrough to Russell Addison Young.

Brooklyn.

HART—CABLE.—March 25, Pamela Cable to Samuel W. Hart.

SPEAR—FOX.—March 25, Alice M. Fox to Clarence A. Spear.

TANKOOS—COHEN.—March 22, Irene Cohen to Harry Tankoos.

Newark.

CONGER—OWENS.—March 24, Hazel M. Owens to Frank V. Conger.

SOFER—ESTABROOK.—March 24, Hazel V. Estabrook to William H. Soper.

Westchester County.

FISH—DALY.—March 24, Mount Kisco, Mary Daly to Roland Fish.

Died.

AARONS.—Rose, March 25, beloved wife of Chapman Aarons, late residence, 316 West 112th. Funeral will take place from the chapel of Mount Sinai Hospital, 101st and Madison Av., on Thursday, March 27, at 11 A. M. Relatives and friends and members of Hadassa Lodge, U. O. T. S., are kindly invited to attend.

BAUMANN.—In Jersey City, on March 25, 1913, Catherine Baumann, (born Bossert,) widow of the late John Baumann, aged 78 years. Funeral from her late residence, 250 5th St., Jersey City, on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

BRISTOW.—On Wednesday, March 26, 1913, at his residence, 234 Clinton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., after a short illness, Algernon Thomas Bristow, in the 62d year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia papers please copy.

BRYANT.—Robert Thomas Bryant, at the home of W. H. Oakley, Larchmont, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CHAMBERS.—On March 26, 1913, at 57 Thompson St., Stapleton, N. Y., Abigail Teresa Chambers, relict of the late William Harty, Esq., of Lacolle, Province of Quebec, Canada, in her 80th year. Montreal papers please copy. Notice of funeral later.

COLEMAN.—On Tuesday, March 25, 1913, at his late residence, 130 West 61st St., Roger A. Coleman, son of Mary and the late Thomas Coleman. Relatives and friends and members of New Amsterdam Council No. 217, Knights of Columbus; St. Paul's Guild, and John F. Curry Association, are requested to attend his funeral on Friday, March 28, at 8:30 A. M., thence to Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., when a solemn mass will be sung for repose of his soul.

COX.—On Wednesday, March 26, 1913, at Bound Brook, N. J., Mary Elizabeth Cox, widow of Jamison Cox. Notice of funeral later.

CUNNINGHAM.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Tuesday, March 25, 1913, Catharine J., wife of Philip Cunningham and daughter of David Morey of Troy, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 14 Belvidere Drive, Yonkers, N. Y., Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. Solemn high mass at St. Joseph's Church, Troy, N. Y., on Friday morning.

DUNPHY.—At his residence, 326 Convent Av., on the 24th inst., James Dunphy. Solemn mass of requiem at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., near Amsterdam Av., on Thursday, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

EBELING.—Suddenly, in his 42d year, William Ebeling, beloved husband of Frida Ebeling, nee Menninger. Funeral services on Thursday, March 27, at 2 P. M., at the chapel of Jacob Herrlich's Sons, 332 East 86th St. Relatives and friends, also members of Centennial Lodge, No. 763, F. and A. M., are invited to attend. Interment private.

FLEITMANN.—Ewald, only son of Hermann C. and Marie Fleitmann, in his third year, suddenly, on March 25, at St. Augustine, Fla. Notice of funeral later. London and Paris papers please copy.

ELLIOTT.—On March 25, 1913, at his late residence, 61 East 86th St., John Stuart Elliott, in the 54th year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and 6th Av., on Thursday, March 27, at 2:30 P. M.

EYLAND.—On March 26, 1913, in the 80th year of her age, at her home, 12 Livingston St., Brooklyn, Serena Margaretta Eyland, widow of the late George C. Eyland and daughter of the late Matthew and Serena Howard Keeler. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GORDON.—On Tuesday, March 25, George H. Gordon. Funeral from his late residence, 8,615 17th Av., Brooklyn, thence to St. Finbar's Church, Benson Av. and Bay 20th St.

HAYES.—At her home, 47 Green Village Road, Madison, N. J., on Wednesday, March 26, 1913, Jennie W., daughter of Caroline R. and the late Charles Hayes. Funeral services will be held at St. Paul's Church, corner of High and Market Sts., Newark, N. J., on Friday, March 28, at 3 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

KNOEPKE.—Entered into peaceful rest on Monday, March 24, at his home, 777 West End Av., William Knoepke, in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence on Thursday evening, March 27, at 8 P. M. Relatives, friends, and members of Arion, Liederkranz, Eureka, No. 243, F. & A. M.; Centennial Lodge, K. of H.; Emanon B. C., and Delphin B. C., respectfully invited. Interment private.

LIEBMANN.—On Wednesday, March 26, at his residence, 40 East 72d St., Joseph Liebmann, in his 82d year. Funeral will be held at his late residence on Friday, March 28, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

LOVE.—On Tuesday, March 25, 1913, at his residence, 163 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Samuel Love. Services Thursday afternoon, March 27, at 3:30 o'clock.

LUCAS.—On March 24, 1913, William Edward, son of the late John and Harriet Annie Lucas. Funeral services will be held on Thursday morning, 27th inst., at 10:30 o'clock precisely, at his late residence, 2031 Locust St., Philadelphia. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, New York.

MEYER.—Nellie, beloved wife of Felix Meyer and daughter of the late Alexander and Theresa Blumenstiel, on March 26, in her forty-second year. Funeral Friday morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of Mrs. Hugo Meyer, 126 West 78th St.

OHLAND.—Clara, widow of Frederick, mother of William, Bertha, Pauline, Clara, and Frederick. Funeral from 563 Amsterdam Av. Thursday, 1 P. M.

PRATEL.—On Tuesday, March 25, 1913, Elbire Pratel, beloved mother of Harriet Pratel. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

PRICE.—On March 26, at New York City, Byron N. Price, in his 63d year. Funeral at Hudson, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, March 29.

SEDGWICK.—On March 26, at her residence, 55 East 66th St., Mary A., widow of John Webster Sedgwick, in her 84th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHATTOCK.—Ella Frances, aged 66. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d, (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Thursday, 8:30 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

SHEPARD.—At New York City, on March 25, 1913, J. Woolsey Shepard, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral will take place at St. Michael's Church, 99th St. and Amsterdam Av., Thursday, March 27, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

SMITH.—On March 26, 1913, at his residence, 200 West 105th St., Underhill W. Smith. Services at St. Michael's Episcopal Church, 99th St. and Amsterdam Av., March 29, at 11 o'clock A. M.

STANSBURY.—Jane Beaumont, March 25, 1913, daughter of Mary Beaumont and the late William Gordon Stansbury. Funeral services Thursday at 8:30 P. M., at her home, 976 Whitlock Av., Bronx. Funeral private.

VANDERBILT.—At Remsenburg, Long Island, N. Y., on the 25th day of March, Aaron Vanderbilt, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral services will be held on Friday, the 28th day of March, 1913, at 11:30 A. M., in the chapel at Greenwood Cemetery, near the main 5th Av. entrance.

WHITE.—Entered into rest on Wednesday, March 26, at Hotel Warrington, Emma Louise White, daughter of the late Thomas R. and Emeline Hastings White. Funeral private.

WODDROP.—At Westfield, N. J., March 26, William Harvey Woddrop, son of Lemuel H. and Josephine J. Woddrop, aged 25 years. Service at his late residence, Rahway Av. and Willow Grove Road, Westfield, on Thursday, March 27, at 4 P. M. Interment in Philadelphia.

YOUNG.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, March 25, 1913, Joseph C., son of the late Joseph C. Young, M. D., and Harriet Mcrgan Young. Funeral services at his late home, 964 Broad St., Newark, on Friday, March 28, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

YOUNG.—At his home, 427 West 21st St., on Wednesday, March 26, Edwin Young, in his 90th year. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Chapel, 25th St., west of Broadway, on Saturday, March 29, at 10 A. M.

ALOYSIUS.—Sister Mary, 329 East 63d St., March 24.

BOLLAS.—Julia F., March 24. Funeral 623 8th Av.

BLUT.—Thomas, 1,909 2d Av., March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BRANINGAN.—Timothy F., 40 West 100th St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CALLAHAN.—Patrick, 311 East 81st St., March 24. Funeral to-day.

CURRAN.—Mrs. Thomas, 57 East 56th St., March 25.

DAVEY.—M. Catherine, March 24. Funeral 804 9th Av., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

GILLICK.—John, March 25. Funeral 1,025 1st Av., to-day, 9 A. M.

HOWE.—Sarah, 221 East 124th St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KIRK.—Ann, 460 West 51st St., March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

KLEIN.—Louis, 145 Edgecombe Av., March 25. Funeral to-day.

LA FORGE.—James, Pleasant Plains, S. I., March 24, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

LYNCH.—John, 221 East 101st St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McDONNELL.—Arthur, 81 Vandam St., March 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McLEAN.—Harry, March 25. Funeral 934 8th Av.

OTTO.—Clara, 370 East 150th St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

PETZOLD.—Mary, 1,163 Intervale Av., Bronx, March 25. Funeral notice later.

REGAN.—Ellen, 275 Hudson St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SOLOMON.—Rose, 1,834 Madison Av., March 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

STEUERWALD.—Elizabeth, 313 West 16th St., March 25, aged 65.

UHLFELDER.—Tillie, March 25. Funeral 245 East 90th St., to-day, 10 A. M.

ZIMMERMANN.—Daisy, 1,716 Barnes Av., Bronx, March 24, aged 18.

Brooklyn.

BOSSERT.—Caroline, 24 Herbert St., March 24, aged 54. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

BACHMAN.—Carrie M., 1,419 Bath Av., March 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BEUTEL.—Selma, 741 Putnam Av, March 24, aged 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BLOODGOOD.—Lewis, 86 1st Place, March 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BYRNE.—Bridget, 378 Grand St., March 25, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CONDON.—Patrick, 136 Baltic St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CLAUTER.—Caroline, 179 India St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

CRAPEZLO.—Crecancio, 285 1st St., March 25.

DEMPSEY.—Jessie, 1,663 Coney Island Av., March 25, aged 42. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOODY.—Dennis, 14 Kosciusko St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FREUND.—Charles H., 506 11th St., March 24, aged 71. Funeral service to-day.

HIGGINS.—Emma E., 291 16th Av., March 24, aged 44.

HOLT.—Mary E., 155 Pulaski St., March 25. Funeral service to-day.

HUGHES.—Sarah, 1,367 Atlantic Av., March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HURST.—Harriet L., 1,518 46th St., March 25, aged 79. Funeral service to-day.

KEANE.—Nicholas J., 254 Union St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

McDIVITT.—Florence L. E., 816 Rugby Road, March 25. Funeral private.

MARTIN.—Josephine M., 1,063 Dean St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MURRAY.—Henrietta, 1,100 Greene Av., March 26. Funeral private.

OSBORNE.—Kathryn P., 547 41st St., March 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

QUINN.—Elizabeth, 98 Ryerson St., March 26. Funeral March 29.

QUINN.—William J., 277 Devoe St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Thomas, 334 22d St., March 24. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

REIMER.—John, 159 Eldert St., March 25, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RUST.—Charles D., 141 Quincy St., March 25.

SERLE.—Selina D., 4,014 6th Av., March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SEVERYNSE.—Leonard R., 648 Fulton St., March 24, aged 76.

SHANAHAN.—Ellen, 389 19th St., March 26, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow.

TUOHY.—Edmond, 110 Van Sicklen Av., March 25. Funeral to-day.

WEST.—Frank, 48 Dikeman St., March 25. Funeral to-morrow.

WILLIAMS.—Carrie R., 2,121 Foster Av., March 25. Funeral notice later.

WOLF.—Rosa, 88 South 4th St., March 25. Funeral notice later.

Jersey City and Newark.

BROADBENT.—Charles M. Z., 201 13th Av., Newark, March 26. Funeral notice later.

BROMBY.—Hazel, 206 Ocean Av., Jersey City, March 26, aged 2.

CONNELL.—J., 327 Mulberry St., Newark, March 26.

HAINES.—Carrie, 67 Rodwell Av., Newark, March 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KELLY.—George F., 13 Perine Av., Jersey City, March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

McHUGH.—Francis A., 154 Mercer St., Jersey City, March 26.

NESTOR.—Michael, 5 Clayton St., Newark, March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

NEUBAUER.—Fredericka, 408 Morris Av., Newark, March 26, aged 77.

OFFER.—Emma, 18 Monmouth St., Newark, March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RENSHAW.—Samuel, 67 Clerk St., Jersey City, March 25.

SCHEERER.—Elizabeth, 20 Johnston Av., Newark, March 25. Funeral to-day.

THIME.—Louis, 106 Peshine Av., Newark, March 26, aged 15.

Long Island.

BRICK.—Edward L., College Point, March 24, aged 84.

BRILL.—Francis, Hempstead, March 24, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BROWN.—Thomas, Elmhurst, March 24, aged 3.

CAFFREY.—Edward J., Richmond Hill, March 25, aged 48.

COTIAUX.—Henry, Head of Vleigh, March 24, aged 28.

DEMPSEY.—Patrick, Rockville Centre, March 25. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

DERENTHAL.—Aloysius, Ridgewood, March 24, aged 63.

GEHRING.—Christine C., Woodhaven, March 24, aged 77.

HARRISON.—Mary, Ridgewood, March 24, aged 50.

McCORMICK.—Catherine, Jamaica, March 24, aged 78.

MILLER.—Sophia, 142 Webster Av., Parkville, March 25, aged 87. Funeral to-morrow.

O'KEEFE.—Ellen, 94 5th Av., Long Island City, March 24. Funeral to-day.

SMITH.—John, Long Island City, March 24.

SCHLEGEL.—Barbara H., Forest Hills, March 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TRUMAN.—Ann, Woodhaven, March 24.

WALKER.—Alexander, Jamaica, March 24, aged 23.

WALTHER.—Henry, Shelter Island, March 25. Funeral to-day.

WINTERS.—May E., Flushing, March 25, aged 26.

Westchester County.

BERT.—Henry, Peekskill, March 24, aged 19.

GILBERT.—Eugene, Peekskill, March 24.

HAWKINS.—Sadie C., Mount Vernon, March 24. Funeral to-day.

LAMBDEN.—Edward E., New Rochelle, March 25, aged 55. Funeral notice later.

In Memoriam.

CARYL.—In sad and loving memory of my beloved husband, Mr. Julius Henry Caryl, who died at Caryl, Yonkers, N. Y., March 27, 1911. Requiescat in pace.

BROWNER.—Mary, in memory of; died March 27, 1911.

COX.—James, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Jersey City, to-day, 10 A. M.

FOX.—Louise M., mass, St. Catherine's Church, to-day, 8 A. M.

McCORMICK.—Margaret, mass, Holy Cross Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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CEMETERIES.

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CHANCE 'STALE'; TAKING REST NOW

Yankees Score Another Victory Over Jersey City in Next to Last Game of Series.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 26.—In a game that was featured by fine pitching for this season of the year and by sensational fielding by Shortstop Derrick, the Yankees defeated the Jersey City team here to-day by a score of 4 to 2. The New Yorks had the Skeeters whitewashed until the ninth inning, when the Jerseymen fell upon Chester Hoff heavily.

Purtell began the heavy hitting with a home run, which Manager Schlafly of the Skeeters followed with a terrific three-bagger, scoring on a sacrifice fly. The Yankees began counting in the first round. Daniels contributed a neat single and stole second base. Harry Wolter then sent a hard liner to right field, which sent Daniels homeand landed Wolter on third base.

In the sixth inning New York added another run. Barry, who is playing first base in Chance's place, singled to left and went through when Claude Derrick hammered a long triple to deep centre field.

The pitching to-day was the best of the season, the boxmen letting their arms out to the limit. For the New Yorks Jack Warhop with his underhand delivery was on the mound for six innings, and in that time the Skeeters were able to make only three hits. The other four were made off Hoff, the triple and the homer coming in the final round.

Mains pitched the first four innings, during which time the Yankees were able to get only two hits, both coming the first inning. Doescher finished the game, allowing five hits. Two of these were grouped in the seventh inning, and gave the Yankees their last two runs.

Derrick's performance around shortstop was the best of the season and made Manager Chance believe that Derrick will be a fixture in the position. He was great on ground balls and scooped up several which were burning the grass and made fast, accurate throws to Barry at first. Both teams performed creditably in the field and only one error was chalked against each team.

Manager Chance is still unable to get into the game. He has been taking off weight rapidly since coming to Bermuda, and found that he is now a little under weight. Trainer Barrett, who has been putting the manager through a course of treatment for lumbago, fears that Chance is slightly stale and needs a rest before getting back into the game. It is not likely that Chance will do much more playing until the team returns home.

The final game with the Skeeters will be played to-morrow, after which the Jersey City Club will sail for home. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
New York	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	4	7	1
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	7	1

Batteries—Warhop, Hoff, Sweeney, and Williams; Mains, Doescher, and Crisp.

FRANK FARRELL HOME.

Owner of Yankees Returns Full of Praise for Chance and His Men.

President Farrell of the New York American League Club returned from Bermuda on the Royal Mail Steamer Arcadian yesterday afternoon. Mr. Farrell, after spending nearly three weeks at the training camp, where Manager Frank Chance has been preparing the team for the coming American League race, said last night that he felt greatly encouraged by the results so far attained, and believed that New York fans would be agreeably surprised when they saw the players on the field. Mr. Farrell said further:

"The conditions in Bermuda could not be better. The weather has been excellent ever since Manager Chance arrived there, more than a month ago. With the exception of one day practice has been uninterrupted, and the players, who have been competently trained, are almost ready to travel at their fastest gait.

"I have not leased the cricket ground at Hamilton myself, but the Jersey City Club has engaged it for two years, which probably means that we will go back there next Spring. Chance is really the man to talk about the players, for they are wholly in his care, but perhaps it is timely for me to say that Chance can field, bat, and run the bases as well as he ever did, which is going to help us wonderfully. Chase's accident was unfortunate, but it might have been worse. Of course, he has been unable to practice at second base, but there is every reason to believe that he will play the bag successfully.

"Chance is satisfied with the pitchers and says that he probably will keep about seven of them. Ford is ready to begin hard work at once and so are McConnell, Keating, Caldwell, and Warhop. Sweeney never looked so well or caught better ball. Chance has instilled his men with the real fighting spirit, and, furthermore, he has not been compelled to rebuke a single man for a violation of the rules. The story brought here by a person who saw the players training in Bermuda that Chance had threatened to fine Hal Chase must have been told for the sake of talking. Chase has been a most earnest worker and, together with all the men, he has worked loyally to help Chance in the difficult undertaking which we hope soon will bear fruit. New York fans must not expect too much this year. If Chance can keep the team within hailing distance of the first division we should be satisfied, when the disaster of last year is remembered. The New York players will arrive home probably next Thursday, ready to give the Brooklyns a hard battle at Ebbetts Field a week from next Saturday."

West Point Lose to Colgate.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 26.—The Army lost its first game of the baseball season to-day, being defeated by Colgate by a score of 3 to 2. Colgate won in the sixth inning on an error by Monsarratt, a base on balls, and McLaughlin's line drive. Bloom pitched good ball for the visitors and received excellent support. The game only went six innings, when darkness and rain called a halt. Marriliat threw his arm out in the sixth inning and gave way to Neyland, who moved over from first base. The score:

ARMY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	COLGATE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lyman, c.	1	1	0	4	2	M'C'thy, c.	2	0	0	6	3
Sadtler, 2b.	1	1	1	2	0	McL'lin, lf.	3	0	1	2	0
Neyland, 1b, p.	3	0	0	5	2	Ham'd, 1b.	3	0	1	6	0
Mer'lat, p.	3	0	1	0	4	Edg'ton, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
M'sar'tt, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1	Abel, 3b.	3	1	0	1	3
Bradley, lf.	2	0	0	3	0	K'gston, 2b.	2	1	1	2	0
Hobbs, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	J'nson, ss.	3	0	0	1	1
Menoher, ss.	3	0	0	1	1	Rob'son, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Mitchell, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	Bloom, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Dav'p't, 1b.	0	0	0	1	0	Croker, p.	1	1	1	0	0
Total	19	2	3	18	10	Total	22	3	5	18	7

Errors—Lyman, Monsarratt, Kingston.

Army	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Colgate	0	0	0	0	1	2	3

Stolen bases—McLaughlin, Hammond, Robinson, Lyman, Merrillat, Hobbs, (2.) Sacrifice hits—McCarthy, Sadtler. Two-base hit—Monsarratt. Double play—McCarthy and Hammond. Hits—Off Bloom, none in three innings; off Croker, 3 in three innings; off Merrillat, 4 in five innings; off Neyland, 1 in one inning. Struck out—By Merrillat, 4; by Bloom, 2; by Croker, 2. Bases on balls—Off Merrillat, 2; off Neyland, 3; off Bloom, 3; off Croker, 4. Wild pitch—Croker. Passed balls—Lyman, 2. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Cullem.

Rain Spoils Princeton's Opening.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 26.—Rain prevented the opening of Princeton's home baseball season with Stevens Institute this afternoon. The Tigers will play Ursinus to-morrow.

Manhattan Plays Colgate To-day.

Manhattan College will play its first regular game this afternoon against Colgate University at Lenox Oval, 145th Street and Lenox Avenue. Henley or O'Connor and Loughran will be the battery for the Manhattan team.

Would Arbitrate America Cup Deed of Gift.

LONDON, March 26.—The Yachting World to-day proposes that the deed of gift, under which the New York Yacht Club holds the America's Cup as trustee, be submitted to arbitration. The journal says: "It is an untenable proposition that the New York Yacht Club is the only body capable of interpreting the deed of gift."

MARQUARD IN FINE FORM.

Giant Pitcher Strikes Out Six Beaumont Batsmen in Three Innings.

Special to The New York Times.

BEAUMONT, Texas, March 26.—The Giants scored another victory over Beaumont to-day by the score of 5 to 2. Demaree and Marquard divided the honors. The former pitched six innings, while the Rube officiated in three. The Texans touched up Demaree for six hits, which netted them one run, while Marquard allowed but one safe smash, which, however, enabled the home team to get a man across the plate. The Giants were in splendid fielding form, playing an errorless game.

McGraw's men had on their batting clothes, piling up eleven hits, of which Doyle and Murray were each responsible for three. Murray's stickwork included a triple and a double, while Doyle negotiated a two-base hit and two singles.

Fast base running marked the contest, the visitors showing to great advantage in this respect. Devore stole three bags and Burns, Doyle, and Merkle were each credited with two stolen bases. It was the base work that largely contributed to the Giants' victory.

Marquard is fast rounding to, and in the three innings in which he pitched struck out six Beaumont batsmen. He had excellent control and passed but one man. His work was very gratifying to McGraw. Demaree was hit fairly hard, but succeeded in keeping the hits well scattered. In addition he received perfect support. Two double plays were pulled off by the Giants, which served to keep down the locals' runs. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BEAUMONT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'grass, ss.	3	0	0	1	4	Hauser, 3b.	4	1	3	4	0
Devore, cf.	4	1	1	1	0	Cooke, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0
Burns, lf.	2	1	1	0	0	Wh'ler, 2b.	4	0	0	4	4
Doyle, 2b.	4	1	3	3	3	Down'y, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Murray, rf.	4	1	3	0	0	Elliott, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	0	1	5	0	White, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	1	1	0	0	Edm't'n, ss.	4	1	2	3	3
Meyers, c.	3	0	1	8	0	Smith, c.	2	0	1	4	3
Wilson, c.	1	0	0	7	0	Reidl'nd, p.	1	0	0	1	3
Demaree, p.	2	0	0	0	4	†Holtz	1	0	0	0	0
*Jacobson	1	0	0	0	0	Larsen, p.	2	0	0	0	1
M'quard, p.	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	33	5	11	27	11	Total	34	2	8	27	14

*Batted for Demaree in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Reidland in the fifth inning.
Error—Edmiston.

New York	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	5
Beaumont	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2

First base on error—New York. Left on bases—New York, 4; Beaumont, 7. First base on balls—Off Demaree, 1; off Marquard, 1; off Reidland, 2. Struck out—By Marquard, 6; by Reidland, 2; by Larsen, 2. Home runs—Hauser, Edmiston. Three-base hit—Murray. Two-base hits—Doyle, Murray. Stolen bases—Devore, (3,) Burns, (2,) Doyle, (2,) Merkle, (2.) Double plays—Snodgrass, Doyle, and Merkle; Wheeler and Cooke. Passed ball—Smith. Wild pitch—Reidland. Hit by pitched ball—By Reidland, (Snodgrass.) Hits—Off Demaree, 7 in six innings; off Marquard, 1 in three innings; off Reidland, 6 in five innings; off Larsen, 1 in four innings. Umpire—Mr. Mathewson. Time—One hour and forty minutes.

DAHLENS WIN CLOSE GAME.

Brooklyn Team Will Break Camp at Augusta After To-day's Workout.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 26.—With the time drawing near for their departure from here, Manager Dahlen took advantage of the good weather to-day and had his players busy from 10 until 5 o'clock. This afternoon he put them through a full nine-inning game, which was won by his team by a score of 6 to 5. The quartet of pitchers, Ragon, Yingling, Curtis, and Hall, was not quite as effective as on previous occasions. Hall, however, was the wildest of the lot, and had the batters sidestepping the entire four innings he was in the box. This youngster has a world of speed, but is frightfully shy on control.

Dahlen's team practically won the game in the fifth inning on singles by Ragon, Moran, Hummel, and Kirkpatrick, along with two double steals by Ragon and Moran and Kirkpatrick and Phelps. In this inning Phelps also got a base on balls and Fischer sacrificed. After this Curtis retired and was succeeded by Hall.

After to-morrow's workout the players will get ready to leave for Savannah early Friday morning, where they will play the Newarks two games. On Saturday Managers Dahlen and Smith, the latter of the Newarks, will send a picked team up to Charleston and play the local club.

Mack Wheat, brother of Zach Wheat, who has been working out here with the Superbas, will leave for his home in Kansas to-morrow night. The younger Wheat gives promise of making a big league ball player in the near future. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Dahlen's Team	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	.	6	8	3
Daubert's Team	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	5	14	3

Batteries—Dahlen's Team, Ragon, Yingling, and Fischer; Daubert's Team, Curtis, Hall, and Miller. Umpire—Mr. Erwin.

YALE STADIUM PLANS.

Work of Construction to Begin May 1—$281,000 Subscribed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 26.—Decision to commence work immediately upon the new Yale stadium was voted to-day by the Executive Committee of Twenty-one. Actual construction will be begun by May 1. The plans finally adopted are those proposed by Engineer C. A. Ferry of this city. They call for a concrete structure, bowl-shaped, twenty-four feet below and twenty-six feet above the natural ground level. Specifications will be announced immediately and bids will be invited. The stadium will seat 50,000.

E. C. French of New York City was selected as consulting engineer to the committee. Stock for the expenses of the stadium amounting to $281,000 has been already subscribed. The committee states that no hope is felt of finishing the stadium in time for any of the scheduled games of next Fall.

Gallagher Indefinitely Suspended.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—John G. Gallagher, the Georgetown University runner and former Olympic star, was to-day suspended indefinitely by the Registration Committee of the Middle Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union. In the preliminary investigation which was started when the charges were filed against the local boy, it has been shown that he refused to compete in a Marathon run in this city until he had received $25 for his expenses. It is alleged that the runner expressed the opinion that he could get more money than this in New York, and that instead of coming here he went to New York and competed there on the day that the local race was held. As the race was given under the supervision of a newspaper of this city, Gallagher made an unprecedented admission, and after the race had been concluded charges of professionalism were made against him. Gallagher was given every opportunity to answer before the order for his suspension was given, but as he refused to answer, and as he has not seen fit to reply to the Amateur Athletic Union, the order was made public to-day and he will stand suspended until the hearing of the case is held.

Navy Games in Brooklyn To-night.

The Spring games of the Second Naval Battalion will be held in the armory at Fifty-second Street and New York Bay, Brooklyn, to-night. This meeting has attracted an entry of over 300 athletes, including Hannes Kolehmainen of Finland, Howard Drew of the Springfield High School, Billy Kramer of the Long Island A. C., and other famous cinder-path performers. Kolehmainen will run in the two-mile special, as will Kramer. This pair will meet a fleet field numbering half a dozen of the best local distance runners. Drew will make his effort in the sixty-yard handicap against many of the local speed experts, and a new world's record for the distance is anticipated. In the open relay race a dozen teams will start with the New York A. C., Irish-American A. C., Fordham College, and Pastime A. C. quartets as the back mark teams.

Featherweights at Sporting Club.

Featherweights will occupy the stage to-night at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club, when an elimination tournament will be held. The card will comprise three bouts all over the ten-round route, and if the boys engaged maintain their reputations there promises to be plenty of action. The star bout will bring together George Kirkwood of St. Louis and Young Driscoll, the sensational featherweight of Brooklyn. Both boys have boxed the featherweight champion, and, although they lost, are anxious to get a chance for a return match. The second contest will be between Frankie Flemming, champion of Canada, and Tommy Buck of Philadelphia. These boys boxed last August at Madison Square Garden, and the Quaker was knocked out in the tenth round of a most exciting contest. The preliminary ten-rounder will show another Quaker City boxer, Eddie Doyle, who will try conclusions with Bob Nelson of this city.

BOXING BENEFIT FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

State Commission Authorizes a Show to be Managed by Billy Gibson.

At the regular weekly meeting of the State Athletic Commission yesterday it was decided that a boxing show should be held in the near future for the benefit of the sufferers by the floods which have been raging the last few days through Ohio and Indiana.

While the Commissioners decided on this highly commendable action in official session, they did not for some reason or other announce the fact until last night. In connection with the affair it was announced that all of the details of the show will be in the hands of Billy Gibson, and the proceeds from the entertainment will be forwarded to Gov. Cox of Ohio.

Another meeting will be held to-day, when all of the arrangements will be completed.

In addition to this business the Commissioners held a long conference with nearly fifty Inspectors recently appointed by the Commissioners to watch all boxing bouts, and report any violation of the State boxing law or commission rules. The inspectors were questioned and instructed for nearly two hours in order that they should thoroughly understand their duties. They were asked many questions and were told to ask the Commissioners for any information that would aid them in the discharge of their duties. After the Commissioners had satisfied themselves that the inspectors understood the work expected of them they were dismissed.

In all future boxing bouts in the metropolitan district two inspectors will be on duty instead of one, which was formerly the custom. The inspectors will divide the work, one being outside of the club and the other inside. The two inspectors will divide the duties in any way satisfactory to them providing one is outside of the building at all times. They will report to the Secretary of the commission all violations of laws and rules and any disturbance that may arise. Neither of the inspectors will be permitted to stop a contest or in any way interfere with the management. One of the two Inspectors shall attend the official box office count and make the financial report to the commission Secretary.

The application for the renewal of the license of the St. Nicholas Athletic Club for bouts at St. Nicholas Rink was granted, but the application of the Military Athletic Club of Greenpoint, L. I., for a license was referred to Commissioner Dixon for investigation until the next meeting of the commission.

COFFEY DEFEATS RODEL.

Referee Stops Bout in Ninth Round to Save Boer.

Jom Coffey, the Dublin Giant, defeated George Rodel, the Boer champion, in nine rounds last night at the Fairmont Athletic Club. The victory was unexpected by Coffey's many friends who filled the clubhouse, as the Irish heavyweight gave every indication of being a defeated man at the end of the eighth round. He showed remarkable recuperative powers and went after his opponent in the ninth round with a viciousness that proved the undoing of the South African.

The end of the bout was as sudden as it was unexpected. Coffey was facing a losing game when the gong sounded for the resumption of hostilities in the ninth. For a short period Coffey kept away from Rodel, who had geen punishing the Irishman badly. Suddenly Coffey woke up and cutting loose a series of right and left swings rocked the South African. The latter began to weaken perceptibly under the onslaught. Coffey worked Rodel in the corner and then swung a hard right. It landed squarely on the jaw and the South African went down. He managed to raise himself on one knee, but was dazed from the effect of the blow. At the count of ten he slowly arose, staggering, but ready for Coffey. He was, however, a beaten man, and, seeing his helpless condition, Referee Joh stopped the bout, sending the men to their corners, receiving a feeble protest from Rodel.

The contest was full of interest to the followers of the game. For the first four rounds Coffey showed to advantage, getting home a number of stiff punches in the face and body. The blows did not appear to weaken Rodel, who came up to the scratch in the fifth round comparatively fresh. For the next four rounds Rodel was the aggressor. He pounded the Irishman's body with stiff right hand punches and effectively worked his left for the face. Coffey presented an unenviable appearance at the end of the eighth. His face and eyes were puffed from the continual jabbing of the Boer, while blood flowed freely from his nose. His limbs appeared to be unable to support his body, and his end appeared to be in sight.

Rodel opened the closing round with left swing to the jaw. The pair mixed matters for a time, when Coffey began his spurt. He caught Rodel a hard blow on the nose, and immediately after landed a hard right swing on the jaw. This staggered the Boer, and before he could recover himself Coffey whipped over the right again and ended the contest.

A. A. U. BOXING BOUTS.

E. Nugent Wins Best of Preliminaries at New York A. C.

Preliminary bouts in four classes of the boxing championships of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union were decided last night in the gymnasium of the New York Athletic Club, with both good and mediocre talent performing. There was a large attendance.

The programme showed eight classes to be decided, with the commission weight, recently instituted by the Boxing Governing Board, for 175-pounders being carded. The other weights are 108, 115, 125, 135, 145, 158, and heavyweight for all over the commission weight.

Blood was spilled in only one bout. It was for the 135-pound class, with Charles Hepburn of the New West Side A. C. and E. Nugent, unattached, as the principals. The bout went four rounds, after the judges failed to make a decision after three rounds. Nugent after the extra period showed a slight advantage and won the decision. The summaries:

108-Pound Class, Preliminary Bouts.—First Bout—F. Shanley, Dominican Lyceum, defeated B. Shainen, East Side House, three rounds. Judges' decision. Second Bout—B. Well, St. Bartholomew's Club, defeated L. Levy, St. Anselm's A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision. Third Bout—L. Elvin, Union Settlement A. C., defeated E. Hyde, unattached, three rounds. Bout stopped by referee Fourth Bout—E. Hedlund, New West Side A. C., defeated J. Goodman, Pastime A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision.

115-Pound Class, Preliminary Bouts.—First Bout—A. I. Davidson, Pennant A. C., defeated G. Mass, Glencoe A. C., four rounds. Judges' decision. Second Bout—P. Chakopty, Young Men's Hebrew Association, defeated F. Flynn, New West Side A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision. Third Bout—P. Basil, St. Bartholomew's Club, defeated J. Scopolite, unattached, three rounds. Judges' decision.

125-Pound Class, Preliminary Bouts.—First Bout—J. Nugent, Paulist A. C., defeated J. Sheridan, Trinity Club, three rounds. Judges' decision. Second Bout—I. Margolies, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. J. Swift, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision. Third Bout—D. Bruns, Knights of St. Anthony, defeated A. Smith, Long Island A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision.

135-Pound Class, Preliminary Bouts.—First Bout—W. Smith, Jr., Bronx Church House, defeated S. Levy, Pastime A. C., three rounds. Judges' decision. Second Bout—E. Nugent, unattached, defeated C. Hepburn, New West Side A. C., four rounds. Judges' decision.

Deaf Basket Ball Players Champions.

In the final game of the Yorkville Junior Athletic League basket ball tournament, played last night on the Bethany court, the Lexington School for the Deaf quintet defeated the representatives of Lenox Hill Settlement House by the score of 37 to 15. This victory gives the Lexington School for the Deaf team the league championship, with a record of sixteen victories and no defeats.

SWIMMING.

Dalton's Swimming School and Gymnasium

Private Instruction, Reducing, [illegible]
2 Heated Pools. 19 W. [illegible]

DURLAND'S HORSE SHOW.

Fashionable Gathering at Final Event of Season.

The closing music ride, concert, and horse show of the season was held at Durland's last night before a fashionable gathering, which taxed the capacity of the riding academy. The cotillion number was an attractive affair, with nearly 100 entries. There were several prettily executed figures, which were led by Mr. and Mrs. John Gerken and Miss Annie Keyes and Carl Stoerzter.

Among the single harness horses E. Seelig's Sporting Extra, shown by Miss Margaret Weyher, was awarded the blue ribbon, while in the saddle horse class under 15.2, Miss Cynthia Kearney's Dixie carried off first honors. Dixie has won numerous blue ribbons in an eventful career, and has the distinction of never having lost a decision in the show ring.

Emil Antony's trained horse St. Nicholas was given an enthusiatic reception as he executed various tricks.

All the prize winners of the different rides of the season paraded about the ring amid much applause.

The O. J. Gude Trophy for saddle tandems was won by R. E. Sause's pair, Sunbeam and Sunshine. There was a large entry in the class of horses suitable to become officer's chargers. The event was won by the chestnut stallion Artillery, owned by Major Frank B. Barrett, First Field Artillery.

E. Seelig's two teams carried off the honors in the four-in-hand class. The first team was driven by Patrick O'Connell, and Jack Kehoe was on the box of the second team.

The commander of the show was C. T. Krauss and the judges were J. Campbell Thompson, S. W. Taylor, W. A. McGibbon, and F. Van Wyck. The summaries:

Saddle Horses, Under 15.2.—Won by Miss C. Kearney's ch. g. Dixie; J. B. Rovira's b. g. Watchful, second; L. M. Neugass's b. m. Morning Glory, third.

Single Harness Horses.—Won by E. Seelig's Sporting Extra; Moses G. Byer's ch. g. Ixion, second; E. Seelig's ch. g. Energy, third.

Saddle Tandems.—Won by R. E. Sause's Sunbeam and Sunshine; C. Dickel's Firefly and Crackerjack, second.

Horses Suitable to Become Officers' Charges.—Won by Major Frank B. Barrett's ch. s. Artillery; N. J. Ness's ch. g. Dr. Gorner, second; Capt. Kroder's ch. m. Princess, third.

POLO PLAYERS ACCEPT.

Prominent Exponents of Game Await Preliminary Bell at Lakewood.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Polo Association officials that preparations for the coming international series had progressed to such an extent that acceptances had been received from the men invited to participate in the preliminary practice at Lakewood, which is scheduled to begin on the Georgian Court fields next week.

Among those nominated are Harry Payne Whitney, the Captain; Lawrence Waterbury, J. M. Waterbury, Jr., and Devereux Milburn, the international four which regained the Westchester Polo Club Cup in 1909, and successfully defended it in 1911; Foxhall P. Keene, who played on the first team in 1886; Maxwell Stevenson, R. L. Agassiz, H. W. Harrison, C. C. Rumsey, H. S. Phipps, J. S. Phipps, Charles Wheeler, W. H. Tevis Huhn, Joshua Crane, and Louis E. Stoddard.

The Whitney and Agassiz ponies are now quartered at Lakewood, while Mr. Harrison is at the scene of the coming practice work anxiously awaiting the shipment of his mounts from Philadelphia. Because of the floods in the West Mr. Whitney is detained at French Lick Springs, Ind.

The Piping Rock Club has already begun preparations for the reception of the English team and Spencer Fish arrived yesterday from England to take charge for the Piping Rock Club.

The members of the Cooperstown Polo Club, winners of the junior championship last year, and which recently disbanded, will participate in the incidental preliminary practice under the colors of the Piping Rock Club. This quartet will be made up of Maxwell Stevenson, J. B. Thomas, Jr., F. S. Von Stade, and C. Perry Beadleston. It was stated that Stevenson is temporarily incapacitated at Coronado Springs, where he was playing polo all Winter, because of a sprained wrist.

The Cincinnati Polo Club, with Learner B. Harrison as delegate, was admitted to membership in the association.

Practice play will begin next Tuesday at Lakewood. Most of the men who have been invited to take part have been keeping themselves in condition by playing polo in the South and West.

BUTLER BUYS 36 YEARLINGS.

New York Turfman Pays $60,000 for James R. Keene's Youngsters.

One of the most notable of thoroughbred horse transactions was completed yesterday, when James Butler, the New York sportsman, and ruling spirit of the Empire City Racing Association, purchased the entire lot of Castleton bred yearlings for $60,000. The purchase was made from the estate of the late James R. Keene, and was accomplished before many were aware that such a notable lot of horses was for sale.

In the lot there are fourteen colts and twenty-two fillies, and each is bred in the purple. The colts comprise a half-brother to the famous Sysonby, a brother to Ballot, a half-brother to Dolly Spanker, a half-brother to Celt, and a half-brother to Footpad, as well as close relatives to others that made turf history under the Keene white and blue spots.

Among the fillies are sisters and half-sisters to Wedding Bells, Sweep, Sweepaway, Wamba, Selectman, Suffragette, and Runnymede, while a number of the matrons are young mares which are only remembered for what they accomplished on the racecourse.

GOULD AND KUHN WIN EASILY.

Capture Deciding Match in Court Tennis with Brooke and Potter.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Playing in the form that won them the National doubles championship last year, Jay Gould and W. T. Huhn defeated George H. Brooke and Wilson Potter in the third of their doubles court tennis matches at the Racquet Club this afternoon by three sets to none.

The winners gave the losers half 30 and the result came as a decided surprise, as in the two previous matches the teams had been very evenly matched. In the first match Brooke and Potter won by three sets to two and in the second match their opponents had exactly reversed the result of the first match. The contest this afternoon was the deciding one and Gould and Huhn captured the series by two matches to one.

The superiority of the National champions was so marked that their opponents never had a chance to win. Brooke and Potter began badly and they were never able to strike anything like their true form. Brooke especially was off his game and missed many shots that on ordinary occasions he would have returned with ease. The summary:

Jay Gould and W. T. Huhn	6	6	6
G. H. Brooke and W. Potter	2	3	2

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MEREDITH WINS FAST FOOT RACE IN ARMORY

Pennsylvania Flier Captures Taylor Memorial Trophy in Smart Set Games.

"Ted" Meredith of the University of Pennsylvania, the sensation of the Stockholm Olympic games, in which he contributed new world's running records at 800 meters and half a mile, gave further testimony of his prowess last night at the Smart Set games in the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, when he won the John B. Taylor memorial quarter-mile from a capital field in 52 seconds.

The other starters were Donnell B. Young, Boston A. A.; W. R. Granger, Jr., Dartmouth College; H. Altman, National A. C., and Irving T. Howe, English High School, Boston. The start was effected from a "chute" in one corner of the drill hall, thus giving the men a straight run to the first turn, with a sixty-yard run home at the finish.

Quite a scene was made Monday during the series of events when several "jokesters" liberated chickens, rabbits, and a pigeon, which were expected to create a furore. This phase of the entertainment was promptly cut short by the management's action of corralling the fowl. It did not develop as to who "turned" the trick, but several very busy members of the regiment attempted to make capital of the occasion.

Eddie Goodwin of the Irish-American A. C. continued his winning career as a cyclist when he won the three-mile scratch event, a miss and out affair, which found Jack Townsend, Dominican Lyceum, second best at the end.

Eddie Jordan, Xavier A. A., scratch man in the three-mile run, came into his own in this event, running in creditable style in 15:24 4-5 from George Messler, Long Island A. C. The Pastime A. C. won the handicap interclub relay, with McCadden Lyceum second and Eymard Lyceum third, with the time 3:33 4-5. In the relay event for negro organizations the Smart Set team won from the Salem Crescents and Imperials in 3:46 for the one mile, a scratch affair.

Howard P. Drew, Springfield High School, the 100-yard champion of America, was the star performer in the special scratch race at seventy-five yards, which called out five starters and showed Drew the easiest of winners in 7 4-5 seconds, with Frank Stephenson of the Trinities, the junior champion, second, and Martin, from Washington, third.

Drew started from scratch in the handicap "hundred," giving away quite the longest mark to the limit men of years, ten yards being the maximum allotment. He succeeded in poking his nose in front in the sixth heat, getting up in the last few yards in 10 2-5 seconds. He failed to turn out for the semi-finals, and that his judgment was good was attested when both heats in this section were clocked in 10 seconds, with Ed. Maurer, National Athletic Club, 4½ yards, and H. M. Martin, Howard University, Washington, D. C., the respective winners. Martin, a colored boy, off 7 yards, had a somewhat hollow victory in the final after having been set back a yard for a false break, his time being 10 1-5 seconds. Maurer finished second, just nosing out Bert Holden, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., 6½ yards.

The thousand-yard handicap called out an exceptionally large field, with Ollie De Grouchy, New York Athletic Club, and Myles McHugh, Pastime Athletic Club, among the scratch men. The pace was a clinker from the gun, with Joe Meeks, Long Island Athletic Club, from twenty-five yards, the only one "in it" when the real issue came, as he came away at the bell and won by ten yards in 2:19, with De Grouchy second and E. W. Hills, Mohawk Athletic Club, off "forty," third and close up. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Final heat won by H. M. Martin, Howard University, (7 yards;) Ed. Maurer, National A. C., (4½ yards,) second; Bert Holden, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., (6½ yards,) third. Time—0:10 1-5.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by Joe Meeks, Long Island A. C., (25 yards;) O. W. De Grouchy, New York A. C., (scratch,) second; E. W. Hills, Mohawk A. C., (40 yards,) third. Time—2:19.

75-Yard Dash, Special, Scratch.—Won by Howard P. Drew, Springfield High School; Frank L. Stephenson, Trinity Club, second; H. M. Martin, Howard University, Washington, D. C., third. Time—0:07 4-5.

One-Mile Run, Novice.—Final heat won by Albert Lenaars, Brooklyn Evening High School; Maufua Simon, unattached, second; Harold F. Ward, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—4:54 2-5.

440-Yard Run, Invitation, Scratch, John B. Taylor Memorial.—Won by James E. Meredith, unattached; Irving T. Howe, English High School, second; H. Oltmann, National A. C., third. Time—0:52.

Three-Mile Bicycle Race, Final.—Won by E. H. Goodwin, Irish-American A. C.; Jack Townsend, Dominican Lyceum, second; G. Banker, Glencoe A. C., third. Time—7:22.

300-Yard Run, Handicap, Final Heat.—Won by Frank Kaufman, unattached, (2½ yards;) Charles Mundt, St. Bartholomew A. C., (6 yards,) second; H. H. Johnson, unattached, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:34 2-5.

One-Mile Relay, Negro Organizations.—Won by Smart Set A. C.; Salem Crescent A. C., second; Imperial A. C., Orange, third. Time—3:46.

One-Mile Relay, Club Handicap.—Won by Pastime A. C.; McCadden Lyceum, second; Eymard Lyceum, third. Time—3:33 4-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by Eddie Jordan, Xavier A. C., (scratch;) George Messler, Long Island A. C., (150 yards,) second; J. Costello, Morningside A. C., (150 yards,) third. Time—15:24 4-5.

Clayberger Y. M. C. A. Champion.

The tenth and final bi-monthly games were held by the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. last night. Seventy-eight men have participated in these events and great interest has been maintained throughout. The feature of last night's competitions was the breaking of the season's three standing broad jumps record by W. McIntyre, who jumped 29 feet ½ inch. As the result of the points gained last night H. O. Clayberger was declared all-round champion for the season 1912-13, his points totaling 2,336. G. Foster was a close second, with 2,200 points, while H. Gissel occupies third position with a total of 1,995 points. The results of last night's games were:

300-Yard Run.—Won by H. Gissel, (scratch;) L. Johnson, (10 yards,) second; W. Limpert, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:37 4-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by R. Denk, (40 yards;) E. Hutchins, (25 yards,) second; J. Cooper, (10 yards,) third. Time—2:13 2-5.

Three Standing Broad Jumps.—Won by W. McIntyre, (scratch;) J. Allen, (scratch,) second; L. Johnson, (2 feet,) third. Distance—29 feet ½ inch.

Standing High Jump.—Won by J. Allen, (1 inch;) L. Johnson, (4 inches,) second; J. Cooper, (6 inches,) third. Height—4 feet 5 inches.

704-Yard Relay.—Won by Intermediates, (Williams, L'Huilier, Johnson, Schneider;) Graduate Intermediates, (Gissel, McIntyre, Engle, Cooper,) second; Graduate Intermediates, (Kilian, Merz, Hutchins, Nielson,) third. Time—1:23 3-5.

Davis Cup Matches Here in June.

Robert D. Wrenn, President of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, announced last night that he had received confirmation from Australia of the acceptance by the Australian Association of the proposal by the Americans that the preliminary matches for the Davis International Cup be played in this country. The Australian team, consisting of S. N. Doust, A. D. Jones, and Horace Rice, is expected to arrive in San Francisco on April 24. The match, Mr. Wrenn said, would probably be played in New York early in June. The personnel of the American team has not been determined.

SHOEMAKER WINS EASILY.

Dr. Howe Scores Only 47 Points in Pocket Billiards Match.

Harry Shoemaker easily defeated Dr. William G. Howe last night in the National amateur pocket billiard championship tournament at the Riverside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, by the score of 125 to 47. Shoemaker displayed excellent form, and although for the first five innings of the contest the playing appeared to be even, it was apparent after this stage of the game that Howe was no match for Shoemaker. The winner finished his string in fourteen innings, making a high run of 42 points.

Shoemaker played a fast game from the start, and made many pretty and difficult shots. In the fifth inning he cleared the table of the fourteen balls, and duplicated this feat in the following two frames for a run of 42 balls. He accomplished a difficult shot in the fifth inning, when he executed a four-ball combination shot in the side pocket. Again, in the tenth frame, he created applause by "kissing" the cue ball off the triangle in the other end of the table, scattering the balls and making it easy to pocket thirteen before he missed a shot. The score by innings:

Shoemaker—7 9 9 6 14 14 14 7 8 13 10 10 10 1—132. High run, 42. Scratches, 7.

Howe—7 5 5 8 0 0 0 7 6 1 4 4 4 51. Scratches, 4.

In the game at Doyle's Academy, played in the evening, Neil McKenzie defeated A. B. Hyman, the title holder, by the score of 125 to 114 in eighteen frames. It was a closely contested game from start to finish.

Hyman started off in his usual good form, and it appeared as if the final score would find him a winner. Along about the middle of the contest, however, McKenzie took the lead, and until the end it was a nip-and-tuck affair.

The afternoon game, the contestants in which were John Donnelly and Edward Gray, was forfeited on account of the non-appearance of the former. The score by frames:

McKenzie—8 5 11 8 6 5 1 10 7 12 11 5 9 7 7 7 8 4—125. Scratches—Six.

Hyman—6 9 3 6 8 9 13 4 7 2 3 9 5 7 7 7 6 8—114. Scratches—Five.

Referee—A. W. Myers.

Two games will be decided again to-day. In the afternoon contest Neil McKenzie will oppose Edward Raynolds, and in the evening the contestants will be Edward Gray and Raynolds.

BROOKLYN BILLIARDIST WINS.

Joseph Mayer Defeats J. E. Cope Morton in National Amateur Tourney

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Joseph Mayer of Brooklyn won the afternoon game in the National amateur 18.2 balk-line championship billiard tournament, defeating J. E. Cope Morton of this city 400 to 354. Mayer's high run was 51 and his average 9 31-41. Morton had a high run of 72 and an average of 8 26-41.

The score by innings:

Morton—0 2 7 4 5 1 0 0 8 6 1 12 2 0 3 13 72 16 32 3 3 23 1 8 4 12 8 1 18 10 16 36 0 0 0 7 1 4 0 6 14. Total—354. High run—72. Average—8 25-41.

Mayer—0 34 13 31 0 2 0 11 6 7 1 8 13 0 5 51 12 0 22 2 7 2 39 0 5 37 3 0 6 0 0 0 22 1 32 0 9 1 6 0 12. Total—400. High run—51. Average—9 31-41.

Wilkie C. Duniway of Portland, Ore., defeated Dr. Walter E. Uffenheimer, Philadelphia, in to-night's game, 400 to 389. Duniway's high run was 81, and his average 7 36-52. Uffenheimer had a high run of 58 and an average of 7 25-52.

Otis Wins Billiard Series.

Charles Otis, Brooklyn representative in the National Intercity Three-Cushion Carrom Billiard League, defeated Harry Goldman, who represents New York, in the final game of the three-game series at Doyle's Academy last night, by the score of 50 to 30, in seventy-seven innings. This victory gives the Brooklyn player a record of three straight games over the Manhattan representative. Otis's high run was 5. Goldman made one of 4.

Waiters Play Pocket Billiards.

In the second night's play of the Manhattan Waiters' Association handicap pocket billiard tournament Thomas Griffin (115) beat Charles Stephens, (95;) James Bigney (66) beat Alfred Moore, (90;) Charles James (80) beat Alfred Howe, (78.) A tournament for the championship of the various societies is contemplated, and the best players of the Manhattan, Alliance, Geneva, International Geneva Metropolitan, Columbia, and the Union Ganymede will be pitted against each other.

Lillian Hyde Wins Golf Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 26.—Mrs. J. V. Hurd of Oakmont, formerly international champion as Dorothy Campbell, lost to-day's final round, 4 and 2, in the annual united North and South golf championship for women to Miss Lillian B. Hyde of the South Shore Field Club, the metropolitan champion.

The second division, or Governor's Trophy, was won by Miss Agnes Blancke of Montclair, who defeated Mrs. George C. Dutton of Oakley, 2 up and 1 to play. Miss Edith Barnett of New Haven lost by 4 and 3 in the third division to Mrs. J. H. Horner of Oakmont, and Miss Priscilla Beall of Uniontown won the fourth by 1 up from Mrs. J. D. Climo of Cleveland.

Mixed Foursomes Handicap at Aiken.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 26.—In the mixed foursomes handicap golf match play for cups to-day presented by F. R. Hitchcock there were nine entries. In the preliminary round Mrs. Joseph Harriman and H. O. Rea (12) beat Miss Eleanor Phelps and Garrick Mallery, (14,) 7 up and 5. In the first round Mrs. J. C. Tappin and E. A. Thomson (scratch) beat Mrs. Harriman and Rea (12) 3 up and 1 to play; Mr .and Mrs. Gouverneur Morris (scratch) beat Mr. and Mrs. George T. Smith (8) 3 up and 1; Mrs. C. O. Iselin and J. B. Harriman (5) beat Mrs. C. W. Dolan and E. L. Smith (12) 2 up; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Perin (2) beat Mrs. C. M. Hinkle and C. W. Dolan (1) 7 up and 5.

Cornell Not on Pennsy Relays.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 26.—On account of the extensive schedule of the Cornell track team and the expense involved, the Ithacans will not enter any men in the Pennsylvania relay carnival on April 26, it was announced to-day. The Cornell management would like to send men to the games, but the expense of entering fifteen or twenty men would be too great, considering that Cornell will engage in three dual meets this Spring. This will be the second year in succession that Cornell has not taken part in the games.

Ice Sports at St. Nicholas Rink.

The annual gymkhana of ice sports, which concludes the season at the St. Nicholas Rink, will be held to-night for the benefit of the employes, and the programme will form a veritable vaudeville show on skates. There will be a hockey game between the Irish-American A. C. and a picked team, fancy skating by Miss Fanny Davidson, the world's champion lady figure skater, whose exhibitions in Paris, Berlin, St. Petersburg, and other centres of skating activity were enthusiastically applauded. Johnny Daly and little Hallie Twombly will offer a double figure exhibition of Continental skating. Phil Kearney, who has won more championships than any other athlete now before the public, will be on scratch in a half-mile handicap race, in which all the best known local skaters will compete. Ladies will compete in a quarter-mile race and a mixed couple pursuit race. Morris Wood will try his skill in a handicap race against Kearney, and also try to break Edmund Lamy's barrel jumping record. Potato races, broom ball, and running races on the ice will be features on one of the most interesting programmes ever offered.

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AMERICAN HOCKEY TEAM OUTCLASSED

Winnipegs Vanquish the Hockey Club, Amateur Champions, 7 Goals to 1.

The Winnipeg Hockey Club, amateur champions of Canada and winners of the Montague Allen trophy, defeated the Hockey Club seven, the American amateur champions, at St. Nicholas Rink last night by a score of 7 to 1. The Canadians went through to the championship this year in sensational fashion, but they have been on the road for more than a week and the rink last night was strange to their style of play. In the first half they did not get going well, but when they started their team play, speedy skating, and deadly goal shooting in the second half the local players were left far behind.

The only goal for the Hockey Club was scored in the first half by Capt. Jimmy Britton, who made the most sensational run of the game. He got the puck near the Canadians' net, rushed through their whole defense along the side of the rink, and shot a goal after a spectacular run from a difficult angle. After that the Hockey Club did not have a chance to score.

Aldous, the Winnipeg centre, was the star of the game, scoring five of Winnipeg's seven goals. One of his plays in the second half was a fine exhibition of cleverness, when he took the puck at the face-off, near the Hockey Club net, and scored before the Americans knew where the puck was.

McKenzie, the right wing of the visitors, was a fast skater. His stick work was clever and his dodging deceptive. Time and again he fooled his opponents with fast zig-zag trips up and down the rink. Both teams got a slow start. The Hockey Club for more than half the first half was able to stand off the visitors, and it was not until after fifteen minutes of play that Aldous scored the first goal. Then came Britton's pretty run and a goal which tied the score. All the shouting of the local rooters was done at this stage. Gannon, the Winnipeg goal tender, played a great game at the net, rushing out often to meet the Hockey Club attack and turning it aside.

The game was unusually rough, and Percy Brown, the referee, called a dozen penalties on both teams. The line-up:

Winnipeg.	Position.	Hockey Club.
Gannon	Goal	Lewis
Turnbull	Point	Tisne
Ruttan	Cover point	Britton
Andrews	Rover	Macdonnell
Aldous	Centre	McKenzie
Adamson	Left wing	Gordon
McKenzie	Right wing	Young

Referee—P. E. Browne, Winnipeg. Assistant referee—Ernest Garon, Irish-American A. C. Goal umpires—W. W. Davis, Winnipeg, and J. A. Rogers, Irish-American A. C. Timers—D. W. F. Nichols and W. J. Croker. Time of game—Twenty-minute halves.

Goals.—First Half—First goal for Winnipeg by Aldous in 14:33, second goal for Hockey Club by Britton in 16:50, third goal for Winnipeg by Adamson in 17:39. Second Half—Fourth goal for Winnipeg by Aldous in 4:52, fifth goal for Winnipeg by Andrews in 6:15, sixth goal for Winnipeg by Aldous in 9:11, seventh goal for Winnipeg by Aldous in 12:12, eighth goal for Winnipeg by Aldous in 15:30.

Penalties.—McKenzie, 1 minute for cross-checking; Macdonnell, 1 minute for tripping; Britton, 1 minute for tripping; Britton, 1 minute for slugging; McKenzie, 1 minute for slugging; McKenzie, 2 minutes for cross-checking; Turnbull, 1 minute for slashing; Ruttan, 1 minute for cross-checking; Macdonnell, 1 minute for tripping; Gordon, 1 minute for cross-checking; Ruttan, 1 minute for cross-checking; McKenzie, 1 minute for tripping.

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NEW PLAN REMOVES 11TH AVENUE TRACKS

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UP BEFORE ESTIMATE BOARD

Cost $50,000,000 or $60,000,000, but the City Is to Get More for Easements Than It Agrees to Pay Out.

President John Purroy Mitchel announced yesterday as Chairman of the Committee on Terminal Improvements of the Board of Estimate the plan which will be reported to the Board this morning for the improvement of the west side piers and development of railroad facilities along the waterfront. It will provide for the entire elimination of the New York Central tracks in Eleventh Avenue from Sixtieth Street south and will offer plans for the creation of a terminal for the State Barge Canal, a little to the south of Dyckman Street.

It is reckoned that by balancing against the sums to be paid by the city for the construction of tunnels the amount to be paid by the company to the city for real estate and easements the city will actually receive $160,000 more than it pays out. The entire improvement is likely to cost between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 and can be begun without the expenditure of a dollar of the money of the city.

In undertaking the negotiations with the New York Central, the Board of Estimate's Committee had three objects in view. It desired to discontinue the operation of railroads in the public streets at grade, and the enlargement of the railroad facilities for the shippers of the city.

These objects, it is hoped, have been accomplished by the adoption of the plan already put forward for roofing the New York Central's tracks above Seventy-second Street and by the facilities that are to be provided for the Central tracks south of its yard at Sixtieth Street. It is suggested that a subway be constructed from these yards around the head of the large piers to be built at Fiftieth Street as far south as Forty-fourth Street, and that an elevated railroad be built along Twelfth Avenue to a point opposite the railroad's present Thirtieth Street yard. From Thirtieth Street south the railroad is to build at its own expense a two-track subway under Tenth Avenue as far as Gansevoort Market, which would then proceed under Washington Street to Canal, and under Canal Street to Varick Street, where it would enter the company's enlarged St. John's Park yard.

Old Plans Changed.

Modifications in the previously proposed plans for the New York Central Railroad north of Sixtieth Street are described. The old arrangement involved the possibility of raising the railroad bridge over Spuyten Duyvil, which meant the ruin of the Inwood section, one of the most beautiful districts of the city, and greatly increased cost of operation. It is now proposed to obviate this difficulty by a diversion of the New York Central's tracks above Dyckman Street.

A turn from the river front toward the east immediately north of Dyckman Street is expected to do it. The tracks would be stretched past Inwood in a covered structure or a subway which would emerge at the Ship Canal at a height which would enable the railroad trains to reach the raised Spuyten Duyvil Bridge without further improvements. The company would have to exchange its present right of way along the water front from Dyckman Street to Inwood for a permanent easement under the city's Inwood property, and would give the opportunity for the construction of a driveway along the river bank as far north as Spuyten Duyvil.

A little to the south of Dyckman Street the New York Central proposed to build its new yards, and the State Canal Board suggested that these should be constructed somewhere between Spuyten Duyvil and Dyckman Street. The committee now recommends that the New York Central receive permission to establish its freight yard provided the fee remain with the city and a marginal way along the bank of the North River be reserved for public purposes. The yard at Dyckman Street would involve the elimination of the grade crossing, and the committee recommends that this be done by carrying the street across the railroad tracks by a bridge.

The New York Central has now through Fort Washington Park a two-track line, and it owns a right of way wide enough for four tracks. It has asked for six tracks through the park, and as a result of the discussion this compromise is recommended by the committee: The company will construct four tracks and will carry these through the park in a straight line a little to the eastward of its present curved line. They will be inclosed in a tunnel, and the company will relinquish its present right of way to the city in exchange for a perpetual easement for the new lines under the park. The committee points out that by this bargain the city will obtain 222,300 square feet for the park, as well as 1,800 lineal feet of water front.

Central Gives Consent.

From 161st to 155th Street the committee proposes that a 100-foot marginal way should be built up between the railroad tracks and the river, and it is prepared to give the company permission to erect extensive yards west of Riverside Drive in the district between 155th and 135th Streets, which need not be roofed over, provided that no building more than sixteen feet higher than the railroad tracks be built without the assent of the Board of Estimate. Then in order to reserve for the city a marginal way 150 feet wide from 135th to 129th Street the committee proposes that the New York Central's tracks be elevated at this point and that the marginal way be constructed beneath them.

Coming to the treatment of Riverside Park, the committee states that it has, after much discussion, obtained the assent of the New York Central Railroad Company to the roofing in of the entire line as far south as Seventy-second Street. This line begins to spread at Seventy-ninth Street, till at the entrance to the railroad yards and Seventy-second Street it will be about 379 feet wide, and will accommodate twenty-six tracks. A roof over it below Eighty-sixth Street must be sufficiently elevated above the roadbed to permit of switchmen standing on top of the freight cars.

This, the committee says, will mean that between Seventy-ninth and Seventy-second Streets there must be a broad, flat surface of park area slightly below the level of the present Riverside Drive, extending out to the westward of the present Riverside Park. The committee does not suggest how this will affect the treatment of Riverside Drive, but proposes that it be left to the future consideration of the Park Department. It might be filled in or be used for sunken gardens, while the top of the new tunnel might be converted into a new and attractive driveway.

At three points it is proposed that the railroad be put out of sight either by the cutting of tunnels or by the roofing of the tracks, at Inwood Park, at Fort Washington Park, and along Riverside Drive from 122d to Seventy-second Street. It is estimated that the difference in cost of carrying on the work at Inwood Hill as the company had planned and of adopting the plan now suggested is $1,600,000. In the same way the additional cost of carrying out the committee's plan for Washington Park over the proposals originally put forward by the company is $1,500,000.

Protracted negotiations have taken place between the city and the company as to the cost of the improvements with the result that the city has tentatively agreed to pay the cost of the Washington Park work. It was also agreed that in consideration of the heavy expense the company was about to undertake for its work below Thirtieth Street the city should assume the $1,600,000 additional cost of the Inwood Hill section. On the other hand, the city will gain two extensive strips of water-front in these districts in exchange for underground easements.

City Gains a Great Park Area.

The cost of the roofing in of the tracks along Riverside Park is estimated at $7,000,000. An agreement has been reached by which the company will pay the cost of roofing the additional tracks between 122d and Seventy-second Streets and the city the cost of roofing the old ones. The company will consequently pay $2,777,587 and the city $4,222,2[illegible]3. For the use of the strip under Riverside Park the company will pay the city the full fee value less the easement value of the roof structure, but the company will not receive the land under the park in fee, but will acquire only a perpetual easement for railroad purposes, the fee of both the underground strip and the roof remaining to the city. Thus, the city will alienate only a subsurface easement and will gain an addition to Riverside Park of about 1,627,000 square feet.

All along the railroad's right of way, however, from Spuyten Duyvil Creek to Sixtieth Street there are parcels of land belonging to the city, but of little practical value to it, which the company has desired to buy. The land has been appraised by the Controller, with the result that it has been found that they will offset whatever is to be paid by the city for the work at Inwood Hill, Washington Park and Riverside Park by the amount of $163,887. According to the committee and Mr. Mitchel, the entire New York Central question north of Seventy-second Street may be settled to the satisfaction and advantage of the city with an actual payment to the city of this amount.

The report then outlines the negotiations which have taken place with regard to the New York Central's tracks below Sixtieth Street, the district between Seventy-second Street and Sixtieth Street along the west side of the city being covered by the railroad's freight yards, which there is no intention of altering.

To deal with the territory just south of this yard, the committee has put forward a novel scheme. It has taken advantage of the fact that Twelfth Avenue, as it is to-day, is considerably lower in elevation than Eleventh Avenue, and has made provision for getting around the eastern ends of the seven 1,200-foot piers it is intended to construct in this locality.

The company will at its own cost construct a subway from Fifty-ninth Street to Forty-fourth Street. It will start at the westerly corner of the Interborough Power House at Fifty-ninth Street and Twelfth Avenue on the present grade of that avenue. Then it will curve inland, so as to get around the new piers, leaving space for a bulkhead, and will return to Twelfth Avenue again at Forty-fourth Street. As this freight line will maintain the same grade as Twelfth Avenue, it might rather be termed a cut into the side of the slope from Eleventh to Twelfth Avenue, which, when completed, will be roofed in.

On its roof will be the new marginal way, and every cross-town street from Fifty-ninth to Forty-third will have its grade altered so as to run up to the marginal way. From this direct access at grade will be given to the second stories of the structure to be constructed on the new piers. The western side of the freight subway will not be closed in, so that tracks from it will run directly on to the new piers on their first level.

The Tomkins Plan Turned Down.

In order to continue the freight line from Forty-fourth Street south to the Central's Thirtieth Street yard and to keep it off the street grade the committee has found it necessary to sanction an elevated railroad. This will run along Twelfth Avenue and will cross Forty-second Street at about fourteen feet. The committee expresses regret at having been obliged to adopt this solution of the problem, but declares that it is the only feasible one.

Mr. Mitchel's committee has rejected the plan put forward by Dock Commissioner Tomkins for the construction of an elevated marginal railroad below Thirtieth Street for the use of all railroad companies, and has proposed to leave the problem of providing better facilities to the New Jersey railroads to the development of single terminals across West Street in connection with their present piers.

For the removal of the railroad tracks from Eleventh Avenue it announces that the railroad company has consented to construct at its own expense a two-track subway from Thirtieth Street under Tenth Avenue to Fifteenth Street, thence under Gansevoort Market to Washington Street, and under that thoroughfare as far as Canal Street. It would run under Canal Street as far as Varick Street, and would there enter the enlarged St. John's Park yard. The company is also asking the right to construct a two-track subway under Hudson Street, from Canal to Beach Street, subject to recapture by the city in case it wishes to build a passenger subway in Hudson Street, and also requests an option to substitute for the Canal Street portion of the subway a continuation of the line under Washington Street as far as Barclay Street.

This subway would be for the exclusive use of the New York Central, but the committee has obtained for the city an option terminating on Nov. 1 to buy out the exclusive rights of the New York Central below Thirtieth Street by the payment of a cash consideration, and the construction at its own expense of proper rail facilities from Thirtieth Street to either St. John's Park or Barclay Street, which must be open to the New York Central and other railroad companies on equal terms.

The committee points out that this option reserves to the city the right to establish a joint terminal freight railroad, if it can do so within the next few months, though it admits that it does not consider the prospect of such an undertaking very bright. The New York Central will be bound to begin the construction of its subway on Dec. 15 if the city has not exercised its option.

OMAHA PLANS REBUILDING.

Corporation of Business Men Formed—3,179 Persons Made Homeless.

OMAHA, March 26.—Burying the dead and work of reconstruction occupied tornado-stricken Omaha to-day. Funerals were held in all parts of the city. Many of the bodies recovered from wrecks of Sunday's storm were cared for at undertaking establishments, and the greater number of the funerals were held from those places. Whenever it was possible, friends of stricken families took care of bodies and had them prepared for burial.

In many instances churches were demolished in the districts covered by the storm, and others were so badly wrecked as to prevent them being used for funeral services. Nearly 100 funerals were held. Many bodies have been sent to out-of-town relatives.

During the night the work of rescue was continued. Only one body was reported recovered, that of a negro buried in the Idlewild pool hall debris. The authorities are trying to uncover all of the wreckage at once, in order to remove any bodies that may be buried.

The Real Estate Exchange has taken steps to prevent the raising of rents. Already cases of alleged attempted extortion have been reported, some by members of the Exchange itself. Executives of that body decided to deal harshly with any owners found taking advantage of those forced to look for new homes on account of the tornado.

Hundreds of persons from all part of the country, unable to hear from relatives, have come to the city seeking news.

Plans for the immediate rebuilding of the wrecked district are being worked out by a big company of Omaha business men. A corporation is being formed to handle the matter in a systematic manner and assist the unfortunates who lost their homes and personal effects. This corporation will begin at once the task of at least partly reconstructing many homes.

A public appeal sent out by the Commercial Club says that 642 homes were totally wrecked, 1,669 were damaged, and 3,179 persons made homeless.

An unusual incident in connection with the storm was the receipt by Mayor Dahlman of a sympathetic telegram from the Mayor of Dayton, Ohio. To-day Mayor Dahlman telegraphed the Dayton Executive a similar message regarding the flood in the Ohio town.

Two more bodies were found at Council Bluffs to-day. They were those of J. Albert Johnson and his wife. Their home was wrecked.

Another period of unseasonable cold followed yesterday's snowstorm and increased to-day the already long list of sufferers. Vehicles of all kinds were commandeered to carry relief to the victims, fuel being most in demand.

Stock Memorandum Bill Passes.

ALBANY, March 26.—The Assembly passed to-day another Stock Exchange bill, which would require brokers to give their customers memoranda stating from whom stock was bought or to whom sold and also the day and hours between which the transaction occurred. Violation of the provisions of the act would be a misdemeanor.

CITY PAYS GRAFT IN POLICE PENSIONS

One Man Investigates All Names Added to the Roll, Curran Committee Learns.

TEN MEN HAVE HAD $250,000

Others Have Drawn as Much as $60,000 Each — Some on Rolls 48 Years—City Makes Up Deficit.

Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner James E. Dillon, now in charge of Brooklyn as Borough Inspector, was a witness before the Curran Committee yesterday to explain his work as former head of the Police Pension Fund. Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the committee, succeeded in showing that pensions had been granted with greater rapidity under the régime of Commissioner Waldo than under any other administration. Deputy Commissioner Dillon, Mr. Buckner said, easily carried off the "blue ribbon" for generosity to pension applicants.

Mr. Buckner brought out that the pension fund had a reserve of $450,000 in 1901; that this was wiped out in 1904, when there was a deficit of $197,000, and that this deficit had grown until this year it reached the high water mark of $1,250,000. The "joke" of this extravagance, Mr. Buckner said, was on the city, the present law requiring that all deficits in the pension fund must be covered in appropriations by the Board of Estimate.

Before placing any police witnesses on the stand the committee took the testimony of Robert Von Reutlinger, an expert accountant, who had spent nearly three months in a study of the Police Pension Fund as an employe of the committee. Mr. Von Reutlinger said that he had reached these three conclusions:

> That the law covering the pension fund is vague and can be interpreted in many ways.
>
> That the pension fund is not based on any mathematical calculations.
>
> That the administration of the fund has been carried on in the most unscientific way imaginable.

Some on Pension Roll 48 Years.

In all his investigations in other cities of the country, the witness said, he had never met with such unbusinesslike management. "The only principle of the pension fund," he testified, "is that New York is rich and can pay it. It will be unlimited until the money gives out. That is, the resources of the pension fund are limited only by the resources, of the entire city."

There are on the pension roll of the Police Department nearly 4,000 names, the witness said, and the amount paid last year was $2,500,000. All of the investigations for payment to certified claimants, it developed, were conducted by one man. The Pennsylvania Railroad, with its annual pensions of $800,000, the witness testified, employed 200 men the year around to administer this fund. No systematized estimate had ever been prepared, Mr. von Reutlinger stated, to guide the Board of Estimate in the making of police budgets.

"I have found that there are a number of men who have been on the pension rolls forty-eight years," said the witness. "I found one case where a man has been drawing pension money for fifty years. Wages have gone up 36 per cent. in the department in the last thirty-six years, while pensions during the same time went up 130 per cent. Each year the policemen are paying a smaller percentage of their income into the pension fund. At the present rate this percentage will be negligible in fifteen years.

"Too many policemen are put on the disability list. It is an easy way to get them off the force. Very often they are young men.

Ten Men Have Drawn $250,000.

"Ten men on the pension roll have drawn so far more than a quarter of a million dollars.

"So far I have found that there are thirty men who are drawing police pensions and who are also working for the city in other departments."

The witness named many former policemen who have drawn from $30,000 to $60,000 from the pension fund. He said that the majority of the pensioned policemen were now in the liquor business.

The other witnesses called by Mr. Buckner were asked to substantiate the statements made by Mr. von Reutlinger. They were Nelson J. Merrill, Sergeant of Police and formerly investigator of pensions; Patrolman Thomas A. Healey, now the sole investigator of the Pension Bureau; Deputy Commissioner Dillon, who was Chairman of the Pension Board until he was sent to Brooklyn last February, and Chief Surgeon Marvin R. Palmer.

Sergt. Merrill admitted that many widows drawing police pension money traveled abroad and that there was no set system to find out whether they remarried. Fully a dozen, he said, went to live in Ireland after their patrolman husbands died.

Patrolman Healey admitted that Commissioner Waldo had never appointed a special investigator to ascertain whether pensioned widows married again.

Mr. Buckner attempted to fasten the blame for this unbusinesslike administration of the pension fund on Deputy Commissioner Dillon, but Mr. Dillon, when he took the stand, quickly shifted the responsibility to the shoulders of Commissioner Waldo by saying that it was not up to him to make rules.

Never Considered Their Need.

"Did you take the financial condition of widows into consideration in passing on their applications for pensions?" Mr. Dillon was asked.

"I did not," he replied.

"But you know, don't you, that some pensions you passed went to very wealthy widows?"

"I don't."

"Then what was the object in having your investigator ascertain the financial condition of widows applying for the pension?"

"I don't know," replied Mr. Dillon. "I suppose that was just as a matter of record."

Mr. Buckner recalled for Mr. Dillon's benefit that 260 pensions had been granted to widows during his administration, and also that 347 pensions had been increased by his orders during the fifteen months that he acted as head of the Pension Bureau. The highest number of pensions raised in amount in any former administration, Mr. Buckner said, was 110.

"Thank God," replied Mr. Dillon, as an answer to the thrust, "that there was a man who had the nerve to take care of the policemen's widows. I am pleased with what I did. I want to say that a liberal provision for pensions is an incentive for policemen to risk their lives. The thought of assurance of comfort to his widow has made many a patrolman do a brave deed. This ought to be a lesson to those who make it a business of monkeying with pensions."

$200,000 Paid Out to Convicts.

"Why didn't you keep track of your pensioners to see whether any of those on the disability roll had been convicted of a crime, the law providing that a pension in such a case is revocable?" Mr. Buckner asked.

"It would have cost more than it was worth," was the reply.

Mr. Buckner stated, however, that $200,000 might have been saved in this way. He read into the record the cases of several patrolmen who continued to draw their pensions after their pensions should have been revoked according to law.

Chief Surgeon Palmer admitted as a witness that it would be a good rule to prevent police surgeons from practicing in the homes of policemen. It was not for him, however, to make such a rule, he said. He thought that the rule permitting outside practice should not be changed. He admitted that of the twenty-four district surgeons in the department there was none who lived either in Queens or Richmond, but he denied that the surgeons preferred Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx as residential boroughs in order to increase their income by private practice. He also denied that he knew of any practice whereby police surgeons accepted $500 to place patrolmen on the disability pension list.

Final Session To-day.

Mr. Buckner brought out the fact that a patrolman named James Mullin of Flushing had reported ill on one occasion and that it was not until thirty-nine hours afterward that the nearest police surgeon, twenty-five miles away, reached his bedside. Dr. Palmer persisted, however, in his view that it was not practical for district surgeons to live in the outlying boroughs.

Dr. Palmer denied that he had examined Patrolman James E. Wren, who retired and was placed on the pension list shortly before he testified before the Grand Jury that he had collected graft for Harlem Inspectors. He said, however, that he remembered the case and that the records showed that Wren had been suffering from Bright's disease.

The Curran Committee will hold its final session this morning, when several of the old pensioners will be put on the stand. Mr. Buckner and his assistants will then spend a month in writing up the committee's final report. The testimoney covers over 6,000 pages, and there are in addition hundreds of exhibits.

MANY CHARITIES BENEFIT.

Will of Mrs. Josephine Penfold Disposes of $823,517 Personalty.

The appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Josephine Penfold, who died on April 3, 1912, was filed yesterday in the Deputy State Controller's office, showing personalty of $823,517, which, with the exception of $6,101 of jewelry and furniture, consisted of bonds and stocks.

Under the will legacies of $5,000 each were left to the American Bible Society, the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church of America, the Children's Aid Society, St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, the Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium, the New York Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor, Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, the New York City Missions, Women's Branch, and $7,500 to the Presbyterian Hospital. The residuary estate was divided equally between the two brothers, Edmund Penfold and William Hall Penfold, who has since died.

ST. GEORGE'S SCHOOL PLAY.

"Jane" Given at Newport — Mrs. Lorillard Spencer in Japan.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 26.—Parents, relatives, and friends of the students of St. George's School gathered in the gymnasium to-night for the students' presentation of "Jane," a farce in three acts, played by P. S. Bush as Charley Shackleton, M. Goodspeed as Mr. Kershaw, P. W. Bogert as William Tipson, H. N. Hill as Mr. Pixton, W. McG. Clark as Claude, A. G. McIlwaine as Jane, R. R. Wheelwright as Mrs. Chadwick, R. B. Jenkins as Lucy Nortona, and G. L. Howe as Mrs. Pixton. The officers of the Dramatic Club for the year are H. S. Bush, President; G. B. Blaine, Secretary and Treasurer; T. Clark, stage manager, and J. B. Abbott, property man.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman are expected to arrive at their cottage on Narragansett Avenue about April 15. They plan to spend the Summer in California.

Mrs. Frederick Pearson and Miss Shonts have returned to New York.

Commodore and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard completed their visit to-day, returning to New York.

Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, who is making a tour of the world, was last heard from in Japan, where she has made many collections for her residence on Halidon Hill.

Miss Augusta Hunter entertained at a luncheon this afternoon.

Mrs. Everett, widow of Rear Admiral William H. Everett, formerly of Newport, has returned from Washington.

Arrivals at the Muenchinger cottage today include Mrs. Marsden J. Perry, Miss Perry R. Joslin and Miss Peggy Joslin of Providence, R. I.; Mrs. Duer Irving and Mrs. Edward B. Henzey of New York, and Miss F. Wheelwright, Miss J. W. Brooks, and Miss E. H. Brooks of Dedham, Mass.

WHITNEY IN FLORIDA WATERS.

Arctic Explorer on Fishing Expedition—Those Leaving Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 26.—Harry Whitney, the arctic explorer, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph King Clarke at their villa on Lake Worth, will leave to-morrow evening for a fortnight's fishing with Dr. Leonard Sanford of New York and Walter Mitchell of Pittsburgh. They are going after tarpon off the Long Key fishing camp, and then along the West Coast, where Mr. and Mrs. Clarke expect to join them the first of next week. Messrs. Whitney, Sanford, and Mitchell have been at Dungeness, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Carnegie of Pittsburgh and New York at Fernandina, in the northern part of the State, where Andrew Carnegie has also been a visitor for several weeks. They are now on board Tom Carnegie's yacht, the Nomade, which sprang a leak on the way down and had to go into dry dock here.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor, who arrived before Christmas, will not leave until April 7, when they go to New York for a fortnight, and then to their home at Lake Forest, Ill. They gave a farewell dinner last night at their villa to Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Kent Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Ludlow, Leland Sterry, and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard D. Ahl. Mr. and Mrs. Bolton left for Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Ludlow will go in a few days to Augusta. Mr. and Mrs. Ahl will leave at the end of the week to spend the Summer at Pride's Crossing. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps are still at Rosemont. They attended The Breakers concert yesterday, where a large gathering for the time of year included Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wickes, who, after spending the season, left last night for Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. C. Harton Singer of Pittsburgh, Col. Samuel Goodman, Miss Margaret Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Semple Clarke and Miss Clarke of Philadelphia, and others.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Rain and much colder Thursday, clearing by night; cold wave in extreme west portions. Friday fair, high winds, shifting to northwest.

South Carolina—Rain, followed by clearing and much colder Thursday; cold wave at night. Friday fair; high northwest winds.

Georgia—Rain, followed by fair Thursday; cold wave by night. Friday fair; brisk to high northwest winds.

Florida—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; preceded by rain in north portion Thursday; colder Thursday; cold wave in north portion; brisk northwest winds.

Alabama—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; cold wave Thursday; brisk to high northwest winds, diminishing.

Mississippi—Fair Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday, with cold wave in south portion; rising temperature Friday; brisk northwest winds, becoming variable.

Louisiana—Fair Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday; rising temperature Friday; moderate northwest winds, becoming variable.

Eastern Texas—Fair Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday along the coast; rising temperature Friday; north winds, becoming variable.

Western Texas—Fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature Thursday in north portions.

Oklahoma—Fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature Friday.

Arkansas—Fair Thursday, with warmer in west portion. Friday, fair and warmer.

Tennessee—Rain or snow, followed by fair and colder, Thursday; cold wave in east portion. Friday, fair, with rising temperature.

Kentucky—Rain or snow, followed by fair and colder Thursday. Friday, fair, with rising temperature.

Ohio—Rain or snow Thursday, with colder in south portion. Friday, fair, with rising temperature; high northwest winds.

Indiana—Snow flurries, followed by fair, Thursday. Friday, fair, with rising temperature; high northwest winds, diminishing and becoming variable.

Illinois—Snow flurries, followed by fair, Thursday. Friday, fair, with rising temperature; brisk northwest winds, becoming light and variable, shifting to south Friday.

Lower Michigan—Snow Thursday. Friday, fair, with rising temperature; brisk north winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday, and in west portion Thursday; light, variable winds, shifting to south.

Wisconsin—Fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature Friday, and in northwest portion Thursday; brisk north winds, becoming variable and shifting to south.

Utah, Minnesota, Iowa, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature.

Missouri—Fair Thursday; warmer in west and north portions. Friday, fair and warmer.

North Dakota—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Thursday.

NEW JERSEY MAY GET SIGNBOARD LAW

Bill Introduced to Keep Defacing Matter from Roads and Protect Guides—S. A. E. to Meet.

Through Col. Edwin A. Stevens, State Highway Commissioner of New Jersey, the National Highways Protective Society has succeeded in having introduced in the Legislature of that State a bill modeled closely after the law now in force in New York, against the placing of signs along the highways. This is one of the measures in which motorists are interested. The custom of placing advertising matter on trees, rocks, fences, and even on the guide posts erected by automobile clubs, townships, &c., has caused much annoyance to tourists. The New York law reads:

> A person who unlawfully or maliciously removes, injures, or destroys a mile board, mile stone, danger sign, or signal, or guide sign or post, or any inscription thereon lawfully within a public highway; or who in any manner paints, puts, or affixes any business or commercial advertisement on or to any stone, tree, fence, stump, board, building, or other structure, which is the property of another, without first obtaining the written consent of such owner thereof, or who in any manner paints, puts, or affixes said advertisement on or to any stone, tree, fence, stump, board, mile board, mile stone, danger sign, danger signal, guide sign, billboard, building, or other structure within the limits of the public highway, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Any advertisement in or upon a public highway in violation of the provisions of this subdivision can be taken down or removed or destroyed by any one.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Metropolitan Section of the Society of Automobile Engineers, which will be held at the Section's headquarters, 1,790 Broadway, at 8 o'clock this evening, the first of a series of talks on the general electrical equipment of gasoline motor cars will be considered. The specific subject for this evening will be "Batteries—Their Construction and Care." A paper on this subject will be read by C. C. Munson, after which there will be general discussion. If time permits it is also planned to have a paper read by Morris Machol on "Light Weight Reciprocating Parts for Motors." Several meetings of the Section from now on will be concerned with electrical fittings, as in these days of self-starters, lighting systems, and whatnot the attention of the society is closely fixed on development along these lines.

⁂

Boston's sightseeing automobiles are coming under the watchful eyes of the Street Commissioners just now, as an effect of the order which recently went out forbidding them to stand at certain places because of traffic congestion. The Hub's narrow streets aggravate the evil there, it is said, but the sightseeing people do not appear to look at it in exactly that light.

⁂

Automobile owners in the large cities of Ohio have been sending complaints to Gov. Cox recently about the proposed increase in license fees for machines. Other States, in addition to New York, it seems, are thinking of securing more annual revenue from the motorist.

DEFEND WALL STREET.

Eugene Meyer, Jr., and W. C. Van Antwerp Say Stock Speculation Isn't Gambling.

Eugene Meyer, Jr., and William C. Van Antwerp discussed the functions of the Stock Exchange before the Finance Forum of the West Side Y. M. C. A. last night, and touched on its proposed restriction by legislation at Albany and Washington. Mr. Meyer is a Governor of the Exchange, and Mr. Van Antwerp is the author of "The Stock Exchange from Within."

Both declared that they had no apology to make for the business they were engaged in, and appealed to the public against unjust attacks upon it. They admitted that evils existed, but said that this was true of every other business, and that the Exchange authorities had done more to correct them than was the case with any other business.

The defense of the Stock Exchange by Messrs. Meyer and Van Antwerp, coming after the passage of some of the bills proposed by Gov. Sulzer, was more than usually aggressive in tone. Among the interested listeners was Horace White, who was Chairman of the Hughes Commission which investigated the Exchange several years ago.

"An ever-present evil," said Mr. Van Antwerp, "is a mania for lawmaking. There is an idea that everything can be made right by an all-wise and beneficent Government, but we all know that Governments are never all-wise, and are seldom beneficent. If the Stock Exchange needed reforming half as much as our lawmakers need it, it would have fallen to pieces long ago. I made that statement several years ago. Since then we have witnessed the dawn of Pujo and Untermyer, and I see no reason to change my mind."

Mr. Van Antwerp had said that the great evil of speculation was the intrusion of the uninformed, operating on a narrow margin with borrowed money.

"Lawmaking," he said, "on a narrow intellectual margin by the uninformed is vastly more dangerous than speculation."

"Our business," said Mr. Meyer, "is legitimate, and if we had a judicial public and an honestly investigating Governor and Legislature we could prove it; they would prove it to themselves."

Mr. Van Antwerp analyzed the difference between gambling and speculation. The gambler, he said, was a drone, who tried to live off his neighbors without producing anything himself, while the speculator made money through the service he rendered to the public.

"The newspapers," he said, "fall into the error of attacking Wall Street speculation as gambling, but when a publisher undertakes to deliver a paper at your door every morning for a year he is speculating. He is short of paper, ink, and news.

"Capital will not take hold of a new enterprise unless a market is provided where its securities can be readily bought and sold. The people who provide such a market are the speculators. The speculative element alone gives to it the ready sale that induces the conservative man to risk his money in the enterprise.

"While the Stock Exchange furnishes the arena for the display of the evils of speculation, it is no more responsible for them than insurance is responsible for fires. We don't attack the institution of private property because thieves break in and steal."

To keep out the ill-equipped speculator, Mr. Van Antwerp said, advertising by brokers was restricted practically to their names and addresses, and it was with the same object in view that the rule was adopted against trading for members of "another Exchange" because it was "a notorious offender in doing business on a narrow margin for ill-equipped people."

"The whole progress of the world is built up on successive outbursts of world-wide speculation," said Mr. Van Antwerp.

Mr. Meyer said the original function of a Stock Exchange was to make a market place for dealing in securities, but other functions had grown up, such as guarding against overissue of stock and against forgery by supervising the engraving of certificates. Now, he said, there was a tendency to insist that the Exchange should require reports from corporations and see that they were correct; "to see that securities are not listed that go down." The drift toward extreme conservatism in listing securities, he said, would mean the restriction of new enterprises in competition with the old.

SOUTH SEEKS SILK MILLS.

Paterson's Prestige Waning Because of Labor Troubles.

The silk strike in Paterson, according to a trade authority, marks the end of the supremacy of that city as the country's leading silk centre. Constant outcroppings of dissatisfaction among employes, high rents, and the inadaptability of many of the mills to modern silk production are causing several of the leading manufacturers to turn their eyes toward the South. Up to a few months ago it was expected that Pennsylvania would get the bulk of the removals from New Jersey, but labor troubles in that State and the passing of drastic labor legislation are now working against this expectation.

Efforts are being made by industrial agents of several Southern railroads to get the silk men to come there. It is argued by the agents that competent help can be procured or trained there, and that great saving can be made in overhead charges. It is expected that the exodus will be begun by manufacturers of plain fabrics, the novelty makers following as the Southern operatives become more skilled.

WILSON HAS TARIFF RATES.

Proposed Reductions Will Only Be Amended as President Wishes Before Introduction.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Chairman Underwood and the Ways and Means Committee Democrats have now completed the proposed new tariff bill, so far as changes in customs duties are concerned. The rate of the proposed new income tax is about all that remains unsettled. There will be no further changes in the rates proposed unless President Wilson, who is now going over a draft of the bill in detail, should suggest a reconsideration of some of the paragraphs. The President has not indicated to the committee that he contemplates doing this and it is not now expected in the committee that he will do so.

The rate for the income tax will depend on the amount of revenue that must be raised from that source. Treasury Department experts are preparing statements of estimated revenue upon which the rate will be based. In the current fiscal year the existing tariff law will raise $303,000,000 of net revenue and the corporation tax will bring in $28,000,000. The total net revenue expected to be collected from the law in the fiscal year 1913 is about $331,000,000.

The Underwood bill, which is to take the place of the Payne law, must bring in as much revenue, probably more, if the estimates now being prepared by Treasury experts show that the fiscal year 1914 will have a larger deficit than the $22,000,000 which ex-Secretary MacVeagh predicted would exist at the end of that period. So that this aggregate of $331,000,000 or more that must be raised by the new Underwood bill is to be divided between the tariff and income tax revenue.

The Underwood tariff revenue will be considerably less than that which the Payne law produces from the tariff rates alone. It will, therefore, be considerably less than the net aggregate of $301,000,000 to be collected in 1913 from customs. The proposal to remove the duty from sugar will alone cut this down $50,000,000 in the Underwood bill, and it is estimated that the Underwood tariff rates, with the heavy cuts that have been made in some articles, will produce somewhere between $200,000,000 and $250,000,000 revenue annually, probably about $230,000,000, leaving about $100,000,000 to be collected from the new income tax. In other words, the income tax is to make up for whatever loss of revenue there is under the Underwood revision.

Until this loss has been accurately estimated the rate of the income tax cannot be fixed. The committee has tentatively fixed a graduated rate, beginning at half of 1 per cent. for incomes over $4,000, but not over $10,000, and this is graded up to a rate of about 2 per cent. for incomes over $100,000. But these figures are only tentative and will be adjusted to fit the revenue situation.

About $28,000,000 of the estimated $100,000,000 to be raised by the income tax will take the place of the present corporation tax, leaving about $72,000,000 to be collected by the income tax in order to compensate for the loss of customs revenue under the coming revision.

CHANGES IN TEACHING STAFF.

The Board of Education at its meeting yesterday made the following appointments, promotions and transfers of teachers:

Appointments—Elementary Schools.

ASSISTANTS TO PRINCIPALS—Schedule B.—Bertha A. Cookingham, School 3; Emma L. Meffle, 94.

ASSISTANT INSPECTOR OF UNGRADED CLASSES—Schedule K.—Elizabeth A. Walsh.

MANHATTAN.

Common Branches.

SCHEDULE B1, MEN.—Frank P. Casserly, School 16; Martin Puletz, 77B; Arthur W. Cunnington, 160.

SCHEDULE B1, WOMEN.—Henrietta Degen, School 2P; Mary Walsh, 2P; Daphine R. Bellows, 2P; Dora H. Freedman, 3; Mary E. Murray, 8; Emma F. Meyer, 12; Mollie McKeon, 15; Cecilia A. Harte, 19; Jeannette Frank, 19; Victoria E. Baumann, 19; Louise E. Kelly, 20; Gertrude Kunzmann, 20; Dora R. Kielson, 22B; Margaret E. Burke, 22B; Alice Reinhardt, 23; Anna Eletz, 30; Nellie A. McElhinny, 30; Elizabeth Northrup, 30; Augusta Anna Huth, 30; Marie D. Price, 31; E. Irene Pendergast, 31; Violet Martina Furoy, 36; Fanny Rosen, 39B; Mary I. Doran, 39B; Mary T. Conklin, 39B; Florence B. Watkins, 40; Isabelle B. Smith, 51; Patricia M. Brazill, 65G; Alice Irene Hammarth, 66; Myrtle E. Corliss, 66; May I. McCarthy, 71; Cecilia R. Carobene, 73; Elizabeth N. Herzberg, 74; Libby Neuman, 78; Loretta T. Shields, 78; Mary B. Downey, 78; Bertha W. Williams, 92; Jean S. Lindsay, 95; Anna Freund, 110; Pauline Green, 110; Hannah Goldenson, 114; Catherine Tubridy, 119; Martha A. Guiry, 161; May J. Burns, 165; Katherine L. Turbush, 171; Rebecca S. Michaels, 172; Sadie Helen Pollack, 172; Evelyn James, 188B; Edith U. Wilber, 188B.

KINDERGARTNERS, SCHEDULE B1.—Edna Williams, School 19; Lida Veitch, 20; Martha M. Appo, 62P; Louise MacDonald, 65G; Mary M. Snowber, 92; Edna Veitch, 147; Sarah F. Gleason, 188G.

BRONX.

SCHEDULE B1, MEN—Meyer Corenthal, School 9.

SCHEDULE B1, WOMEN—Harriet V. Webster, School 1; Eleanore Grace, 3P; Mary A. Fox, 9; Mary S. Marder, 10; May E. Thompson, 10; Frances R. Moore, 14; Louise Townsend, 14; Ellen J. O'Connor, 16; Ada Florence Roach, 20; Rose Auspitz, 23; Elsa Burgi, 25; Marie A. Brady, 26; Gladys M. Dering, 32; Frances M. Robinson, 34; Leah Biefsky, 35; Harriet L. Ghette, 36; Augusta E. Lind, 42; Kathryn Dorothy Mahony, 42; Edna M. MacEathron, 42; Helen Steuerwald, 43.

KINDERGARTNERS, SCHEDULE B1—Angelina Fanning, School 35; Florence J. Jackson, 40.

BROOKLYN.

SCHEDULE B1, MEN—Samuel P. Abelow, School 43; John H. May, 83; Joseph V. Callahan, 167.

SCHEDULE B1, WOMEN—Ethel M. Thomson, School 10; Elizabeth B. Latham, 12; Theresa M. Boylan, 13; Martha W. Stork, 17; Julia W. Ryan, 20; Madeleine M. Stewart, 21; Marie Shannon, 28; Mildred Lieberman, 30; May A. Saum, 48; Sarah Levitch, 49; Lillian C. Shalley, 52; Mary A. Smith, 53; Marie E. Kaufman, 64; Luella F. Carlsten, 68; Meta D. Ahrens, 68; Marguerite L. Way, 72; Jessie McNeill, 72; Laura Kaspareit, 77; May A. Murphy, 83; Louise Bornkamp, 90; Kathleen D. Norris, 91; Lillie M. Kettelhodt, 94; Ethel Tilzer, 94; Florence Deasy, 94; Edith G. Bergmann, 94; May D. Patterson, 95; Catherine O'Mahoney, 105; Janet I. Thompson, 106; Frances Hodgson, 114; Grace Skinner, 126; Hannah Anderson, 127; Alice M. Ahern, 129; Gertrude M. Davis, 140; Loretto F. Clarke, 146; Mathilda Glick, 148; Lois V. Ward, 148; Lucy E. Price, 149; Claire M. Smith, 149; Gertrude E. McNaught, 154; Bertha L. Schwarzbach, 156B; Lavinia E. Bedell, 156B; Helen C. Donovan, 156G; Catherine V. Gremse, 156G; Celia J. Echental, 156G; Agatha F. Boylan, 157; Esterline M. Dennis, 162; Ella I. Conlin, 167.

KINDERGARTNERS, SCHEDULE B1.—Lucile Griffith, School 20; Clara E. Guilfoyle, 49; Mary M. Dunn, 94; Katherine E. Freid, 140; Elizabeth Judge, 158.

SCHEDULE Q2, TEACHER OF THE DEAF.—Katherine Fritz, School 162.

QUEENS.

SCHEDULE B1.—Dora Hesperia Bradshaw, School 9; Wynona M. Hopkins, 22; Anna J. Hausch, 40; May Frances Clemente, 40; Loretto M. Smith, 44; Lydia E. Wiemokly, 54; Julia Kathryn Ederer, 67; Helen A. Zimmer, 68; Mabel Emily Bridges, 89; Irene G. Fehn, 92.

KINDERGARTNERS, SCHEDULE B1.—Ruth Angela Richardson, School 6; Jeanne D. Clarke, 7; Blanche Russell, 67; Lucy Adelaide Khasan, 80; Eliza F. Rice, 85; Edna Marguerite Aller, 87.

RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE B1.—Olive N. Clement, School 5; Anna M. Hogan, 10; Grace Wightman, 16; Jennie M. Hazard, 17.

Promotions.

SCHEDULE B1 TO SCHEDULE B2.—Anna Ryder, from School 3 to School 3; Kate S. Orr, from 155 to 8.

MANHATTAN.

Transfers.

SCHEDULE B3.—Anna G. Crosson, from School 172 to School 101.

SCHEDULE VI.—Abraham H. Halprin, from 167 to 22B; Joseph J. Dillon, from 97 to 132; Morton Isaacs, from 6 to 158; Daniel F. Cunningham, from 19 to 184.

SCHEDULE B1.—Sibyl H. Manro, from 3 to 1; Laura K. Hibbs, from 44 to 2B; Mary M. Fassholz, from 2B to 5; Bertha Casin, from 86 to 13; Doretta C. Baum, from 19 to 22P; Lillie J. Winter, from 109 to 30; M. Hilda Thackeray, from 78 to 39B; Frances O'Rourke, from 116 to 50; Mary A. Baldwin, from 100 to 57; Frances Louise Hild, from 148 to 65G; Dorothy R. Brick, from 9 to 68; May M. Wiegand, from 19 to 71; Bessie O'Brien, from 109 to 74; Isabel M. Lovegrove, from 33 to 84; Marie Ayemer Barnewall, from 86 to 85; Natalie Berdu, from 86 to 89; Estelle Marie Collgon, from 114 to 96; Sadie Singer, from 83 to 103; Margretta Rozelle, from 30 to 132; Marie E. Egan, from 49 to 135; Mary E. McCay, from 65B to 147; Esther Toledano, from 44 to 166; Edna I. Drudding, from 94 to 168G; Rose Irene Meeks, from 6 to 168P; Anna M. McElhinney, from 184 to 170P.

Brooklyn to Manhattan.

SCHEDULE Q2—TEACHER OF THE DEAF.—M. Lizzie Donohoe, from 162 to 47.

SCHEDULE VI.—William A. Donnelly, from 9 to 28; Edward J. Kavanagh, from 28 to 47; John V. Schubert, from 30 to 47.

SCHEDULE B1.—Albina M. J. Hart, from 109 to 8P; Mabel Hughes, from 34 to 4; Rose H. Phillips, from 12 to 4; Alice I. Howard, from 68 to 5; Margaret Gilmartin, from 109 to 10; Florence C. Willis, from 18 to 10; Louise Roemer, from 19 to 25; Cora Elizabeth Clemons, from 36 to 25; Mabel Collin, from 130 to 27; Maude B. Foy, from 43 to 80; Gertrude E. Bostwick, from 5 to 47.

BROOKLYN.

SCHEDULE VI.—Joseph Schroff, from 13 to 58; William H. Stanton, from 154 to 130; Sherwood D. Silliman, from 114 to 156B.

SCHEDULE B2.—Elizabeth Polglase, from 146 to 136.

SCHEDULE B1.—Amy H. Knapp, from 64 to 3; May D. O'Brien, from 144 to 4; Agnes O'Dougherty, from 54 to 4; Margaret A. Franzioli, from 127 to 7; Emma E. Thompson, from 48 to 8, as teacher of an open air class; D. Annette Wynne, from 144 to 13; Lillian R. Higgins, from 83 to 13; Sophia Baorstein, from 35 to 33; Helen M. Weaver, from 19 to 41; Beulah M. Covert, from 106 to 46; Marjorie Brown, from 54 to 45; Rosetta Vander Poorten, from 66 to 53; Katharine Scholl, from 49 to 53; Ruth E. Grimshaw, from 15 to 48; Clara L. Childs, from 129 to 70; Aida W. Barton, from 68 to 75; Teresa V. Meehan, from 28 to 84G; Florence C. Main, from 71 to 84G; Belle C. Brown, from 72 to 85; Kate G. Henshaw, from 53 to 89; Harriet G. Bruce, from 71 to 94; Margaret Louis, from 94 to 99; Alice M. McManus, from 124 to 102; Hazel Belle Alexander, from 84B to 109G; Edith L. Bechtold, from 12 to 113; Syivivian Samenfeld, from 114 to 143; Marie A. Accles, from 123 to 144; Irma G. Moore, from 48 to 152; Edyth H. Forker, from 7 to 153; Jessie M. Dunne, from 17 to 155; Mary M. O'Brien, from 115 to 156G; Lillie Weart, from 30 to 156G; Nellie B. Wallace, from 53 to 156G; Louise J. Corrigan, from 91 to 159; Ella M. Penny, from 11 to 162; Victoria W. Budelman, from 54 to 162; Anna Schorling, from 123 to 164; Katharine Gorman, from 31 to 168.

KINDERGARTENS.—SCHEDULE B1.—Gertrude E. Skinner, from 158 to 8.

QUEENS.

SCHEDULE VI.—Edward L. Teale, from 130 to 57.

SCHEDULE B1.—Maud MacRorie, from 68 to 40; Lucretia G. Fothergill, from 62 to 57; Matilda M. Meyerhoff, from 81 to 77; Kathleen O'Connor, from 71 to 84.

KINDERGARTENS.—SCHEDULE B1.—Anna C. Beach, from 94 to 40; Jeannette Bedell, from 140 to 62; Maude E. Tanner, from 20 to 77.

RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE B1.—Sarah C. Law, from 5 to 21.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BROWN, ISAAC W., (died Jan. 3;) left not more than $2,000 personalty to wife, Helen G. Brown.

CARDOZA, LAVINIA, (died Feb. 17;) left more than $2,000 personalty; upward of $700 to nieces, Eva and Nellie Cardoza; upward of $1,000 to niece, Rachel Cardoza.

CUAZ, FERDINAND, (died Jan. 26;) left about $50 personalty to wife, Marie Cuaz.

DREYFUSS, MORITZ, (died March 20;) left more than $5,000 personalty; interest in Dreyfuss & Son to son, Louis Dreyfuss; residue in equal shares to son, Louis, and daughter, Josie Aderer.

EVRARD, CHARLES, (died Feb. 15;) left $1,400 personalty; interest in cigar store to daughter, Helen Mullavey; $300 to granddaughter, Mary Mullavey; residue in equal shares to sons and daughters, Helen Mullavey, Gustav Evrard, Maggie Feil, Charles Evrard, Louise Evrard, Christopher Evrard, and Frederick Evrard.

PORTER, JOSEPH H., (died Feb. 24;) left $5,513.05 personalty to wife, Mary Porter.

POWELSON, CLARA LOUISE, (died Jan. 30;) left less than $2,000 personalty to husband, William Eugene Powelson.

RITCHIE, ISABEL L., (died Feb. 2;) left $4,000 realty, $4,000 personalty; $4,000 to husband, William E. Ritchie; residue in equal shares to Irving, Edmond, and Roy S. Ritchie.

STRAUSS, AARON B., (died March 18;) left more than $5,000 personalty; $1,300 and household effects to Mrs. Jacob Silberstein; $500 and interest in business to nephew, Joseph Strauss; $1,000 each to brothers, Julius and Joseph Strauss, and to Marion B. Wardell, Mrs. David Weil, Mrs. S. Budd Wardell, and Mrs. Bella Meyers; $2,000 each to Mrs. Charles Crearge and Ferdinand Strauss; $500 each to Arthur Crearge, William Wieth, Harry E. Firth, Rita Crearge, and Selma Strauss.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ABBOT, JOHN C., (died Jan. 15, 1911;) supplemental report; net estate amended to $428.39.

BISHOP, DAVID WOLFE, (died Dec. 1, 1911;) net New York estate, $10,321.30; personalty, $10,868, personal effects.

BOSTWICK, M. LOUISE, (died Oct. 18, 1910;) net estate, $2,046.15; personalty, $2,212.98; 7 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Co., $973; 30 shares Boston & Albany Railroad, $1,239.98.

McCORMICK, RALPH T., (died Dec. 18, 1907;) net estate, $3,924.28; personalty, $5,805.89; bank deposits, $379.71; 10 shares American Cigar Co., $250; 10 shares Excelsior Brewing Co., $1,350; 5 shares Hudson Trust Co., $250; 15 shares Central Brewing Co., $1,500; 5 shares United Wine and Trading Co., $375; half interest in R. T. McCormick liquor business, 398 Eighth Avenue and 490 Eleventh Avenue, $1,500; realty, $8,675.53; premises 398 Eleventh Avenue, valued at $50,000, less mortgages of $45,271.65; premises 423 West Forty-ninth Street, valued at $28,000, less mortgages of $26,032.65; premises 498 Eleventh Avenue, valued at $12,000, less mortgages of $11,000; premises 496 Eleventh Avenue, $15,000, less mortgages of $10,815.

McKINLEY, WILLIAM G., (died Nov. 25, 1911;) supplemental report; net estate amended to $117,292.60.

MOHR, ROBERT M., (died Sept. 25;) net estate, $21,714.95; personalty, $12,014.99; bank deposits, $6,933.04; mortgage on 17 Bedford Street, $5,000; realty, $9,700; premises 2,903 Valentine Avenue, the Bronx, $6,000; unimproved lot on Boulevard Avenue, $2,500; unimproved lot at Woodlawn Heights, the Bronx, $1,200.

O'LOUGHLIN, ROBERT S., (died July 4, 1911;) supplemental report; tax on fund of Clara R. Bennett, $40,000, raised to 5 per cent.

PENFOLD, JOSEPHINE, (died April 3;) net estate, $823,517.92; personalty, $857,500.62; bank deposits, $17,309.93; personal effects, $6,101; 100 shares American Car and Foundry Company preferred, $11,750; 20 shares American Exchange National Bank, $4,850; 325 shares American Gas Company, $30,875; 100 shares American Tobacco Company preferred, $10,312; 100 shares A., T. & Santa Fe R. R. preferred, $10,350; 25 shares Bank of America, $15,250; 372 shares Celluloid Company, $52,080; 150 of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. preferred, $21,750; 200 of Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R., $16,600; 300 of Consolidated Gas Company, $43,500; 200 of D. & H. R. R., $34,000; 807 of Great Northern Iron Ore Properties, $34,095.75; 1,130 of Great Northern R. R. preferred, $151,985; 100 of Manhattan Company Bank, $16,750; 30 of New York Trust Company, $19,050; 1,398 of Northern Pacific R. R., $173,526; 22 of Northern Securities Company, $2,200; 600 of Rock Island R. R. common, $16,200; 300 of preferred, $16,387; 350 of Union Pacific R. R., $31,937; 800 of Westmoreland Coal Company, $60,000; bonds of Central R. R. of N. J., $18,337.50; of Peru-American Gas Company, $4,000; of Rockford Gas, Light and Coke Company, $9,500; of St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R., $12,550.

SPEIR, FRANCES S. H., (died June 8, 1911;) net estate, $614,483.43; personalty, $93,236.69; cash, $2,596.77; trust fund in Brooklyn Trust Company, $63,304; wearing apparel, $400; mortgages, $22,456.15; realty, $531,900; premises 162 Montague Street, Brooklyn, $37,000; property on Cropsey and Bath Avenues, Brooklyn, $30,000; premises on Cropsey Avenue, $63,900; one-fourth interest in 8 Morton Street, $2,800; in premises on Eighth Avenue running from Fifty-seventh to Fifty-sixth Streets, $214,000; in 542-4 West Fifty-seventh Street, $6,100; in 53-5 Sixth Avenue, $8,100; in 350-2 Bowery, $13,500.

WALDRON, CARRIE B. McKOWN, (died Dec. 10, 1910;) net estate, $8,611.73; personalty, $8,907.10; one-half interest in mortgage on property on Silver Street and West Farms Road, $3,000; personal chattels, $5,907.10; lot in Arnow estate, the Bronx, $1,500.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The receipt by the Municipal Civil Service Commission of applications for the position of stenographer and typewriter, men and women, grades two and one, was closed at 4 P. M. yesterday. The date of the examination will be announced later. The minimum age is 18 years. Vacancies accur often. The salary ranges from $600 to $1,650 a year.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for preparator of fossils, for men only, on April 23, to fill a vacancy in this position in the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C., at a salary of $900 a year, and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications. Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated: Report writing, (test in writing in letter form a report not more than 200 words in length, summarizing and arranging in logical order a series of facts included in a given statement of 400 to 500 words,) 15; practical questions, 50; education, training, experience, and fitness, 35.

Statement as to education, training, experience, and fitness are accepted subject to verification. The duties of the position are the preparation of fossils for study by the paleontologist. It is desirable that applicants have a fair elementary knowledge of paleontology. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Under an act of Congress applicants for this examination must be examined in the State or Territory in which they reside and show that they have been actually domiciled in such State or Territory for at least one year previous to the date of the examination, which is open to all men who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Show Further Rise—Good European News Offsets Effects of Floods.

Nothwithstanding the setback which was caused by the news of the great damage which has been done by the floods of the last few days, prices on the Stock Exchange made another advance yesterday. The cheering character of the news from abroad was an important factor in the upturn which wiped out the decline which occurred during the morning. The European Bourses themselves accepted the news of the fall of Adrianople and the reassuring remarks of Sir Edward Grey as pointing to the very near approach of a settlement of the Balkan war, and of some of the problems broader than the mere question of terms of peace between Turkey and the allies, to which the war had given rise. But the brighter political outlook was not the only influence of favorable import which was at work at London and on the Continental markets. Now that the markets have actually come to the end of March settlements, it is being found that the preparations made for them are bearing fruit in the shape of easier carry-over conditions than had been expected. The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany which came to hand yesterday indicated that the past few days have further fortified the Germany money market against the demands which now face it. The Bank showed another increase in its gold holdings, this time of over $5,000,000, with only a small increase in circulation and an increase in loans.

The damage caused by the floods in this country must have been large though there is no present way of estimating the damage with any degree of closeness. There were some sharp declines in prices yesterday morning which were directly attributable to the losses caused by the flood to railroads and to other companies, but before the day had run its course recoveries had set in which reduced these declines. It is still uncertain how seriously many industries will be affected by damage done to manufacturing plants within the flooded area. A number of steel plants have been obliged to shut down and of course many other industries have also been affected. So far as the steel trade is concerned the check to production by reason of the floods in Ohio has come at a time when the mills were running at their maximum capacity. But The Iron Age in its review of the situation pointed out that most of the inundated plants were likely to resume operations within the next twenty-four hours. Premiums for immediate delivery of steel products which have been paid for some months past are disappearing, and it has of course been true for some time that new orders have been falling short of output, although specifications against contract orders have been and still are in excess of shipments. Lower prices for pig iron are resulting from the disposition of consumers to put off contracting against their future requirements. The recent disappearance of premiums on early deliveries of finished products is a movement in keeping with the downward tendency which for weeks has been shown in the raw material market, but it is only in a long view of the iron and steel situation as a whole that signs of any recession in consumption are appearing. It remains to be seen whether the present great activity of the steel mills taken in conjunction with the still very large volume of unfilled orders or the weakening in pig iron prices is the better gauge of the position which the steel trade will occupy in coming months.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@4½ per cent., with the last loan at 4 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 4 per cent.

Time money rates were 5¼@5½ per cent. for sixty days, 5@5¼ per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $274,030,561; balances, $16,434,414; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $185,787.

The local banks have lost $2,059,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5 per cent. for short bills and 4 13-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 4 per cent., and Berlin, 6 per cent. Money was 4½@4¾ per cent. in London and 5 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 29 centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 46 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.88; demand, $4.8725.

Paris—Cable, $5.18⅛; check, $5.18¾ plus 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅜ plus 1-32; check, 95 3-16 plus 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜; check, 5.20 less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8295; 90 days, $4.8110.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.82⅝; 90 days, $4.80⅝.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.24⅜ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 3-16; 90 days, 93⅝.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 25c. premium; St. Louis, 25c. premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 3-16d higher in London at 26¼d, and ⅝c higher in New York, at 57c per ounce.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a firmer tone was shown. Copper was up ¼c in the bid. Tin was up ¼c in the bid and ½c in the asking price. Spelter was down 10 points.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.75
March	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.75
April	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.75
May	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.75
June	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.75
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.30	4.40
Spelter	6.05	6.15	6.15	6.25
Tin	46.75	47.25	46.50	46.75

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These prices make comparison with Tuesday's closing quotations:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	65	5	0	64	10	0
Copper, futures	65	12	6	64	17	6
Pig tin, spot	214	5	0	212	0	0
Pig tin, futures	210	10	0	208	5	0

The market finished firm. Spanish pig lead, £16 7s 6d, up 5s. Spelter, £24 10s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 65s 6d, up 7½d.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, inter.	103⅝	104	103½	104
4½s, Nov., 1957, inter.	103⅝	103¾	103½	104
4½s, May, 1917, inter.	101	102	101	102
4½s, Nov., 1917, inter.	101	102	101	102
4¼s, Mar., '30-'60, int.	99¾	100	99¾	100
4¼s, March, 1962, inter.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4¼s, Sept., 1960, inter.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s, May, 1959, inter.	94⅞	95¼	94⅞	95⅛
4s, Nov., 1958, inter.	94⅞	95¼	94⅞	95½
4s, May, 1957, inter.	94⅞	95	94⅞	95½
4s, Nov., 1956, reg.	93	94	93¼	94⅛
4s, Nov., 1955, reg.	92⅞	94	93¼	94⅛
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	93¼	94	93¼	94⅛
4s, 1918-1919, inter.	97½	100	97½	100
3½s, Nov., '54-'55, int.	83	83⅞	82⅝	83⅜
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	82⅞	83⅞	82⅞	83½
3½s, 1950-1954, reg.	82½	84	83	84½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New Haven Directors Out.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford's Board of Directors is slowly changing. With the resignation yesterday of Lewis Cass Ledyard another long-time member of the board steps out, presumably to be succeeded by a younger man. Mr. Ledyard has been considered a representative of the Morgan interest, and there was a disposition in the financial district to look for a significance beyond that attending the ordinary retirement in his withdrawal. Those in a position to know said, however, that Mr. Ledyard was carrying out a determination announced some time ago to lighten his duties, and that his wish to be freed of his work in connection with the New Haven had been made known to his fellow-directors months ago. George M. Miller, who had been connected with the New Haven lines for forty years, resigned only a few weeks ago.

⁂

The Dissolution Plan.

The Union Pacific directors have shaped a tentative outline for another dissolution plan, which will be submitted to Attorney General McReynolds at his earliest convenience. The movements of Judge R. S. Lovett, Chairman of the Union Pacific Board, have been kept covered. He had planned to go to Washington on Tuesday night for a conference with Mr. McReynolds, and yesterday's dispatches reported him in session with the Attorney General. Judge Lovett was not to be found at his office, but it was said there that he had not left the city, and it could not be learned whether he had arranged for a meeting with Mr. McReynolds. It is now generally taken for granted that the Southern Pacific will be allowed to keep the Central Pacific, at least until a dissolution of the two companies has been effected. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. are expected to remain the bankers for the Southern Pacific as well as for Union Pacific after the separation.

⁂

Rumely Stock Sells Lower.

If there were any assurance that the present dividend was to be maintained an investment in M. Rumely Company's common stock would prove profitable just now. Paying 6 per cent. per annum, the shares yesterday sold down to 43, at which price they yielded nearly 14 per cent. At the close the stock had recovered to 45½, or within two points of its previous close. The break has been due to the anticipation of an unfavorable showing to be made by the forthcoming annual report and a reduction or omission of dividends on the common. Estimates of the report, which was looked for yesterday, vary widely, friends of the company predicting that a surplus equivalent to 10 per cent. on the common would be shown, while from other sources it was predicted that the balance would not exceed 4 per cent.

⁂

Floor Traders Perplexed.

It was hard for the floor traders yesterday to estimate the proportionate strength of the good and bad news. The enormous flood and storm disasters would ordinarily have been sufficient to depress prices all around, but offsetting the depressing effect of the damage in the Middle West, at least to a very large extent, was the long awaited news of the end of the Balkan war. If the war is really over, monetary conditions should soon begin to ease up. The market was irregular, but more stocks showed gains than losses when the closing bell rang.

⁂

April Dividends.

The aggregate of interest and dividend payments for April 1 is estimated by Dow, Jones & Co. at $171,000,000. The total of distributions to be made is divided into $94,015,090 dividends declared by New York City banks and trust companies and the various corporations of the country, and $76,646,629 interest on bonds of the railroad, industrial, and public utility companies of the United States and on the Government debt. Among payments which will exceed the million dollar mark are dividends on American Can preferred, $9,895,992; American Telephone & Telegraph, $6,368,550; Union Pacific common, $5,416,107; Canadian Pacific common, $4,950,000, and Southern Pacific, $4,090,086.

⁂

Rubber Strike Over.

The attention of the stock market community was so closely focused on the flood situation in Ohio that little account was taken yesterday of the announcement that the Goodrich Rubber Company's employes had gone voluntarily back to work at Akron after the protracted strike. It was supposed that the suspension of labor in the great rubber centre, with no good prospect at the time of an early settlement, was a primary cause in moving the Goodrich Directors recently to defer common dividends indefinitely. The company appeared not likely to suffer further adversities in the way of dangers from the floods, according to news dispatches received from the storm-stricken territory.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

1913.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 17	85.21	84.86	85.03	84.93	—.18
Mar. 18	84.92	84.55	84.73	84.63	—.30
Mar. 19	84.70	84.16	84.43	84.56	—.07
Mar. 20	84.73	84.21	84.47	84.51	—.05
Mar. 21	Holiday.				
Mar. 22	Holiday.				
Mar. 24	85.06	84.64	84.85	84.95	+.44
Mar. 25	85.95	85.18	85.56	85.90	+.95
Mar. 26	86.25	85.53	85.89	85.92	+.02

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 17	59.95	59.72	59.33	59.76	—.31
Mar. 18	59.57	58.92	59.24	59.00	—.76
Mar. 19	58.98	57.83	58.40	58.45	—.55
Mar. 20	58.67	58.20	58.43	58.40	—.05
Mar. 21	Holiday.				
Mar. 22	Holiday.				
Mar. 24	58.92	58.50	58.81	58.81	+.41
Mar. 25	60.06	59.18	59.62	59.99	+1.18
Mar. 26	60.47	59.83	60.15	60.29	+.30

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 17	72.58	72.29	72.43	72.34	—.25
Mar. 18	72.24	71.73	71.98	71.81	—.53
Mar. 19	71.84	70.99	71.40	71.50	—.31
Mar. 20	71.70	71.20	71.45	71.45	—.05
Mar. 21	Holiday.				
Mar. 22	Holiday.				
Mar. 24	71.99	71.57	71.78	71.88	+.43
Mar. 25	73.00	72.18	72.59	72.94	+1.06
Mar. 26	73.36	72.68	73.02	73.10	+.16

March Range to Date.

	High.		Low.	
Railroads	86.98	Mar. 1	84.16	Mar. 19
Industrials	62.02	Mar. 5	57.83	Mar. 19
Comb. average	74.53	Mar. 5	70.99	Mar. 19

March Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	94.22	Mar. 27	89.98	Mar. 1	93.61
1911	94.92	Mar. 28	91.91	Mar. 4	93.89

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	69.26	Mar. 27	62.60	Mar. 1	68.01
1911	66.60	Mar. 1	64.17	Mar. 4	65.73

COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
1911	80.72	Mar. 28	78.04	Mar. 4	79.82

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 9.	Feb. 25.	
Railroads	90.82	91.41	84.06	85.92
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 2.	Mar. 19.	
Industrials	66.76	67.08	57.83	60.29
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 9.	Mar. 19.	
Comb. Average	78.79	79.10	70.99	73.10

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Oct. 4.	Dec. 16.	Dec. 31.
Railroads	91.43	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2.	Sept. 30.	Feb. 1.	Dec. 31.
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.13
Combined av.	77.71	85.82	75.24	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3.	June 26.	Sept. 25.	Dec. 30.
Railroads	91.70	99.61	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Jan. 3.	June [illegible]	[illegible]	Dec. 30.
Industrials	62.05	60.76	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Jan. 3.	June [illegible]		
Combined av.	77.37	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Activity Confined to Industrials—Prices Firm—Bonds Quieter.

The industrial stocks were the only ones to show increased inactivity yesterday in the Curb market. Prices held steady without any changes of importance. British American Tobacco was traded in to a total of 3,000 shares. The close was at the top price, 24, an advance of ⅝. United Cigar Stores advanced to 99½, but the final sale, at 98⅞, was the same price as Tuesday's close. Bond trading only showed sales of $6,000 as compared with Tuesday's total of $81,000.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	B.-Am. Tob.	23⅝	24	23½	24
100	Emerson-B	45	45	45	45
100	Houston Oil	20	20	20	20
800	Man. Transit.	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1 11-16
400	M. of Am., new.	5½	5½	5½	5½
3,000	*Mays Oil	25	27	25	26
275	P. S. & Rfg.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
50	S. Oil of N. J.	363	365	363	364
200	†Tob. Prod. pf.	80	90	80	90
3,000	U. C. Stores Co. of Am	99	99½	97½	98⅞
5	W. Overland	59	59	59	59

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
700	Alaska Copper	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
500	Alaska G. M.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
110	Bessie G. D.	13½	13½	13½	13½
1,350	†Big Four	87	88	87	88
500	Braden Copper	8¾	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
300	B. Col. Cop.	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞
3,600	Can. Gold S.	17	18	17	18
2,000	*C. O. D. Con.	6½	6½	6½	6½
200	D.-D. Copper	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
1,000	*Dia. Black B.	3	3	3	3
200	El Paso Con.	5	5	5	5
800	Florence	50	50	48	48
250	Greene-Can	7¾	8	7¾	7¾
500	Halifax Ton.	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
700	La Rose Con.	2⅞	2⅞	2 13-16	2⅞
920	Nevada Hills	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
200	Nip. Mines Co.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
300	Tonopah Min.	5 9-16	5⅝	5 9-16	5⅝
1,200	Tonopah Ext	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2 1-16
4,500	Ton. Merger	88	88	86	87
2,500	West End Con.	1⅜	1⅜	1 5-16	1 5-16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	*New J. M. Co.	18	18	18	18

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Brooklyn R. T. 5% notes	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
1,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	98½	98½	98½	98½

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	March 26. Bid.	Asked.	March 25. Bid.	Asked.
*Allied Securities Co.	83	85	83	85
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2	1½	2
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Con. Milk	114½	115¼	114½	115¼
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	106	107	106	107
Brown Shoe	53	56	53	56
Brown Shoe pf.	94	97	94	97
Burns Brothers	40	43	40	43
Cluett Peabody	56	61	56	61
Cluett-Peabody pf.	96	99	96	99
Con. Rubber Tire	12	19	12	19
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	..	79	..	79
Continental Can	51	54	51	54
Cont. Can pf.	91	95	91	95
Emerson-Branting. pf.	90	95	90	95
Havana Tobacco	3½	4	3¼	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	7	10	7	10
Houston Oil pf.	59	65	59	65
Int. Rubber tr. ctfs.	7½	8½	7½	8½
Leh. Val. C. S. Co.	195	205	190	200
New York Trans.	4	5	4	5
Oil Fields of Mex.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Otis Elevator	81	85	81	85
Otis Elevator pf.	97	99	97	99
Penn. Textile	24	25	24	25
R. J. Reynolds	260	270	260	270
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	130
U. C. S. Co. of Am.	110	115	112	115
U. S. Light & Heat	9	11	9	11
U. S. Light & H. pf.	60	70	60	70
Willys Overland pf.	91	97	91	97

MINING STOCKS.

	March 26. Bid.	Asked.	March 25. Bid.	Asked.
*Beaver Cons.	39	41	37	39
Bessie Gold D. pf.	12½	13⅛	12½	13⅛
†Buffalo Mines	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
*Diamond F. Daisy	3	4	3	4
First Nat.	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
Giroux Mining	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
*Greenwater	4	5	4	5
Kerr Lake	3 1-16	3 3-16	3⅛	3 3-16
Mason Valley	7	7½	7	7½
Mines of America	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅞
McKinley-Darragh	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
*North Butte Develop.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Ohio Copper	11-16	13-16	11-16	13-16
Pacific Smelters	¼	3-16	⅛	3-16
South Utah M. & S.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Stewart	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1½
Tri-Bullion	7-16	½	7-16	½
Tularosa	½	¾	11-16	13-16
United Copper	¼	¾	¼	¾
United Copper pf.	..	4	..	4
*Wettlaufer Silver M.	12	13	12	14
Yukon Gold Mines	2⅞	3	2⅞	3

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

	March 26. Bid.	Asked.	March 25. Bid.	Asked.
Chesterfield Copper	2	3	2	4
Lt. Creek-Gold Drain.	2⅞	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛

BONDS.

	March 26. Bid.	Asked.	March 25. Bid.	Asked.
Adams Express 4s	79	80	79	80
Braden Copper 6s	170	180	170	180
Canada Southern 5s	105¾	106⅛	105¾	106⅛
Chicago Elevated 5s	97	97½	97	97½
Havana Tobacco 5s	61	63	61	63
Mason Valley 6s	94	98	94	98
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford 5% notes	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pacific 5s	81¾	82	81¾	82

*Sell cents per share. †Ex div.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	19	18	19
Atlantic Refining	635	645	630	635
Borne-Scrymser	300	330	300	330
Buckeye Pipe Line	164	166	162	165
Chesebrough Mfg.	665	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	125	135	125	135
Continental Oil	1700	1800	1700	1775
Crescent Pipe Line	64	67	65	70
Cumberland P. L.	75	82	75	80
Eureka Pipe Line	365	375	370	375
Galena-Signal Oil	300	310	300	310
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	146	142	148
Indiana Pipe Lines	131	136	133	137
National Transit	48	49	47	49
New York Transit	320	330	320	325
Northern Pipe Line	108	112	110	115
Ohio Oil	124	127	125	127
Prairie Oil & Gas	325	335	322	325
Solar Refining	600	625	600	615
Southern Pipe Line	254	260	253	258
South Penn. Oil	890	910	890	910
S. W. Penn. P. L.	160	165	162	167
Standard Oil (Cal.)	184	186	181	183
Standard Oil (Ind.)	322	325	320	324
Standard Oil (Kan.)	550	570	540	560
Standard Oil (Ky.)	410	425	405	420
Standard Oil (Neb.)	315	330	310	330
Standard Oil (N. J.)	363	366	361	364
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	640	650	630	640
Standard Oil (Ohio)	275	290	275	285
Swan & Finch	195	208	200	220
Union Tank Line	67	69	67	70
Vacuum Oil	181	183	182	185
Washington Oil	30	31	29	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1400	1500	1450	1550

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	March 26. Bid.	Asked.	March 25. Bid.	Asked.
British American	23⅝	24	23⅛	23⅝
Conley Tinfoil	285	295	280	290
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	175	185	175	185
J. S. Young	172	178	172	178
MacAndrews & Forbes	196	202	195	200
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	240	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds	260	270	260	270
R. J. Reynolds pf., w.i.	115	120	115	120
Tobacco Products	115	130	115	130
Tobacco Co. pf.	90	91	88	90
United Cigar Stores	98¼	99	98¼	99
United Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15		98⅛	98⅝	5.92
Amer. Loco	5	Oct.	1913	99½	100⅛	4.25
Amer. Loco	5	Oct.	1914	99	100	5.00
Ann Arbor	5	May	1913	98	99	8.50
Aust. Govt	4½	July '14-'15		97¼	97½	5.90
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June,	1913	99¾	99⅞	5.00
Boston & Me.	5	Feb. 3, '14		98⅞	99¼	6.00
Brooklyn R. T.	5	July,	1918	95¼	95⅝	6.05
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June	1914	98⅛	98⅜	5.50
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sep.,	1915	98⅛	99⅛	5.25
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July	1914	96½	97	7.40
Cin., H. & D.	4	July,	1913	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14		99⅝	100⅛	5.75
Erie	5	Oct.	1914	99	99⅜	5.10
Erie	5	Apr.	1915	97⅝	98¼	5.35
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.	1915	98¼	99¼	6.25
Gen. Rubber	4½	July,	1915	96⅝	96⅞	6.00
Hock. Val	4½	Nov.	1913	99⅛	99¼	4.90
Hudson Co's	6	Oct. 15, '13		98⅛	98⅞	8.00
Illinois Cen.	4½	July,	1914	99⅜	99⅝	5.05
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug.,	1914	97	97⅝	6.70
Int. Harvester	5	Feb. 15, '15		99¼	99⅝	5.20
K. C. Ry. & L.	5	May	1913	88	92½	50.00
K. C. Ry. & L.	6	Sep.,	1912	88	91½	
Lack. Steel	5	Mar.,	1915	93	98¼	7.80
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar. 15, '14		99¼	99⅜	5.12
M. S. R., K. C.	5	May	1913	93	96	31.00
Mex. M. Com.	4½	Sep.,	1913	97	98⅛	7.80
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar.	1914	99⅛	99⅜	5.20
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb.,	1914	97¼	98¼	7.50
M., K. & T.	5	May	1913	99⅝	100	5.00
Mo. Pacific	5	June,	1914	96¼	96¾	7.85
Mont. Tr. & P.	6	Apr.	1915	98¼	98⅜	6.05
Nat. Rys. of M.	4½	June	1913	99	99½	6.50
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.	1914	99¼	99⅜	4.90
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.	1915	99¼	99⅜	5.15
N.Y., N.H.& H.	5	Dec.,	1913	99½	99⅝	5.62
St. L. & San F.	5	June,	1913	99½	99⅝	5.75
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep.,	1914	98½	99⅛	6.37
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar.,	1916	98¼	98⅝	5.45
South. Ry	5	Feb.,	1916	98¼	98⅞	5.25
Sulzb. & Sons.	6	June	1916	97⅞	98⅛	6.85
U. S. R. R. M.	5	Aug,	1916	96	97¼	6.00
Union Typew.	5	Jan.	1916	96	97	6.00
Utah Co.	6	Apr.	1917	99¼	100¼	5.90
West. E. & M.	6	July,	1913	100	100¼	4.50
West. E. & M.	5	Aug.,	1913	100	100¼	4.90
West. Elc.	5	July	1915	97	98⅜	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Con. Power	108	108	108
160	Fidelity & Deposit	145	144	145
630	Fidelity & Dep. rights	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
35	G. B. S. Brewing	2½	2½	2½
230	Houston Oil tr. cfs	20	19⅞	19⅞
75	Houston Oil pf. tr. cfs	62	62	62
15	Merchants-Mech. Bk.	33½	33½	33½
35	Maryland Casualty	*101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
120	Nat. Bank of Balt.	187	181	187
350	United Rys.	23¼	23	23¼

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Balt. Elec. 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
5,000	Con. Coal 6s, notes	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
1,000	Central Ry. 5s	104½	104½	104½
1,000	City & S. 5s, (Wash.)	103	103	103
5,000	Con. Power 4½s	86	86	86
1,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
18,000	Ga. So. & Fla. 5s	104⅛	104	104⅛
1,000	Hous. Oil div. cfs	80½	80½	80½
1,000	Milwaukee ref. 4½s	93	93	93
5,000	N. O. & Gt. Nor. 5s	69	68	68
29,000	United Rys inc	62⅝	62½	62⅝
1,000	United Rys. 4s	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
1,000	United Rys. 5s notes	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

*Ex dividend

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Allouez	37	37	37
2,435	Amalgamated	71¼	69⅞	71
410	Am. Zinc	29½	29	29
150	Arizona Coml.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
20	Boston & Corbin	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
21	Butte & Balak	2	2	2
2,002	Butte & Sup.	33½	32⅞	33
480	Calumet & Arizona	66½	64⅞	65
3	Calumet & Hecla	460	460	460
460	Chino	40½	38⅞	40
394	Copper Range	45½	43⅞	44½
58	Franklin	6½	6½	6½
855	Granby	60¼	58½	60¼
235	Greene Cananea	8	7⅞	8
10	Hancock	20	20	20
160	Indiana	13½	12½	13¼
305	Isle Royale	25¼	25	25
10	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼
440	Lake	16	15½	15½
115	La Salle	4¼	4	4¼
210	Mass Con.	4¼	4	4¼
25	Mayflower	9½	9½	9½
5	Miami	23	23	23
35	Mohawk	50	49⅞	50
111	Nevada Con.	17½	17	17¼
165	New Arcadian	2¼	2	2¼
140	Nipissing	9 7-16	9¼	9¼
722	North Butte	28⅝	28¼	28¼
143	Old Colony	5	5	5
45	Old Dominion	48½	47⅞	48
10	Osceola	92	92	92
250	Pond Creek	24	23½	23½
10	Quincy	67½	67½	67½
110	Santa Fe	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜
260	Shannon	10⅜	10⅜	10½
10	Shattuck	23½	23½	23½
600	South Utah	.26	.26	.26
10	St. Mary's Land	39	38⅞	39
505	Superior & Boston	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
290	Superior	31	30½	31
270	Trinity	4½	4¼	4 3-16
100	Tuolumne	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
415	U. S. Smelting	41	40½	41
209	U. S. Smelting pf.	48½	48¼	48¼
280	Utah Con.	10	9½	9½
10	Utah Copper	52½	52½	52½
50	Winona	2¾	2½	2½
45	Wolverine	62	61½	62

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	Atchison	102	102	102
28	Boston & Albany	209	208	209
42	Boston Elevated	107	105¼	105¼
217	Boston & Maine	70	68½	68½
1	Boston & Prov.	262	262	262
21	Chi. Jct. & S. Y. pf.	102	102	102
5	Concord Mont., class 1	125	125	125
132	Fitchburg pf.	109	107½	109
210	Mass. Elec. pf.	74	73¾	74
5	Maine Central	102	102	102
371	N. Y., N. H. & H.	119	117	119
50	Old Colony	167½	167½	167½
10	Rock Island	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜
60	Union Pacific	151	149	149
142	West End St. R. R.	76½	76¼	76½
14	West End St. R. R. pf.	95	95	95

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,690	American	133⅝	132	133
10	Mexican	3¼	3¼	3¼
116	New England	149½	149½	149½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. Agr. Chem.	52½	52	52½
85	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
20	An. Pneu. Serv. pf.	20½	20	20½
126	Am. Sugar	114½	113½	114
24	Am. Sugar pf.	114	113½	114
97	Am. Woolen pf.	79	78½	79
18	A. G. & W. I.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
65	East Boston Land	12½	12	12¼
98	Edison	278	276⅞	278
215	General Electric	138⅝	137½	138
104	Mass. Gas	91	91	91
154	Mass. Gas pf.	95	94½	95
7	McElwain pf.	101	101	101
95	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	83⅞	83⅝	83⅝
249	Nor. Tex. Elec. rights	.50	.48	.50
242	Pullman	158	157½	158
65	Reece Button	16	15⅞	16
48	Swift & Co.	105⅝	105⅛	105¼
15	Torrington	27¼	27¼	27¼
322	United Fruit	168	165	166
205	United Shoe	49	48⅛	48½
175	United Shoe pf.	28	28	28
2,555	U. S. Steel	61⅞	60⅝	61½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$13,000	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
4,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s, full paid	103	103	103
1,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
6,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼
2,000	U. Fruit 4½s, 1923	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
1,000	U. Fruit 4½s, 1925	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
10,000	Western Tel. 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska G.	13¾	13⅞	Hollinger	16½	17¼
Begole	1¼	1⅜	Houghton	4½	4⅝
Bohemia	2¾	3¼	La Rose	2 13-16	2⅞
Boston Ely.	60	70	Majestic	40	41
Butte Cent.	2⅝	2¾	Mex Metals	93	95
Butte & L.	25	30	Nev. Doug.	2¼	2⅜
Cactus Cop.	9	12	New Baltic	1	1¼
Calaveras	2¾	3	Ohio	74	76
Chief Cons.	1 5-16	1 7-16	Oneco	1¼	1½
Corbin Cop.	70	73	Raven	14	16
Cons. Ariz.	25	35	South Lake	6½	7
Davis-D.	2	2⅛	S.W. Miami	2⅝	3¼
First Nat.	1 13-16	2	U. V. Ext.	62	65

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Am. Can	32⅝	31¼	32⅝
50	Am. Can pf.	121¼	121¼	121¼
50	Am. Ship. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
50	Am. Tel. & Tel.	132¾	132¾	132¾
20	Am. Smelters	69¼	68½	69¼
20	Booth., ex div.	59	59	59
25	Chi. Ry., Series 3	6¾	6¾	6¾
150	Com. Edison	140	140	140
50	Corn Prod. Ref.	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
32	Diamond Match	102¾	102¾	102¾
50	Hart., S. & M. pf.	94	94	94
225	Illinois Brick	67¼	67	67
10	Public Service pf.	98	98	98
1,545	Sears-Roebuck	185½	179	183½
472	Swift & Co.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
670	U. S. Steel	61⅞	61¼	61⅞
45	Union Carbide	175	172	175

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Chicago Ry. B.	82⅝	82½	82⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
235	Amal. Copper	71	70	71
15	Alliance Ins. Co.	15¾	15¾	15¾
10	American Ry. pf.	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
2	Baldwin pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼
75	Cambria Steel	51	50	51
192	Electric Storage	50¼	50	50⅛
225	Erie	28¼	28¼	28¼
225	General Asphalt pf.	72⅜	72¼	72⅜
3	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21¼	21¼	21¼
100	Keystone Telephone	12	12	12
10	Keystone Tel. pf.	44	44	44
39	Lehigh Valley R. R.	78⅛	77⅞	77⅞
4,685	Lehigh Val. Tran. com.	22⅜	20¾	22¼
1,812	Lehigh Val. Tran. pf.	36	35¼	36
602	Penn. R. R.	59 9-16	59¼	59½
37	Penn. Salt Mfg. Co.	106	106	106
220	Philadelphia Co.	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
5	Philadelphia Co. pf.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
285	Philadelphia Electric	22⅜	22½	22⅜
100	Phila. R. T. stock	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
1,209	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	25⅛	24½	25
20	Phila. Traction	80½	80½	80½
2,195	Reading	79 5-16	78 13-16	79⅛
50	Reading 1st pf.	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
8,495	Tonopah Belmont	6 11-16	6 1-16	6⅝
935	Tonopah Mining	5⅝	5½	5 9-16
80	Union Traction	50	50	50
574	United Gas Imp.	87⅞	87½	87⅞
10	U. S. Rubber	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
17,933	U. S. Steel	61⅞	60⅞	61⅛
2	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
314	West Jersey & S. S.	59⅛	56⅝	59⅛
80	West. N. Y. & Penn.	12⅝	12½	12⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	86¼	86¼	86¼
5,000	Bald. Loco. 1st 5s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Con. Trac. of N. J. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
7,000	Inter-State Ry. 4s	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞
1,000	Phila., B. & W. 1st 4s	100	100	100
3,000	Phila. Electric 5s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Read. deb. 5s, cpn.	114	114	114
1,000	Schuylkill River 4s	99½	99½	99½
3,000	Un. Ry. inv. 5s	73½	73½	73½
2,000	York Ry. 1st 5s	94	94	94

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	American Sewer Pipe	10¼	10¼	10¼
20	Caney River	32	32	32
35	Crucible pf.	91	91	91
100	Independent Brew. pf.	30½	30½	30½
10	Labelle Iron pf.	123	123	123
271	Mfrs. Light	52⅝	52½	52½
20	Nat. Fireproofing	6	6	6
20	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
280	Pure Oil	15½	15⅛	15½
60	Pittsburgh Brew.	10¼	10¼	10¼
700	Pittsburgh S. P.	57c.	57c.	57c.
200	San Toy	24c.	24c.	24c.
100	U. S. Steel	61	61	61
830	Westinghouse	32½	31½	32½
40	Westinghouse A. B.	141	141	141

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	90	90	90

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	85½	86⅝
German Government 3s	75	76¼
Prussian Consol 4s	98⅛	99⅛
Bavarian Government 4s	98	99⅛
Saxony Government 3s	75⅝	77⅛
Hamburg Government 3s	77⅝	78⅝
City of Berlin 4s	97	98⅛
Cologne 4s	97¼	98⅛
Munich 4s	95⅛	96⅛
Frankfort 3½s	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vienna 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]
Russian consol 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Optimistic Feeling Sends Prices Up in London—Firmness on the Continent.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, March 27.—The Times in its City article to-day will say:

"The demand for money was strong. The Bank did a very large business, almost wholly in loans for the week. Discount quotations declined slightly, bills being very scarce. Berlin checks moved against London. Some bar gold was bought in the bullion market for the Continent, about £100,000 ($500,000) in sovereign being sent to London.

On the Stock Exchange money was plentiful for carry-over purposes. A slight increase of business was reported. The tone all around was buoyant during the greater part of the day, Sir Edward Grey's speech in the House of Commons creating an excellent impression, while the fall of Adrianople was regarded as another step toward the early termination of the war."

In several of the leading markets, notably those for home, Canadian and foreign railway stocks, prices showed substantial gains, though in most instances the final quotations were not the highest reached. The American market became weaker in street dealings, Wall Street operators taking advantage of the ruling here to secure profits; but at the close there was a rally which left Canadian Pacific shares at the highest point touched."

PARIS, March 26.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 87 francs 62½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, March 26.—Prices were strong on the Boerse to-day on Sir Edward Grey's speech in the House of Commons yesterday, and on the improved monetary situation here.

Canadian Pacific gained 4 points.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74¼	..	..	+ ¼
Consols, account	74 5-16	..	..	+3-16
Amalgamated	72⅝	71	70⅞	+ ⅜
Atchison	105¼	102½	101⅞	+ ⅝
Balt. & Ohio	104	101¼	101	+ ⅝
Canadian Pacific	236	230⅛	228	+ 2⅛
Ches. & Ohio	74⅝	72⅞	73	— ⅛
Chi. Gt. Western	15	14⅝	..	..
St. Paul	113	110¼	109¾	+ ⅜
Denver	21¼	20⅞	19¼	+ 1½
Erie	29¼	28½	28⅝	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	46¼	45	45¼	— ¼
Ill. Central	127	123⅞	122¾	+ 1
Louis. & Nash.	139	135⅝	135¼	+ ⅛
Kan. & Texas	26½	25⅞	25⅝	+ ½
N. Y. Central	110	107¼	105½ ex	+ ½
Norfolk & West.	108	105¼	105	+ ¼
Ont. & Western	31¼	30½	29¼	+ 1
Pennsylvania	61¼	119⅝	119	+ ⅜
Reading	81¼	158⅝	158⅛	+ ⅛
So. Railway	26⅝	26	25⅝	+ ¼
So. Pacific	103⅝	100⅞	100⅜	+ ¼
Union Pacific	154½	150¾	149⅞	+ ½
U. S. Steel	63⅝	61⅞	61⅝	+ ⅛
Wabash	4¼	4⅛	3½	+ ⅝

Exchange, 4.8725.

American Mining Stocks in London.

(MIDDLE PRICES.)

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	0	0	Tomboy	1	7	6
Esperanza	1	8	6	Oriental Con.	1	8	9
El Oro	0	16	6	Alaska T'dwell	8	12	6
Oroville	0	7	6	Alaska United	4	13	9
Santa Gertrudis	1	6	3	Alaska Mexican	2	10	0

EDWARD T. PLATT STEPS OUT

Resigns as Vice President and General Manager of U. S. Express.

Another step in the reorganization of the United States Express Company was taken yesterday when Edward T. Platt, Vice President and General Manager, resigned. His successor has not been elected.

Mr. Platt remains a Director of the company. He had been General Manager since December, 1911, when he was promoted from Treasurer. D. I. Roberts was made President on Jan. 1 to fill a vacancy of long standing.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

E. Bunge & Co. have issued a pocket manual of Standard Oil securities, and Bamberger, Loeb & Co. a report and market letter on the American Piano Company securities.

Dexter Blagden of Charles Head & Co. was elected a Governor of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday, succeeding Albert Francke, resigned.

The Stock Exchange has listed $1,796,000 first and refunding mortgage 45-year 5 per cent. sinking fund bonds of the Consolidation Coal Company; $4,779,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. 50-year coupon bonds of the Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Company, and $60,000 common stock of the United Cigar Manufacturers Company.

The Associated Oil Company has declared a dividend of 1½ per cent., with a recommendation favoring such semi-annual dividends in future as net earnings justify.

Stockholders of the Norfolk & Western Railway have subscribed to $17,500,000, or 95 per cent. of the $18,353,000 of convertible 4½ per cent. bonds recently offered.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction com.	345	355
American Light & Traction pf.	105	108
Adirondack Electric Power com.	14	17
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	49	52
American Gas & Electric com.	80	84
American Gas & Electric pf.	44	46
American Power & Light com.	70	72
American Power & Light pf.	82	84
American Public Utilities com.	59	62
American Public Utilities pf.	72	75
Cities Service com.	115	120
Cities Service pf.	85½	87½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com.	67	70
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	89½	91½
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	94	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	74	76
Empire District Electric 5s	84	88
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	..	84
Federal Light & Traction com.	30	34
Federal Light & Traction pf.	78	82
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., com.	..	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc. pf.	..	74
Gas & Electric Securities com.	125	145
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	92	96
Lincoln Gas & Electric	28	32
Montana Power Co. com.	42	45
Montana Power Co. pf.	99	102
Northern States Power com.	21	23
Northern States Power pf.	82	84
Ozark Power & Water Co. com.	60	64
Pacific Gas & Electric com.	57	58
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	90	92
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com.	24	26
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	76	78
Standard Gas & Electric com.	17	19
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	47	49
Union Ry., Gas & Electric com.	60	62
Union Ry., Gas & Electric pf.	89	91
United Light & Rys. com.	77	79
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	79	81
Union Light & Rys. 2d pf.	73	76
Utah Securities	19	21
Utilities Improvement com.	64	66
Utilities Improvement pf.	74	76
Western Power com.	19	21
Western Power pf.	48	52

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	March 25.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$657,878	$22,241,735	$245,129,276
Internal rev.	509,559	19,591,486	227,241,599
Corporation tax	5,341	928,261	4,132,666
Miscellaneous	238,777	4,070,188	40,458,240
Total receipts	1,411,556	46,831,670	516,961,782
Expenditures	1,823,841	42,659,433	505,410,935
Surplus	*412,285	4,172,237	11,550,847

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $77,927,007; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $43,730,877; total of general fund, $146,941,510.

20% Extra by Lackawanna Coal.

In addition to the regular quarterly payment of 2½ per cent., the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company yesterday announced an extra cash dividend of 20 per cent., payable April 15 to stock of record April 1. The coal company was incorporated in 1909 for the purpose of purchasing and marketing the coal produced in Pennsylvania by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
50 American Cigar Com. Stock
5 American Light & Traction Com. Stock
10 Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Stock
50 Biograph Company Stock
50 Childs (Restaurant) Com. & Pfd. Stock
50 Columbia Mills Stock
50 Delaware, Lackawanna & W. Coal Stock
100 International Motor Com. Stock
5 National Exhibition Stock
50 Royal Baking Powder Com. & Pfd. Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
25 American Exchange Bank Stock
50 Delaware, Lackawanna & W. Coal Stock
100 Eastern Steel Com. Stock
200 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd. Stock
100 General Baking Pfd. & Com. Stock
100 R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Stock
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Hartford Carpet Com. & Pfd.
Niles Bement Pond Com. & Pfd.
N. Y. State Railways Pfd.
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10 Cumberland Pipe L.
25 Indiana Pipe Line
10 Northern Pipe Line
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, March 26, 1913.

Total sales March 26, 1913.......... 446,551
From Jan. 1, 1913.......... 21,228,338
Same period last year.......... 30,784,290

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
140	146	50	Adams Express	145	145	145	145	...
6⅞	7	500	A.-C. pf. tr. rcts.3d pd.	6⅝	7	6⅝	7	...
71	71⅛	45,650	Amalgamated Copper	70¾	71¼	69¾	71⅛	+ ½
52	53	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	52¾	53	52¾	53	
32	32½	3,750	Am. Beet Sugar	33	33	31	32	— ⅛
80	90	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	84	84	84	84	+ ½
32¼	32⅝	18,300	Am. Can	32	32½	30⅝	32¼	+1⅝
121	121½	1,800	Am. Can pf.	121¼	121½	121	121½	+ ½
51	51½	700	Am. Car & Foundry	50¼	51	50¼	51	+1
42½	45	300	Am. Cities	44	44	43	43	—2
44½	45	800	Am. Cotton Oil	44¼	45¼	44	45¼	+ ¼
160	165	12	Am. Express	165	165	165	165	...
25	25½	1,300	Am. Ice Securities	26	26	25½	25½	...
27½	30	100	Am. Linseed pf.	28	28	28	28	+1⅝
37¼	38	2,500	Am. Locomotive	36¾	38⅛	36¾	37¾	+2
105	105⅝	200	Am. Locomotive pf.	105¼	105⅝	105¼	105⅝	+ ½
10¾	11	100	Am. Malt	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	+1⅝
54½	55	300	Am. Malt pf.	53½	54½	53½	54½	+2½
68¾	69⅛	7,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	69½	69⅞	68⅛	69	— ¾
103¼	103¾	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	103¾	103¾	103⅝	103⅝	+ ⅜
175	180	100	Am. Snuff	175	175	175	175	+4
33½	35	300	Am. Steel Foundries	33¼	33½	33¼	33½	+ ½
113¾	114¼	900	Am. Sugar Refining	113⅝	114	113⅝	114	...
113½	115½	300	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	114	114½	114	114½	+ ⅜
59	61	100	Am. Teleg. & Cable	59	59	59	59	—1¾
132¾	133	1,700	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	133½	133½	132	133	— ½
240	243	100	Am. Tobacco	240¼	240¼	240¼	240¼	—2¼
95½	96¾	100	Am. Water Works pf.	96½	96½	96½	96½	+ ½
26¼	27	50	Am. Writing Paper pf.	25½	25½	25½	25½	...
36⅞	37	2,200	Anaconda Copper Co.	36⅞	37	36½	37	+ ¼
102	102¼	2,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	101⅞	102¼	101¾	102¼	+ ⅜
99⅞	100	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅛
123½	124¼	400	Atlantic Coast Line	123⅞	124	123½	124	+ ½
100⅜	100½	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	100⅝	100⅝	100¼	100⅜	— ⅝
..	..	70	Bank of Commerce	190	190	190	190	...
34½	35	400	Bethlehem Steel	35	35	34¾	34¾	— ¾
130	132	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	130½	130½	130½	130½	+ ½
88¼	88⅝	3,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	89	89¼	88⅛	88⅝	— ⅜
48¾	49	4,100	California Petroleum	49¼	49⅜	48	48¾	...
232½	233	23,575	Canadian Pacific	229¼	233⅛	228¾	232½	+4½
26¼	26½	700	Central Leather Co.	26¼	26¼	26	26¼	...
71¾	72	4,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	72½	72½	70⅞	72	—1
109¾	110	4,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	110⅜	110½	109¼	109⅞	+ ⅛
137½	138½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	138½	138½	138½	138½	...
135	135⅝	200	Chi. & Northwestern	135	135	135	135	+ ⅛
39¾	40	5,550	Chino Copper	39¼	40	38⅞	39⅞	+ ⅝
53	57	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	53	53	53	53	...
34¼	35	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	34	34	34	34	...
27	29	100	Colorado & Southern	27½	27½	27½	27½	+1
132¼	132¾	200	Consolidated Gas	132¾	132¾	132⅝	132⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	11	800	Corn Products Ref.	10⅞	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
65	68	200	Corn Products Ref. pf.	66⅞	66⅞	66	66	+2
98	98¼	200	Deere & Co. pf.	98	98	98	98	...
400	410	105	Del., Lack. & West.	400	400	400	400	+ ⅛
20⅛	20½	100	Denver & Rio Grande	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+1
33⅝	33¾	660	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	33¾	33¾	33	33½	+ ½
13	14	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ½
28	28⅛	14,250	Erie	28⅞	28⅞	27½	28	— ⅞
45⅛	46	500	Erie 1st pf.	46	46	45	45	— ¼
34	36⅜	300	Erie 2d pf.	36	36	36	36	+1
138	139	200	General Electric	137½	137½	137½	137½	—1⅜
2¾	2⅞	2,500	Goldfield Consol.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	...
81½	82	2,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	82⅛	82⅛	80½	82	...
128	128¼	2,000	Great Northern pf.	128½	128½	127⅞	128⅛	— ⅛
123⅝	123⅞	100	G. N.sub.rcts.40 p.c.pd.	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝	+1⅛
44½	45½	100	Guggenheim Explor.	44½	44½	44½	44½	+ ⅛
98	108	30	Homestake Mininig	100	102	100	102	...
120¾	121½	3,000	Illinois Central	122½	122½	120	121½	—1¼
16	16½	1,000	Inspiration Con. Cop.	16½	16½	16⅜	16½	...
16⅞	17⅛	700	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	16⅞	17	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅜
57¾	58	1,600	Inter.-Met. pf.	58¾	58¾	57¼	58	— ¼
107	108½	300	Int. Harvester old	107	107	107	107	+1
110½	112	200	Int. Harvester pf. old	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
105½	107	100	Int. Harvester new	105	105	105	105	—1
112½	115⅛	100	Int. Harvester pf.new	112½	112½	112½	112½	...
105½	107	200	Int. Harvester Corp.	105	105	105	105	— ¾
10¼	11	100	Int. Paper	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
10	10½	100	Int. Steam Pump	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ¼
24½	24¾	100	Kansas City South.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+ ¼
60	61	100	Kan. City South. pf.	60	60	60	60	+ ½
41½	43¾	700	Lackawanna Steel	44½	44½	42	42	—2
..	..	100	Laclede Gas	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
155	155½	3,700	Lehigh Valley	156¼	156¼	154½	155	— ¼
222	225	200	Liggett & Myers	225	225	225	225	—1
111	115	25	Liggett & Myers pf.	111	111	111	111	...
100	102½	100	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf.	100	100	100	100	...
134½	135½	700	Louis. & Nash	135½	135½	135	135¼	...
4	5	100	Mercantile Marine	4	4	4	4	+ ¼
17	17½	300	Mercantile Marine pf.	17	17	16¾	17	+ ¼
64¼	64¾	2,500	Mexican Petroleum	65½	65½	64	64¼	—1⅛
23½	23⅝	400	Miami Copper	22⅞	23⅝	22⅞	23⅝	+ ½
40	44	100	Minn. & St. L. pf.	42	42	42	42	...
132¾	133¼	475	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	131⅞	133⅛	131¼	133⅛	+2⅛
25⅝	26	200	M., K. & T.	25¾	25¾	25½	25½	+ ⅛
38	38¼	2,500	Missouri Pacific	38⅜	38⅝	37⅞	38¼	...
115	116	210	Nat. Biscuit Co.	116	116	115½	115½	+ ½
116½	118	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	+ ½
47½	48	300	National Lead Co.	47½	47½	47¼	47½	+1¾
104	107	110	National Lead Co. pf.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	— ⅜
56	60	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	58	58	58	58	—1
23¾	24¼	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
17¼	17⅝	400	Nev. Consol. Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
72	73	100	N. Y. Air Brake	73	73	73	73	+1
105½	106½	1,100	N. Y. Central	105½	106	105¼	106	+ ½
118½	119	1,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	118	119	117	119	+1½
30	31	400	N. Y., O. & W.	30	30	29¾	30	+ ½
105½	105¾	1,000	Norfolk & Western	106	106	105½	105⅝	+ ½
70	..	100	N. Ohio Trac. & Light	70½	70½	70½	70½	—1¼
116½	116¾	3,800	Northern Pacific	116½	116⅞	116⅛	116¾	+ ½
35¼	37	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	37	37	37	37	...
118½	118¾	3,028	Penn. Railroad	119	119	118⅜	118¾	— ¼
96	97	900	P., C., C. & St. L.	95	95	94⅞	95	—1¾
19½	20	400	Pittsburgh Coal	19¼	19½	19	19½	— ¼
83⅝	84	400	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	84⅛	84⅛	83	83½	—1
26	27	400	Pressed Steel Car	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ½
157	159	100	Pullman Company	158½	158½	158½	158½	+1½
32	32½	200	Railway Steel Spring	32	32¼	32	32¼	+ ¼
18⅝	18⅞	1,800	Ray Consol. Copper	18⅞	18⅞	18¼	18¾	+ ¼
158¼	158⅝	89,900	Reading	158¾	158⅞	157⅛	158⅝	— ⅛
84¾	85½	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	85½	85½	85½	85½	+ ¾
21⅝	21⅞	1,400	Rock Island Co.	21¼	21⅞	21¼	21⅝	+ ⅜
36¾	37¼	700	Rock Island Co. pf.	36⅝	36¾	36¼	36⅝	+ ⅝
45	46	2,200	Rumely (M.) Co.	47½	47½	43	45½	—2
84	85	200	Rumely pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	— ¼
49	52½	1	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill. n. stock cerfs.	49	49	49	49	—1
30¼	31	200	St. L. Southwestern	30⅝	30⅝	30½	30½	+ ¼
18½	19	100	Seaboard Air Line	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅞
43¾	44	200	Seaboard Air Line pf.	44	44	43¾	43⅞	— ⅛
182½	184	1,200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	184½	184¾	181	183⅞	+ ⅞
121¼	123	1,200	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	122	122	122	122	—1
36	36¾	200	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co.	36	36¾	36	36¾	+ ¼
100⅝	101	4,600	Southern Pacific	100⅞	101	100¼	101	+ ¼
25⅞	26	2,000	So. Ry. extended	25⅞	25⅞	25¼	25⅞	+ ⅛
81¼	81½	200	So. Ry. pf. extended	81½	81½	81	81	— ¼
38	39	520	Standard Milling	37½	38⅛	37½	38⅛	+2
29½	30	400	Studebaker Co.	29	29½	29	29½	+ ½
88	93	100	Studebaker Co. pf.	90	90	90	90	...
35¼	36	600	Tennessee Copper	35	35¼	35	35	+ ½
111⅞	112¼	200	Texas Co.	112	112	111⅞	111⅞	— ⅛
5	5¾	200	Union B. & P. Co.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅜
30⅜	34	100	Union B. & P. Co. pf.	30	30	30	30	+ ⅛
149⅝	149¾	52,500	Union Pacific	150	150⅝	148¾	149¾	...
85⅜	85⅝	900	Union Pacific pf.	84½	85⅝	84½	85⅝	— ⅛
46½	48	100	United Cigar Mfrs.	47	47	47	47	+1⅞
27½	27¾	300	United Rys. Invest.	27½	27½	27½	27½	+1½
50	51	500	United Rys. Inv. pf.	49½	50½	49½	50½	+2
13	14	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	14	14	14	14	+ ½
50	55	100	U. S. Express	53	53	53	53	+2
62¼	62½	3,000	U. S. Rubber	63⅜	63¾	61⅞	62⅝	— ¾
105¾	106	400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	106	106¼	106	106	+ ½
61½	61⅝	73,700	U. S. Steel	61¾	61⅞	60¾	61⅝	...
107¼	108	630	U. S. Steel pf.	108	108	107⅝	107⅝	— ⅜
52½	52¾	1,000	Utah Copper	52⅞	52⅞	52½	52½	— ⅜
33	33½	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	33	33	33	33	+ ⅞
67¼	67½	600	W. U. Telegraph	67	67	66½	67	—1
64	65	2,800	Westinghouse E. & M.	62½	63½	62½	63½	+1
90	90¼	2,200	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	91⅞	92	89	90½	—1⅜

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 26, 1913.......... $1,575,000
From Jan. 1, 1913.......... 136,010,500
Same period last year.......... 224,153,500

Panama 3s, coupon
1,000..........102⅞
Argentine Gov 5s
13,000.......... 97
1,000.......... 96⅛
City of Tokio 5s
2,000.......... 86½
Jap Gov 4½s, str ln
4,000.......... 88½
37,000.......... 88
500.......... 88⅝
500.......... 88⅝
500.......... 88⅝
2,000.......... 88
N Y City 4s, 1957
6,000.......... 95
4s, 1959
2,000.......... 95
N Y City 4½s
5,000..........100
7,000.......... 99⅞
1,000..........100
4½s, 1957
1,000..........103⅝
new
1,000..........103⅝
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
1,000.......... 99⅞
Am Cot Oil 4½s
3,000.......... 96¼
Am Sm Secur 6s
500..........103¼
7,000..........103⅜
Am T & T col 4s
1,000.......... 86⅜
5,000.......... 86⅝
conv 4½s, rcts, full paid
10,000..........103
10,000..........102⅞
12,000..........103
500..........102½
3,000..........103
rcts, 50% pd
3,000..........102½
500..........102½
Am Tobacco 4s
1,000.......... 96½
A, T & S F gen 4s
2,000.......... 94⅞
500.......... 94⅝
500.......... 94⅝
20,000.......... 94⅞
adj 5s, stpd
10,000.......... 85
conv 4s, 1960
7,000..........100⅝
12,000..........100½
10,000..........100⅝
15,000..........100½
conv 5s
1,000..........101½
B & O pr lien 3½s
5,000.......... 90⅞
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid
5,000.......... 95¼
6,000.......... 95⅛
3,000.......... 95
2,000.......... 94¾
10,000.......... 94⅞
5,000.......... 95
7,000.......... 94⅞
1,000.......... 94⅞
S W Div 3½s
1,000.......... 88¼
Beth Steel 5s
1,000 c.......... 95½
1,000.......... 95⅝
1st & ref mtg 5s
1,000.......... 83¼
1,000.......... 83⅜
B R T ref conv 4s
5,000.......... 87⅝
20,000.......... 87¾
10,000.......... 87½
10,000.......... 87⅜
5,000.......... 87⅝
5,000.......... 87⅝
10,000.......... 87⅜
10,000.......... 87½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
1,000..........105¼
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
1,000.......... 95¼
1,000.......... 95⅛
2,000.......... 95
Canada Southern con 5s, Ser A
3,000..........106¼
Cent Leather 5s
7,000.......... 94¼
8,000.......... 94⅜
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000..........117
Cent Pac gtd 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
2,000.......... 93⅜
Ches & O con 5s
2,000s20f..........108⅝
gen 4½s, reg
1,000.......... 99½
conv 4½s
5,000.......... 90⅜
20,000.......... 90½
C, B & Q gen 4s
8,000.......... 94¼
1,000.......... 94¼
deb 5s
1,000..........100
joint 4s
21,000.......... 94¼
7,000.......... 94⅜
Ill Div 3½s
10,000.......... 84½
2,000.......... 84⅞
2,000.......... 84⅝
Chi & Erie 1st 5s
1,000..........106
Chi Gt Westn 4s
3,000.......... 75½
Chi, Mil & St P conv 4½s
7,000..........102⅝
1,000..........102⅞
sub r, full paid
17,000..........102⅝
16,000..........102¼
C & N W gen 4s
3,000.......... 96⅞
7,000.......... 97
Mil, Spart & N Wn 1st 4s
21,000.......... 98
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
4,000.......... 84⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000.......... 62¼
2,000.......... 62¼
10,000.......... 62¼
Cin, I, St L & C 4s, reg
1,000.......... 90
Clev, C, C & St L, St L Div 4s
1,000.......... 90
Colo Industrial 5s
3,000.......... 78½
Col Midland 1st 4s
10,000.......... 30
Col & So 1st 4s
3,000.......... 92½
ref & ext 4½s
9,000.......... 92
1,000.......... 91⅞
Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s
2,000.......... 96
D & R Gr imp 5s
2,500.......... 96½
1st & ref 5s
6,000.......... 79⅞
Det U Ry con 4½s
1,000.......... 72½
Dist Secur Corp 5s
1,000.......... 65¼
Erie conv 4s, Ser B
22,000.......... 71
Gen Elec deb 5s, temp r, full pd
2,000..........103⅝
3,000..........103⅞
Ga Midland 3s
3,000.......... 64⅛
Ill Cent 4s, 1952
8,000.......... 94¼
Ill Steel 4½s
1,000.......... 86½
2,000.......... 86½
Indiana Steel 5s
6,000..........100
Inter-Met 4½s
8,000.......... 78¼
7,000.......... 78⅜
9,000.......... 78¾
Inter-Rap Tran 5s
19,000..........103
20,000..........103⅛
Iowa Cent 1st 5s
2,000.......... 94
ref 4s
2,000.......... 60
Kan City So 5s
1,000.......... 97½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
4,000.......... 94
1923
1,000.......... 96¼
L E & Wn 2d 5s
1,000.......... 97
Lake S & Mich So 4s, 1928
2,000.......... 91¼
4s, 1931
7,000.......... 91⅛
2,000.......... 91
2,000.......... 91¼
Ligg & Myers 7s, temp bonds
6,000..........121
Long Island ref 4s
2,000.......... 91½
Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
2,000..........120⅝
Manhattan Con 4s, tax exempt
2,000.......... 93
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
5,000.......... 63½
8,000.......... 63⅜
M, K & T s f 4½s
3,000.......... 84⅞
1st 4s
1,000.......... 91
Mobile & Ohio, Montg Div 5s
1,000..........109
3,000..........108
N, C & St L 1st 7s
5,000..........100⅝
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
500..........101
N Y Cent gen 3½s, registered
25,000.......... 83
deb 4s, 1934
1,000.......... 88
Lake S col 3½s
10,000.......... 77⅞
10,000.......... 77⅞
5,000.......... 78
4,000.......... 78⅛
5,000.......... 78
10,000.......... 78¼
1,000.......... 78⅝
10,000.......... 78½
3,000.......... 78½
7,000.......... 78⅞
registered
4,000.......... 76
9,000.......... 77
Mich C col 3½s
2,000.......... 77
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s
4,000..........102
N Y, L & W 1st 6s
2,000..........110¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000..........120¼
N Y Rys adj 5s
58,000.......... 59
13,000.......... 58⅞
23,000.......... 59
N Y Rys ref 4s
16,000.......... 75¼
N Y Teleph 4½s
5,000.......... 96¾
N Y, West & B 4½s
2,000.......... 95
Norf & Wn con 4s
5,000.......... 94¼
divisnl 4s
3,000.......... 90½
2,000.......... 91
conv 4½s, w i
11,000..........103⅜
1,000..........103⅝
4,000..........103⅝
1,000..........103⅝
10,000..........103⅜
10,000..........103½
21,000..........103⅜
1,000..........103½
Northn Pacific 4s
1,000.......... 95¼
6,000s6f.......... 95⅛
15,000.......... 95¼
1,000.......... 95⅝
Ore R & N con 4s
4,000.......... 91¼
Ore Short Line gtd ref 4s
4,000.......... 88⅝
5,000.......... 88⅞
5,000.......... 89
Pac Coast 1st 5s
2,000.......... 99½
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
7,000.......... 99⅛
Penn conv 3½s
3,000.......... 96⅞
14,000.......... 96⅞
21,000.......... 96⅞
26,000.......... 96⅞
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s.......... 97
1,000.......... 92
10,000.......... 91⅞
10,000.......... 91⅞
Ray Cons 1st 6s
3,000..........110
Reading gen 4s
9,000.......... 96½
1,000.......... 96⅝
Rio Grande West col trust 4s
1,000.......... 78
St L & S F R R gen 5s
5,000.......... 79
2,000.......... 79¼
St L S W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 86¼
St Paul, M & M 4½s
5,000..........102¼
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s
3,000.......... 72¼
1,000.......... 72¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
2,000.......... 99½
So Pac conv 4s
5,000.......... 89⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s
5,000.......... 91
2,000.......... 91⅛
So Ry 1st 5s
6,000..........104½
5,000..........105
So Ry gen 4s
11,000.......... 77⅝
Mem Div 4½s-5s
2,000..........107
Tex Co conv 6s
5,000.......... 97⅞
10,000.......... 98
4,000.......... 98¼
1,000.......... 98½
4,000.......... 98¼
5,000.......... 97⅞
Third Av ref 4s
8,000.......... 80
Third Av adj 5s
1,000.......... 72
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s
4,000.......... 93¼
Underground Elect Rys of London income 6s
3,000.......... 89½
Un Pac 1st 4s
1,000.......... 95⅞
3,000.......... 96
Un Pac conv 4s
2,000.......... 92⅝
5,000.......... 92¼
2,000.......... 92½
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
5,000.......... 92⅞
10,000.......... 92¾
8,000.......... 93
United Railroads of San Fr 4s
1,000.......... 61¼
U S Rubber 6s
4,000..........101⅝
8,000..........101⅝
10,000..........101½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
4,000..........101
2,000..........100⅞
92,000..........101
Wabash R R ref ext 4s
7,000.......... 58¼
5,000.......... 58⅛
5,000.......... 59
5,000.......... 58⅜
10,000.......... 58⅛
10,000.......... 58¼
7,000.......... 57⅞
4,000.......... 57⅛
1,000.......... 58
1,000.......... 58⅛
2,000.......... 58⅜
3,000.......... 58⅜
5,000.......... 58¼
2,000.......... 58⅛
1,000.......... 58⅜
2,000.......... 59
Equit Tr Co Ctfs of depos stamped
5,000.......... 55⅝
Wab, Pitts T 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
7,000.......... 23¼
5,000.......... 23⅝
5,000.......... 24
Westn Elec 5s
4,000..........101
1,000..........100⅛
1,000..........101
West Un Fund & real est 4½s
3,000.......... 92
West Shore 4s
4,000.......... 97
registered
1,000.......... 95
Westingh E & M 1st conv s f 5s
2,000.......... 91½
4,000.......... 91½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100⅝	101
2s, c, 1930	100⅝	..
3s, r, 1918	102⅝	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102⅝	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113⅝	114⅛
4s, c, 1925	113⅝	114⅛
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅝	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅝	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102⅝	103¼
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102⅞	103¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chalm	..	¼
Do 3d pd.	2⅛	3¼
Am Ag Ch pf.	95¼	100
A B S & F	90½	94
Do pf.	180½	183
Am Cit pf.	71½	73½
A C & Fdy pf.	113	115
Am Coal	70	100
A Cot O pf.	93⅛	96
Am C Pr.	80	90
Do pf.	100	109
A H & L.	4⅛	4⅝
Do pf.	25¾	27
Am Linseed	10⅝	11
A S pf. B.	84	85
Am Sn pf, new	101½	105
Am T pf, n.	101	104
Am Woolen	16⅞	20
Do pf.	77½	82
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf.	50	80
Assets Real.	104	109
Bald Loco.	47	48
Do pf.	103½	104
B & O pf.	82½	83½
Batopilas M	1⅛	1½
Beth Stl pf.	69½	71
Bruns Ter.	8	8¾
B, R & P.	100	113
Do pf.	122	150
But'k Co.	28	29
Cal Pet pf.	77½	78¾
Canada So.	59	64
Can Pac 1st paid	225	229
Case (J. I.) pf.	99¼	100¼
C C & C.	..	91
Cent L pf.	93	94¼
C R R of N J.	325	350
C & S A T.	100	110
Chi & Alt.	10	20
Do pf.	25½	40
Chi Gt Wn.	14¾	15
Do pf.	28	29
Chi, I & L pf.	50	80
C & N W pf.	181	189
Chi, St P, M & Om.	120	140
Do pf.	140	150
C, C, C & St L pf.	90	95
Col & S 1st pf.	68	70
Do 2d pf.	60	70
Crex Carpet	75	85
Cuba R R pf.	94	..
Cub-Am S.	20	25
Do pf.	..	92
Del & Hud.	158	160
D M & Ft D.	2½	5
Det Edison.	117½	..
Det & M.	105	..
Do pf.	100	..
Det Un R.	74¼	80
Dist Secur.	16¼	17½
D, S S & A.	6	8
Du P de N Pow pf.	91	95
F M & S.	12	18
Do pf.	32	35
Gen Chem.	175	185
Do pf.	100	108
Gen Motors	30	30½
Do pf.	76½	77¾
G & S Tel.	115	..
G'drich pf.	93	95½
Gt N Ore ctfs.	35	36
G.W.Helme.	170	175⅛
Do pf.	107	120
Hav Elec.	85¼	86¼
Do pf.	..	99½
Hock Val.	..	150
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agricul.	..	29
Do pf.	70	80
Int H Cor pf.	113	116
Int Pa pf.	43	47
Int St P pf	35	40
Iowa Cent.	8	10
Do pf.	18	23
Kayser (J.)	88½	95
Do 1st pf.	102½	110
K C, Ft S & M pf.	71	72
K & D M.	6	..
Do pf.	45	..
Kresge (SS)	64	69
Do pf.	97¼	99½
L E & W.	9	11
Do pf.	23	28
Lake Shore.	455	525
L-W Bis.	31	33
Do 2d pf.	90	92
Long Island	39	42
Mackay Cos	80½	82
Do pf.	65	67½
Man Beach.	1	4
Man Elev.	127	130
May Dep St	70	75
Do pf.	100	104
Mex Pet pf.	94½	100
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L.	18	19
M, St P & S S M pf.	138	148
Do l l.	80	83
Mo, K & T pf.	62	63
N, C & St L.	130	145
Nat Enam.	14	15
Do pf.	83	93
N Cent C.	40	60
N O M & C pf.	..	25
N Y, C & St L.	55	57
Do 1st pf.	97	..
Do 2d pf.	80¼	85
N Y Dock.	..	19
Do pf.	30	42
Norf South	41	45
N & W pf.	83½	84
North Am.	75	77
Ont Mining	2	2½
Pabst B pf.	106	110
Pac Coast.	80	95
Do 1st pf.	80	100
Do 2d pf.	80	100
Pac Mail.	26	27½
Pac T & T pf.	90	100
Peo G. Chi.	110¾	115
Peo & E.	10½	15
P Lorillard.	175	185
Do pf.	110	113½
Pett Mull.	20	24
Do 1st pf.	90	94
Phelps-D.	197½	..
Phila Co.	88	98
P, C, C & St L pf.	100	120
Pitts St pf.	95	100
P S C pf.	96	98
Pub S Cor.	115	117½
Quicksilver.	3	3½
Do pf.	4	6
R R Sec, I C stk cts.	..	85
Ry St S pf.	95	100
Rdg 1st pf.	91	91½
Do 2d pf.	89	89½
Rep I & S.	25	25½
St L & S F.	14	17
Do 1st pf.	50	58
Do 2d pf.	25	25½
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	..	103
St L S W pf.	70	73½
S-S S & I pf.	90	93½
So P R S.	..	70½
Do pf.	..	107½
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	67	77
Stand M pf.	64	65
Texas Pac.	18½	19¼
T P L Tr.	92½	95
Third Av.	36¾	37
T, P & W.	15¼	..
Tol R & L.	2⅝	..
Tol, St L & West	9⅞	11
Do pf.	23¾	25
T C R T.	103½	104
Do pf.	136½	145
Und Typew.	90	93
Do pf.	..	112
Un Cig M pf.	100	103
Un Dry G.	97	98
Do pf.	101	104
U S C I P pf.	..	56
U S Ind A.	28⅛	35
Do pf.	90	95
U S R & I.	68	68¾
U S R & R.	1	1⅞
Do pf.	6	8
U S R 2d pf.	71	..
Vand R R.	..	85⅛
Va-Car Ch Co pf.	108	110
Va I, C & C	47	52
Va R & P.	51¾	58
Do pf.	89	..
Vulcan Det.	16⅝	21
Do pf.	..	88
Wabash.	3⅜	3¾
Do pf.	11	11¾
W F Exp.	110	115
Weym-Bru.	255	286
Do pf.	110	125
West Md.	41½	42½
Do pf.	57	61
Westingh'se 1st pf.	116½	119¾
Wh & L E.	5½	6½
Do 1st pf.	19	22
Do 2d pf.	9	11
Wis Cent.	48½	50
W'w'th pf.	110	112½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Opening prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange at 9:30 o'clock disregarded the cabled quotations from London for several of the important stocks, notably Union Pacific and United States Steel. Flood disasters made for the creation of pessimistic sentiment and incited selling, with prices gradually receding until the afternoon. Toward the close, however, a better tone showed and prices rallied, in some instances touching the highest of the day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,410	Amal. Copper	70⅞	71¼	69¾	70⅞
830	Am. Beet Sugar	32¼	32⅝	30⅝	32
2,160	Am. Can	30½	32¼	30¼	32¼
20	Am. Car & Fy.	50¼	50½	50¼	50½
40	Am. Cot. Oil	44¼	45	44¼	45
20	Am. Ice	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
1,570	Am. Smelting	70	70	68⅛	69¼
80	Anaconda Cop.	36¼	36⅞	36½	36⅞
90	A., T. & S. F.	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
80	Balt. & Ohio	100⅞	100⅞	100¼	100½
180	Bklyn. R. T.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅛	88½
80	Cal. Petroleum	48½	48½	48½	48½
610	Can. Pacific	228½	233⅜	228½	232
610	Cent. Leather	25⅝	26⅛	25⅝	26⅛
510	Ches. & Ohio	72⅛	72⅛	71	71⅞
160	C., M. & St. P.	110⅛	110⅛	109¼	109⅞
40	Chino Copper	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
10	Col. F. & I.	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
100	Corn Products	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
20	Dist. Secur.	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
440	Erie	29	29	27⅝	27⅞
70	Gt. Nor. pf.	128	128¼	127⅞	128¼
30	Inter.-Met.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
470	Inter.-Met. pf.	58½	58½	57¼	58
200	Lehigh Valley	155¾	155¾	154⅝	155⅝
260	Mo. Pacific	38⅜	38⅜	37⅝	38
20	Nat. Lead	48	48	48	48
25	Nevada Con.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
80	N. Y. Central	105½	105½	105¼	105¼
10	N. Y., O. & W.	30	30	30	30
60	Nor. Pacific	116¼	116⅝	116¼	116⅝
10	Pr. Steel Car	26½	26½	26½	26½
80	Ray Con. Cop.	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
15,360	Reading	158⅝	158⅞	157¼	158¼
70	Rock Island	21⅛	21⅞	21⅛	21⅞
810	So. Pacific	100⅞	100⅞	99⅞	100⅞
20	So. Railway	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
40	Tenn. Copper	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜
20	Un. Bag & P.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
6,280	Union Pacific	150⅛	150⅝	148¾	149¾
420	U. S. Rubber	63⅝	63⅝	61⅞	62⅜
6,350	U. S. Steel	61⅝	61⅞	60⅜	61½
10	Va. Car. Chem.	33	33	33	33
120	Westing. El.	62⅜	62⅜	62½	62½
42,595					

MINING STOCKS.

220	Goldf. Con.	2.96¾	2.96¾	2.87½	2.87½
850	Jim Butler	.90½	.90½	.88	.88
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.26	.26	.26	.26
500	Little Chief	.06	.06	.06	.06
1,400	Midway	.53	.53	.51½	.52½
250	Mizpah	.66½	.66½	.66½	.66½
300	Pitt. Sil. Peak	55	.55	.55	.55
800	Silver Pick	.07	.07	.07	.07
400	Ton. Belmont	6.25	6.25	6.18¾	6.18¾
800	Ton. Merger	.89½	.89½	.88	.88
300	Ton. Ext.	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
[illegible]					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—

	1913.	Increase.
3d week March	$681,876	*$14,766
July 1-March 21	25,835,216	1,417,496

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

3d week March	414,600	32,500
July 1-March 21	18,032,000	1,167,800

INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—

3d week March	167,000	*6,000
July 1-March 21	8,627,717	774,511

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

3d week March	242,000	17,000
July 1-March 21	10,868,723	1,029,830

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

3d week March	315,265	10,322
July 1-March 21	13,593,129	676,917

*Decrease.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE for February—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross oper. rev.	$9,047,303	$8,592,050	$455,253
Oper. exp.	6,142,619	5,775,551	367,067
Net oper. rev.	2,904,684	2,816,498	88,185
Taxes	390,731	356,196	34,535
Oper. income	2,513,952	2,460,302	53,650
Av. op. mileage	10,772	10,704	67
For eight months of fiscal year to Feb. 28, 1913 and 1912:			
Gross oper. rev.	79,974,552	71,862,096	8,112,456
Oper. exp.	53,095,030	48,293,647	4,801,382
Net oper. rev.	26,879,522	23,568,448	3,311,074
Taxes	3,117,243	2,815,568	301,674
Oper. income	23,762,278	20,752,879	3,009,399
Av. op. mileage	10,739	10,586	153

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	803,424	766,204	644,342
Net after taxes	217,677	225,180	210,977
Other income	98,226	78,406	76,206
Total income	315,903	303,586	287,183
Surp. after chgs.	154,122	144,597	134,868
8 mos. gross	7,389,556	6,273,541	6,289,241
Net after taxes	2,056,869	1,929,326	2,198,331
Other income	649,746	485,027	581,022
Total income	2,706,615	2,414,353	2,779,353
Surp. after chgs.	1,406,694	1,166,279	1,508,480

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for February—

Mileage	1,809	1,793	1,951
Gross	1,150,122	1,054,538	1,001,559
Net after taxes	244,649	227,971	194,770
Other income	54,214	76,947	33,819
Total income	298,862	304,918	228,590
Surp. after chgs.	61,039	27,794	*7,111
8 mos. gross	10,442,704	9,943,332	11,461,453
Net after taxes	3,093,906	3,064,754	3,716,916
Other income	365,388	324,305	6,544
Total income	3,459,295	3,389,059	3,723,460
Surp. after chgs.	1,551,975	1,486,199	1,870,801

*Deficit.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT for February—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	2,600,261	2,636,084	*35,823
Net after taxes	1,383,375	1,404,613	*21,238
Other income	30,521	29,316	1,204
Total income	1,413,896	1,433,930	*20,034
Surp. after chgs.	508,546	517,377	*8,831
Pass. carried	50,702,670	51,212,815	*510,145
8 mos. gross	21,240,774	20,321,140	919,634
Net after taxes	11,097,020	10,397,868	699,152
Other income	270,491	250,366	20,126
Total income	11,367,511	10,648,234	719,278
Surp. after chgs.	4,018,494	3,324,120	694,374
Pass. carried	414,367,154	394,827,692	19,539,462

*Decrease.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	7,036	7,088	7,039
Gross	5,286,575	5,167,035	4,793,155
Net after taxes	1,171,201	1,232,067	1,168,517
8 mos. gross	46,084,433	42,366,649	40,814,743
Net after taxes	12,606,749	12,037,539	11,850,820

UNION PACIFIC for February—

Mileage	7,418	7,219	6,755
Gross	6,474,882	6,198,320	5,627,673
Net	2,442,246	2,341,912	1,911,680
Taxes	362,924	305,038	289,785
Net income	2,079,322	2,036,873	1,621,895
Gross, 8 months	64,793,390	59,024,403	61,762,805
Net	28,922,140	25,830,333	27,936,343
Taxes	3,249,241	3,162,347	2,366,491
Net income	25,672,899	22,667,986	25,569,852

Miscellaneous Earnings.

CANADIAN EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
T'l rcts. f'm op.	62,345	42,768	19,576
Exp. privileges	23,946	16,507	7,438
Total op. rev.	38,399	26,261	12,137
Total op. exp.	28,836	16,064	12,772
Net op. rev.	9,562	10,197	*634
Taxes	578	498	79
Operating inc.	8,984	9,699	*714
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
T'l rcts. f'm op.	576,534	348,134	228,400
Exp. privileges	224,855	134,985	89,870
Total op. rev.	351,678	213,148	138,529
Total op. exp.	211,524	113,972	97,552
Net op. rev.	140,153	99,176	40,977
Taxes	3,236	1,811	1,425
Operating inc.	136,917	97,365	39,551
Mile., steam rds.	5,741	4,200	1,541
Mile., other lines	22	22	......

*Decrease.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY for the quarter ended March 31, (partly estimated)—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	366,000	478,500	421,000
Net	218,500	324,500	255,000
Other income	225,456	326,467	255,750
Total income	225,456	326,467	255,750
Dividends	143,565	143,565	143,565
Surplus	81,891	182,902	112,185
Prev. surplus	3,021,810	2,607,919	2,233,474
Total surplus	3,103,701	2,790,821	2,345,659

UNITED LIGHT & RAILWAY COMPANY for January (statement of subsidiary companies)—

	1913.	Increase.
Gross earnings	498,145	54,405
Operating expenses, &c.	290,156	22,108
Net earnings	207,989	32,297
Interest	95,221	3,935
Net profit	112,768	28,362
For seven months ended Jan. 31:		
Gross earnings	3,252,546	330,447
Operating expenses, &c.	1,838,206	132,880
Net earnings	1,414,340	197,567
Interest	639,895	3,973
Net profit	774,445	193,594

Earnings available on stocks owned of subsidiary companies, $693,811; dividends and interest receivable on investments, $57,901; miscellaneous earnings, $33,486; total gross earnings, $785,198; less expense, $42,116; interest on bonds and notes, $191,721; net earnings, $551,361. Pro rata dividends on first preferred stock, $177,010; second preferred stock, $53,018; balance available for depreciation and dividends, $321,334.

UNITED STATES GYPSUM COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31:

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Net profit	675,012	566,835	651,117
Repl., repair, & depreciation	167,285	174,914	148,414
Balance	507,727	391,921	502,703
Int., sink. fd., &c	77,312	32,552	79,028
Surplus	430,414	359,369	423,675
Dividends	226,914	224,611	219,734
Surplus	203,500	134,858	203,941
Prev. surplus	*986,268	867,244	565,701
Total surplus	1,189,768	1,002,102	769,654

*After miscellaneous adjustments.

Del. Lack. & West. Coal
Bought & Sold
W. J. Hoey
Tel. 2271 Rect. 115 B'way New York

WE OFFER
25 American Druggist Syndicate
7 Colorado Yule Marble 2d Pfd.
25 Int'l Educational Pub. Pfd.
100 Standard Motor Construction
100 Tippecanoe Securities
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New York: Trinity Bldg.
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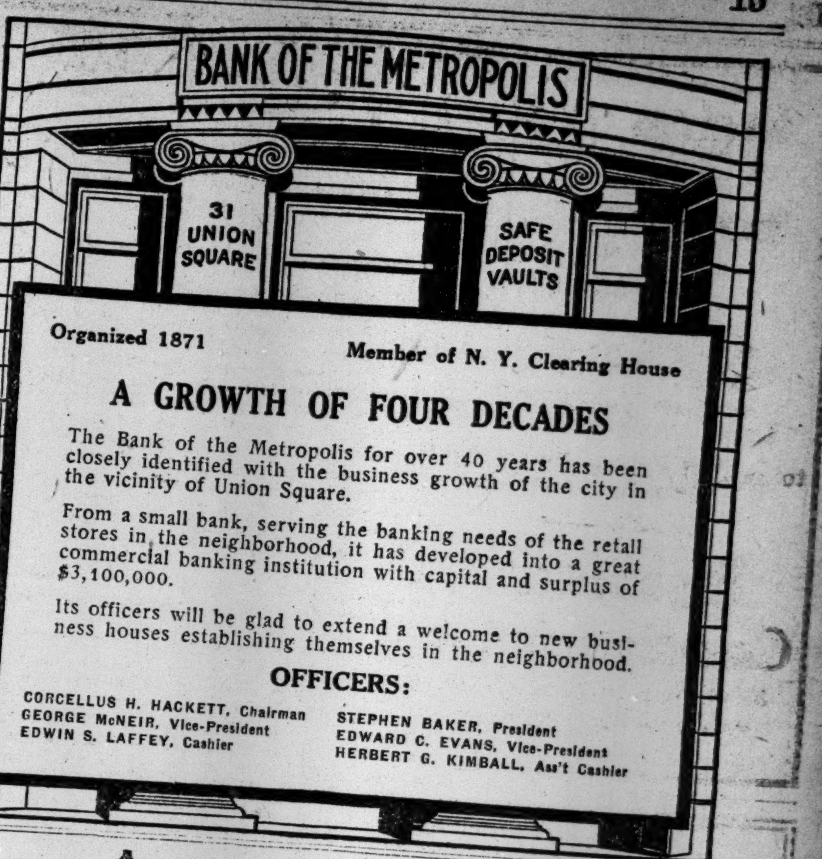
Examinations and Reports.
Utility Securities Bought and Sold.



BANK OF THE METROPOLIS
31 UNION SQUARE
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The Bank of the Metropolis for over 40 years has been closely identified with the business growth of the city in the vicinity of Union Square.

From a small bank, serving the banking needs of the retail stores in the neighborhood, it has developed into a great commercial banking institution with capital and surplus of $3,100,000.

Its officers will be glad to extend a welcome to new business houses establishing themselves in the neighborhood.

OFFICERS:
CORCELLUS H. HACKETT, Chairman
GEORGE McNEIR, Vice-President
EDWIN S. LAFFEY, Cashier
STEPHEN BAKER, President
EDWARD C. EVANS, Vice-President
HERBERT G. KIMBALL, Ass't Cashier

CITY CENTER 6% GOLD BONDS
Denominations
$500 — $1,000
SAFE INVESTMENT
Send for Circular No. 542
Founded 1855. Capital $1,500,000
GREENEBAUM SONS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
Chicago

5% IS WHAT YOUR MONEY WILL EARN IN
GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. We have amounts from $500 to $100,000.
Our Booklet "A" Explains. Sent upon request
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

UNITED COPPER COMPANY

To the Holders of Preferred Stock of the United Copper Company:

In view of the recent appointment of Receivers of the United Copper Company, it is important that immediate and united action be taken to protect the rights of the preferred stockholders of the Company, looking toward a reorganization of the company, and a saving of its assets and of the equities in its subsidiary companies.

The undersigned, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the preferred stock, have consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of all preferred stockholders who shall become parties to an agreement, dated March 15th, 1913, between the undersigned; the holders of such preferred stock, and the Depositary, the Central Trust Company of New York.

All preferred stockholders are hereby requested to deposit their certificates of stock with Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, N. Y. City, or with the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, No. 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.,

ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15TH, 1913.

All certificates of stock must be properly indorsed in blank.

The Central Trust Company of New York will issue transferable certificates of deposit therefor, and the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston will issue temporary receipts, to be thereafter exchanged for such certificates of deposit.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from the Central Trust Company of New York or the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston.

Dated New York, March 20th, 1913.

DUDLEY OLCOTT, Chairman,
EDWIN T. RICE,
J. TERRY WEST,
Committee.
LANDON K. THORNE, Secretary.
HUNTINGTON, RHINELANDER & SEYMOUR, Counsel, 54 William Street, New York City.

To the Holders of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or Trust Agreement of the Buffalo Railway Company to the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee, dated April 1, 1897, notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, 1913, the International Railway Company (formed by consolidation of the said Buffalo Railway Company and other companies) will redeem all of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures issued under and secured by the said Indenture or Trust Agreement, at the price or sum of One hundred and five dollars for each and every One hundred dollars of par value thereof, upon presentation of the debentures together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of the said Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Pledgee as aforesaid, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Interest on the said debentures shall cease on the said first day of April, 1913.

Dated February 26, 1913.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By E. G. CONNETTE, President.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing notice has been served on the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee under the Indenture or Trust Agreement therein mentioned, and that in accordance with said notice all of the said Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company have been called for redemption at the office of the said Pledgee.

Dated February 26th, 1913.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By BEVERLY CHEW, 2 V.-President.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000 in the year 1912, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,000 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the first day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 27, 1913.

SIX PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE ELECTRIC LIGHT BONDS.

A New Jersey Electric Light Company serving three rapidly growing communities offers $14,600 of Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds, issued under authority of New Jersey Public Utility Commissioners, for urgent plant extension purposes. Plant is new and efficient, but requires additional equipment to provide for increasing business. Company has satisfactory franchises and contracts under non-competitive conditions. Bonds are offered at 80, to yield 7½ per cent. Descriptive circular and financial statement furnished on request, and full examination solicited.

Address UTILITY, 915 Real Estate Trust Building, Philadelphia.

ALLIS-CHALMERS REORGANIZATION.

CALL FOR ASSESSMENTS.

The properties of the ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY in Wisconsin have been purchased on behalf of the Reorganization Committee at public sale pursuant to the decree and order of the United States District Court, at Milwaukee, in the foreclosure and administration suits, and the sales have been confirmed by orders of the court, entered March 7, 1913. The new company has been organized under the name of ALLIS-CHALMERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with preferred and common stock as provided in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated March 18, 1912. It is expected that the remaining properties in Illinois, Pennsylvania and California will shortly be acquired on behalf of the Reorganization Committee.

The Board of Directors of the new company has been elected as follows: Otto H. Falk, President, Milwaukee; Oliver C. Fuller, President Wisconsin Trust Company, Milwaukee; J. D. Mortimer, President Milwaukee Light, Heat and Traction Company, Milwaukee; Gustave Pabst, President Pabst Brewing Company, Milwaukee; Fred. Vogel, Jr., President First National Bank of Milwaukee; Max Pam, Chicago; F. O. Wetmore, Vice President First National Bank, Chicago; John H. McClement, Chairman of the Board, New York; Arthur W. Butler, of Butler, Herrick & Kip, New York; Charles W. Cox, of Robert Winthrop & Co., New York; Oscar L. Gubelman, of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, New York; R. G. Hutchins, Jr., Vice President National Bank of Commerce, New York; Arthur Coppell, of Maitland, Coppell & Co., New York; William C. Potter, Vice President Guaranty Trust Company of New York; and James P. Winchester, President Wilmington Trust Company, Wilmington, Del.

The certificate of incorporation provides, as mentioned in the Plan of Reorganization, that the holders of the preferred stock shall have power to elect a majority of the directors.

The Board of Directors has appointed an Executive Committee consisting of Mr. Vogel, Chairman, and Messrs. Falk, Fuller, Mortimer, and Pabst.

As provided in the Plan of Reorganization, five Voting Trustees have been appointed to hold the preferred and common stock, except the qualifying shares of directors, under a voting trust agreement, which is to last for five years unless sooner terminated by the Voting Trustees in their decision. The Voting Trustees are Messrs. James N. Wallace, Chairman; Charles G. Dawes, Alexander J. Hemphill, W. Emlen Roosevelt and Henry F. Whitcomb.

The properties will be taken over by the new company and operations conducted under the new management at an early date.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to holders of certificates of deposit for PREFERRED and COMMON Stock of ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY, that the Reorganization Committee, pursuant to the terms and provisions of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, has called for payment the balance of the amount due on their assessments in two installments, viz:

1. In respect of each share of PREFERRED STOCK, $4 per share on or before April 24, 1913, and $4 per share on or before May 15, 1913.
2. In respect of each share of COMMON STOCK, $2 per share on or before April 24, 1913, and $2 per share on or before May 15, 1913.

Payments must be made to the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, and certificates of deposit must be presented at the time of payment in order that the receipt of the Depositary may be stamped thereon.

New York, March 19, 1913.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman,
CHARLES W. COX,
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
JOHN H. McCLEMENT,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
FRED. VOGEL, Jr.,
Reorganization Committee.
FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF $2,000,000 GALVESTON, HOUSTON & HENDERSON RAILROAD COMPANY

FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT BONDS, DUE APRIL 1st, 1913.

Referring to notice, dated March 1, 1913, heretofore published, holders of the above-mentioned bonds are hereby notified that, owing to the Company's inability to complete the necessary formalities with the Railroad Commission of Texas within the time at the Company's disposal, the proposed creation and issue by the Company of new First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds mentioned in said notice has been postponed and the contemplated sale of $2,000,000 thereof abandoned. Said notice and the offer of exchange therein contained are therefore hereby withdrawn.

Arrangements have been made for the purchase of the maturing bonds at par on the date of maturity, and holders of said bonds are notified that they may present the same (ex April 1, 1913, coupons) for purchase at the office of CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK CITY, on or after APRIL 1, 1913, when payment of said purchase price will be made against the surrender of the bonds.

Coupons due April 1, 1913, on the maturing bonds will be paid on or after said date at Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as heretofore.

Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company,
By J. H. HILL, Treasurer.
New York, March 26, 1913.

BOND HOUSES ATTENTION.
Valuable man for bond house now at liberty; can supervise bond salesmen and be generally useful; good correspondent; best New York credentials. E 18 Times.

PHELPS-DODGE EARN $10,005,458 IN YEAR

Income from Their Copper Mines the Previous Year Was Only $7,283,508.

COPPER YIELD MUCH LARGER

Higher Wages and Shorter Hours Kept Profits Down—Surplus Reaches $6,163,560.

The income of Phelps, Dodge & Co. from dividends on stocks of copper mining companies that they own amounted to $10,005,458 in the fiscal year ended on Dec. 31, 1912, and earnings from other sources brought the total up to $10,411,535. In the previous year the income account showed profits of $7,283,508, and in 1910 $9,099,910. The net profits in the last year were equivalent to 23 per cent. on the $45,000,000 stock, of which 15 per cent. was distributed to shareholders.

President Douglas informed stockholders in the annual statement that the quantity of copper delivered in the year was 192,297,374 pounds, a gain of 11,995,409 pounds over 1911, and an average price was realized of 15.51 cents a pound. Of the aggregate amount of copper marketed, 52,537,859 pounds was put out on a commission for outside companies, and the remainder was mined and refined by subsidiaries of the company. The report says:

"In response to the brisk demand and high price of copper which obtained throughout the last nine months the mines and reduction plants of the companies were operated to their capacity and a consequently increased output of metals and fuels was produced. The costs per ton of ore and per pound of copper were higher in our Arizona properties by reason of the higher wage scales and rate of taxes. The legislative enactments reducing the hours of labor underground contributed to produce the same effect.

"The copper ore extracted from our mines amounted to a total of 1,893,244 tons, of which 1,098,528 tons were concentrated and 794,716 tons were smelting ore. The total amount of copper-bearing material smelted, including ore, concentrates, old slag, and cement copper, amounted to 1,051,315 tons.

"In addition to the above there was produced and sold 11,626 tons of lead ore from the mines of the Copper Queen, yielding 30,434 pounds of copper, 2,953,685 pounds of lead, 326,962 ounces of silver, and 3,889 ounces of gold. Of the ores and concentrates smelted, 953,741 tons were derived from the company's properties and 97,574 tons were purchased.

"The tonnage mined in 1912 exceeded that of 1911 by over 100,000 tons, while the total stock of ore on hand at the close of the year was 13,614 tons above that at the close of 1911."

The Phelps-Dodge Mercantile Company reported gross sales and transfers during the year amounting to $6,321,410, showing a net profit of 9.21 per cent.

Net earnings were $575,694, and dividends aggregating $300,000 were paid.

Wages were raised in the latter part of last year in accordance with the recognized custom of sharing with the wage earners the benefit of a higher price for copper than 18 cents. The increase was given, even though the price never actually reached that standard. This, coupled with the shorter working hours fixed by legislation, curtailing the day's work to seven or seven and one-half hours, according to the situation of the stope, increased the cost of mining.

The employes' benefit association paid claims amounting to $47,050 in the year from an income of $71,708, including a balance of $14,000 from the year before. The company continued to contribute to the fund of the organization $7,500 a year.

The balance sheet at the end of the fiscal period showed assets of $59,421,244, which included stocks valued at $53,050,000 and cash on hand of $3,500,779. Among the liabilities were recorded accounts payable of a total of $5,257,683 and a $3,000,000 reserve against stocks owned. The sum carried to the surplus account was $2,035,185, making the total surplus $6,163,560.

STANDARD OIL PRICES UP.

Advanced, Company Explains, to Comply with Mr. Wilson's New Trust Law.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 26.—Notification by the Standard Oil Company of a horizontal advance in the prices of all its products throughout the State of New Jersey led Gov. Fielder to-day to charge the oil company and other corporations with making a determined effort to create sentiment against President Wilson's anti-trust laws, popularly known as the "Seven Sisters," for the purpose of bringing about their repeal.

The third law of the "Seven Sisters" makes it unlawful for any one engaged in the production or sale of any commodity of general use to discriminate between different sections by selling at a lower rate in one community than another "or at the same rate or price at a point away from that of production or manufacture as at the place of production or manufacture, after making due allowance for the difference, if any, in the grade, quality, or quantity and in the actual cost of transportation from the point of production or manufacture, if the effect or intent thereof is to establish or maintain a virtual monopoly, hindering competition, or restriction of trade."

The Standard Oil Company has announced an advance of .41 of a cent per gallon in the price of kerosene and similar advances in gasoline, lubricants, and other products for the Trenton district as representing the cost of transportation from Bayonne to that city. Gov. Fielder says that this is part of a deliberate campaign to embarrass and harass the people of the State. In advertisements published in Trenton the Standard explains its position in this way:

> In order to comply exactly with the law it has been found necessary to make new selling prices on all our various products. For example, the price of tank wagon water-white kerosene oil at Bayonne, our manufacturing point, is 8½ cents per gallon. The freight rate to Trenton is 41-100 of a cent per gallon. Our Trenton price for this product is therefore 8.91 cents per gallon. We are publishing this explanation in order that our customers may understand the necessity of prices involving decimal fractions of a cent.

"Just so long as the Standard Oil Company is allowed to monopolize the business it will be able to boost its prices, and it will eventually boost the price so high that there will be competition," said Gov. Fielder. "That will surely be the result. Then the price will come down."

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

12 shares Central Fireworks Company preferred, $100 each, 21.

200 shares Sutro Tunnel Company, 20 shares Hamilton Loan and Trust Company, 65 shares Electric Time and Signal Association, $1,000 Colonial Club first mortgage bond, $300 Colonial Club second mortgage bonds, one of $250, one of $50; $1,030.50 promissory note of J. T. Camp & Co. to order of Thomas H. Cullen, $2,060 promissory note of John T. Camp & Co. to order of Thomas H. Cullen, $1,500 receipt from Newton Earle, Treasurer Providence, R. I., to Thomas H. Cullen; $1,000 receipt from John E. Kendrick, Treasurer Wood River Mills, Wood River Junction, R. I., to Thomas H. Cullen, $13 lot.

By Order of Executors.

2 shares Floral Park Bank, Long Island, $50 each, $50 per share.

$8,000 Indiana Lighting Company first mortgage 4 per cent. fifty-year gold bonds, due August, 1958, interest February and August, 64¼.

30 shares Queens County Trust Company, $100 each, 100.

12½ shares United States Title Guaranty Company, $100 each, 81.

3 shares Atlantic Refining Company, $100 each, 635.

10 shares Southern Pipe Line Company, $100 each, 255.

LEVY BILL TO BE REPORTED.

Assembly Committee Will Push Tammany Election Scheme.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—Carrying out the plan of the Tammany organization, the Assembly Judiciary Committee will report favorably the Levy bill providing for a special State election on the first Tuesday in June to vote on the question whether there shall be a Constitutional Convention in April next year. If the question is decided in the affirmative, delegates will be chosen at the general election next Fall.

A hearing was given to-day by the Judiciary Committee on the Tammany measure and the Republican and Progressive bills concerning the proposed convention. E. J. McCook and E. Stagg Whitin urged the passage of the Republican bill, which provides for submission of the question of a Constitutional Conventon at the election next Autumn. Assemblymen Schaaps and Volk favored the Progressive bill, which agrees with the Republican measure as to the time of submitting the question, but provides for a non-partisan convention and minority representation.

Republican and Progressives united in asserting that the Levy bill was political and was designed to confuse the voter next Fall, when municipal candidates are to be chosen. Election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention in the Autumn, the Tammany leaders believe, would prevent the Progressives from joining an anti-Tammany fusion movement in the city election.

CANAL POWER BILL HALTED.

Conservation Commission's Measure Blocked in State Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—An unexpected attack on the Murtaugh bill, which would commit the State to the policy of developing electrical power from the waters of the barge canal, caused a postponement of its consideration on final passage in the Senate to-day. The measure embodies the plan of the Conservation Commission for utilization of streams by the State for the development of power to be sold in competition with private corporations. According to the members of the Conservation Commission, power can be sold by the State at half the present cost.

The power companies have opposed the bill vigorously. It was amended to provide for an appropriation of $650,000 to permit the construction of a power plant at the barge canal dams across the Mohawk at Crescent and Vischer Ferry. Power generated in that plant, under the amendment, would be sold to Albany and neighboring municipalities.

The amendment made it necessary to refer the bill to the Finance Committee when it had been reported favorably by the Judiciary Committee. Senator Murtaugh moved to-day to discharge the Finance Committee from further consideration of the bill, but Senators Frawley, Cullen, Fitzgerald, and Sullivan objected on the ground that the committee had not had time to consider it.

The Finance Committee decided this afternoon to report the bill favorably to-morrow, and it may be passed by the Senate at that time. The companion bill in the Assembly has not been reported, and the fate of the measure in the lower House is uncertain.

EFFICIENCY BILL PASSES.

John A. Hennessy, It Is Said, Will Head New Department.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—The bill embodying the suggestion of Gov. Sulzer of the creation of a Department of Efficiency and Economy was passed to-day by the Senate by a vote of 27 to 15. When a vote was taken yesterday the bill lacked one vote. Four Democrats, Senators Sullivan and Fitzgerald of New York County and Cullen and Carswell of Kings, voted with the Republicans in opposition to the bill. The vote caused ill feeling among some of the Tammany members. Senators Sullivan and Fitzgerald resented the criticism of Senator Wagner directed against the Democrats who refused to vote for the Governor's measure.

The new Department is to be headed by a Commissioner who will have power to investigate any of the State Departments and to prepare an estimate of the appropriations needed to operate them. It is said the Governor will nominate John A. Hennessy, Executive Auditor, for the new Commissionership.

B. R. T. PLANS APPROVED.

Municipal Railway Leases Its Operating Privilege to Another Company.

The arrangements between the two new B. R. T. companies, the New York Municipal Railway Corporation and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, received yesterday the approval of the Public Service Commission. The former has made the subway bargain with the city and has now leased all its franchises, property, and rights to the Consolidated Railroad Company, which will actually operate the new lines.

The Municipal Railway Corporation has covenanted to supply the Consolidated with the capital needed to carry out the contracts, though it has reserved to itself the right to do the construction work and to buy the equipment if it wishes to do so at any time. The Consolidated company guarantees and undertakes to pay the interest and sinking fund instalments on the Municipal Railway Corporation's bonds, and from the beginning of operation under the dual system will pay interest not exceeding 6 per cent. on the Municipal Corporation's stock.

FLOODS CHECK STEELMAKING

Pennsylvania and West Virginia Mills, Though, Making Record Runs.

Discussing current developments in the iron and steel trade, The Iron Age says in its issue of to-day:

> The disastrous floods in the Central West have done their chief damage west of Pennsylvania. Pittsburgh iron and steel works are not affected and probably will not be, and works in the Wheeling district are running as usual, but in the Shenango Valley and at Youngstown, Cleveland, Columbus, and other Ohio cities blast furnaces have had to bank, and a number of steel works and rolling mills have been shut down.
>
> The Steel Corporation for most of this month has been turning out finished material at the remarkable rate of 46,000 tons a day. All other steel companies have exceeded their best records. The flood has checked this record making, but by another twenty-four hours it is expected that most of the inundated plants will be running again.
>
> In the general situation the chief feature is the easier delivery conditions in a number of products, particularly sheets and plates.
>
> Running under pressure, the steel companies have not thought much of the tariff as a 1913 factor.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> Flood conditions in Ohio and in some sections of Western Pennsylvania have been seriously interfering with operations of the steel industry at a time when the manufacturers can ill afford to curtail their output because of the enormous demand. The Steel Corporation has been obliged to bank blast furnaces at a number of different points and its finishing mill operations in the Youngstown district have also been interrupted. In the immediate Pittsburgh district the operations of the mills have not been affected, but continue to run full. Other steel makers in the submerged district have been similarly damaged. New trade developments in the market are favorable. Rail buying has shown considerable expanse. The St. Paul system has placed orders for 50,000 tons of Bessemer rails, and the Seaboard Air Line 10,000 tons of open hearth. The B. & O. is inquiring for 60,000 tons and the Southern Railroad for 30,000 tons. New business in finished lines continues to increase over January and February. But for the flood conditions the Steel Corporation would have made a new high record of monthly output this month, as its shipments have been averaging 46,000 tons daily.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, March 26.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France when issued to-morrow will show an increase in gold holdings amounted to 19,285,000 francs, and a decrease of 5,134,000 francs in silver holdings.

EXCHANGE KEEPS OUT OF SMELTERS DISPUTE

Heaton Says It Is a Question of Fact Between Smelting People and Norman.

WON'T MEDDLE IN IT

Norman's Counsel Writes Giving Dates to Prove Disputed Stock Was Owned Prior to 1910 Listing.

W. W. Heaton, Chairman of the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange, made another explanation yesterday concerning the listing of the stock of the American Smelters Securities Company on a statement from the company showing no Federal Mining and Smelting Company stock owned by it, saying:

"I have a letter from Vice President Edward Brush of the American Smelting and Refining Company which states that at the time of the listing of the American Smelters Securities Company preferred stock 'B,' Nov. 10, 1910, the Securities Company owned none of the capital stock of the Federal Mining and Smelting Company. The letter states that on May 30, 1910, the Securities Company acquired 30,007 shares of the Federal Mining and Smelting common stock at a cost of $3,000,700, and that the company still owns that stock.

"Inasmuch as the controversy seems to be one of fact, Mr. Norman alleging that the Securities Company has been an owner of Federal stock since 1905, and the Securities Company representatives stating that the Federal stock was acquired early in 1910, after the Securities' stock was listed, it seems to me that the burden of proof is upon Mr. Norman. The Stock Exchange cannot become a party to controversies of this character.

"The invitation for Mr. Norman to appear before the committee is still good, and the facilities of the Exchange are at his disposal at any time he desires to make use of them."

G. J. Carr, attorney for Sidney Norman, who alleges that the stock was owned at the time of the listing, has written to Gov. Sulzer suggesting a law requiring such statements to be made under oath, and he wrote to the Stock Exchange yesterday, saying:

"The truth is (1) that on July 29, 1905, and when the contract was made which Mr. Norman seeks to have annulled in his suit, the Securities Company owned 28,065 shares of the common and only stock of the Federal Company which can vote for Directors, which was 3,000 shares more than a majority of such voting stock outstanding at that time; (2) that in the advertisement in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Dec. 21, 1911, signed M. Guggenheim's Sons, a copy of which was contained in Mr. Norman's letter to you of March 5, 1913, it is stated that the Securities Company acquired 'a number of years ago' a portion of the stock of the Federal Company, (of which at least 28,065 shares of this, as stated above, was acquired as early as July 29, 1905,) and had never sold any; and (3) we are informed that the stock books and minute books of the Federal Company show that there never has been a time since July 29, 1905, when the Securities Company owned less than 28,065 shares of the capital stock of the Federal Company; nor less, with those shares standing in the name of officers and employes of the Guggenheim interests, than a majority of the voting stock of the Federal Mining and Smelting Company."

SEEKS TO REMOVE MULQUEEN

Bar Association Sends Charges Against the Judge to Gov. Sulzer.

The Grievance Committee of the Bar Association has petitioned Gov. Sulzer to remove General Sessions Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen on charges. The charges which have been served on Justice Mulqueen were compiled with the assistance of District Attorney Whitman, who recently visited Gov. Sulzer in Albany.

It was said yesterday that the charges in no way reflected on the integrity of the Judge, but concerned his actions in frequently suspending sentences of convicted criminals, and in actively assisting counsel for defendants in protecting what he considered their legal rights against undue zeal of Assistant District Attorneys and biased police testimony.

Judge Mulqueen yesterday declined to discuss the charges. Howard Townsend, Chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, also refused to talk of the matter.

Statements attacking Judge Mulqueen's policy toward prisoners under indictment and after conviction have emanated from Police Headquarters and the District Attorney's office frequently during the past year. In a speech before the Aldine Club, a few months ago, Judge Mulqueen shouldered the attacks sometimes made against an unnamed Justice of his court, and asserted that he had obtained good results by a policy of humane consideration toward offenders.

THINKS CHILDS SIGNED WILL.

Surrogate Cohalan Puts Contest Back on Undue Influence Ground.

The contention of the attorneys of Mrs. Gertrude Childs, widow of Irving W. Childs, whose will is being contested in the Surrogates' Court, that the signature to the will was not that of her husband, was dropped at yesterday's hearing before Surrogate Cohalan.

The original ground upon which the objections to the probate of the will were made was undue influence on the part of Frederick H. Clarke, Childs's attorney, who was made executor and beneficiary of $75,000. At Monday's hearing Mrs. Childs refused to admit the signature. At the close of the examination of several witnesses who were asked to identify signatures that Childs had made to checks, deeds, and other papers, Surrogate Cohalan said:

"I think there is no doubt that the signature attached to the will is that of Irving W. Childs, husband of Gertrude Childs."

Lawyer Clarke took the stand late in the afternoon at the request of William M. Bennet, attorney for Mrs. Childs. He was asked to identify a number of letters from his correspondence with Childs. These were offered in evidence, although their contents were not disclosed at yesterday's session. Mr. Bennet then quoted at length from the deposition of Mr. Clarke, taken in the Surrogates' Court before the trial began.

LEFT ONLY CURIOS HERE.

Bishop Estate in New York Principally Watches and Snuff Boxes.

According to the appraisal of the estate of David Wolfe Bishop, who committed suicide in Paris on Dec. 1, 1911, the only property which he owned in New York State at the time of his death consisted of personal effects valued at $10,321. This consisted largely of a collection of antique gold snuff boxes of the Directoire, Louis Quinze and Louis Seize periods, some of which were appraised at $325, the entire collection totaling $5,005, and a number of curious watches valued at $4,483.

Upon the death of Bishop's father, David Wolfe Bishop, in 1903, the $20,000,000 estate was divided in three equal parts and given to the widow, who later married John E. Parsons, the lawyer, and to the two sons, Cortlandt F. Bishop, President of the Aero Club of America, and David Wolfe Bishop, Jr. The estate of the latter, outside of New York State, was not given in the appraisal. He is known to have spent most of his life abroad and to have acquired much property in France, included in which is a chateau near Rheims. By his will he left all his property to his mother, Mrs. Florence V. C. Parsons.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat and Corn Higher—Oats Firm—Cotton Advances.

Wheat prices moved steadily upward, and closed at the top, with net gains of ⅝c to 1c. Corn was firmer, and closed ⅜c to ½c net higher. The oats market was firm, and showed a little more activity. Cotton also was more active, with the close at practically the best prices showing net gains of 12 to 19 points.

⁂

WHEAT.

The opinion appeared to be gaining ground in the wheat trade that, after the weather has become settled in the West and wire communications have again been established with outlying localities, it will be found that the wheat crop has suffered more or less damage by the recent storms, which have included hurricanes, floods, and cold waves. Moreover, advices from the Agricultural Department at Washington said that the farm reserve figures on March 1 included seed requirements, which point had been questioned on Tuesday, and had been a feature of that day's decline. Shorts were good buyers during the day, and prices worked up steadily, closing at the top with net gains of ⅝c to 1c. Private advices so far received regarding the crop situation included no serious complaints of damage, but it seemed hardly reasonable to assume that the crop has passed through such a period of inclement weather and escaped damage of some sort. The foreign markets showed a rather weak undertone, with reports of a rather slow demand and liberal offerings; while, moreover, it is thought that the foreign markets had been influenced by the more favorable prospects for peace between Turkey and the Balkan States. Broomhall, in a summary of international conditions, however, indicated the probability of a continued active absorbing demand in Europe, and predicted that, notwithstanding liberal supplies in exporting countries, there was little likelihood of great accumulation in Europe. On the decline there were evidences of renewed inquiry from abroad, and, while many of the bids were said to be out of line, and some reports said that there were some attempts being made to resell wheat in Europe, sales were reported of seven loads. In the local market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.10½, elevator, and $1.12, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 99¾c, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
New York—					
May	97½	96⅝	97½	96⅝	$1.08⅞
July	..	..	97	96⅝	1.04½
September	..	..	96¼	96⅛	..
New York Bonded—					
May	..	..	97⅝	97⅛	..
July	..	..	97⅝	97⅛	..
Chicago—					
May	90½	89½	90¼	89½	1.03⅜
July	90⅛	89¾	90¼	89⅝	98⅞
September	89¾	89⅛	89¾	89⅛	96½

CORN.

The corn market also developed a firmer feeling with buying by commission houses and covering, and at the close values were ⅜c to ½c net higher. The heavy storms over the West had apparently interrupted the movement, and some authorities were inclined to take a bullish view of the prospects of delayed Spring plowing. Export corn in the local market was quoted at 58c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	53¾	52⅛	53⅛	53	73⅜
July	55	54⅜	54⅞	54⅜	73¾
September	56	55½	55⅛	55½	73⅛

OATS.

The oats market was firm and a little more active, in sympathy with wheat and corn and on fears of a serious delay to seeding operations by the heavy rains. Receipts were also lighter, and there was an absence of pressure on the market. The local cash market was steady. Standard white quoted at 38½c, nominal; No. 3, 37½ to 38c; No. 4, 36 to 37c; natural white, 36 to 38½c; white clipped, 37 to 40c, all track.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	34	33¼	34	33¼	54⅛
July	34	33¼	34	33¼	50½
September	34	33¼	34	33¼	43

COTTON.

The cotton market was more active yesterday than for some time past, and prices showed decided firmness owing to a better view of European politics, a continuation of unsettled weather in the South, and apprehensions of serious floods in the Mississippi Valley. The advance was held in check by realizing or selling by bearish interests who had been waiting for a rally on which to put out short cotton, but the market closed firm and at practically the best point of the day, with last prices showing net gains of from 12 to 19 points.

So far the month of March has been very similar to last year so far as weather conditions in the South are concerned. There have been persistent rains with only brief intervals of clearing conditions, and farmers can hardly have made much progress with farm work since the first of the month. Moreover, the market is now threatened with floods in the Mississippi Valley just about as it was at this time last year, although last year the situation in this respect was rendered the more dangerous by the extensive snow and ice covering in the Northwest, while the present high water seems chiefly the result of excessive rainfall. With reference to the effect of those conditions on the new crop outlook, however, local bears point out there was more preliminary farm work accomplished up to the 1st of March than there was last season, and that all the talk this year has been of increased acreage and a heavier use of fertilizer. On the whole, therefore, it can hardly be said that the unsettled weather so far reported, or even the prospects of severe floods have made any serious impression on sentiment. Sellers are showing more caution and shorts were undoubtedly heavy buyers yesterday, but bearish sentiment still prevails, according to many of the market letters and most of the talk around the Street. It is felt that there is still plenty of time to get the seed into the ground, and while it is admitted that the excessive rainfall of March might intensify the bullish effect of continued wet weather in April, it seems to be also considered that the present wet weather has put a fine season in the ground, and that it would not modify the bearish influence of favorable weather for planting during the next two months.

The market opened steady at an advance of 5 to 7 points on somewhat better cables than expected and reports that sentiment abroad had become more optimistic owing to expectations that the reported surrender of Adrianople would be followed by a speedy settlement of the Balkan war. Realizing caused slight recessions from time to time, but the market closed at practically the best point of the day. March increased its premium over May as a result of further covering, and the talk of a delayed new crop start evidently exerted as much influence on old crop positions as on the new, as it is expected to add to the independence of Southern holders. After the close there was private business in May and July contracts here at slight advances over the final official figures. Houses with Wall Street and Memphis connections were the heaviest buyers during the day.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 10 points higher at 12.70 for middling upland, sales nil.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as folows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.38	12.22	12.38@....	12.19
April	..	..	12.13@12.15	11.97
May	12.00	11.87	11.98@12.00	11.52
June	..	..	11.90@11.92	11.75
July	11.90	11.79	11.89@11.90	11.74
August	11.78	11.69	11.78@11.80	11.66
September	11.43	11.43	11.53@11.55	11.37
October	11.50	11.38	11.49@11.50	11.33
December	11.50	11.40	11.50@11.51	11.35
January	11.48	11.37	11.47@11.48	11.31

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was active and firmer early in the day, with good buying by commission houses and packers, prompted by the upturn in grain and smaller receipts of hogs, but late in the session there was active selling of lard and pork, and those products lost the early gain, although ribs remained steady. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 20,000; estimated for Thursday, 19,000. Kansas City received 15,000 and Omaha 12,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.17	11.07	11.07	11.02	9.85
July	11.00	10.92	10.92	10.90	10.02½
Ribs—					
May	11.20	11.12	11.20	11.12	9.57½
July	10.90	10.85	10.87	10.82	9.82½
Pork—					
May	20.70	20.57	20.57	20.52	16.95
July	20.45	20.35	20.37	20.30	17.35

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was a further slight upturn in the cottonseed oil market, prices closing at a net gain of 1 to 5 points owing to renewed covering and more or less new long buying. The firmness in lard and cotton had a stimulating influence on sentiment, while the continued absence of pressure in crude discouraged selling. The consumptive trade was only moderately active, but in some quarters it was believed that the end of the Balkan war would stimulate a better demand from abroad, and there was some buying on the prospect of peace.

The ranged contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.45@6.55	6.40
March	6.48	6.48	6.47@6.55	6.42
April	..	..	6.48@6.52	6.45
May	6.54	6.50	6.52@6.54	6.50
June	6.58	6.57	6.56@6.58	6.52
July	6.62	6.60	6.60@6.62	6.57
August	6.67	6.65	6.64@6.66	6.63
September	6.67	6.66	6.65@6.66	6.63
October	..	..	6.50@6.54	6.47

COFFEE.

Opening 5 to 7 points up the market continued to gain, and closed at a net gain of 12 to 17 points. Havre was 1 to 1¼ francs higher early, but closed at a net advance of ¾ to 1 franc, while Hamburg closed ¼ off from the top, at a net gain of ¼ to ½ pfennig. Rio was 150 reis higher, while Santos was unchanged.

Spot coffee: Rio 7, 11⅜c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	....	....	11.57@11.60	11.40
April	....	....	11.57@11.60	11.45
May	11.77	11.65	11.75@11.76	11.60
June	....	....	11.85@11.87	11.68
July	11.97	11.84	11.95@11.96	11.79
August	....	....	12.05@12.07	11.89
September	12.17	12.03	12.14@12.15	11.98
October	....	....	12.13@12.15	11.97
November	....	....	12.13@12.15	11.97
December	12.13	12.03	12.12@12.13	11.97
January	....	....	12.11@12.12	11.96
February	....	....	12.11@12.12	11.96

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 37c; firsts, 36@36½c; seconds, 34½@35½c; thirds, 32@34c; held, extras, 36c; firsts, 34½@35½c; seconds, 33@34c; thirds, 31@32c; State dairy, finest, 35@36c; good to prime, 31@34c; common to fair, 26@30c; process, extras, 28@29c; firsts, 27@27½c; seconds, 24@25½c; thirds, 22@23c; imitation creamery, firsts, 26½@27½c; factory, held, 24@25c; current make, firsts, 24½@25c; seconds, 23½@24c; thirds, 21@22½c; packing stock, held, 23@24c; current make, No. 2, 23@23½c; No. 3, 20@22c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17@17½c; white, 16¼@17c; colored, average fancy, 16@16¼c; white, 16@16½c; lower grades, 13@15¾c; fresh, colored, specials, 15½c; white, 15½c; colored, average run, 14½@15c; white, 14½@15c; fresh, under grades, 11½@14c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, fancy, 15½@16c; fresh, best, 14½@15c; flats, fresh, best, 14½@15c; State, whole milk, Daisies, held, best, 16½@17½c; skims, held, specials, 12½@13c; fair to choice, 10@12c; fresh, specials, 10@11c; skims, fresh, choice, 8@9½c; full skims and badly defective, 1½@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 19@20c; firsts, 18¼@18¾c; seconds, 17¼@18c; thirds, 17¼@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 17@17½c; No. 2, 16@16½c; checks, prime, 16c; under grade, 13@15c; duck, Baltimore, 25c; Virginia, 23@24c; Western and prime Southern, 22@23c; far Southern, 19@21c; goose, 40@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 22c; selected whites, defective in size or color, 19@21c; Western, gathered whites, 19@21c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 20c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 18@19c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12c; rounds, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10½c; chucks, No. 1, 11½c; No. 2, 10¾c; No. 3, 10c.

SUGAR.—Refined sugar was quiet and unchanged, with granulated quoted at $4.25 to $4.30.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full-size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was quiet and ¾d lower. March was quoted at 9s 10½d, and April and May at 9s 11¼d. The local market for raw sugar was based on $3.51 for centrifugal, $3.01 for muscovado, and $2.76 for molasses sugar.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market for molasses and syrups ruled steady and unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—The market for rice was quite active and steady to firm, at full but unchanged prices.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4½@4¾c; fair, 4¾@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6¾@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was quiet, but prices were steady, owing to the upturn in wheat.

Quotations: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.55@$4.65; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.30@$4.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.90@$4.20; extra No. 2 Winter, $3.80@$3.90, Kansas straights, $4.15@$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $5.30@$5.80. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@$3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$4. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Season over. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.10. BAGMEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $21@$21.50; standard middling, $21@$21.50; flour, $27; Red Dog, $28; bran, $21.50 bulk, $22.50 sacks; middling, $22.50@$28; Red Dog, $29; oilmeal, $29.50@$30.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at $8.50 for standard white in barrels at New York.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 48@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was firm and a shade higher. Resin was firm and prices better, while tar held steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 45½@46c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good strained, $5.60; B, $5.70; D, $5.75; E, $5.75; F, $5.80; G, $5.85; H, $5.90; I, $5.95; K, $6.90; M, $7.30; N, $7.50; WG, $7.70; WW, $8.10.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name or style "FRED. S. JAMES & CO.," composed of FRED. S. JAMES, GEORGE W. BLOSSOM and EDWARD MEINEL, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th day of March, 1913, and that the business will be continued under the same name or style, "Fred. S. James & Co.," at No. 123 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, by Fred. S. James and George W. Blossome, as co-partners.

FRED. S. JAMES,
GEORGE W. BLOSSOM,
EDWARD MEINEL.

To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name or style FAVORITE FLOWER COMPANY, composed of M. GOODMAN, M. NESS & B. NESS, was dissolved by mutual consent, 26th day of March, 1913, and that the business will be continued under the same name or style at 106 West 3rd Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, by M. NESS and B. NESS as copartners.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M., April 8, 1913, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to furnish at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., &c., a quantity of naval supplies, as follows: Sch. 5213: Boiler gaskets.—Sch. 5214: Prison cloth.—Sch. 5229: Lubricating oils.—Sch. 5254: Handkerchiefs.—Sch. 5255: Watch-mark braid.—Sch. 5256: Hair brushes.—Sch. 5276: Binnacles and compasses.—Sch. 5280: Egyptian cotton thread, safety treads, diving sets, mortise locks, airport lenses, dies for machines, and hammers.—Sch. 5281: Bar iron, oak, oxalic acid.—Sch. 5282: Copper tubing, brass pipe fittings. Applications for proposals should designate the schedules desired by number. Blank proposals will be furnished upon application to the navy pay office, New York, N. Y., or to the Bureau. T. J. COWIE, Paymaster General, U. S. N. 3—17—13.

VALVES.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 8, 1913, for Contract 105 for furnishing, delivering, and installing bronze riser valves and appurtenances for the city tunnel of Catskill aqueduct in the City of New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF Engraving and Printing, Washington, D. C., March 17, 1913.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Bureau until 2 P. M., Monday, April 14, 1913, to furnish Textiles during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1913. The proposals and samples must be received not later than the time above stated, but will not be opened until 10 A. M., on Wednesday, June 4, 1913, when they will be recorded in the presence of bidders in the office of the Director of Bureau. Awards will be made only to established manufacturers of, or dealers in, Textiles, &c. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or parts of bids. Blank forms with specifications for proposals and further information will be furnished intending bidders on application to Joseph E. Ralph, Director of Bureau.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 2, Custom House, Norfolk, Va., March 24, 1913. Sealed proposals for the removal of the steel whaleback barge BANGOR, sunk in Hampton Roads, Va., will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, April 24, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. ELEVETH WINSLOW, Lieut. Colonel, Engineers.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 2, Custmo House, Norfolk, Va., March 27, 1913. Sealed proposals for furnishing or constructing two wooden quarterboats will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, April 26, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col., Engrs.

PROPOSALS FOR ENGINEER SCHOOL Building, Washington Barracks, D. C., March 27, 1913. Sealed proposals for constructing an Engineer School Building with Power House Annex will be received here until 12 M., April 26, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. W. J. Barden, Major, Engrs.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 55.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable April 15th, 1913, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business March 26, 1913.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

American Malt Corporation

15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

A semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. has been declared upon the preferred stock of the corporation, payable on and after the 2nd day of May, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of the transfer books on the 15th day of April, 1913.

HENRY EGGERKING, Treasurer.
March 26, 1913.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER CO.
No. 149 Broadway, New York.
February 28th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of 1½%, equal to $1.50 per share, on the common stock of said Company, payable on April 10th, 1913, to the common stockholders of record on March 20th, 1913. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY.
March 26, 1913.

The Board of Directors of GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY has declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½%) PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of the company, to be paid on May 1, 1913, to the stockholders of record at the close of business April 15, 1913.

JAMES T. SHAW, Treasurer.

GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY.
Preferred Stock Trust Certificates.

Referring to the foregoing notice of General Motors Company, checks for the dividend when received will be mailed to the holders of preferred stock trust certificates of record at the close of business April 15, 1913.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Agent for Voting Trustees.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Avenue & Twenty-third St.
New York, March 26, 1913.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the bank was declared payable, free of tax, on and after March 31, 1913.

The Transfer Books will be closed until Tuesday, April 1st, 1913. A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Tuesday, April 15, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, March 31, 1913.

WILLIAM R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Company.
New York, March 26, 1913.

A quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the PREFERRED STOCK of this company will be paid April 15, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 31, 1913.

T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Company.
New York, March 26, 1913.

A dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the COMMON STOCK of this company for the quarter ending March 31, 1913, will be paid April 30, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 31, 1913.

T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.

The Canada Southern Railway Co.
CONSOLIDATED GUARANTEED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

The coupons due April 1st, 1913, will be paid by the Michigan Central Railroad Co., lessee, upon presentation on and after that date at its office, Room 3,111 Grand Central Terminal, New York. MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 6, 1913.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1913, to the registered holders of March 11, 1913. Transfer books will be closed on the 11th inst. and will be reopened March 17, 1913.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

The Market and Fulton National Bank.
New York, March 25, 1913.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three per cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after April 1st, 1913. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

T. J. STEVENS, Cashier.

PEORIA & EASTERN RAILWAY CO.

By order of the Board of Directors of this Company, FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST will be paid on its Income Mortgage Bonds at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, on April 1st, 1913, upon surrender of COUPON No. 23, due that day.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK
Of the City of New York.
New York, March 21st, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after April 1st, 1913. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

The Gotham National Bank of New York.
March 18, 1913.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., (2%,) payable, free of tax, April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record March 31, 1913.

THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.

NOTICE OF ELEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Eleventh Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of International Harvester Company of New Jersey will be held at the principal office of the Company at No. 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, New Jersey, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon on Thursday, April 17, 1913, for the election of six directors, to hold office for three years, and of one director to hold office for one year, and for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the question of changing the date of the annual stockholders' meeting and upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, by-laws, proceedings, elections and appointments by the Board of Directors, or the Finance Committee, since the last annual meeting of the stockholders, as set forth in the minutes of the Board of Directors and of said Committee, which, until the meeting, will be open to examination by stockholders of record during business hours at the Chicago office of the Company, Harvester Building, 606 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dated March 17th, 1913.
By order of the Board of Directors.
W. M. GALE, Acting Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
The Chesney Products Company, Incorporated.

Please take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of The Chesney Products Company, Incorporated, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that The Chesney Products Company, Incorporated, be forthwith dissolved, will be held on the 25th day of April, 1913, at 4 P. M., at the office of Abr. A. Silberberg, attorney for said Company, at 258 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ARTHUR V. R. THOMPSON, President.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Republic Iron & Steel Company will be held at the office of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, April 16th, 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the transaction of any and all business that may properly come before the Meeting, including the election of four Directors for the term of three years. The Transfer Books of the Company, both Common and Preferred, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., March 25th, 1913, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on April 17th, 1913.

RICHARD JONES, Jr., Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
New York, March 26th, 1913.

A special meeting of the stockholders of Business Book Bureau will be held on the 18th day of April, 1913, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the office of such Company, at No. 13 Astor Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from $10,000, consisting of 200 shares of the par value of $50 each, to $25,000, to consist of 500 shares of the par value of $50 each.

LEO GREENDLINGER, Secretary.
W. H. LOUGH, Chairman.

The Home Insurance Company

56 CEDAR STREET,
New York, March 17, 1913.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 56 Cedar St., on Monday, April 7, 1913. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

C. L. TYNER, Vice-Pres. & Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Phelps Dodge Mercantile Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, No. 99 John St., New York City, on Monday, April 7, 1913, at twelve o'clock noon.

GEORGE NOTMAN, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Alexander King & Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the corporation, 260 West Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, the 10th day of April, 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

L. UPSHUR, Secretary.

Globe & Rutgers Fire Insurance Co.
111 William St., New York, March 25, 1913.

The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at this office Tuesday, April 8, 1913. Polls open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M. W. H. PAULISON, Secretary.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
A Health Resort, 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres, park; 500 feet elevation; near station. Own dairy and vegetables. Rates $8 & up. Open all year. Booklet.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL
Virginia Ave., close to beach, Steel Pier and all attractions. Capacity 500. Fresh and sea water in all baths, private and public; elevator, steam heat, sun parlors, music, &c. Early season rates $2.50 up daily. Special weekly. Auto coach at trains. Booklet. WM. B. COOPER, Propr.

Hotel RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

PHILLIPS HOUSE Massachusetts Ave. and beach. Elevator to street level. Booklets. F. P. PHILLIPS.

HOTEL BOSCOBEL Ken'ky Av. nr. Beach. Open all year; fine table; special rates; booklet. A. E. MARION.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

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The Perfect Appointments,
The Excellent Table, make
THE METROPOLITAN
THE HOTEL DELIGHTFUL
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FRANCIS YARNALL, Manager.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

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NEW JERSEY—Summit.

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NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER. — UNITED STATES EXPRESS REALTY COMPANY, Plaintiff, against GEORGE F. DONOVAN, Arthur J. Ryan, Lotta J. Gordon, John H. Gordon, Manhattan Co-Operative Real Estate Company, Defendants.—Summons.

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Trial desired in the County of Westchester.

Dated February 26, 1913.

FRANK H. PLATT,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the above-named defendant, George F. Donovan:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated March 4th, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester on the 5th day of March, 1913.

Dated March 5th, 1913.

FRANK H. PLATT,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of the HERRINGBONE METAL LATH COMPANY for authority to change its name to "THE FIREPROOF PRODUCTS CO., INC."

Notice is hereby given that the Herringbone Metal Lath Company, a domestic corporation having its principal office and place of business in the Borough of Bronx, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its name to "The Fireproof Products Co., Inc."

Dated, New York, March 25th, 1913.

THE HERRINGBONE METAL LATH COMPANY,
By FRED P. KAPKA, President.
PHILLIPS, MAHONEY & WAGNER, Attorneys for Petitioner, Office and P. O. Address, 51 Chambers St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that The Stationers Board of Trade, a domestic corporation, having its principal office at No. 99 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1913, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to

"The Stationers & Publishers Board of Trade, Inc."

Dated New York, this 19th day of March, 1913.

THE STATIONERS BOARD OF TRADE,
By HENRY C. BAINBRIDGE, President.
HASTINGS & GLEASON, Attorneys for Petitioner, 258 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J. Jury calendar. 120—Lichtenberg v. Luxemberg. 106—Ferguson v. Stevens. 74—Curran v. Lehigh Valley R R. 151—Stotesbury v. Hammerstein. 176—Phillips v. Ruggles & Coles Eng Co. 177—Ball v. United Copper Co. 178—Paine v. same. 179—Nicoll v. Pullman Co. 181—Vilaro v. Faehrmann. 182—Lehman v. Morse. 183—Third Nat Bank of J C v. City of N Y. 184—Vilaro v. Faehrmann. 184, 186—Waldis v. Pacific Mail S S Co. 187—Boericke v. Mestres. 188—Newlands v. Butler.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Equity calendar: 62—Standard Plunger Elec Co v. Stokes. 63—Same v. same. 57—Everett v. Wiley. 52, 53—Broas v. Weinstein. 406—Collett v. McOwen. 75—U S v. Lee Yon Wing. 103—Alberti v. Langmann. 55—Brenchard v. Degnon Cont Co. 65—U S v. Hom Yurn. 105—Underwood T Co v. L C Smith Bros Typewriter Co. 106—Victor Machine Co v. Leeds & Catlin. 107—Contl Sec Co v. Int R T Co. 108—Brown v. City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J. Admiralty. 29—Tweedie Co v. Norton. 187—Cornell Stbt Co v. Tug J Doherty. 72—Fahy v. Tug Hewitt Boyce. 211—O'Neill v. Tug Media No. 32. 214—Gildersleeve v. Tug Edwin Terry. 174—Johnson v. City of N Y. 218—Moore v. Ferryboat Binghamton. 220—Furniss Withy Co v. Schr L B Willey. 221—N Y & Cuba Mail S S Co v. Stbt Robert Fulton.

STATE.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Thursday: 48—Steiner v. Geis. 50—Flieg vs. Levy. 51—Mace vs. Mace. 638—People vs. Goslinski. 54—Obendorf vs. Farmers Loan & Trust Co. 55—King vs. Union Trust Co. 57—Beck vs. Standt, executor. 59—Conway, administrator, vs. City of New York.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Platzek, J. Litigated motions. 1—Kenney v. Kenney. 2—Valentine v. Valentine. 3—Stewart v. Stewart. 4—Bachrach v. Seiken. 5—Matter of Concrete Products Co. 6—Matters of Weber (East 222d St.) 7—Turnbull v. Cusack. 8—Lazucco v. Petchesky. 9—Bizzoso v. Bizzoso. 10—City of N Y v. Lackman. 11—Smith v. Cohen. 12—Mach Co v. Security Bank. 13—Heine v. Bankers' Realty & Sec Co. 14—Ferrera v. Const Tel & Elec Subway Co. 15—Butler v. Gingold Realty Co. 16Palaco Co v. Fox. 17—Maderla-Mamore Ry Co v. Guinn. 18—Hirschfield v. Kaufman. 19—Wood v. Kelly. 20—People ex rel Doran v. Waldo. 21—Schwartz v. Greenblatt. 22—City of N Y v. Miles Const Co. 23—Murdoch v. Market & Fuller Natl Bank. 24—People ex rel King v. Henderson. 25—People ex rel Howley v. Henderson. 26—Broslawsky v. Broslawsky. 27—Kovner v. Friedberg. 28—Steger & Sons Piano Mfg Co v. Musical Courier Co. 29—Cavanagh v. Philipsborn. 30—Roach v. Lorence. 31—Masbach v. Jordan. 32—Matter of Gregg. 33—Barnett v. Birdsall. 34—Baas v. Baas. 35—Lambs v. Dressler. 36—East v. East. 37—Pendleton v. Fairlan. 38—Matter of Stevenson Lumber Co (Wood.) 39—Gilman v. Keystone Charcoal Co. 40—Matter of Lawrence (Hencken & Haaren.) 41—Bolnick v. Bolnick. 42—Mittelman v. Todd. 43—Copland Raymond Co v. Gottfried. 44—R & S Realty Co v. Hudson Realty Co. 45—Bramwell v. N Y Transp Co. 46—Frame v. Forster. 47—Lumley v. De John. 48—Ashman v. Saathoff. 49—Murdoch v. Market & Fulton Natl Bank. 50—Riley v. Verner. 51—Hanson v. Oakland Chemical Co. 52—Lamport v. Smedley. 53—Furthmann v. Furthmann. 54—Lawrence v. San Print & Pub Assn. 55—U S Trust Co v. Hoyt. 56—Matter of Bielfeld (St Lawrence Av.) 57—Beo v. Fernandez. 58—Myers v. Weil. 59—Schwebe v. Herzog. 60—Met Tel & Tel Co v. Met Tel & Tel Co. 61—Same v. same. 62—Same v. same. 63—Same v. same. 64—Minzesheimer v. Kohn. 65—Pourakes v. Samaras. 66—Aadorf v. Pfizer. 67—Preston v. Gibson Fruit Co. 68—Same v. same. 69—Elian v. Elian. 70—People v. Nadel. 71—Steffe v. Heinzer. 72—Rubin v. Lachinsky. 73—Rosenthal v. Rosenthal. 74—Slatter v. Slatter. 75—Royal v. White. 76—Matter of Empire State Surety Co (Harris.) 77—Glynne v. Glynne. 78—Weber v. Columbia Amusement Co. 79—Henry v. O'Connell. 80—Kovner v. Friedberg. 81—Lockwood v. Lockwood. 82—Munkowsky v. Tidewater Il Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bijur, J. Demurrers. 127—Loble v. 9th Street Garage. 131—Peiser v. Kalish. Preferred causes: 2146—Stein v. Ettar Realty Co. 2455—Epstein v. Epstein. General calendar: 1942—Broslawsky v. Broslawsky. 1951—Goldstein v. Nelson Black Cor Co. 1853—Clary v. Clary. 1140—Security Const Co v. Ellison Const Co. 8—Lawrence v. Flint. 1054—Howard v. Harburger. 1927—Harrison v. Harrison. 2113—Glass v. Glass. 2065—Quigley v. Greenwich Savings Bank. 2066—Same v. Emigrant Savings Bank. 2067—Same v. Bank for Savings. 2135—Thibault, Inc, v. Frankfort Realty Co. 1826—Raichik v. Raichik. 2120—Steiger v. Steiger. 1935—Gittleman v. Gittieman. 2180—Gleason v. Gleason. 2458—Abramowitz v. Sterngold. 2168—Catlow v. U S Mortgage, &c, Co. 2129—Greenberg v. Lewis. 2185—Childs Co v. McNulty. 2155—O'Brien v. Bolognino. 1932—Berger v. Berger. 2189—Cody v. Powers. 1852—Grassi v. City of N Y. 2279—Gitler v. Lesser. 1355—Farrell v. Farrell. 1929—Bernheimer v. Mela. 816—Schwartz v. Mandel. 1059—Terry v. Thomas. 1855—Taylor v. Taylor. 1912—Simplex Auto Co v. Kahnweiler. 1844—Caglia v. Caglia. 1057—Goldenberg v. Goldenberg. 2144—Met Tobacco Co v. Rosoff. 1943—Van Buren Co v. Sullivan Adv Co. 1923—Eimer & Amend v. Roberts. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., recess; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., recess; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Criminal Term. Pleadings. Trial calendar. 1—James C Pritchard (3.) 2—George Richman. 3—Edward J. Newell (2.) 4—David M Wernicke. 5—Herman Merson. 6—Morris H Shanforoff.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J. 3382—Stanton v. Roney. 3297—Stebbins v. Margolies. 3111—Taylor v. Gen Motor Truck Co. 3356—Kuller v. Heffron Co. 3328—McKee v. Munroe. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Amend, J. 2082—Isaac v. Heidelberg. 2563—Tanzer v. Reed. 2555—A Ladislav v. Gallick. 2556—R Ladislav v. Gallick. 2752—Berkowitz v. City of N Y. 2471—Pfaehler v. Ehret. 1734—Lewin v. City of N Y. 1716—McKenna v. City of N Y. 2663—Lustig v. Joline. 2573—Handley v. Cervante. 2776—Duff v. City of N Y. 2792—Forbell v. City of N Y. 2969—Sweet v. Geo W Jackson, Inc. 3031—Varnum v. Barrett. 2473—Gibbons v. N Y C & H R R R. 2926—Graham v. White Rats of America Pub Co. 2998—R Suslow v. City of N Y. 2999—I Suslow v. City of N Y. 3009—Morabito v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Page, J. 2439—Singer v. Nassau Electric Railroad. 2441—Singer v. Nassau Electric Railroad. 2448—Duffy v. Linch. 2435—Young v. Volk House Wrecking Co. 1797—Steffens v. Union Ferry Co of N Y and Brooklyn. 5137—McNamara v. N Y Manufacturers R E Co. 2455—Hart v. Eidlitz. 2440—Schuck v. Everhard. 1683—Strauss v. Nassau Elec R R. 5397—Thomas Ward Coal Co v. Behn. 5583—Prescott v. Robins Dry Dock Co. 5479—City of N Y v. Brooklyn, Q. Co & Sub R R. 2551—Aurieme v. Anirone Mfg Co. 456—Lilienthal v. Wm J Taylor Co. 299—Schwamenfeld v. Bartelstone. 2307—Toone v. City of New York. 1576—Rosenstock v. Rex Baking Co. 2107—Lacey v. Auerbach. 2481—Constantino v. Watson Contracting Company. 2450—Manfredo v. New Amsterdam Gas Company. 1146—Thompson v. Elsasser. 5657—Gratz v. Erie Railroad Company. 1500—P Handweiler v. City of N Y. 1501—E Handweiler v. City of N Y. 5513—Mowbrey v. Schwaner. 2186—McCormick v. City of N Y. 2167—Juliano v. City of N Y. 2168—Bello v. City of N Y. 2169—Kanner v. City of N Y. 2506—Litowich v. City of N Y. 2272—Guarino v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Guy, J. 2725—Samuel Lawn v. Joline. 2727—Sarah Lawn v. same. 2133—Murphy v. Tefft-Weller Co. 1376—Goldberger v. L I R R. 1377—Weinberg v. same. 102—Simon v. same. 2774—Katz v. Mandel. 2780—Turner v. Lippman. 2869—Corcoran v. Joline. 2779—Harman v. Reardon. 2934—Lipkin v. Interborough R T Co. 2984—Mateo v. Conboy. 2987—Hack v. Levine. 3013—McFadden v. N Y Rys. 2644—Hasler v. Curtis-Blaisdell Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Hendrick, J. 2746—Dugan v. M Reid & Co. 1955—M Spatz v. O'Brien. 1956—A Spatz v. same. 2909—Altman v. H Rauch Co. 2910—M Nagl v. Weil. 2911—F Nagl v. same. 2913—Murphy v. Trustees of Columbia College. 2918—Hackney v. O'Brien. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Pendleton, J. 2626—Moskowitz v. Bambridge. 2630—Landesman v. Levine. 5698—Perlman v. I Blyn & Sons. 2618—Cooper v. Newman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Marcus, J. 2541—Quontullo v. Reinecke. 1386—Roberts v. J L Eccles Co. 2218—Voute v. City of N Y. 3010—Aiken v. Linch. 3011—Dignon v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Gavegan, J. 1474—Wasserman v. Miller. 2667—P Fishman v. Reiner. 2728—J Fishman v. same. 2680—Powers v. L I R R. 2800—Stirling v. J Hood Wright Memorial Hospital. 2673—Reinie v. Fitz. 2303—Bruder v. Eagle Pencil Co. 2801—Devine v. Walcott. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Dugro, J. Case on—Anderson v. Baumann. Case on—Weber v. Ind Ice Cream Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Giegerich, J. 2938—Pastuch v. Mason & Seaman Transp Co. 2944—Roche v. N Y & Q Co R R. 2945—Moore v. N Y & Q Co R R. 2947—Cohen v. City of N Y. 2952—Provenzano v. Petrie. 2953—Provenzano v. Petrie. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Erlanger, J. 2186—Barnett v. Blumberg. 2169—Donnelly v. Hart. 1867—Hines v. European-Am Financial Dev Co. 1427—Johnston & Collins Co v. Pulitzer. 1430—Collins v. Pulitzer. 1431—Collins v. Pulitzer. 3046—Muldoon v. Harris. 2198—McClellan v. Jamison. 509—Northern Bank of N Y v. Kelsey. 2054—Thompson v. Limbeck. 1767—Croton Falls Const Co v. City of N Y. 2078—Bohling v. Prudential Ins Co. 1942—Wechsler v. Rawak. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Ford, J. 1564—Balkin v. Connecticut Raincoat Co. 119—Hassam v. Martin. 908—Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co v. Lippmann. 538—Cheylnsky v. Heffron Co. 1632—Hanover Cont Co v. City of N Y. 2836—Schultze v. [illegible] 2180—Melach v. R S Weston Trans Co. 1300—Blow v. Hanover Fire Ins Co. [illegible]—Stewart v. McElroy. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Newburger, J. Case on—Olcott v. Smith. Case on—Deal v. Lester. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. 2141—Frank v. Biedler. 834—Salzer v. Petri. 2105—Bernier v. Griscom. 1697—Title Guar & T Co v. Keasbey & Matteson Co. 1698—Same v. Asbestos, &c. 624—Herrmann v. Riglander. 1553—Fisher v. Edmonston. 1382—Colwell Lead Co v. Black. 1534—City of N Y v. Hearst. 272—J D Elwell & Co v. Acme Portland Cement Co. 2096—Carpenter v. Carpenter Tew Gear Co. 660—Bauman v. Hess. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Estates—Groacchino, Barabini, Wolf, Kronethal. Wills for probate. Mary Hefferon, Margaret Taylor, Joseph H. Uher, Mary Carroll, Herman Erlanger, Marietta S. Buglisi, John W. Secor, Mary Pollard, Alexander Stein, Nellie T. Pirong, Laura A. Hall, Bernard Cohen, Johanna Murphy, Mary A. Pardee.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested wills. 2998—Irving W. Childs.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—La Fetra, J. 2350—Erkins v. Bdway & 53d St Co. 5534½—First Nat Bank v. Stout. 2349—B & H Motor Co v. Schultz. 2424—Rubin v. Lieberman. 2433—Seidman v. Lotze. 2434—Rabinowitz v. Garside. 2437—Smilowitz v. Int R T Co. 2450, 2451—Lyons v. N Y & Q Co R R. 2452—Carlton v. Cohey Isl, &c, R R. 2453—Allen v. L I R R. 2132—Ruppert v. N Y Rwys. 2159—McTaggert v. Hollister. 1995—Stein v. Schmohl. 6361½—Underwood v. Pfizer. 2368½—Nelson v. Carnegie Hall Livery, &c, Co. 7704½—Bernstein v. Am Credit Ind Co. 1639½—Schenken v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 6043½—Brady, Adler & Koch Co v. Dent. 1696—McArthur Bros Co v. Rodgers. 2393—Herrman v. Leland. 608—Monti v. Int Merc Mar Co. 7317—Henderson v. A. Schroeder Sons. 2146—Setlew v. Rodenbush. 2408—Brickman v. Schaderkoff. 2409—Hirschfield v. Columbia Amuse Co. 2411, 2412—Friedland v. Borden's Cond Milk Co. 2416—Ventimeglia v. Guerrieo. 2416½—Steffel v. Tichler. 1490—Hurley v. Eckman. 992½, 2457—Carugy v. Clausen-Flanagan Brew. 2458—Kirby v. Micoutsicos Bros Co. 2459—Ault v. Clyde S S Co. 2460—Bennett v. Nat. Assn of Engine & Boat Mfrs. 2461—Gearle v. Huntington. 2462 Barrowscale v. Wilks. 2463—Ellenzweig v. N Y City Ry. 2464—Teller v. N Y Transp Co. 2464½—Rabinowitz v. Wmsburgh City Fire Insur Co. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., Schmuck, J., case on; Part IV., O'Dwyer, J., case on; Part V., Luce, J., case on; Part VI., Delehanty, J., case on; Part VII., McAvoy, J., clear; Part VIII., Green, J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Smith, J. 5574—Neglia v. Sisma. 5568—Godfrey v. Hotel St Andrews Co. 4794—Hirsch v. Lechtenstein. 5507—Brennan v. Gilman. 5520—Heitman v. Brennan. 3731—Wood v. Paris. 5508—Shipley v. Haas. 5536—Bernstein v. Phoenix Assurance Co. 5556—C E Gates Co v. O'Keefe. 5575—Eagan v. Hohn Const Co. 5559—Norris v. Ballston Ref, &c, Co. 5563—Meehan v. Bank for Savings. 5348—Century Bldg Co v. Grady. 5474—Hudson Wrecking & L Co v. Bender. 5505—Met Printing Co v. Irwin. 5238—Jose v. Miles. 5550—Pierce v. Boell. 5555—Cohen v. Misel. 5525—Rosenhaus v. Michael. 582—Blesveren v. Wolfsohn. 5584—Cardwell v. Massapequa Const Co. 5588—Portoghese v. Illinois Surety Co. 5593—Crotty v. Crotty. 5596—Kandel v. Falkman. 5567—Lubin v. Loew's 5th Av Amuse Co. 5578—Church v. A. Schwoerer & Sons Co. 5380—Kupferberg v. Cong Glory of Israel. 5585—Garfein v. Felt. 5589—Brown v. Roosevelt. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. O'Connor v. Weiner—Paul T. Davis.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Mead v. Oster—Samuel Thorne, Jr. Silberhorn v. Sanitary Steam Laundry Co.—David C. Hirsch. McEroy v. Stancliffe—Joseph V. Mitchell. Matter of Sessa—Charles J. Leslie.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Matter of Murrell (Ambrose)—Harold F. Lippincott. Park Mtg Co v. Valentia—Louis Epstein. Matter of Tailer (Suffern)—Eugene L. Bushe. Alexander v. 24th and 7th Ave Corp—Hyman Turchin. O'Connor v. Falvey—Lawrence S. Greenbaum. Callahan Estates v. Fleischer—Lewit J. Conlan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. John F. C. Wetter v. Chauncey G. Coyine—John H. Van Tine. Meyer Vesell v. Dinah Slater—Jacob Katz.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J. Isaac Klapper v. Jacob Rosenberg—Max Lippman. Harry Bakst v. Meirowitz & Herschel Co.—Philip Adleman.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J. Flora Gartenzaum v. Margaret Hart—William J. Hart.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Trial Term.—Crane, J. Case on trial. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Kelly, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Part V.—Aspinall, J. Criminal calendar. James Maroney, trial continued.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part III., Clark, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Aspinall, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J. 7232—Hosey v. Transit Development Co. 7309, 7310—Zinnel v. National Casket Co. 7318—Hayeck v. Dabas. 7319—Ehrsam v. Wesel Mfg Co. 962—Menefee Lumber Co v. Rode and another. 5341—Hughes v. Nassau R R. 5945—Gross v. Levy. 7335—Cavallo v. Nassau R R. 7351—Briody v. N Y Dock Co. 7356—Young v. King. 7366—Daly v. Coney I & B R R. 7390—McGrath v. B H R R. 7391—Nies v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 7392—Stoebel v. McManus. 7401—Wimmerstedt v. O'Brien. 7406—Sullivan v. Greenpoint Moulding Co. 7407—Clahane v. City of New York. 7410—Richardson v. Lawyers Title Ins & Trust Co. 6998—De Fillippe v. Nassau R R. 7043—Vander-Putten v. same. 7168, 7169—Garlepy v. Coney I & B R R. 4322—Faigle v. Bockroth et al. 4659—Patanowicz v. Mendlowitz. 6467—Williamson v. B H R R. 1861—Cornell v. Glasschieb et al. 7899—Coleman v. McClenahan. 3646—Morton v. Portelroy. 3803—Silverman v. Kopelowitz and another. 4192—Langill v. City of New York. 4462—Rosenbloom v. Baldinger. 6605—Andelfinger v. B H R R. 6836—Bendzinkia v. American Mfg Co. 6948—Oroho v. McGoldrick. 6967—Lieberman v. Nassau R R. 8096—Schultz v. MacWha. 10086—Farley, Comr, &c, v. Schneider and another. 7421—Hicks v. Lion Brewery. 7423—Tenenbaum v. Rottenberg. 7425—Willerholt v. United States Printing Co. 7429—Polito v. Polito. 7437—Reilly v. B H R R. 7439—Manzo v. same. 7441—Mull v. Long Island R R. 7444—Mitnitski v. Nagel. 7447—Bazile v. B H R R. 7449—Muldoon v. same. 7450—Redmond v. Nassau R R. 7457—Mittag v. City of New York. 7458—McClorev v. same. The balance of the day calendar stands over until March 27. Highest number reached on regular call, 7537.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Flatbush Av Extension, 4th Av Subway, Parcel 14. 2—Baker v. J P. McCann Pub Co. 3—La Monica v. Amer Shade Roller Co. 4—Morey and another v. Lott et al. 5—Biederman v. Hetherington et al. 6—Ambrosia, P, v. Horton Ice Cream Co. 7—Ambrosia, R, v. Horton Ice Cream Co. 8—Matter of Midwood St (Siminoff.) 9—Matter of Doecks (Hennessy et al.) 10—Neinlein Cut Stone Co v. Bonnert. 11—Sloane v. Carroll et al. 12—Flaacke v. Rott. 13—Kosinski, E, v. Knickerbocker Ice Co. 14—Kosinski, F, v. Knickerbocker Ice Co. 15—L I R R Co v. Schmidt et al. 16—Tax Lien Co v. Fringo et al. 17—Tax Lien Co v. Henry et al. 18—Cook v. Cooper et al. 19—Coombs and another v. Berkowitz et al. 20—Nellis v. Vroom. 21—Sherry v. B H R R Co. 22—Schumacher v. B U El R R Co. 23—Levit v. Sumner. 24—Relben v. Schragger. 25—De Luca v. Pumo. 26—Corn Exchange Bank v. Rodes. 27—Kempner v. Haviland Pub Co. 28—Harding v. Steich. 29—Kraslow Const Co v. Fitter et al. 30—Harding v. Steich. 31—Morrison v. Morrison. 32—Moffett v. Peterson et al. 33—Garden City Estates v. Nassau Gardens Realty Co and another. 34—Matter of Centre St (Wagner.) 35—Matter of Doecks (Board of Assessors.) 36—Robbins v. Duryea. 37—Baldwin v. People's Trust Co et al. 38—Langer v. Van Alstine. 39—Matter of Av P (McArdell.) 40—Rivezzo v. Rivezzo. 41—Glazer v. Glazer. 42—Strayer v. Ocean Breeze Co et al. 43—Matter of Levingson (Weinstock.) 44—Cohen v. Eagle Pencil Co et al. 45—Matter of Cooper & Weismanntel Mfg Co. 46—Matter of Roebling St (Taylor St.) 47—Tremper v. Tremper. 48—Moore v. Kellar and another. 49—Delisio v. Rendino. 50—Guarino v. Guarino. 51—Paris v. Little Grant Realty Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. Wills of Margaret Whalen, Catharina La Cara, Andreast Ludwig, Robert Furey, Maria Olsen, J. P. Smithers, Patrick Gallagher, Anthony H. Creagh, and Florence M. Arnold. Accountings in the estates of C. Jahn, Frank Gobbia, T. J. Ward, Patrick Fahey, Catharina Demattio, Carmel Giaccone, P. Bregstein, William Woroner, Catharine Summer, George Zipp, Thomas Ghiels, Catharine Sullivan, T. C. Higgins, Mary M. Brunner, Isabella Home, Josephine Holbach, Margaret Leynch, William Quig, Lucy Kelly, J. W. Murphy, L. Kammerer, Louis Post, James McStay, James Carroll, and Giuseppe Losasso. The estates of Rocco Diaso, Isaac Gotscho, E. J. Brown, Frank Mackinnoz, J. L. Brown, M. Wyckof, and R. G. Belt. Contested calendar. The wills of Patrick Gilmartin, L. A. Cochran, Bridget Skelly, and Erich Blockwehl.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part IV. Calendar adjourned until April 7.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Fawcett, J. Joseph Gould, Frederick Marshall, William Kuntz, Richard C. Outerbridge, James E. Boone, Joseph Rose.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Criminal Calendar—Dike, J. James Lombardo, Vincenzo Anaclerio, Salvatore Francavilla, Raffaele Studa, Paul Bevacqua, William McKee, John Vanslon, William A. Schwartz, Thomas McDicken, Jerry Testafond.

COUNTY COURT—Part III.—Criminal Calendar—Addington, J. Anthony Alloy, Peter Markevich, Antonio Delukey, Joseph Trapani, Ernest Tranter, Patrick Fitzpatrick, William Foster.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Henry Brooks. People v. Tony Belinsky. People v. Franklin T. Fair.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Tompkins, J. 536—Rocco v. Hussar. 492—Nelson v. Manilla Anchor Brewing Co. People ex rel Farley v. Moran. 566—Rennie v. McKim. 350—Tripodi v. Fallace. 560—Crawford v. Quakeridge Realty Co.

SUPREME COURT—Part I.—Keogh, J. Part II.—Mills J. 1034—Kelly v. Eckes. 1050—Connors v. Nyahay. 1027—Raynor v. The Merritt & Gilbert Co. 1028—Fisher v. The Merritt & Gilbert Co. 1029—Doern v. The Merritt & Gilbert Co. 1030—Allen v. The Merritt & Gilbert Co. 1031—Donaldson v. The Merritt & Gilbert Co. 1068—Nourse v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 1039—Thompson v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 1044—Pope v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 1045—Higgins v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 109—Ensinger v. City of New Rochelle. 239—Cooper v. White Fireproof Const Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 251—Boyce v. Hewison. 276—Connolly v. Casey. 482—Andrews v. Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. 683—Lockert v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 1089—Husick v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 1102—Schaefer v. Hoffman. 1081—Bradley v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 1082—Devick v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 1083—Aurrichio v. Howard. 340—Bolan v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 1062—Heike v. Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Co. Highest number reached, 1102.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Jaycox, J. 1459—Fengler, an infant, v. Newtown Gas Co et al. 1462, 1463—Hanfman v. City of New York. 1373—Nagel v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1477A—Tiffany v. Harvey. 1330—Bigus v. Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. No reserve calendar. Remainder of calendar will go over to April term, commencing April 7. Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1487.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3782—People v. Charles Bethel. 3753—Same v. Giovanni Bertuglia. 3754—Same v. same. 3783—Same v. Frank Reich. 3732—Same v. John Heinstadt, Frank E. Ellert, George Kehoe, Thomas Carroll, and Edmund Busch.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 26.—These companies were incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day:

Corliss, Coon & Co., Inc., of Cohoes, linen, cotton, silk, wool, and other fabrics; $700,000. John A. Corliss, John H. Coon, Jr., George O. Coon, 82 Pierpont Street, Brooklyn.

Tucker Agency, Inc., of Manhattan, general advertising; $30,000. W. Gaylord Tucker, Jr., Robert H. Bagnell, J. Cotter Connell, 72 East Seventy-seventh Street, New York.

Random Knitting Company, Inc., of Cohoes, towels and wash cloths; $30,000. George W. Cummings, Frank J. Gardner, Willie E. Proctor, Albany.

Murphy Engineering Corporation of Manhattan; $50,000. Frank C. Baker, Charles L. Murphy, George F. Murphy, 63 Bay Twenty-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

Calculator Manufacturing Company, Inc., of Manhattan, calculating machines; $50,000. Edgeworth Greene, Henry A. Stone, I. Granger Ketchum, Upper Montclair, N. J.

Monopol Import Export Union, Inc., of Manhattan, commission and general merchandise; $25,000. William C. Colson, Hans Kahrs, Charles Wachtel, 38 Rose Avenue, Jamaica, L. I.

Times Square Improvement Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty; $25,000. Harry Fischel, David Ravitch, Joseph Ravitch, 1,335 Madison Avenue, New York.

Winslow's Hydrolittric System, Inc., of Tonawanda, waterproof cement; $75,000. Henry C. Prouger, Edward Winslow, Louis J. Frey, 1,580 Amsterdam Avenue, New York.

Swiss Colors Company, Inc., of Manhattan, chemicals, dyestuffs, oil colors; $30,000. Bernard R. Armour, Harry Hintze, George E. Graham, all of 15 East Twelfth Street, New York.

Glendive Amusement Corporation, moving-picture films; $50,000. Marcus Loew, Nicholas M. Schenck, David Bernstein, all of 260 West Forty-second Street, New York.

Luther & Co., Inc., of Manhattan, bonds, notes, mortgages; $500,000. Charles W. Abrams, John W. Harding, Edward Staats Luther, 247 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Roanoke Amusement Company, Inc., of Lawrence, theatrical; $10,000. Herbert A. Shaules, Perry R. Mackey, Chauncey M. Newberry, 22 Mott Avenue, Far Rockaway.

William J. Seaton Company, Inc., of Brooklyn, meats and food products; $10,000. William J. Seaton, Alfred B. Hand, Mathias L. Counes, 218 West 112th Street, New York.

Hazazer Electric Company, Inc., of Manhattan, installation of electric equipment; $10,000. Edgar W. Hazazer, Perry H. Bascom, Samuel W. McCarte, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, New York.

Shear & Wilson Corporation of Schenectady, general contracting; $10,000. William D. Shear, Herbert S. Wilson, Horatio G. Glen, all of Schenectady.

Far Rockaway Athletic Club, Inc., of Queens, retreat for health; $10,000. David Lang, Philip Goodman, James P. Donovan, 50 West Fifty-fourth Street, New York.

Baltzly's Pharmacy, Inc., of Manhattan, drugs; $10,000. Herbert Aldhous, Anna Aldhous, May Baltzgy, all of 501 West 138th Street, New York.

Ivey Motor Truck Company, Inc., of Buffalo; $10,000. Charles A. Ivey, A. L. Rusling, Frank G. Heller, 120 Garner Street, Buffalo.

Glenmont Co-operative Exposition, Inc., of Bethlehem, amusements; $10,000. George Parr, John Patterson, John Eddy, all of Glenmont.

Frank K. Huff & Co., Inc., of Manhattan, jewelry; $10,000. Frank K. Huff, W. Irving Royce, Frederick C. Kielman, 551 West 149th Street, New York.

East Seventieth Street Realty Corporation of Manhattan: $10,000. Anton Krchoy, Anna Barak, William Straad, 1,359 Avenue A, New York.

Berger & Barach, Inc., of Manhattan, general department store; $10,000. Simon Berger, Jennie S. Barach, Nathan L. Barach, all of 925 Union Avenue, New York.

White & Associates, Inc., of Millbrook, mining and growers of wool, cotton, tobacco; $10,000. Elmer E. Holmes, Samuel B. Howard, H. B. Means, 140 Chestnut Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

The Art Metal Construction Company of Massachusetts, with a capital of $2,684,000, was authorized to do business in this State on the application of Clayton E. Bailey, Clifford Avenue, Jamestown.

FEDERAL SUPPLY PROPOSALS.

No further particulars are available in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce regarding these projects. Correspondence should be direct with the offices named:

1,100—SUBSISTENCE STORES, &c.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of medical officer in command, United States Marine Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., until March 31 for furnishing subsistence stores, &c., forage, milk, ice, and coal. Bids will be received at the United States Marine Hospital, Cleveland, Ohio, until April 4 for furnishing subsistence stores required at the hospital during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914. Tenders are invited by the United States Marine Hospital, Pittsburgh, Penn., until March 29 for furnishing supplies needed during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914. Proposals will be received at the United States Marine Hospital, Wilmington, N. C., until April 2 for furnishing subsistence stores, &c., needed during the coming fiscal year.

1,101—DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Woodbridge Creek, Matawan Creek, Shoal Harbor and Compton Creek, and Shrewsbury River, N. J., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, Room 802, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., until April 18. Bids for any or all of these works will be considered. Information on application to William T. Rossell, Colonel Engineers. Sealed proposals for dredging in Oakland Harbor, Cal., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, 401 Custom House, San Francisco, Cal., until April 14. Information on application to Thomas H. Rees, Lieutenant Colonel Engineers.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The sugar crop being harvested in Cuba promises to be the largest ever produced in that country. According to the estimate of Guma y Metjer, it will reach 2,281,857 tons, while H. A. Himely, another reliable expert, puts it at 2,328,814 tons of 2,240 pounds each.

The catalogue of the Technical University of Dresden for the Winter semster 1912-13 shows the entire number of attendants to be 1,549, consisting of 1,055 regular students, 380 attending special courses, and 114 non-matriculated students entitled to attend lectures as "listeners."

The British Secretary of State for the Colonies has disallowed the act of the Barbados Government granting the exclusive privilege for twenty-five years to erect and maintain a fuel-oil supply station at Bridgetown, Barbados, by the Anglo-Mexican Petroleum Products Company.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Among recent members admitted to the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America are the American Supply and Machinery Manufacturers' Association of New York, the Eastern Supply Association of New York, and the Chamber of Commerce of Newburg, N. Y. New York State is now represented in the National Chamber by forty-six organizations, of which twenty-nine were admitted from New York City. The Chamber now has 309 members.

The account of the Panton & London Company, Seattle, Wash., is now being handled by L. W. Fellows, resident buyer, 31 Union Square.

These officers were elected at the recent meeting of the Silk Association of America: President, Charles Cheney; Vice Presidents, H. Schniewind, Jr., Louis Stearns, and M. W. Dippel. Ramsay Peugnet was re-elected Secretary and Treasurer. The Board of Managers selected by the Nominating Committee was also elected without opposition.

PRINTCLOTH FEATURELESS.

There was little change in the general cloth markets yesterday. Some call for sheeting for napping was reported at slight concessions from previous prices, and there was a demand for silk and cotton ratines. Printcloths were very quiet. Buyers were pessimistic and held off for the expected break in prices. This condition is expected by some brokers to continue for several weeks. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 56-52s	3 1-16c	38½-inch, 64-60s	5 1-16c
27-inch, 56-56s	3¼c	38½-inch, 64-64s	5¼c
27-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c	39-inch, 68-72s	5¾c
28-inch, 64-60s	3¾c	39-inch, 72-76s	6¼c
28-inch, 64-64s	4c	39-inch, 80-80s	7¼c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8@8¼c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¼c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 13¾c; Standard prints, 5½c, and standard staple ginghams, 6¾c.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LONDON FUR SALE.

Buying Steady and Prices Firm—Offerings of Sea Otter Light.

Phillips, Politzer & Co., London, reporting C. M. Lampson & Co.'s March fur sale, say:

"The Spring sales just concluded show in every respect satisfactory results. A steady demand prevailed throughout, and every article on the list received close attention from buyers. Prices were firm, and some of the favorite and more fashionable kinds reached record figures. Buyers appear to be growing in numbers. Supplies are decreasing in many articles and these reduced quantities are more and more distributed. Consequently the holdings of individual purchasers in any one article are now smaller than ever before.

"The collection of sea otter was the smallest ever known. Competition was very strong, and prices advanced considerably. Mink was not much wanted. Prices on these skins were generally lower than at the January sale."

CARPET OUTLOOK BRIGHT.

Good Fall Season Indicated — Little Worry Over Tariff Revision.

Local carpet manufacturers are preparing for Fall business. The outlook is bright. Practically no apprehension is felt over tariff revision, and prices will probably remain unchanged. Mills are meeting the demand for Axminsters with difficulty, but tapestry rugs are not sold ahead as well as other grades. Velvet carpets and rugs are in good demand and are listed high.

Linoleum mills are busy on duplicate orders. Inquiry for large contract work continues, and some heavy bookings are noted. Manufacturers want higher prices, and buyers generally are awaiting the result of tariff revision and specifying only present needs.

ATHLETIC GOODS SELLING.

Baseball Supplies Lead — New Mitt and Club—Tennis Goods Active.

Unseasonable weather interfered with Winter and Spring sales of athletic goods, but indications for Summer are excellent. The early Spring caused dealers to order more heavily and to specify immediate shipments. Orders in adjacent districts are increasing more rapidly than in this city. Baseball clubs and universities are buying heavily now.

The principal current demand is for baseball goods, although the early Spring has caused tennis equipment to move better than expected. A steady demand for golf goods continues. Manufacturers are now deciding on their lines for the next football season. The latest in baseball articles is a broken-in mitt and an oil-tempered club.

FLOODS MAY CHECK ORDERS.

Except for This Apprehension Knit Goods and Hosiery Go Well.

Hosiery business here continues satisfactory, but apprehension is felt over possible cancelations of orders from flood troubles in the Middle West. Jobbers and retailers are waiting seasonable weather to help them move Spring merchandise, and are not covering more than immediate needs. Some manufacturers are sold up to July 1, and duplicates will be difficult to procure for Summer months. Jobbers are not yet figuring on fine gauge goods for Fall, but most mills for fleece goods are sold ahead. The present volume of Fall ordering is small, but speficiations are large.

Sales of light union and athletic underwear continue heavy, and prices are firm. The demand for Norfolk coat and jumbo stitch sweaters keeps up.

COTTON EXPORT TRADE DULL.

Prices, Deliveries, and Politics Holding Up Orders from Foreign Markets.

Business has been slow in the local export market for cotton goods this week. High prices and the delivery question continue to keep buyers off, with the political and financial situation in China retarding business from that country. There is a fair current demand from the West Indies, the Philippines, and some African markets. Central and South American business is light.

Exports of domestic and cotton duck continue to fall behind those of last year. In the week ended March 22 they totaled 4,188 packages, valued at $273,032. Shipments of these goods since the first of this year aggregate 73,322 packages, against 95,504 packages in 1912. In value, however, the current year's shipments lead by a margin of $3,555,456.

WHOLESALERS ORGANIZED.

Membership of 100 Now in New Merchants' Association.

A membership of 100 was reported yesterday by N. A. Kommel, President of the Wholesale Merchants' Association of New York, Incorporated. On Jan. 1 the membership totaled seven. The association is composed of wholesale dealers in underwear, hosiery, knit goods, and general dry goods.

Among the objects of the organization are the maintenance of integrity in business and uniformity in trade customs, the encouragement of legislation beneficial to commerce, and the promotion of co-operation among merchants in the establishment of a standard credit. Confidential credit information is furnished to members on application.

AMONG THE SHOPS.

Silk stockings of excellent quality may now be had from $1 to $1.50 a pair. One of the new novelties in this line, priced at $5 the pair, shows three embroidered butterflies. The design begins at the instep and extends half the length of the stocking.

Ratine belting, in the fashionable Balkan colors, is shown at 50 cents a yard. It is about 2 inches wide, and is much used for bands on the new tailored straw hats.

Satin bedroom slippers, in pink or yellow, with a little applique of white lace, are now offered at $3. They are of the moccasin type, heelless, and apparently planned more for comfort than beauty.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, care of the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

10,649. TRAMWAY CONSTRUCTION.—The Public Works Department, Madrid, Spain, will receive tenders for the construction and exploitation of steam tramway from Grenada to Santa Fe Railway Station. A deposit of about $1,830 will be required. Particulars may be obtained of the Ministerio de Fomento, Madrid. Tenders will be received through local agents only.

10,650. PUBLIC WORKS.—The Governor of Western Australia has been authorized to raise a loan of $27,252,400 for public works, as follows: Railways and tramways, $13,009,614; harbor and river works, $720,242; water supply and sewerage, $4,455,280; boring for minerals, State batteries, and treatment plants, $608,312; agricultural development, abattoirs, cold storage, agricultural implement works, &c., $4,559,910; roads, bridges, and public buildings, $445,284; sawmills, $583,980; steamships, $486,650; other State undertakings, $1,007,365.

10,651. BRIDGES AND VIADUCTS.—The Madagascar Public Works Department, Tananarivo, Madagascar, invites tenders until July 1 for the construction of three viaducts and four bridges. Tenders will be received through local agents only.

10,652. RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.—The Public Works Department, Madrid, Spain, invites tenders for the construction of a narrow-gauge line from Verin to Sanabria. Particulars may be obtained of the Direccion de Obras Publicas, Ministerio de Fomento, Madrid, Spain. Bids will be received, through local agents only, until June 21, 1913.

10,653. MOTOR BOATS.—The naval authorities, Madrid, Spain, will receive tenders until April 20 for six motor boats. Tenders will be received through local agents only.

10,654. PALACE BUILDING.—The Public Works Department, Sofia, Bulgaria, will receive bids until July 1 for the erection, &c., of a royal palace. Tenders will be received through local agents only.

10,655. INDIAN MANGO JUICE.—An American Consul in India reports that a local firm of canners and exporters of Indian preserves and condiments, now shipping the mango juice to Continental cities, wishes to develop a trade in this article in the United States. Samples will be forwarded upon application. Correspondence may be in English.

SILK BUYING KEEPS UP.

Buyers Forestalling Threatened Shortage—New Fall Silks Moving.

Silk buyers continue to store up goods against the shortage threatened by the strike. They are coming in with Spring duplicates much earlier than usual. The strike of the dyers is hurting production more than that of the mill operatives, as the effects of the former are felt in many of the mills not directly affected. The price tendency for both Fall and Spring is strongly upward. Import lines for Fall feature corded weaves, brocaded crepes, and moires. Cords and moires of both foreign and domestic make are now moving well here. Messalines are also big.

Ribbons for immediate shipment are scarce here, and the market is strong. The price tendency for Fall, however, is unsettled and causing some anxiety among manufacturers of high-grade merchandise. The Fall style trend is also unsettled.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HERMAN J. DIETZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman J. Dietz, wholesale dealer in diamonds, 87 Nassau Street, by three creditors, with claims aggregating $65,741. Judge Mayer appointed Louis H. Rowe receiver. Liabilities are more than $200,000 and assets are problematical. Mr. Dietz's affairs were closely connected with Joseph Samuels & Co., manufacturers of braids and laces, at 120 West Twentieth Street, who were put into bankruptcy on Aug. 5, 1912, and with Aaronson & Rutenberg, diamond dealers in Montreal. One of the reasons urged for the appointment of a receiver for the assets of Mr. Dietz was that he had stated that he had pledged a large amount of diamonds with Martin Simons & Co., pawnbrokers of Hester Street, who were robbed on March 16. He also testified, it was stated, in another proceeding that he had pledged large amounts of diamonds bought with the money and credit of the two firms mentioned above with various pawnbrokers, and it is believed that there are substantial equities in the pawned diamonds. He refused to answer specific questions as to the disposition of the diamonds. It was stated in the application for the receiver that Joseph Samuels & Co. had discounted or indorsed very large amounts of notes for Dietz, who with the help of this money and credit purchased large amounts of diamonds; that Dietz is indebted to Joseph Samuels & Co., either directly on notes or checks, $36,150, and indirectly on his own paper indorsed by Joseph Samuels & Co., $230,000. Aaronson & Rutenberg have claims against Dietz for $40,000. The creditors who filed the petition in bankruptcy were Alexander S. Webb, Trustee in bankruptcy of Joseph Samuels & Co., $36,150; Peter F. Gleason, $23,466, and Irene Harrington, $6,125. It was alleged that Dietz is insolvent and made preferential transfers of money to I. Hochberger and other creditors. Mr. Dietz has been in the diamond business for twenty years, but never had any rating at Bradstreet's. Joseph Samuels & Co. are endeavoring to put through a composition with their creditors at 15 cents on the dollar cash.

THE H. E. & B. DIAMOND COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry E. and Bertha Diamond, composing the firm of H. E. & B. Diamond, dealers in men's and women's furnishing goods at 1,223 Boston Road, by these creditors: Charles H. Weissberger, $250; Jacob Klein, $200, and J. H. Semel & Co., $109. Judge Mayer appointed Mortimer B. Bernstein receiver, with authority to continue business ten days. Liabilities are $3,000 and assets $1,000. They began business in December, 1909.

JAMES H. LANCASTER, mechanical engineer and promoter, residing at 600 West 178th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,157 and assets of $1 cash in hand. The debts were contracted from 1893 to 1913. There are ninety creditors, forty-three of whom have obtained judgments against him. Among the creditors are the City of New York, $150 personal taxes in 1906; Fulton Bank of Brooklyn, $1,056; Adolph Zimmerman, Brooklyn, $2,800; Motley, Green & Co., $1,741, and F. S. Banks & Co., $1,000.

GLEN ROBINSON, grocer, at Saugerties, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,580 and assets of $1,095, consisting of stock, $304; fixtures, $150; accounts, $620; horse and wagon, $20, and cash, $1.

LENARD M. HIRSH.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Lenard M. Hirsh, trading as the Sanitary Bedding Company at 69 West 125th Street, show liabilities of $5,596 and assets of $1,602, consisting of stock, $1,600, and cash, $2.

STUPPEL, DREYFUS & CO.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Stuppel, Dreyfus & Co., manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 47 East Ninth Street, show liabilities of $6,373 and assets unknown, consisting of stock and fixtures sold by the receiver and $250 cash in bank, claimed by the bank. Among the creditors are M. Fishbein & Co., $1,608; Providence Worsted Company, $1,359.

NEW YORK FRAME AND PICTURE CO.—Schedules of the New York Frame and Picture Co. of 142 Fulton Street, whose President, Charles S. Horowitz, was sent to prison on account of a claim for fire loss when the company was burned out last year, show liabilities of $37,756 and assets of $5,737, consisting of cash, $30; accounts, $5,707; stock and fixtures, values unknown, and claims against fire insurance companies, amounts not given. Among the creditors are Charles S. Horowitz, amount not given; Saul Horowitz, Secretary, $14,339; Amelia Horowitz, $380; Greenwich Bank, $7,550, secured, and Broadway Trust Co., $1,900.

EMIL REIBSTEIN.—Judge Mayer has appointed Leonard J. Obermeier receiver for Emil Reibstein, manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 100 East Broadway, bond of $2,500, with authority to continue business ten days.

EDWARD L. CROWELL.—Edward L. Crowell, grocer at 272 West Ninety-sixth Street, has made an assignment to Philip Wilson. He has been in business about seven months.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Applebaum, Max—M. Boyarsky et al., $148.
Arnstein, Ira B.—J. Felsenthal, $114.
Battelle, Mary G.—W. Meyer, $152.
Borut, Meyer—I. H. Kaplan, $234.
Bagley, William W.—George H. Storm, $419
Broderick, Margaret A.—C. A. McCarthy, $124.
Blain, John—L. I. Hallett, $719.
Barstow, Rogers L., Jr.—Durland Co., $1,028.
Evans, Morris—Inter-State Rubber Co., $718.
Blume, Ferdinand E.—O. B. Anderson, $147.
Connell, Ellen—M. A. Apgar, costs, $109.
Cohen, Annie, and Abraham I. Levy—People, &c., $500.
Cebrelli, Antonio—Broadway Trust Co., $8,139.
Curry, Ida L.—E. C. Johnston et al., $172.
Cascioli, Luigi, and Alexander Anderson—West Side Bank, $297.
Clemens, Richard, Vincent Valente, and Clemens Construction Co.—B. Silverman, $115.
Dealy, Margarita—L. Opper, $559.
Druck, Herman—E. Druck, costs, $159.
De Gutz, Louis—J. M. Ullman et al., $240.
Fries, Raymond J.—D. E. S. Coleman, $104.
Gage, William S.—R. Robitschel, $2,076.
Gorfinkle, Morris—J. Kesdan, $439.
Goldstein, Leah, and Ida Walker—H. Swart, $160.
Goldstein, Joseph—Union National Bank of Troy, $609.
Gensler, Morris and Clara—A. Klein, $169.
Gulick, John G.—C. Buek, $457.
Goldstein, Yetta—R. H. Channing et al., $5,277.
Gibson, Jasper M.—Gimbel Brothers, New York, $222.
Goodman, Frederick F.—C. A. Goldreyer, $324.
Harris, Jacob J.—E. D. Harris, $565.
Huog, Herman—J. Huber, Jr., $164.
Humphreys, Cecil H.—N. Blum, $121.
Kaufman, Isidor—H. Bauman et al., $424.
Kahn, Abraham—M. Kaplan, $274.
Kaidy, Mander F.—Universal Textile Co., $476.
Same—Same, $144.
Lourier, Zenon—I. Neustaedter, $146.
Lynch, John H., John J. O'Brien, and Mark O'Brien—Henry Steers, Inc., $531.
Liebers, Murray—Samuel Kaplan & Brothers, $500.
Lubitz, David—A. S. Halpern, $172.
Lilienfeld, Osias—L. Bickel, $126.
Lidgerwood, Lucy F. and John—E. B. Bruch, $708.
Lent, Wilfield—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $125.
McBride, John H.—J. Lieberman, $325.
Maiman, Harry A.—B. K. Bloch, $119.
Meyer, Henry C.—H. Held, $188.
O'Toole, John—Conron Brothers Co., $220.
Otten, Arthur, John Hill, and John P. Walsh—C. Cannon, $276.
Nichols, Oscar—I. Weaver, $116.
Polack, Isaac—Union National Bank of Troy, $871.
Paturzo, Michael—Northern California Wine Co., $195.
Rose, Arthur M.—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y., $115.
Reiss, Emilie R. and Louis—F. W. Devoe et al., $220.
Robinson, Douglas, and Adrian H. Joline, receivers—A. Florio, $500.
Same—M. Florio, $150.
Roos, Pierre—National Cash Register Co., $334.
Sheffield, Justice P.—L. M. Johnson, $153.
Stead, Hayden R.—Belle Mead Sweets Makers, $181.
Santero, Giovanni—Northern California Wine Co., $115.
Schneiderman, Jacob—L. Shapiro et al., $354.
Same—M. Sherman, $217.
Spargo, Yetta—A. Klein, $119.
Schaefer, Frederick—A. L. Henry, $461.
Standard, Ambrose B.—F. Peabody et al., $609.
Strumwasser, Herman, and Samuel Klein—R. H. Chuck, $107.
Wolfe, Isidor E., and Alexander Drescher—Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., $255.
Wilson, Percy—C. Harft et al., $421.
Same—Same, $288.
White Co.—G. B. Marx, $1,567.
William R. Jenkins Co.—National Biscuit Co., $840.
Bellewood Construction Co. and Harry W. Perelman—D. Bravin Tile and Marble Co., $421.
Same—Same, $318.
United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co.—O. W. Freidenrich, $465.
Central Fish Co.—R. F. Hall, costs, $184.
Trautman Air Rubber Tube Co.—A. Ofstein, $539.
Deal Co. and Thomas P. McKenna—Roebling Construction Co., $644.
Clemens Construction Co., Richard Clemens, and Vincent Valente—B. Silverman, $115.
Steeplechase Co.—J. S. Van Loon Co., $477.
Tierney Lunch Room System—H. Friedman, $217.
Adams Novelty Co.—W. J. Foster, $6,090.
Annex Homes of New York City, Inc.; Mathilda Francolini, and Rose Halley—Mason Mfg. Co., $566.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Scholl, John J.—O. Scholl, March 20, 1913, $215.
Hurtig & Seamon—H. G. W. Pilcher, Nov. 10, 1911, $942.
Same—Same, Dec. 23, 1912, $116.
Hellenic American Realty Co. and James H. Harris—J. Goggin, Dec. 24, 1912, $141.
Juilliard, Augustus D., and Duncan P. MacKenzie et al.—M. Brody et al., Jan. 30, 1913, $724
Dickinson, Gustave—American Newspaper Publishing Association, Jan. 18, 1913, $142.
Price, Edw. J. and Orville B.—F. R. Jones, Feb. 4, 1913, $589.
Proctor, George H.—A. Brunker, Oct. 6, 1910, $1,621.
Sullivan, Mae A.—Riverside Drive Realty Co., Jan. 27, 1913, $402.
Tuttle, Lamar K.—McMorrow Engineering and Construction Co., Nov. 22, 1912, $312.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co., Atlanta, Ga.; J. V. Wellborn, cloaks, suits, waists; 71 W. 23d.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; S. Shane, waists; 114 5th Av.
Hengerer, Wm., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; R. Wilson, millinery; 214 Church; Hermitage.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; R. G. Powers, books; 454 Broome.
Dannenberg Co., Macon, Ga.; W. Dannenberg, laces, notions, hosiery; 41 Union Square; Cadillac.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Rochester, N. Y.; W. Burt, dry goods; 200 5th Av.; Cadillac.
White, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Mrs. F. Noyes, millinery; 1,270 Broadway; Great Northern.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss N. Simpson, jewelry, leather goods; 320 Church; Great Northern.
Katz Brothers, Honesdale, Penn.; E. A. Katz, cloaks, sits; 45 East 17th St.
Barnard - Sumner - Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; E. L. Child, laces, handkerchiefs, white goods; 75 Spring.
Sessions, F. W., Millinery Co., Utica, N. Y.; W. Clement, silks, laces, millinery, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.
Davison-Paxson-Stokes Co., Atlanta, Ga.; E. A. White, domestics; 71 West 23d; Cadillac.
Hagre & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; Miss E. Martin, ribbons; 75 Spring.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; F. W. Gremmel, toys, notions; 320 Church; Grand.
Porter, J. J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; F. L. Gullett, flowers, feathers; Grand.
Ould, J. W., Co., Lynchburg, Va.; S. R. Hill, hosiery, notions, gloves, laces; 43 Leonard.
Hargadine-McKittrick D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; J. L. Selfridge, dress goods; 72 Leonard
Carson, Pirie Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. M. O'Farrell, black goods, cloths, dress goods, silks; 115 Worth.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; J. Bell, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 1,270 Broadway.
Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss A. McQuatters, ribbons; 55 White.
Houghton & Dutton Co., Boston, Mass.; E. Adelberg, laces; 116 W. 32d.
Nahigian Bros., Chicago Ill.; M. Nahigian, Oriental rugs; Latham.
Field, Marshall, & Co. Chicago, Ill.; E. Schulze, flannels; 104 Worth.
Fashion, The Fall River Mass.; J. Fox, cloaks, suits; Albert.
Marks, A. Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; F. J. Starrett, notions, jewelry; Albert.
Hess Bros., Allentown, Penn.; Miss F. Wieand, laces, hdkfs.; 315 4th Av.; Victoria.
New Bedford D. G. Co., New Bedford, Mass.; J. T. McWheeney⅛ cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; L. M. Rice, dress goods, silks; 438 Broadway; McAlpin.
Hicks, Fuller, Pierson Co., Sioux City, Iowa; D. B. Fuller, dry goods; 51 Leonard.
Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; W. H. Bruen, ladies' ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
Carter Dry Goods Co., Louisville, Ky.; E. M. Wright, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear, carpets, upholstery, umbrellas; 43 Leonard; Prince George.
Stewart Dry Goods Co., Louisville, Ky.; N. A. Gathof, dress goods, silks, velvets; 214 Church; Prince George.
Watkins, T. C., Co., Hamilton, Canada; F. W. Bradwin, ready-to-wear; 214 Church.
Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; H. Norman, ladies' waists; C. Allen, gloves; 51 Leonard.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; R. J. Calm, house furnishing goods; 2 Walker.
Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; R. B. Clark, furnishing goods, hosiery; H. T. Hyde, men's clothing; 75 Spring.
Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Conn.; Miss A. E. Long, laces, neckwear, buttons, embroideries; 75 Spring.
Harris & Mowry Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; M. H. Briggs, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Silverman, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.
"Ripley's," Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. A. Wolk, suits, coats; 45 W. 34th.
Wolk & Bagrau, Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. Wolk, waists, dresses; 45 W. 34th.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; L. F. Hill, house dresses; R. M. Dean, notions, umbrellas, linings; G. H. Noyes, millinery; Miss E. S. Hutchinson, muslin underwear; 1,270 Broadway.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens, flannels, blankets; J. S. Marsden, notions, furnishing goods; 2 Walker.
Mandel Bros., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Manning, millinery, (untrimmed;) 15 E. 22d.
Jordan, Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; W. S. Byrnes, notions, hair goods; 31 Union Sq.
Jacoby Bros., Los Angeles, Cal.; G. W. Jeffrey, dress goods, silks, velvets, linings; 1,270 Broadway.
Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; L. Lasalle, dry goods; 1,270 Broadway.
Fink Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. Blauner, coats, silks, suits; 129 W. 27th.
Filenes, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; Mr. Clark, ladies' millinery; Miss Callaghan, corsets, sweaters, kimonas, dressing sacques, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Sisman, ladies' ready-to-wear; S. J. Watts, housefurn. goods; 334 4th Av.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; W. J. Harkness, toys, dolls; 454 Broome.
Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; L. M. Rice, dress goods, silks, velvets; 438 B'way.
Munger, H. G., Co., Herkimer, N. Y.; H. G. Munger, gen'l mdse.; 820 Church.
Boston Store, Norwalk, Conn.; P. S. Byrne, gen'l mdse.; 820 Church.
Simpson Garment Co., Madison, Wis.; M. M. Secor, ready-to-wear; Park Av.
Ward, M., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; R. E. Bernhard, men's boys, furn. goods, millinery; 43 Leonard.
Betthlem & Coyne, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. J. Coyne, cloaks; 1,182 B'way.
Kennedy & MacImes Co., Pittsfield, Mass.; A. E. Branch, cloaks, suits, waists; Gregorian.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; C. C. Olcott, mourning goods; J. H. Nolan, colored dress goods; Park Avenue.
Bernheimer Bros., Baltimore, Md.; I. I. Wolf, clothing; J. E. Berk, waists; 221 4th Av.
Linn & Scruggs D. G. & Carpet Co., Decatur, Ill.; B. L. Weaver, housefurn. goods; 31 Union Square.
Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; E. J. Oliver, domestics; 438 B'way.
Thompson-Hudson Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss M. A. Murray, muslin underwear, petticoats, infants' wear; 50 Union Square.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss S. H. Boxer, ribbons; 215 4th Av.
Pringle Bros., Charleston, S. C.; W. Pringle, notions, carpets; Woodward.
England Brothers, Pittsfield, Mass.; B. England, dry goods; 320 Church.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, wash goods; 55 White.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; Miss M. Reedy, laces, ladies' neckwear; Mrs. M. Creedel, infants' wear; 214 Church; Martinique.
Hudson, J. L., Co., Detroit, Mich.; Miss S. Barkume, laces, ribbons; 50 Union Square.
Reading Bargain House, Reading, Penn.; M. Lubin, dresses, waists, muslin underwear; Earlington.

BABY CAPS
MAX MAYER,
565-567 Broadway, N. Y.

ATTENTION, YOU WHO BUY DRESSES.
Ratine and Serge Dresses at $2.25 to $3.50.
Immediate Delivery.
'Phone 512 Gramercy.
SAMUEL BOLLT,
67 East 8th St., N. Y.

WE ARE open to buy for spot cash jobs of Spring coats, suits, and dresses; also linens.
COHEN BROS.,
116 and 120 West 32d St.

M. SILVERMAN & SON, 7 West 22d St., want for spot cash 1,500 coats and suits. Call, with samples, Y 42 Times.

AUCTION SALES.

Milford Pink Granite Works
Milford, Massachusetts.
Public Auction Sale.

All the capital stock of the Milford Pink Company, representing absolute ownership of the Milford Pink Granite Quarries, Milford, Mass., (formerly represented by $350,000 First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds,) consisting of about 1,265 acres of land estimated to contain 8,000,000 cubic feet of Milford Pink Granite, and including valuable buildings and machinery now insured for $136,550, is to be sold at public auction by Francis Henshaw Company, Stock Brokers and Auctioneers, 97 Milk Street, Boston, Mass., at 12:00 o'clock noon, April 16, 1913.

The property has excellent shipping facilities via N. Y., N. H. & H. and Boston & Albany Railroads.

Because of its superior quality and unique color, granite from these quarries is highly favored by prominent architects and builders and was specified for use in the following buildings:

Pennsylvania Terminal (N. Y.)
Pedestal of Nathan Hale Statue (N. Y.)
St. Agnes Chapel (N. Y.)
United States Trust Co. Building (N. Y.)
Greenwich Savings Bank (N. Y.)
Hanover National Bank Building (N. Y.)
Chamber of Commerce Building (Boston)
City Hall, (Worcester, Mass.)
National Museum (Washington)
Capitol Building (Baltimore)
Chamber of Commerce (Cincinnati)
Public Library (Boston)
Union Station (Albany)
Allegheny Co. Court House and Jail (Pittsburgh)
Columbia University steps and buttresses
and many other prominent buildings.

Circulars with full description of the properties and date of sale may be obtained at the offices of
McKEEN, BREWSTER & MORGAN,
40 Wall Street, New York City,
and of
MARTIN L. CATE, Esquire,
44 Kilby Street, Boston, Massachusetts,
with whom appointments may be made for inspection of the properties.

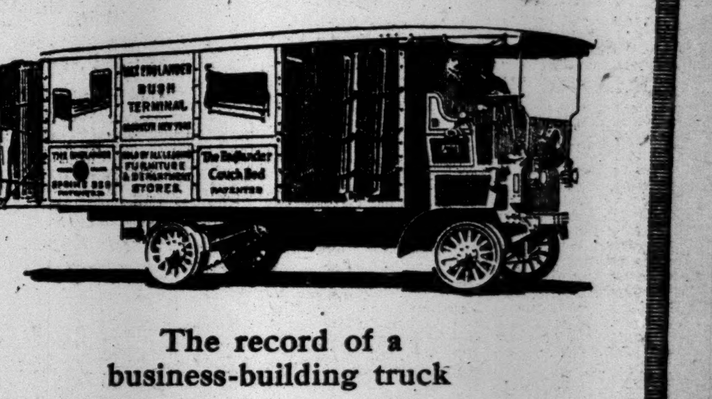
The Entire Stock of High-Grade
FURS
Office, Factory and Showroom Fixtures,
formerly of W. Wolf & Co.
Will be sold on premises of
17-19 W. 45th St., between 5th & 6th Avs.,
To-morrow, Friday, March 28th, 1913,
commencing 10:30 A. M.,
by D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,

This stock consists of the most beautiful lines of Hudson Seal, Baby Caracul, genuine Mole, Hampster and Pony Coats, in the extreme latest models, ranging in price as high as $500.00 per garment; also an exceptionally fine line of Black, Red, Pointed, Jap, Sitka, Cross Fox, genuine Mole, Cirit Cat, Sealine, Chinchilla Squirrel, Moline Natural Raccoon, Kitt and Hudson Seal Scarfs and Muffs; also a stock of Mink, Rat, Natural Skunk, Blue and Black Thibet, Caracul, Ermine, Squirrel, and Natural Black Rat Skins; also all the modern

FIXTURES

recently put up at a cost of over $2,000, consisting of beautiful Wall Cases, with mirror fronts and ball-bearing sliding doors, with office partition to match; one 4-piece Parlor Set, one large Double-Door Safe, one Triplicate Mirror, Chairs, Tables, Rugs, Wax Figures, Cutting Tables, Curtains, Racks, and two very latest Fur Machines, and, in fact, everything found in a first-class establishment, to be sold strictly without reserve. For information telephone 4299 Spring.

Unclaimed Freight
JOSH HIRSCH, Auctioneer,
Sells Thursday, March 27th,
at 10 A. M., on Pier 36 North River,
by order of Clyde and Mallory S. S. Co.'s,
1000 LOTS
of General Merchanidse of every description; also one large
Aeroplane
consigned to J. A. V. McCurdy,
care Queen Aero Co., Fort George, N. Y.
No allowance, no claim, and no refunds.
All goods sold—"Said to contain."
Phone 3514 Plaza. Auctioneer's office, 313 E. 57th St.



The record of a business-building truck

With this 3-ton truck Max Englander, manufacturer of couch beds, Brooklyn, greatly increased the radius of his business. The truck does as much work as four teams and for three years has averaged 45 miles per day at a total maintenance cost, including driver, helper, interest, depreciation and all other charges, of $4000 per year.

International Motor Trucks
Proved by Years of Successful Service
Mack 12 years in use Saurer 18 years in use Hewitt 10 years in use

1. You want a truck that fits your business.
2. You want to know that it will make good year after year.

Our trucks are proved by records accumulated in 10, 12 and 18 years.

Nine sizes—capacities: 1, 1½, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6½, 7½ and 10 tons. Bodies for every purpose.

Complete equipment of parts always on hand in our factory service station.

Let us show you what our trucks can do for you.

International Motor Company
Broadway and 57th Street
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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Excessive rains have continued in the Ohio watershed and considerable rainfall is reported in the Atlantic and Gulf States. In the lower Missouri and Middle Mississippi Valleys and southwestern lake region the rain has turned to snow, with the approach of colder weather there from the Northwest. The northwestern cold wave is pushing south, and covers practically the entire country between the Mississippi River and the Rocky Mountains, but the temperature is beginning to moderate in the Northwest.

The storm which is now centred in Kentucky and which has been causing general precipitation for several days will now move rapidly northeast and pass into the ocean by Thursday night, accompanied by rains and shifting gales, and followed by fair and much colder weather. The weather Friday will be fair throughout practically the entire country.

Temperatures will rise Thursday west of the Mississippi and quite generally Friday throughout the central valleys.

Cold wave warnings have been ordered for Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, Tennessee, North Florida, West Virginia, the extreme west portions of North Carolina and Virginia, and Southwest Pennsylvania.

Following the passage of this storm no further disturbances will for the present appear in the South, but rather in the Northwest instead, and, therefore, relatively of little importance.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Jacksonville to Eastport and on the Gulf Coast from Mobile to Cedar Keys.

Winds along the New England Coast will be high east, shifting to west and increasing to a gale; Middle and South Atlantic Coast, high south, shifting to northwest; East Gulf Coast, brisk to high northwest; West Gulf Coast, moderate to brisk north; on Lake Michigan brisk north, becoming light and variable Thursday night and shifting to south by Friday morning.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have high southwest shifting to northwest winds, increasing to a gale, with rain, turning to snow, and much colder weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain Thursday, with colder at night. Friday, fair and colder; high, shifting winds.

Southern New England—Rain Thursday. Friday, fair and much colder; high, shifting winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain and colder Thursday. Friday, fair and much colder; high, shifting winds.

Western New York—Rain or snow and colder Thursday. Friday, generally fair; high, shifting winds.

Northern New England—Rain Thursday. Friday, fair; high, shifting winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	23	50	4 P. M.	40	67
6 A. M.	24	52	6 P. M.	58	60
9 A. M.	30	62	9 P. M.	37	57
12 M.	36	66	11 P. M.	39	57

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. it was 59. Maximum temperature, 70 degrees at 11 A. M.; minimum, 57 degrees at 4 P. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 95 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.95 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M. — Loss.
12:35—232 West 43d St.; A. Weisenback. Trifling
1:10—28 West 118th St.; S. Shapanka....$500
1:15—207 2d St.; William Waltman......$100
9:00—493 East 156th St.; Annie Palzer......$5
9:35—86 Oliver St.; S. Valentz..........$10
11:45—100 East 119th St.; H. O'Hara..Trifling
P.M.
1:15—300 East 11th St.; Pauline Belser. Trifling
4:00—181 Thompson St.; L. Samarto..Trifling
4:00—205 East 97th St.; H. Rosenbloom...$250
4:00—272 West 115th St.; Ottenberg & Co. Trifling
4:15—301 East 76th St.; Mrs. Peter Kelly. Trifling
4:50—732 East 152d St.; M. Kunner..Trifling
5:00—1,443 5th Av.; V. Chrispana....Trifling
5:00—77 East 144th St.; M. Welsch...Trifling
6:00—181 Thompson St.; A. Salvatori......$25
6:50—66 Reade St.; Hertz & Jacobs.......$100
8:45—421 E. 48th St.; Coe & Bryant.....$5,000
8:45—417 E. 48th St.; W. H. Bell.......$1,000
9:15—Town Road, near Hutchinson River; Michael Wehr ....Not given

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 68.

Assigned to Duty in the Detective Division, Designated as Acting Detective Sergeants, First Grade, to take effect 8 A. M. March 26—Henry L. Quick, John J. Goggin, Grover C. Brown.

Transfers, to take effect 1 P. M. March 26—From C. O. Squad to precincts indicated: Patrolmen J. Carroll, 25th; J. Gorman, 29th; T. J. Connell, 63d; J. A. Kelly, 149th; W. J. Maher, 285th; D. F. Fox, 28th; P. E. McGlynn, 61st; E. J. Hughes, 148th; R. Owens, 172d. Mutual, to take effect 8 A. M. March 26: Sergts. J. Keenan, 6th to 37th; J. J. Cronin, 37th to 6th.

Assignments (temporary)—Patrolmen P. J. Dugan, 18th to Detective Division, 5 days from 4 P. M. March 26; G. Downey, 65th to C. O. Squad, 10 days from 8 A. M. March 26. To Detective Division from precincts indicated, 15 days from 4:30 P. M. March 25: J. P. Calcaterra, 2d; P. Sabatino, 26th; F. Santangelo, 81st; A. Squassoni, 23d; E. Panevino, 28th; A. T. Saltalamacchia, 36th.

Leave of Absence, with full pay—Capt. Frank J. Rohrig, 25th, 1 day from noon March 30, to be deducted from vacation.

Application for Full Pay Approved—Patrolman Edward Murray, 172d, from 1:30 P. M. Jan. 30 to 12:15 P. M. March 15, while under suspension.

Advancements to Grade.—Patrolmen—To $1,250 Grade, March 22: P. W. Leonard, 5th; E. J. Long, 15th; T. F. Rogan, 29th; C. F. Pokorny, 29th; W. P. Murphy, 32d; H. Grossberger, 33d; A. L. Hughes, 35th; H. T. McKenna, 15th; A. A. Scheidemantel, 29th; F. S. Riegel, 29th; T. E. C. Gorman, 29th; W. S. Swain, 32d; G. L. Scherf, 33d; J. Reitenberger, 36th; E. J. Prael, 36th; J. G. Davis, 37th; J. Prazak, 39th; J. Haugh, 39th; W. K. Wubbenhorst, 63d; J. Pessolano, 80th; C. H. Smith, 149th; F. H. Pennell, 149th; C. H. Hagedorn, 149th; F. O. Bye, 149th; J. T. McIntyre, 172d; T. A. Thompson, D. D.; E. J. McFadden, Harbor; T. Fleming, 37th; J. J. Wilson, 39th; L. J. Merkle, 39th; B. Fay, 39th; W. J. Baechle, 63d; J. Shaughnessy, 148th; A. E. Owens, 149th; J. Merwede, 149th; J. C. Gardiner, 149th; E. Regelman, 167th; C. Blaes, 275th; D. E. Foley, D. D.

Fines imposed: Patrolmen Anthony Hoffman, 21st, Jan. 28, (1) absent from special post, (2) failed to obtain permission to leave post, (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book, 5 days; Gustave C. Duerholz, 43d, Dec. 8, 1912, did not properly patrol, 10 days.

Suspended: Patrolmen Wilber J. Kennedy, 10th, to take effect 9:27 A. M. March 25; Joseph Ray, 285th, to take effect 9:37 A. M. March 25.

Dismissed from the force, to take effect 12:30 P. M. March 25: Mounted Patrolman John A. Lindsay, 170th Precinct; to take effect 2:30 P. M. March 25, Probationary Patrolman William J. Kelly, 31st, charge, conduct unbecoming an officer; Feb. 19, took watch from one Louis Demoski and failed to return it.

Dismissed from employment in the department: Probationary Patrolman Daniel P. Mallon, 26th Precinct, at the expiration of his probationary period, 12 P. M. March 24.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 59.

Advancements in grade to take effect at 8 A. M. on dates specified: Second to first grade, April 8, J. J. Gillon, Engine 2; J. J. Honahan, Jr., Engine 16; J. Walthers, Engine 17; W. J. Owens, Engine 26; P. J. Powers, Engine 30; J. Cahill, Engine 58; M. J. McNamara, Engine 206; F. J. McCosker, Engine 222; E. Schellhass, Engine 222; O. J. O'Neill, Engine 247; F. Gooth, Engine 277; A. J. Boucher, H. and L. 5; A. J. Kelly, H. and L. 9; R. A. Fox, H. and L. 22; J. P. Rudden, H. and L. 26; H. N. Smith, H. and L. 28; C. M. Wettje, H. and L. 28; J. C. Gallagher, H. and L. 37; J. A. Smith, H. and L. 78; J. J. McNamee, H. and L. 101; A. J. Schuck, H. and L. 101; G. E. Boyce, H. and L. 108; P. L. Giffels, H. and L. 109; F. Hoffman, H. and L. 123; G. E. Pfaunkuch, H. and L. 124. Second to first grade, April 9, G. W. Chadwick, Engine 90. Second to first grade, April 12, F. C. Sands, Engine 219; H. P. Dale, H. and L. 110; T. F. Hyland, H. and L. 118. Second to first grade, April 15, J. P. Donohue, Engine 89. Fourth to third grade, April 23, R. H. Borden, Jr., Engine 4; J. J. Kelly, Engine 11; A. H. Frohne, Engine 11; D. J. Morrissey, Engine 14; J. F. Logan, Engine 20; J. F. Cussen, Engine 30; J. Metzger, Engine 72; F. Flannery, Engine 202; J. Weinheimer, Jr., H. and L. 3; W. R. Walsh, H. and L. 6; W. J. Roche, H. and L. 9; L. McCarthy, H. and L. 10; J. E. Murray, H. and L. 15; J. T. Dow, H. and L. 18; G. J. Kilbride, H. and L. 18; T. F. Guinan, H. and L. 21; E. S. Clements, H. and L. 35; J. A. Carey, H. and L. 118.

Temporary Details, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 27—Firemen (first grade) H. P. Fisher, Engine 58, as assistant automobile instructor, and J. F. Tierney, Engine 49, as Acting Lieutenant.

Death—Alphonse Pauze, house painter, Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, Third Street shops, 12:30 P. M. March 24.

Fines and Penalties—Fireman (first grade) John Coffey, Engine 63, charge, (2,) neglect of duty; reprimanded. Engineer of steamer Bernard Morris, Engine 81; violation of Section 118; 2 days' pay.

Charge Dismissed—Fireman (first grade) John Coffey, Engine 62, charge, (1) neglect of duty.

Revocation of Temporary Detail, to take effect at 5 P. M. March 25—Engineer of steamer M. Hart, Engine 203, to Brooklyn Headquarters Building, as night watchman while on sick report.

Temporary Detail, to take effect at 5 P. M. March 25—Fireman (first grade) T. Collins, Engine 219, to Brooklyn Headquarters, as night watchman while on sick report.

Special Leaves of Absence Without Pay—Firemen (first grade) H. Walsh, H. and L. 14, 12 hours from 8 A. M. March 27; H. Miller, (No. 2,) Engine 13, 12 hours from 8 P. M. March 29; W. H. Schneider, H. and L. 118, 36 hours from 8 A. M. [illegible]

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education yesterday disapproved Assembly Bill 1,772, entitled, "An Act to Amend the Education Law in Relation to Public School Dispensaries in Cities of the First Class"; Assembly Bill 1,773, entitled, "An Act to Amend the Education Law in Relation to School Kitchens and Dining Rooms in Cities of the First Class"; Assembly Bill 1,240, entitled, "An Act to Amend the Greater New York Charter in Relation to the Disposal of Discarded Books by the Board of Education," and Senate Bill 1,334, entitled, "An Act to Amend the Education Law Relative to Free Textbooks and Other School Supplies."

The following appointments in the Evening Recreation Centres were made yesterday:

Assistant Teachers of Physical Training—Marguerite Daly, Mary G. Scheidt, and Genevieve A. O'Connell.

Teachers of Singing—Sadie M. Brogan, Alice E. Baxter, and Elsie Georgi.

The Board of Education yesterday decided to close the evening elementary schools on April 3. In connection therewith Associate City Superintendent Edson reported as follows:

The full season for evening elementary schools covers a period of ninety nights, through parts of two calendar years. It was necessary during 1912 to close the evening elementary schools one week earlier than usual on account of a lack of funds. If we continue, therefore, for the full season of ninety nights we should have to burden the year of 1913, not only with its full quota of nights for the calendar, but also with four extra nights to make up the loss in 1912. In my opinion, it would be unwise, under the present financial condition, to overload the account of the present year in this way. I believe that the schools should be open for the full number of nights for the calendar year, but that we should not endeavor to make up the deficit of the preceding year. If the four nights which were lost in 1912 are deducted from the total of ninety, we should close the schools on Monday, April 7. Since it would undoubtedly be a waste of money to open them for one night only in a new week, I respectfully recommend that the evening elementary schools be closed on Thursday, April 3.

The charges preferred against Charles T. Pickett, Principal of the Vacational School for Boys, were dismissed by the Board of Education yesterday.

Permission has been granted to Conrad Saphier, a teacher in the Bay Ridge High School, to award a gold medal each term to the student in that school showing the greatest proficiency in declamation.

The vacancy in the Executive Committee of the Board of Education caused by the resignation of Congressman Herman A. Metz was filled yesterday by the election of Francis P. Cunnion.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Boards of Officers are appointed to meet April 7 at places designated to conduct examination of applicants for appointment as acting dental surgeons: West Point, N. Y.—Lieut. Col. F. R. Keefer, Medical Corps; First Lieuts. S. D. Boak and A. Carpenter, dental surgeons. Columbus Barracks, Ohio—Lieut. Col. C. Willcox, Medical Corps; First Lieuts. E. P. Tignor and G. I. Gunckel, dental surgeons; Lieut. Tignor to Columbus Barracks for duty as member of board, thence to Fort Myer, Va. Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Capt. G. V. Rukke, Medical Corps; First Lieuts. C. E. Lauderdale and J. A. McAlister, Jr., dental surgeons; Lieut. Lauderdale to Jefferson Baracks for duty as member of board, thence to Fort Sheridan, Ill. Fort Logan, Col.—Capt. G. F. Juenemann, Medical Corps; First Lieuts. J. H. Hess and J. R. Bernheim, dental surgeons; Lieut. Hess to Fort Logan for duty as member of board, thence to Fort Douglas, Utah. Fort McDowell, Cal.—Lieut. Col. C. C. McCulloch, Jr., Medical Corps; First Lieuts. F. H. Wolven and W. H. Chambers, dental surgeons; Lieut. Chambers to Fort McDowell for duty as member of board, thence to Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco.

Capt. E. H. Yule, Second Field Artillery, detailed as Inspector-Instructor, organized militia; to Oakland, Cal., and report by letter to Chief, Division of Militia Affairs, for instructions.

The name of Capt. E. H. Yule, Second Field Artillery, placed on list of detached officers and the name of Capt. J. F. Barnes, Field Artillery, removed therefrom April 25 and assigned to Second Field Artillery. He is relieved from duty with organized militia, and will join Second Field Artillery at Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps relieved from assignment to companies specified and placed on unassigned list and detailed to army transport service and proceed to Galveston, Texas, and report to Depot Quartermaster in charge of army transport service for duty—First Lieut. E. E. Bennett, 162d Company; First Lieut. W. N. Porter, 144th Company; First Lieut. W. W. Hicks, 165th Company.

Orders Feb. 20 amended as follows: First Lieut. E. J. Cullen, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from duty on staff of commanding officer, Coast Artillery Sub-District of Mobile, and detailed to army transport service, to Galveston, Texas, and report to Depot Quartermaster in charge of the army transport service for duty.

Promotions in the Field Artillery Arm—L. G. Berry, from Lieutenant Colonel, Fourth Field Artillery, to Colonel, Fourth Field Artillery; W. Lassiter, Major, Field Artillery, unassigned, to Lieutenant Colonel, Fourth Field Artillery; M. McCloskey, from Captain, Third Field Artillery, to Major, Third Field Artillery.

Col. A. P. Blocksom, Cavalry, assigned to Third Cavary.

Capt. F. T. McNarney, Second Cavalry, transferred to Sixth Cavalry.

Second Lieut. C. A. W. Dawson, Coast Artillery Corps, assigned to One Hundred and Forty-eighth Company, Fort Ward, Washington, temporary duty for five days, thence to Fort Baker, Cal.

Major M. H. Barnum, First Cavalry, is relieved from assignment to that regiment.

Major W. T. Littebrant, Ninth Cavalry, transferred to First Cavalry, to Presidio of San Francisco and report to commanding General Western Department for duty.

Promotions in the cavalry arm: L. J. Fleming, from Captain, Sixth Cavalry, to Major, Fifth Cavalry; W. E. W. MacKinley, from First Lieutenant, Eleventh Cavalry, to Captain, Eleventh Cavalry; V. R. Bell, from Second Lieutenant, First Cavalry, to First Lieutenant, First Cavalry.

Major J. A. Ryan, Fifth Cavalry, is relieved from assignment to that regiment and placed on unassigned list.

Leaves: Capt. W. H. Jordan, Jr., Quartermaster Corps, four months; First Lieutenant W. T. Wyman, Fifth Infantry, three months; Major W. O. Clark, U. S. A., retired, one month.

The Navy.

Commander E. T. Pollock, detached command the Kearsarge, to Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C.

Lieut. E. A. Brooks, detached receiving ship at Mare Island April 7, to the Jupiter.

Chief Machinist J. H. Busch, detached the Wisconsin, home and wait orders.

Chief Machinist T. O'Donnell, detached navy yard, Philadelphia, April 21, to the California.

Chief Machinist M. J. Clancy, detached the Louisiana, home and wait orders.

Chief Machinist H. I. Edwards, detached South Carolina, home and wait orders.

Machinist G. F. Blass, detached the Salem, to the Louisiana.

Machinist A. Logan, detached the Salem, to the Wisconsin.

Machinist E. W. Doble, detached the California, home and wait orders.

Machinist G. C. Lacock, detached receiving ship at New York, to the Rhode Island.

Machinist S. Kozlow, detached receiving ship at Norfolk, Va., to the South Carolina.

Marine Corps.

Lieut. Col. B. H. Fuller to advance base school, Philadelphia.

Capt. B. W. Sibley, orders Jan. 14 modified, to marine barracks, Mare Island.

Second Lieut. R. E. Brumbaugh, to marine barracks, New York, on arrival in United States.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Terry at Guacanayabo Bay; Castine, Tonopah, D-1, D-2, D-3, and E-1 at Charleston; Osceola at Guantanamo; San Francisco, Ontario, Sonoma, Patuxent, and Patapsco at Lynn Haven Bay, and Bailey at Norfolk.

Sailed—Mayflower and Dolphin from Key West for Charleston; Nebraska from Vera Cruz for Tampico, and Cyclops from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:54|Sun sets..6:18|Moon rises..—

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:21	11:42	5:14	5:21
Governors Island	11:50	12:00	5:57	6:07
Hell Gate	1:40	1:50	7:37	7:47

Arrived—Wednesday, March 26.

SS Kronp. Cecilie, Cherbourg, March 19.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam, March 15.
SS Minnetonka, Southampton, March 15.
SS Adriatic, Madeira, March 19.
SS Clyde, Kingston, March 21.
SS Tivives, Port Limon, March 17.
SS Havana, Havana, March 22.
SS Vizcaina, Nuevitas, March 18.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, March 25.
SS Moltke, St. Thomas, March 21.
SS Exeter City, Swansea, March 6.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, March 23.
SS Maracas, Port of Spain, March 18.
SS Prinz Sigismund, Kingston, March 21.
SS El Cid, Galveston, March 20.
SS Concho, Galveston, March 19.
SS Lassell, Brunswick, March 22.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, March 25.
SS Carolyn, Ponce, March 15.
SS Brandenburg, Bremen, March 11.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

New York	Southampton	Mar.	19
Princess Laetitie	Palermo	Mar.	4
Singapore	Calais	Mar.	6
Norfolk Range	Huelva	Mar.	7
Cevic	Liverpool	Mar.	13
Lord Antrim	Cardiff	Mar.	7
Invertay	Cardiff	Mar.	8
Finland	Antwerp	Mar.	15
Celtic King	Dunkirk	Mar.	9
Lord Dufferin	Narvik	Mar.	9
Olinda	Nuevitas	Mar.	22
C. F. Tietgen	Christiansand	Mar.	15
Zacapa	Kingston	Mar.	22
Erodiade	Palermo	Mar.	6
Manhattan	Antwerp	Mar.	12
Lovat	Algiers	Mar.	9
Creole	New Orleans	Mar.	22
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Mar.	24

DUE TO-MORROW.

Mauretania	Liverpool	Mar.	22
Esperanza	Havana	Mar.	25
Francisco	Hull	Mar.	12
Indore	Hamburg	Mar.	14
Jose	Cardiff	Mar.	15
Ultonia	Gibraltar	Mar.	17
El Rio	Galveston	Mar.	22
Maracaibo	Mayaguez	Mar.	22
City of Savannah	Savannah	Mar.	25

DUE SATURDAY.

Celtic	Liverpool	Mar.	20
St. Paul	Southampton	Mar.	22
African Prince	Shields	Mar.	17
Floride	Havre	Mar.	15
Hamburg	Palermo	Mar.	17
Helios	Shields	Mar.	15
Iroquois	London	Mar.	15
Kabinga	Gibraltar	Mar.	16
Kursk	Libau	Mar.	17
Wildenfels	Gibraltar	Mar.	18
Prometheus	Rotterdam	Mar.	15
Colorado	Key West	Mar.	25
Apache	Jacksonville	Mar.	26
Borinquen	San Juan	Mar.	23
P. R. Hendrik	St. Marc	Mar.	24
Tocantins	Santos	Feb.	21

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
K. A. Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Scottish Prince, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
P. d'Piemonte, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	—	2:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Napo, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
New York, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Seminole, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Berlin, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Verona, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London	—	9:00 A.M.
Calabria, Naples	—	2:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	—	2:00 P.M.
Clyde, Jamaica	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Mundo, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Mobile	—	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Bayanom, San Juan	—	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 26.

SS Finland, Antwerp to New York, was 237 miles E. at 9 A. M.; due 27th, 8:30 A. M. Red Star Line.

SS New York, Southampton to New York, was 740 miles E. at 5 A. M.; due 28th, 8 A. M. American Line.

SS Neckar, Bremen to New York, was 726 miles E. at 5 A. M.; due 28th, 10 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,855 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 28th, 10 A. M. Cunard Line.

SS Celtic, Liverpool to New York, was 1,184 miles E. at 6:15 P. M.; due 29th, 9 A. M. White Star Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Provence, New York to Havre, was 200 miles S. W. at 11:18 A. M.; due Havre 27th, 10 A. M. French Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 191 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Rayo, New Orleans to New York, was 100 miles S. E. of South Pass at 7 A. M.

SS Eocene, New Orleans to New York, was 45 miles S. of St. John's Bar at 7 A. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Campania, at Liverpool, March 26.
SS America, at Genoa, March 21.
SS Kroonland, at Antwerp, March 25.
SS Drumcliffe, at Buenos Aires, March 20.
SS Trifels, at Batavia, March 23.
SS Pagenturm, at Bombay, March 24.
SS Aristea, at Lisbon, March 25.
SS Grantor, at Newport, March 25.
SS Kasenga, at Hongkong, March 26.
SS Suruga, at Manila, March 26.
SS Indramayo, at Suez, March 26.
SS Narragansett, at London, March 26.
SS Trignac, at Cardiff, March 26.
SS Portuguese Prince, at Bajia, March 26.
SS Welsh Prince, at Kobe, March 24.
SS Indrani, at Kobe, March 25.
SS Minnehaha, at London, March 26.
SS Wien, at Buenos Aires, March 26.
SS Craster Hall, at Talcahuano, March 26.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, March 26.
SS Trent, from Southampton, March 26.
SS Burgermeister Petersen, from Danzig, March 23.
SS Inverclyde, from Moji, March 23.
SS Fangturm, from Malta, March 24.
SS Saxoleine, from Bordeaux, March 24.
SS Pannonia, from Patras, March 25.
SS River Clyde, from Santos, March 24.
SS American, from Antwerp, March 24.
SS Denis, from Para, March 23.

Passed.

SS Rotterdam, (tank,) New York for Amsterdam, passed Lizard.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Chicago Maru	Mar.	27
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Mar.	31
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	Mar.	27
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka	Mar.	28
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	April	8
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—China	Mar.	31
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru	April	3
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	April	4
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.)—Marama	April	11
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	April	11

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, March 10, and Yokohama, March 11—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Minnesota, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. March 24. Due in New York on the morning of Saturday, March 29.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Feb. 25; Manila, Feb. 28; Yokohama, March 8, and Honolulu, March 18—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. March 24. Due in New York on the morning of Saturday, March 29.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
Germany.

FIRST CLASS — Berlin — Rooms from $1 up. — Elite — Hot, cold running water every room. — Hôtel — UP-TO-DATE
Booklet free from
SIBSON'S TOURIST CO.,
93-99 Nassau Street.

Bad Nauheim—Villa Tielemann
in Kurhaus Park
Lift, apt. with bath, warm water heating. Beautiful garden.
Open April 1st to November 1st.

BERLIN.
Hotel "Der Königshof"
9-11 Neue Wilhelmstr., 9-11,
Corner of "Unter den Linden."
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Hanover, Germany
Most desirable residence city in all Germany.
HOTEL ROYAL
Old established, thoroughly first-class hotel, in centre of town.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE WORLD-FAMOUS
Hotel Bristol, Berlin
FROM ALL RAYMOND & WHITCOMB OFFICES.

STEAMBOATS.

PEOPLE'S LINE — CITIZENS' LINE
TO ALBANY AND TROY
SINGLE FARE, $1.50
ROUND TRIP, $2.50
(Limited 10 days)
Steamers leave Pier 32, N. R. (Foot of Canal St.) daily at 6 P. M.
Excellent Cuisine and Music.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, N. R. Phone Spring 9400

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Wireless telegraph keeps you in touch with home and office—
Aboard a Fall River Line steamer to Boston.
Lve. New York Pier 14, N. R., ft. of Fulton St., 5:00 P. M. Arrive Boston 7:10 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $3
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way. Phone 5131 Cort.

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
The only independent line operating between New York and New England.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Berths free.
All Outside Rooms—Finest Service
Uptown Office: Broadway & 23d St.
'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburg-Poughkeepsie and Kingston and intermediate landings.
Pier 24, N. R., Tel. 405 Franklin.

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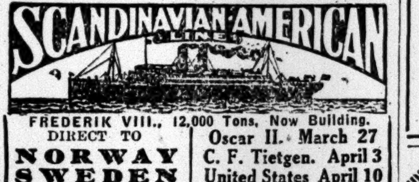
CALIFORNIA
All Expense Independent and Conducted Tours, visiting Grand Canyon, Big Trees, Colorado Rockies, $202.00 and upward.
Also other Tours to all prominent resorts.
Send for Itineraries and descriptive matter.
FRANK TOURIST COMPANY
396 Broadway. Franklin 4530.

EUROPE, 1913 Tours Under Escort, $170 upward. All expenses.
MARSTERS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. C.

STEAMSHIPS.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
Russian Imperial Mail Steamers
ROTTERDAM—PARIS—LONDON—BERLIN
First Cabin
$65. up TO ROTTERDAM
$75. up TO LIBAU
Second Cabin
$45. to Rotterdam
$50. to Libau
ST. PETERSBURG. MOSCOW Etc.
BIRMA......APRIL 2
RUSSIA......APRIL 5
CZAR........APRIL 19
KURSK.......MAY 3
RUSSIA......MAY 17
CZAR........MAY 31
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G.P.A.
27 Broadway, N. Y.



SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE
FREDERIK VIII., 12,000 Tons, Now Building.
DIRECT TO NORWAY SWEDEN DENMARK
Oscar II. March 27
C. F. Tietgen. April 3
United States April 10
Hellig Olav. Apr. 24
First Class $77.50 up Second Class $62.50
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 1 Broadway, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia...Mar. 29, 2 PM|California.Apr. 12, 11 AM
Cameronia..April 5, 9 AM|Caledonia...Apr. 19, 8 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing List for 1913 now ready.
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RIO DE JANEIRO
THE CITY BEAUTIFUL
BAHIA, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES and ROSARIO.
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BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents,
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*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.
*Verona..Mar. 29, 11 AM *America..Apr. 19, 11 AM
†Stampalia.Apr. 5, 11 AM †Europa..Apr. 26, 11 AM
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
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24 Rue Boccador,
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Best location in Paris.
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Renowned cuisine.
Telegraphic address, Langham, Paris.

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PALLANZA,
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Facing Lake. Beautiful park. Open all the year.

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FITTED WITH
DOUBLE SIDES
AND ADDITIONAL
WATERTIGHT BULKHEADS
EXTENDING FROM THE
BOTTOM to the TOP
OF THE VESSEL
Will Sail from New York
April 12—May 3
and Regularly Thereafter

American Pier 62, N. R.
N.Y.-Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York..Mar. 29, 9:30; April 25, May 23
St. Paul....Apr. 4, 10 A. M.; May 2, May 30
Philadelphia.Apr. 11, 10 A. M.; May 9, Je. 6
St. Louis, May 16, 10 a m—June 13, July 11

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R.
Minnetonka.Mar. 29, 11 A. M.; Apr. 26, Je. 7
Minnehaha.Apr. 12, 10:30 A. M., May 24, Je. 21
Minneapolis.Apr. 19, 9 A. M.; May 17, Je. 14
Minnewaska, May 3, 8:30 a m; May 31, June 28

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland.........March 29, April 26, May 24
Lapland.........April 5, May 3, May 31
Kroonland.......April 12, May 10, June 7
Zeeland.........April 19, May 17, June 14

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*New York.Mar. 29, 9:30 A. M.
Oceanic....Apr. 5, noon; April 26, May 17
Olympic....Apr. 12, 10 A. M.; May 3, May 24
Majestic, Apr. 19, Noon...May 10, May 31
*American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Adriatic.....Mar. 29, noon; April 24, May 22
Celtic.......Apr. 3, noon; May 1, May 29
Laurentic.Apr. 10, noon | Baltic.Apr. 17, noon
Cedric.......Apr. 12, noon; May 8, June 5
Cruises, Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.
Cretic...Apr. 5, 10 A. M., May 17, June 28
Canopic...Apr. 26, 3 P. M., June 12, July 19
BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
One Class Cabin (II.) Steamers.
CYMRIC.........April 22, May 20, June 17
ARABIC..May 7, 11 A. M.; June 3, July 1
CANADIAN SERVICE
Sailings Every Saturday from Montreal & Quebec
BY THE LARGEST CANADIAN LINERS including the
LAURENTIC TEUTONIC
MEGANTIC CANADA
Send for folders of the Short Land-Locked St. Lawrence Route to Europe.
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via Bermuda and St. Michaels (Azores) at $75 Single bedrooms at this rate.
The Balmy Southern Route. Safest and most comfortable. "Arcadian" also leaves England every two weeks, commencing 30th May, for
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The Land of the Midnight Sun Book Now
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Tickets interchangeable with Q. S. S. Co. Sailings every Tuesday by "Orotava" and every Saturday by
"ARCADIAN"
the largest and finest vessel in the trade. 9,000 tons Reg. BEDS throughout, not berths. Swimming Pool, Gymnasium and many other features.
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The ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 23 State St., N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 Broadway and 264 & 553 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
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Special Spring Cruise by the Hamburg-American Liner Prinz Eitel Friedrich to the Panama Canal—visiting Cuba, Jamaica, Costa Rica—25 Days—Cost covers every expense both on board and ashore. Sailing May 10.
Also Tours to California—Europe—South America.
State Booklet desired.
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Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday, stopping both ways at Jamaica.
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S. S. "BERMUDIAN." (The ship used by President Wilson.) Sails every Wednesday 10 A. M. Twin screw. 10,518 tons displacement. Submarine signals; wireless; orchestra. Record trip 39 hours 20 minutes. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer.
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STEAMER LEAVES Santiago—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
STEAMER LEAVES Kingston—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
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(22,500 Tons)
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MEDITERRANEAN
S. S. HAMBURG
(11,000 Tons)
April 5, 9 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†PATRICIA..........April 3, 8 A. M. | CINCINNATI.........April 24, 11 A. M.
PRES. GRANT.......April 10, 11 A. M. | †PENNSYLANIA.......April 26, 12 noon
AMERIKA...........April 12, 10 A. M. | KAISERIN AUG. VIC...April 30, 2 P. M.
†PRETORIA..........April 17, 3 P. M. | PRES. LINCOLN........May 3, 3 P. M.
†Hamburg direct, 2nd cabin only.
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S. S. CLEVELAND..June 24 | S. S. CLEVELAND..July 29
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S. S. HAMBURG.........April 5, 9 A. M. | *S. S. HAMBURG.......May 20, 9 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.......April 19, 8:30 A. M. | *S. S. MOLTKE........June 3, 8:30 A. M.
*Omit call at Madeira and Algiers.
S. S. IMPERATOR WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP Will make her first trip from HAMBURG, MAY 24, arriving here MAY 31. Books now open for season starting JUNE 7, 11 A. M. The IMPERATOR will continue in regular service between NEW YORK and HAMBURG via Plymouth and Cherbourg.
CRUISES TO THE LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN
Scotland, Orkney and Faroe Islands, Iceland, Spitzbergen, North Cape, Norway.
FROM HAMBURG during June, July, and August.
S.S. VICTORIA LUISE, S.S. BISMARCK, and S.S. METEOR, 13 to 24 days, $56.25 up.
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LARGEST STEAMER CRUISING IN THE CARIBBEAN
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WITH its matchless fleet, maintains Tuesday and Thursday sailings to London, Paris and Bremen, from whence direct connections are made to all parts of Continental Europe. There are Saturday sailings to the Mediterranean; regular services to Egypt, India, China, Japan, the Philippines and Australia; a splendid line of Steamers to South America via Europe and one class (II) Cabin services for Baltimore-Bremen and Galveston-Bremen direct.
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LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
The Fastest Steamers in the World
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CARMANIA..........MAR. 29, 10 A. M. | CARMANIA..........MAY 10, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA..APRIL 2, 1 A. M. | CAMPANIA..........MAY 14, 1 A. M.
FRANCONIA.........APRIL 12, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA..MAY 21, 1 A. M.
CAMPANIA..........APRIL 16, 1 A. M. | CARONIA...........MAY 31, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA.APRIL 23, 1 A. M. | CARMANIA..........JUNE 7, 10 A. M.
CARONIA...........MAY 3, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA...JUNE 11, 1 A. M.
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MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
IVERNIA APR. 5 CARPATHIA MAY 10 SAXONIA JUNE 12
SAXONIA APRIL 26 IVERNIA MAY 24 PANNONIA JUNE 24
Special Spring Sailing Ivernia . . April 5
BOSTON - QUEENSTOWN - FISHGUARD - LIVERPOOL
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LACONIA May 27, 3 P.M. LACONIA June 24, 1:30 P.M. LACONIA July 22, noon
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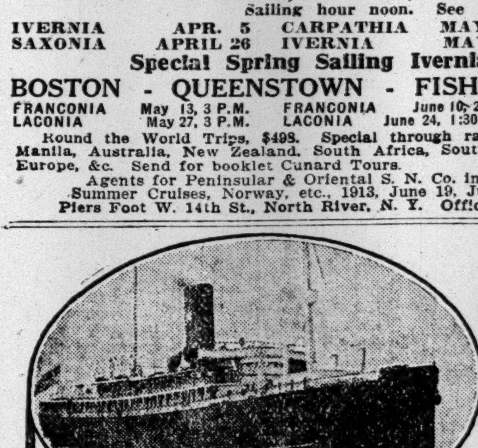

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Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
†New Amst'd'm....Apr. 1 | *Ryndam.........Apr. 15
*Noordam.........Apr. 8 | †Rotterdam.......April 22
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.
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New York to Rotterdam
ONE CLASS CABIN, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
S. S. VOLTURNO..........MARCH 27
S. S. CAMPANELLO..........APRIL 15
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FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Departures Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
‡France (new)....Mar. 27 | ‡France (new)....April 17
*La Touraine......April 3 | *La Provence.....April 24
*La Lorraine......April 10 | *La Touraine.......May 1
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
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Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Fifty-eighth Street Purchase Near Madison Avenue for Apartment — West Side Transactions — Many Large Business Leases—Brooklyn Activity — Acreage Suburban Deals.

A deal in the Madison Avenue section just below Fifty-ninth Street, which will result in an important building operation, has been closed by Bing & Bing, who have purchased the three old dwellings at 46, 48, and 50 East Fifty-eighth Street, located 150 feet east of Madison Avenue. The houses cover a plot of 74.6 feet front by 100.5 feet. They were purchased from Henry P. Goldschmidt. The buyers are having plans prepared to erect on the site a twelve-story apartment hotel. Opposite are the Antoinette apartments.

Bing & Bing are now finishing a seventeen-story apartment on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street, and with Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum they were the buyers of the larger part of the old Child's Hospital property on the east side of Lexington Avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, when sold at auction recently by Bryan L. Kennelly, and a big part of which has just been sold to Oscar Hammerstein for his new opera house.

52d Street Lease for Art Building.

A new commercial structure in the upper Fifth Avenue district is about to be erected on the plot at 3 East Fifty-second Street, by J. Bovard McBride, an interior decorator and art dealer now at 4 West Fortieth Street. The plot is 25 by 100.5 and has been leased from Delia Abbott Miller for a period of twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of about $200,000. The deal was closed by Pease & Elliman. Mr. McBride's new building will be six stories in height, and is to be ready for occupancy by Oct. 1.

Two More Dwellings for Business.

George O. Winston has sold to a client of Morris S. Hart, 57 West Forty-sixth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 22 by 100.5 feet. Edgar A. Manning negotiated the transaction. The same broker also recently sold to a client of Mr. Hart's for Joseph Keen the four-story dwelling 48 West Forty-sixth Street, on a lot 20.9 by 100 feet.

It is the intention of the purchaser of 48 to alter the property for business purposes at an early date, and similar plans are under consideration for 57.

Three 82d Street Houses Sold.

The Crest Holding Company has purchased the three four-story dwellings at 132, 134, and 136 West Eighty-second Street, the sellers being William D. Tenison, Grace Cargerad, and Richard Lewis, respectively. The combined plot is 55 by 102.2, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues, and it will probably be improved with an apartment house.

Pioneer Heights Flat Resold.

Another resale of the four-story flat at 3,924 Broadway was reported yesterday by James E. Barry & Co. The structure, which occupies a plot 25 by 100.5 between 164th and 165th Streets, was one of the first flat houses in that section of Washington Heights. Now it is hemmed in by eight and ten story apartment houses.

It was sold by Anthony Koelble, who acquired it about two months ago, to Gustavus A. Rogers. In part payment the buyer gave a plot 120.6 by 85.4 by irregular at the northwest corner of Rochambeau Avenue and Gun Hill Road in the Bronx. This is the third transfer of the flat during the past twelve months.

Deal on Cathedral Heights.

An out-of-town investor has purchased from the builders, Mulliken & Moeller, the eight-story apartment house 530 West 113th Street. The structure, which was built about two years ago, occupies a plot 50 by 91 by 55 by irregular. Thomas J. O'Reilly, in conjunction with Charles Campbell, negotiated the transaction.

Tenement Property Sales.

The five-story brick tenement at 239 East 120th Street, on a lot 25 by 100, has been sold by Luicci Conrose to an investor. The price is said to be about $20,000.

N. A. Berwin & Co. have sold for Dr. Francis L. Tooley to a client for investment 156 East Seventy-ninth Street, a four-story single flat on a lot 20 by 102.2.

Ezra Max has sold to the Rocksand Realty Company 202 and 204 Brook Avenue, a six-story apartment, with stores, on a plot 40 by 100 feet. In part payment the buyers gave the five-story apartment house located on the northeast corner of Avenue A and Fifty-fifth Street and known as 1,014 Avenue A and 501 East Fifty-fifth Street, on a lot 25 by 80 feet. The deal involves about $100,000.

Dr. F. N. Whitborn sold 306 and 308 East 118th Street, a five-story flat, on a plot 41 by 100, and the five-story flat at 119 West 131st Street, on a lot 19 by 100. The buyer, Charles Pratzer, gave in exchange 934 Longwood Avenue, a six-story new-law house, on a plot 53 by 100. The transaction involved about $175,000. Alexander Selkin was the broker.

Recent Buyers.

The Intercity Land and Securities Company is the buyer of the Rockville apartment house, at northeast corner of Audubon Avenue and 177th Street, sold by the Brown-Weiss Realties.

Bronx Borough.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for the Melrose Building Company a plot 50 by 80 on the west side of Perry Avenue, 255 feet north of 200th Street, or Bedford Park Boulevard, to a builder.

Edward Polak has sold for a client to Rudolf Hall a plot 50 by 100 on the Waring estate, situated on the north side of Gifford Avenue, 155 feet east of Balcom Avenue, on which the purchaser will erect two two-family houses.

Brooklyn.

The Desmond Dunne Realty Company has purchased for investment the block front on Fourth Avenue from Eighty-fifth to Eighty-sixth Street. The property is located in a section of Fourth Avenue which is likely to build up rapidly when the new Fourth Avenue Subway is in operation. It is at the turning point of the new line.

The block has a frontage of 200 feet on Fourth Avenue and 100 feet on each of the streets. It is reported that the block will be improved with business buildings.

Louise S. Loud has sold to M. Werner the three-story dwelling, 835 President Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues.

William D. Breaker has purchased for occupancy, from Louis Bossert, 570 First Street, a four-story and basement whitestone dwelling. Charles E. Rickerson was the broker.

Suburban.

The Foody estate has sold to Dr. Francis J. Quinlan seven acres at Amawalk, which increases the buyer's holdings to about 290 acres, situated between Katonah and Yorktown on the State Road.

A syndicate composed of members of the Siwanoy Country Club of Westchester County, has secured an option on 100 acres of the Fairview Park development on the White Plains Road, between Tuckahoe and Bronxville, on which to build a new clubhouse and an eighteen-hole golf course.

The farm of Ferdinand Cramer at Round Hill, Greenwich, Conn., has just been sold by De Vito & Nicholson. Like many other fine tracts around Greenwich, this property has a commanding view. The buyers will use it for a poultry and fruit farm.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

OUR OWN MONEY
$20,000 FOR SECOND MORTGAGES.
Herbert H. Herrman Co.
76 WILLIAM ST.

WE REPRESENT CLIENTS HAVING ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY FOR 1ST MORTGAGES
HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES AT PREVAILING RATES.
F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.
MAIN OFFICE, COR. BROADWAY & 80TH ST.
BRANCH, 20 LIBERTY ST.

4½ and 5%
MORTGAGE MONEY
H·H·HAZELTON & C·R·LEVY
35 LIBERTY ST

Broadway and Dey Street Lease Sold.

The Broadway and Dey Street Company, a subsidiary to the City Investing Company, has disposed of its interest in the building on the southwest corner of Broadway and Dey Street.

This building was sold over a year ago to the Oceanic Investing Company, representing English capital, the Broadway and Dey Street Company taking back a lease on a net rental basis. It is reported that the present buyer of the Broadway and Dey Street Company stock is acting for the owners of the fee, so that, in effect, the transaction amounts to a cancellation of the lease.

Leases.

Duff & Brown Company have leased for John A. Prigge to the McDermott Dairy Company the store 1,667 Amsterdam Avenue for a term of years.

Worthington Whitehouse leased for the Goelet Realty Company the store and basement 14 East Forty-seventh Street for a term of years to Walter J. Brennan & Co.; also store 25 East Forty-eighth Street for Halsey & Flint to Mme. Adrienne.

Wilber C. Goodale has leased for the Nugent estate the building 353 Seventh Avenue to Chagnon & Co., importers of French publications, who will remodel and occupy the premises.

N. Brigham Hall and William D. Bloodgood have leased the store and basement at 139 and 141 Madison Avenue at an aggregate rental of about $100,000 to the Will & Baumer Company of Syracuse, makers of candles and lamp shades, and having a New York branch at 18 Murray Street. George Rosenfeld of M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company represented the Thirty-first Madison Company as owners.

Samuel H. Martin has leased the store and basement at the southeast corner of Columbus Avenue and Ninety-seventh Street to the Louis Joseph packing house.

N. Y. C. R. R Buys More Water Front.

The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad has increased its holdings on the west side by taking title to two more blocks along the Hudson River water front.

The blocks lie to the west from Twelfth Avenue, between 138th and 139th Streets and between 152d and 153d Streets, and will be used in connection with the riverfront improvements the railroad is planning to make.

The railroad also acquired title through its holding company, the New York State Realty Company, to the property 319 and 321 West Sixty-fourth Street for $26,000 from Charles A. Doscher and Robert G. Perry as Trustees.

Five-Foot Broadway Building.

One of the small slivers of Broadway real estate, being the narrow plot on the southeast corner of Broadway and Worth Street, is about to be improved by a new building by the owner, Henry W. Hayden. Charles I. Berg, the architect, has prepared plans for a two-story building to contain three stores and two offices. The plot has a frontage of 5.3 feet, with a similar rear line, and a depth of 100 feet on Worth Street. A two-story brick structure now stands there, and the store has always been well rented. James N. Jarvie owns the adjoining property, including 332 Broadway, next to the Worth Street corner, which he acquired a short time ago from the Dolan estate, and adjoining this is the old Tefft-Weller Building, bought by Mr. Jarvie over a year ago, and which has been entirely rebuilt and leased on a long term to the Tower Manufacturing Company.

Westchester County in Travel Show.

Westchester County is well represented in the Travel and Vacation Show in Grand Central Palace. Its exhibit was prepared under the auspices of the Westchester County Chamber of Commerce. This is the first comprehensive effort that has been made on the part of Westchester interests to direct attention to the county, and, judging by the number of visitors, a lively interest has been aroused, which will be fostered by a similar display in the Real Estate Show early in May.

Hearing on Cemetery Bill To-day.

Gov. Sulzer will hear arguments to-day at noon on the Maloney bill, which prohibits the establishment of any additional cemeteries, burying grounds, or mausoleums in Nassau County, L. I.

This bill has passed both houses of the Legislature. It is favored by many residents and property owners of Nassau. The immediate object of the bill is to prevent the erection of a mausoleum at Herricks, in North Hempstead township.

Realty Notes.

A regular meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association will be held at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street this evening.

The Brooklyn League has organized a committee to co-operate in the fight to have the proposed Brooklyn Bridge plaza chosen as the site for the new Court House, instead of the Court Street site, which has been approved by the Judges. The committee will meet this afternoon at the Art Association, 174 Montague Street.

Pease & Elliman have sublet for the estate of George W. Crossman the country place known as Windermere, at Cedarhurst, L. I., belonging to Samuel P. Hinckley, to Dr. James R. Hayden.

Bryan L. Kennelly was the auctioneer who sold at auction a few days ago the Child's Hospital property covering the Lexington Avenue block front on the east side between Fiftieth and Ffty-first Streets, and of which a fifty-foot frontage on the avenue and 220 feet on Fifty-first Street has been resold to Oscar Hammerstein for an opera house.

The Merchants Exchange of New Rochelle will hold its fifth annual banquet this evening in Germania Hall, New Rochelle. The speakers, over which Edward Carson, President of the exchange, will preside, will be President L. S. Miller of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway, Mayor James T. Lennon of Yonkers, Senator John F. Healy, Assemblyman V. M. Bovie, James Simpson of the New York Produce Exchange, Henry M. Floyd, Secretary of the local organization, Augustus Thomas, Supreme Court Judges Martin J. Keogh, and Isaac N. Mills, and County Judge William P. Platt.

Realty at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Lexington Av, 1,837 and 1,839, e s, 25.5 ft s of 114th St, 39.9x78, two four-story tenements with stores; trustee's sale; estate of George W. Ruland, deceased; bid in at $31,700.

32d St, 239 East, n s, 189.3 ft w of 2d Av, 17.10x98.9, three-story dwelling; executor's sale; estate of Alice Quinn, deceased; to John Miller, $12,400.

86th St, 124 and 126 East, s s, 67.3 ft w of Lexington Av, two five-story flats, each 25.7x102.2; voluntary sale; bid in at $89,500.

5th Av, 139, e s, 57.6 ft n of 20th St, 32.6x113x, irregular; leasehold; six-story loft and store building; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, I. C. May, $2,500.

1st Av, 1,109, w s, 25.5 ft s of 61st St, 25x91, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Caroline Dillenberg, $21,400.

By Joseph P. Day.

Stanton St, 319, s w corner of Goerck St, 50x75, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Madison Trust Co., $74,705.

111th St, 251 West, n s, 128 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the defendant, Louis Greenblatt, $45,000.

111th St, 249 West, n s, 164 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the defendant, Louis Greenblatt, $44,750.

35th St, 412 West, s s, 125 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9, four-story tenement and store, two-story from rear tenement; adjourned to April 9.

By Charles A. Berrian.

141st St, 105 West, n s, 160 ft w of Lenox Av, 100x99.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, New York Life Insurance Co., $115,000.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

125th St, 344 East, s s, 131.3 ft w of 1st Av, 18.9x100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, F. de P. Foster, $8,000.

By Henry Brady.

116th St, 350 East, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, adjourned to April 9.

By J. H. Mayers.

122d St, 329 East, n s, 275 ft w of 1st Av, 21x100, four-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. B. Stephens, $6,700.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

105th St, 155 East, n s, 77 ft e of Lexington Av, 18x100.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, I. T. Burden, Jr., $15,000.

By Samuel Marx.

14th St, 524 East, s s, 346 ft e of Avenue A, 25x103.6, four-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Josephine Chedsey, $16,806.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Morris Av, 1,010 and 1,012, e s, 75 ft n of 165th St, 35x82.6, two three-story dwellings; foreclosure, withdrawn.

Lorillard Place, 2,454, e s, 220.11 ft n of 188th St, 20.5x97.5, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, C. H. Herche, $4,500.

Heath Av, 2,886, e s, 341.4 ft s of 230th St, 20.2x100.6, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Mary Brady, $6,500.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Longfellow Av, e s, 250 ft s of 172d St, 250.7x187.1x irregular, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, W. R. Rose, $10,000.

222d St, East, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Av, 50x100; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, M. F. Ward, $2,800.

By Henry Brady.

Hoe Av, e s; West Farms Road, n w s; 167th St, s s, gore block, 228.1x271.11x148.8, vacant; foreclosure, adjourned to April 8.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

66th st, n s, 350 ft w of Amsterdam Av; for a five-story wagon storage house, 25x100; G. A. Brunns, 152 Amsterdam Av, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $30,000.

167th St, n w corner of Tiffany St, for two 5-story brick tenement, 40x89.5 and 35x87.34; Gifford Building Co., O. Peterson, Gifford Av, President, owners; H. T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect; cost, $100,000.

Fordham Road, n s, 126.77 ft e of Jerome Av, for a 2-story brick theatre, 25x170.8; H. U. Singhi, 121 West Kingsbridge Road, owner; J. C. Cocker, 2,017 5th Av, architect; cost, $50,000.

158th St, n s, from Jackson to Trinity Av, for a 5-story brick school, 200x91; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $250,000.

186th St, s w corner of Third Av, for an open air theatre, 76x175; John J. Lyons, 276 Lenox Av, owner; William Gray, 237 West 37th St, architect; cost, $1,000.

Boston Road, w s, 350 ft s of Jefferson Place, for an open air theatre, 79x200; John J. Lyons, 276 Lenox Av, owner; William Gray, 237 West 37th St, architect; cost, $3,000.

Van Nest R. R. Yard, 140 ft w Bear Swamp Road, for a 1-story frame platform, 100x21; New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co., New Haven, Conn., owners; H. E. Brink, 1,805 Clinton Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

Mt. Hope Av, s e corner of Tremont Av, for a three-story brick store and dwelling, 24.6x50; Clement H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av, owner; William H. Meyer, 1,861 Carter Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Fox St, northerly intersection of Simpson St, for a five-story brick tenement, 144.6x115.4; Meyer Solomon Realty Co., Meyer Solomon, 102 East 153d St, President, owners; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost, $75,000.

196th St, s w corner of Tinton Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 86.9x90; Amm Building Corporation, Ferdinand Cioffi, 1116 Intervale Av, President, owners; Lucian Pisciotta, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost, $65,000.

Gunther Av, w s, 200 ft e of Edenwald Av, for a rear two-story frame dwelling, 25x14; Louis Maifia, 335 East 112th St, owner; Lee Samenfeld, 741 McDonough St, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $800.

Gunther Av, 200 ft s of Edenwald Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x53; Louis Maifia, 335 East 112th St, owner; Lee Samenfeld, 741 McDonough St, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $5,300.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

27th St, 13 and 15 West, to a twelve-story office building and loft; Mathias Rock estate, 315 5th Av, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $5000.

76th St, n s 150 ft w of Park Av, to a six-story stable and garage; J. J. Ascher, premises, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ALBANY ST, 5, n e s, 20x74.5; Frederick Korz to Emily J. Sherwood, 256 West 97th St, 3-15 parts, B & S, March 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $4,000

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 177th St, 99.11x100; the Ems Realty Co to Rebecca Goldberg, 838 Hewitt Place, and Max Hoffman, 884 East 165th St, (mtg $150,000,) March 25; attorney, Edward A. Brown, 135 Broadway. Exchange

AVENUE A, 1,014, n e corner of 55th St, 25.5x79.8; Rocksand Realty Co. and others to Elsie Max, at Baldwin, L. I., mtg $15,000, March 20 ....$100

MADISON AV, 1,427-29, e s, 50x100; Irving S. Merrell to Franklin-Madison Realty Co., Syracuse, N. Y., (Merrell-Soule Bldg.,) Mar. 19; attorney, W. P. Anderson, 76 William St $1

MANHATTAN AV, 365, w s, 18x83.4xirreg; Reuben E. Fichthorn to Wilhelmine Walther, 42 W. 35th St, (mtg $6,000,) Mar. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

STANTON ST, 180, n s, 20x99.6; Julius Ritter and another to Max Kramer, 238 West 111th St, mtg $22,500, March 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $24,500

1ST AV, s e corner of 74th St, 49.6x113; William Sturtz and others to Elias Pilzer and others, 438 Stone Av, Brooklyn, 1-6 of ½ part, Feb. 28; attorney, M. Sulzberger, 38 Park Row $1

4TH ST, 74 East, s s, 25x93.1; Rack Realty Co. to Dora Eichler, 600 W. 183d St, (mtg $24,000,) Mar. 20; attorney, David Friedmann, 309 Broadway $1

4TH ST, 74 East, s s, 25x93.1; Dora Eichler to Herman Bauman, 79 E. 4th St, (mtg $24,000,) Mar. 25; attorney, David Friedmann, 309 Broadway $1

22D ST, 136 West, s s, 41.8x98.9; Lowell Realty Co to International Distributors Co, 204 Franklin St, (mtg $85,000,) all liens, March 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $100

24TH ST, s s, 106.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x98.9, (foreclosure Mar. 21;) William C. Arnold, referee, to Isabel H. Hadden, 74 Lexington Av, Jersey City, N. J., Mar. 25; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St $14,000

26TH ST, n s, 260 ft w of 10th Av, 40x98.9; Samuel Hyman to Harris H. Uris, 16 East 96th St, Jan. 11, (mtg $18,500;) address, 521 West 26th St $100

39TH ST, s s, 125.6 ft w of 7th Av, 20.6x98.9; Frank T. Randall to Amy N. Boardman, Trumansburg, N. Y., (mtg $25,000,) Mar. 24; attorneys, Reed & P., 280 Broadway $1

42D ST, s s, 533.4 ft w of 10th Av, 19.7x98.9; John M. Macdonald to Robert G. Macdonald, 1 Leroy Place, Red Bank, N. J., ½ part, all title, Nov. 12, 1907; attorneys, Phillips & Avery, 41 Park Row $100

53D ST, 125 East, n s, 20x100.5; David Levy, heir, &c., of Selig Hyams, to 118 East 54th Street Co, Inc, 68 William St, all title, satisfaction deed, March 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $1

64TH ST, 319 and 321 West, n s, 54.4x104.4x85x100.5; Charles A. Doscher, trustee of H. Raabe & Sons, bankrupts, to New York State Realty and Terminal Co., 452 Lexington Av, mtg $8,500, Dec. 3, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $26,000

SAME PROPERTY; Robert G. Perry, trustee in bankruptcy of Birch Realty Co., to New York State Realty and Terminal Co., 452 Lexington Av, mtg $8,500, March 25; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $26,000

78TH ST, n s, 291.8 ft w of Park Av, 16.8x102.2; Jeanette B. Coulter and others, heirs, &c., of Margaret Coulter, to Albert Rathbone, 130 East 65th St, March 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $45,000

78TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of Park Av, 16.8x102.2; Bernhard Beinecke to Albert Rathbone, 130 East 65th St, Feb. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $100

84TH ST, 61 East, n s, 25x102.2; Mary M. Meehan to Loyola School, a corporation, 65 E. 83d St, Mar. 26; attorney, Jos. H. Fargis, 37 Liberty St $100

95TH ST, s s, 448 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x100.8; Gustavus D. Dickinson to Charles E. Burden, 130 West 95th St, March 25, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

96TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 5th Av, 75x100.11; Isaac H. Clothier to Richard Trimble, Westbury, L. I., all liens, March 22; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $100

97TH ST, 132 West, s s, 17.6x100.11, (foreclosure March 17;) George B. Hayes, referee, to John Haydock, 2,171 Broadway, March 18; attorney, Thomas J. Farrell, 20 Vesey St $13,500

102D ST, 127 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Greystone Holding Co. to Harry B. Davis, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., March 12, (mtg $30,000;) address, 52 Broadway $100

107TH ST, 215 East, 25x100.11; Giovanni Grimaldi to Teresina Ferara, ½ part, April 3, 1909, (mtg $10,500;) attorneys, Menken Brothers, 87 Nassau St $100

118TH ST, 4 East, s s, 25x100.11, (foreclosure, March 19;) William Allen, referee, to Theresa Solomon, 1,186 Lexington Av, March 26; attorney, Isadore M. Levy, 320 Broadway $22,800

118TH ST, 306 and 308 East, s s, 40.9x100.10; Julia A. Whitehorne to Charles R. Protze, at West Brookville, N. Y., mtg $34,000, March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

131ST ST, 123 West, n s, 18x99.11; Noah C. Rogers, trustee of John L. Rogers, to William Brown and Rosa E. Harper, 39 West 133d St, March 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $11,000

133D ST, 119 West, n s, 19x99.11; Julia A. Whitehorne to Charles R. Protze, at West Brookville, N. Y., mtg $14,000, March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

137TH ST, n s, 119 ft w of 7th Av, 19x99.11; Ada A. Neumann to Germania Life Insurance Co., 50 Union Square, March 24; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row $13,000

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, n e corner of 173d St, 24.9x irregular; Cieri Construction Co. to George Kurzman, 608 Tinton Av, (mtg $32,500,) March 25; attorney, Jos. Kurzman, 63 Park Row $100

JACKSON AV, w s, 125 ft n of 156th St, 100x76.9; George Kurzman to Cieri Construction Co., 961 East 173d St, March 25, (mtg $18,000;) attorneys, Fraser & H., 277 Broadway $100

KATONAH AV, s w corner of 237th St, 100x85; Herman A. Newman to Morris Lowenstein, 767 5th Av, Feb. 21, (mtg $3,000) $100

LONGWOOD AV, 934, s s, 53x100; Chas. R. Protze to Julia A. Whitehorne, 22 West 122d St., (mtg $52,500,) March 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

MATILDA ST, w s, 477.6 ft n of Becker Av, 32.6x—x15.6x100; Martha M. Grimes to Martha Pafenbaum, 34 South 14th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $3,000,) March 22; attorney, Title guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

PARK AV, e s, 154.6 ft s of 138th St, 75.9x—; Olin J. Stephens to City of New York, B. & S., March 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $7,000

SUMMIT AV, w s, 689.3 ft w of Williamsbridge Road, 50x—; John M. Macdonald to Robert G. Macdonald, Red Bank, N. J.; attorneys, Phillips & A., 41 Park Row $100

TIMPSON PLACE, s s, 301.9 ft n of 149th St, 359.3x irregular; Oswald N. Cammann, Trustee, to Robert A. Chesebrough, Spring Lake, N. J., ½ of ½ part, (mtg $20,000,) March 21; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 B'way $500

WEBSTER AV, 3,552, w s, 18x74.3; Chas. L. Keil to Caroline Keil, 2,061 Ryer Av, (mtg $5,000,) March 25 ....$1

3D AV, s e corner of 175th St, 100.1x110; Crotona Corporation to Henry Fluegelman, 407 Central Park West, March 17; attorneys, Bevins & F., 299 Broadway $100

156TH ST, 937 East, 25x100; Broad Realty Co. to Rebecca Goldberg, 838 Hewitt Place, March 18, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, Edward M. Brown, 135 Broadway $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ALBANY ST, 5, n e s, 20x74.5; Christian Ott et al to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, March 20, 3 years 4½ p. c. $5,500

ESSEX ST, 71, w s, 23.11x75; Louis Pollock to Berenice L. Baumann, 5 Oak St, Borough of Queens, March 25, prior mtg $19,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Furman, L. & S., 55 Liberty St $3,000

SPRING ST, 270, s s, 25x100; Jennie I. Ryan to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, March 25, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $20,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Leon Wasserman, 38 Sherman St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $20,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., March 26; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St $2,000

3D AV, 25 and 27, e s, 40.1 to alley x74 to St. Mark's Place, No. 3, n s, 24x75.4; Maud B. Barclay to Sarah A. Brevoort, 7 West 83d St, prior mtg $65,000, March 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. L. Degnan, 149 Broadway $15,000

13TH ST, s s, 254 ft w of 1st Av, 46x103.3; Isaac Rubin to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, March 26, 5 years; attorney, Edward J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St $50,000

16TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 6th Av, 25x103.3; Anna E. Hicks to Langham Hotel Co., 238 West 103d St, March 20, due April 20, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. C. Mendelson, 80 Wall St $1,000

22D ST, 136-138 West, 41.8x98.9; International Distributors Corporation to Lowell Realty Co., 505 5th Av, March 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St $7,500

84TH ST, 158 East, 27x102.2; Isidor Blank and another to Katharina Faeth, Richmond Hill, N. Y., Feb. 26, prior mtg $25,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Neier, H. & Van Derveer, 80 Broadway $5,000

102D ST, 127 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Harry B. Davis to Ephraim Samuels, Mount Vernon, N. Y., March 25, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway $8,000

118TH ST, 4 East, 25x100.11; Theresa Solomon to Wilson M. Powell, 324 West 58th St, March 26, due Dec. 1, 1916; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St $20,000

131ST ST, 123 West, 18x99.11; William Brown and another to Noah C. Rogers, trustee, 19 East 56th St, March 26, 4 years; attorneys, Merrell & R., 100 Broadway $10,000

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,210, e s, 25x100; Josef Studnihka to Herman Koerbel, 771 Courtlandt Av, March 25, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,000

FREEMAN ST, s w corner of Vyse Av, 50x95; Martha Perua to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, March 25, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $48,000

GERARD AV, 846, e s, 27x80; Roundout Realty Co. to Christian Biersack, 280 East 201st St, (prior mtg $3,700,) March 25, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av $800

JACKSON AV, w s, 125 ft n of 156th St, 76.11x100; Cieri Construction Co. to George Kurzman, 608 Tinton Av, due Sept. 17, 1913, 6 p. c., March 25; attorney, Joseph Kurzman, 63 Park Row $1,000

PARK AV, 3,766, e s, 20x150; Hargton Building Co., Inc., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 25, due as per bond $5,000

UNION AV, s w corner of 158th St, 36.3x—; Sherman Co. to State Bank, 378 Grand St, Feb. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c. $24,000

WHEELER AV, e s, 190 ft n of Westchester Av, 40x100; Kellwood Realty Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, March 25, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $20,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

GRAND ST, 261, store; Bedford Theatrical Co. to Adolph Goldberger, 10 Delancey St or 261 Grand St, 5 years, from May 1, 1912 ....$1,750

LENOX AV, 450, s store and part of basement; Pauline Levy to Harry Pomruise, 1,507 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, 5 years, from Nov. 1, 1912; attorney, John A. Hardiman, 27 William St $840

LEXINGTON AV, 419, store; Eliza Toumey to Nelson P. Swanson and another, 3 years, from July 1, 1913; attorney, John M. Scoble, 55 Liberty St $1,500

LENOX AV, 508 and 510, s store; McKinley Realty and Construction Co. to Joseph Roth, 2,100 5th Av, 9 years, from Oct. 1, 1913; attorney, M. H. Hochdorf, 51 Chambers St $2,800

OAK ST, 25, all; Mary L. Higgins to Marie Tammaro, 25 Oak St, 5 4-12 years, from Jan. 1, 1913; attorney, J. G. Butterfield, 61 William St $2,100

PROSPECT AV, 1,446, first and second floors; Annie Leahy to Alexander Goldman, 1,789 Fulton Av, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, Theodore F. Kuper, 50 Church St $1,020

WESTCHESTER AV, 1,499, store; A. Hupfel's Sons to Joseph Hack, 144 East 7th St, 5 years, from March 20, 1913; attorneys, A. Hupfel's Sons, 842 St. Ann's Av $2,000

WILLIS AV, 167, store, &c.; Mary Graefenecker to Henry Paetow, 167 Willis Av, 3 years, from May 1, 1913 ....$1,320

WILLIS AV, 484, all; 147th St, 402 East, ground floor, &c.; Elizabeth C. Doherty to Peter Frank, 984 Tiffany St, 7 8-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, D. Steinhardt, 1,493 Broadway $1,800

1ST AV, 1,546, s ½ store; Christine Frey to Adolph Steiner, 1,542 1st Av, 3 years, from May 1, 1914 ....$660

10TH AV, 601 and 603, store, &c.; Jacob Hirsch and another to Jacob H. Grubman, 311 East 51st St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, Samuel Deutsch, 309 Broadway $1,800

26TH ST, 327 West, store, &c., estate of Anne Hughes to John Henschele, 327 West 26th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St $660

35TH ST, 29 to 33 West, 9th loft; 29 West 35th St, to Aaron Kram and another, 26 Lenox Av, 3 1-12 years, from July 1, 1913; attorneys, Kram & M., 118 West 27th St $4,000

59TH ST, 434 East, store, &c.; Sophie Bermond to Frederick Boehmel, 434 East 59th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Jacobs & G., 140 East Broadway $600

99TH ST, 205 East, all; Moritz Adler to Samuel Simonoff, 774 East 113th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1912; attorney, W. Berlin, 53 East 115th St $3,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 1565; Water Supervision Co. against John Murphy, owner; B. D. Feinberg, contractor $9

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 37; Louis Bayer against Alice Keteltas, Edith M. K. Wetmore, George P Wetmore, and Maud A. K. Wetmore, owners; Samuel Augenblick Co. and Benjamin Neuberg, contractors $750

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 148th St, 24.11x100; Bedford Plumbing Co. against Rembrandt Realty Co., owner and contractor; St. Nicholas Holding Co., owner; Joseph E. Marx, contractor $750

3D AV, 3,353; A. P. Dienst Co., Inc., against John Doe, owner; James Buttler, tenant; R. C. Vernes, contractor $18

5TH AV, n e corner of 116th St, 100.11x110; General Kompolite Co. against Ancient Order of Hibernians of New York County, owner; Modern Fire Proofing and Reconstruction Co., contractor $270

6TH ST, 532 East; Water Supervision Co. against Jennie Wolf, owner; J. Wolf, contractor $10

10TH ST, 370 East; Water Supervision Co. against Fannie Werner, owner; Samuel Werner, contractor $18

16TH ST, 5 West; Tomback & McPhee, Inc., against Mechanical Engineer's Investing Co., owner; Rudolf F. Layman, contractor $120

66TH ST, 42 East; Lewinson & Co. against Jackson Realty Co., owner and contractor $5,115

121ST ST, 335 East; Water Supervision Co. against Cornelia Austin, owner; Louis Brenner, contractor $15

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 846; Cheeseman & Elliott against M. C. Tredennick and others, Feb. 4, 1913, (by bond) $141

JACKSON AV, n e corner of Westchester Av; Grant L. Gray against Kellwood Realty Co. and others, Jan. 11, 1913 ....$46

SAME PROPERTY; same against same, Jan. 11, 1913 ....$43

MANHATTAN AV, 450 to 454; same against David Richey and others, Feb. 27, 1913 ....$53

STANTON ST, 284; Moses Rosenfeld against Dora Schonzeit and others, Feb. 19, 1913 ....$221

117TH ST, 142 and 144 West; Amsterdam Paint and Wall Paper Supply Co. against William H. Babian and others, Feb. 27, 1900 ....$46

149TH ST, 248 and 250 West; same against Maurice Cohen and others, Feb. 27, 1913 ....$33

LIS PENDENS.

AVENUE C, 301; Joseph L. R. Wood against Henry C. Fredericks and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fixman, Lewis & Seligsberg.

CLINTON ST, 175; Emil W. Oppenheim against Minnie L. Simon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. A. Solomon.

LOT 64, part of, map of Townsend Poole estate, COOPER ST, s s, 150 ft w of Isham St, 25x100; Henry F. Brady against Milda Millard and others, (partition;) attorney, F. J. Sullivan.

LOTS 217 to 223, amended map of Adee Park, Bronx; Herman F. Epple against Constantin Krone and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. E. French.

1ST AV, 889; Ede L. Coster against Seal Realty Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Anderson, Iselin & Anderson.

Bronx; John J. Larkin against James H. Hoffecker, Jr., (notice of attachment;) attorney, S. Williamson.

17TH ST, 110 West; Jeanette K. Harris against L. Wolins Contracting Co., Inc., and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kurzman & Frankenheimer.

21ST ST, n s, 300 ft w of 11th Av, 100x98.9; Herman Koerner against Isaac S. Rossell and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, J. Manheimer.

44TH ST, n s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 50x100.5; Lucien Alavoine and others against Joseph H. Kern and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wooster, Williams & Saxe.

135TH ST, s s, 172.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 17.6x99.11; Frank Cleland against Alice Spence and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kiernan & Moore.

139TH ST, s s, Madison Av to 5th Av; 5th Av, n e corner of 140th St; Irving Lehman, trustee, against Jacob A. Cantor and others, (partition;) attorney, W. E. Meyer.

222D ST, n s, 506.7 ft e of Barnes Av, 25x88.10; Charles S. Whitney against Charles Ringelstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. W. Middlebrook.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 17,430.—IN THE UNITED STATES District Court for the Southern District of New York.—IGNATZ BURGER, doing business under the name and style of I. BURGER & CO., Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ignatz Burger, doing business under the name and style of I. Burger & Co., Alleged Bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors, whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 7, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

New York, March 26, 1913.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy, 67 Wall Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. H. SIMMONS PUBLISHING CO., bankrupt.—No. 17,744.

To the creditors of J. H. Simmons Publishing Co. of the City, County and State of New York and Districts aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said J. H. Simmons Publishing Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 24th, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,488.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—MORRIS GOTTLIEB and IKE LEVINE, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Gottlieb and Ike Levine, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 17th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 28th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 24th, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM STRASBURGER, bankrupt.—No. 17,926.

To the creditors of Abraham Strasburger of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Abraham Strasburger was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 25th, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,722.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SOROSIS WAIST CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Sorosis Waist Co., Inc., bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated March 25th, 1913, praying for a confirmation of composition of all its debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 7th, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 25th, 1913.

NO. 16,512.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOHN SCHRODER, individually and as a member of the firm of SCHRODER & WAHL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John Schroder, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 31st, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 28th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 24th, 1913.

NO. 17,356.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM T. KUGLER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William T. Kugler, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 13th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 28th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 24th, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS WEINBERG, Bankrupt.—No. 17,729.

To the creditors of Louis Weinberg of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Louis Weinberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 26, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE B. McPHERSON, late of the town of Hayward, County of Alameda, State of California, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, at the office of Arnold & Greene, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 2d day of September next.

Dated New York, the 26th day of February, 1913.

CHARLES H. SHELDON,
Ancillary Executor.
ARNOLD & GREENE, Attorneys for Ancillary Executor, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

KINSLEY, ANGIE M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANGIE M. KINSLEY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 19 West 30th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of July next.—Dated New York, the 23d day of January, 1913.

GUSTAV BAUMANN, Executor.
PINNEY, THAYER & VAN SLYKE, Att'ys for Executor, 32 Nassau St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned intends to apply to the Broome County Surrogate's Court for Letters of Administration upon the estate of James E. Johnson, late of Binghamton, New York, deceased, under the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Civil Code, relating to modified security with consent of next of kin, and the creditors of said decedent are notified to present their claims against his estate to Benjamin Baker, Surrogate of Broome County, at Binghamton, New York, on or before April 14th, 1913.

JAMES W. JOHNSON.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

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LET US SHOW YOU HOW
THE SOLE PLUMBING INSPECTION SYSTEM
1632 PARK AVE. Phone Harlem 359

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THIS BEAUTIFUL HOUSE
AND FIVE OTHERS
Will Overlook the Ocean at Neponsit, L. I.

These houses are now being built of stucco-on-hollow-tile. They will have every modern improvement, and can be bought *now* at prices ranging from $5,000 to $10,000—terms to suit.

Our booklet of photographic views will give you a faint idea of the desirability of Neponsit. This is an exclusive, highly restricted, distinctive seashore colony; 40 minutes from New York, 100 trains a day. Positively no mosquito troubles.

Let our booklet tell you of this "Quality" place—and of the seventy-odd well known business and professional people who live there now. Write or 'phone today, and your copy, together with views of the ocean beach, the $30,000 clubhouse, and many of the picturesque homes, will reach you by return mail. Address

NEPONSIT REALTY CO.
Room 301, No. 1 West 34th St. Phone Greeley 2741.
Brooklyn Office: 162 Remsen St.

Long Island Shore Front Residence.

One 16-room modern house, one 12-room cottage; gardener's cottage; conservatory, barn and garage, all fully furnished; 200-foot dock, fine lawn, garden and old trees on plot of 10 acres, fronting 800 feet on water and road; 20 miles from Manhattan; price $175,000; terms arranged. PLAZA REALTY CO., 85 7th Av., Brooklyn.

SOUTH SHORE, L. I., RESIDENCE.

Modern residence; out buildings; conservatory; near station; 30 miles out; all on plot of 12 acres; $30,000. Terms PLAZA REALTY CO., 85 7th Av., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE—MANHATTAN.

Wm. A. White & Sons
62 Cedar Street
Management—Sales—Rentals
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Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
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BUSINESS ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847
BRYAN L. KENNELLY
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER,
BROKER AND APPRAISER.
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

West Side.

134-136 West 18th St.

Must be sold to settle an estate; price $46,000.00. B. T. POTTER, 10 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRONX
NEW LAW
flat; 25 families; all improvements; rent $7,200; price, $63,000; bank mortgage, $40,000. What can you offer in exchange with cash.
J. Clarence Davies,
149th St. and Third Ave.

BARGAIN.

Recently completed three 5-story apartment houses, near present and also new Subway, fully rented, over $8,400 year each; price $65,000 each; easy terms. ELBERT O. SMITH, 200 5th Av. Telephone Gramercy 6390.

A LADY, OWNER

of a "new law" 12-family house, excellent condition, always rented; MUST SELL; good reasons; certified rents $3,750; one mortgage $21,000; make reasonable offer to owner direct. Address GOOD TERMS, Box 851, 3,013 3d Av.

Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of LEOPOLD HAMMEL and MAX HOFMANN, copartners carrying on business under the firm name and style of L. HAMMEL & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—No. 17,909—1913.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of this court the assets of the above-named alleged bankrupts in the possession of the receiver herein, consisting of a stock of slippers, belts, buckles, caps, raw material, patterns, machinery, fixtures, &c., located in the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will be sold at private sale to the highest bidder, pursuant to the rules of this court, on written competitive sealed bids to be submitted to Milton M. Sittenfield, receiver, at his office, No. 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, which bids will be opened by the receiver at his office on the 31st day of March, 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check to the order of the receiver, for at least ten per cent. of the amount of the bid. All bids submitted are to be marked "Bids in the matter of L. Hammel & Co., alleged bankrupts." The receiver reserves the right to reject all bids submitted, unless they amount to at least seventy-five per cent. of the appraised value. The successful bidder will be required to pay the balance of the purchase price to the receiver in cash or certified check, not later than forty-eight hours after his said bid shall have been accepted by the receiver, and unless said balance is paid as above stated the amount so deposited by the successful bidder will become the property of the receiver.

The said property may be inspected at the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, any day between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

In the event that said receiver shall reject all of the bids submitted, said property will be sold through Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of April, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to the rules and regulations of this court.

MILTON M. SITTENFIELD, Receiver.
LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Attorney for Receiver, 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CRESCENT BUTTON CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, March 27th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 85 Crosby Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large quantity of buttons, machinery, burnishing lathes, power presses, blowers, scrotch brush, dies, dynamo, spraying outfit, large quantity of foot presses, drop hammers, safe, desks, fixtures, &c.

LEON J. HYAMS, Receiver.
WM. HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN KUTHE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, April 2nd, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 343 West 36th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a lot of new harness, horse collars, head stalls, soaps, brushes, blankets, oils, bran, corn, alfalfa feed, oats, bags, (1) Gates buggy, (4) horses, (1) new truck, office furniture, and fixtures, etc. Inspection March 31st and April 1st, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ROBERT S. CONKLIN, Receiver.
JAMES LESLIE PINKS, Attorney for Receiver, 149 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY JANOWITZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, March 27th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 12 East 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, precious stones, watches, silverware, rings, optical goods, showcases, safe, fixtures, &c.

NEILSON OLCOTT, 2d, Receiver.
THOMAS FLEMING WALSH, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

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Reduce Your Vacation Expense—Bungalow Sites $200 and up.

Buy your plot now. We will have your bungalow ready by June 1st. Atlantic Beach is outside sewerage pollution zone. Absolutely healthy. Magnificent views in every direction. The place for you and your family; ideal surroundings; always cool. Fine bathing beach, splendid boating and fishing. Write to-day for full particulars.

Atlantic Beach Realty Co.,
Marbridge Building, Broadway & 34th St., N. Y.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

BEAUTIFUL HOME
$5,500 BUYS IT; VALUE $6,500.

Will sell on easy terms my beautiful suburban house in Greater New York City, between the Sound and the sea; artistic in design, handsome interior, decorated to suit; hardwood finish; large plot; in beautiful restricted residence park, where every one owns their own home; steam heat, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious concrete cellar, tiled bathroom; water, gas, electricity; large veranda; 28 minutes from Manhattan; very close to trolleys and depot. Call, phone, or write, T. I. McNeece, Room 403, 334 5th Ave.
PHONE MADISON SQUARE 8425.

Gentleman's Country Home

Colonial house, occupied 3 months, 14 rooms, 4 baths, immense porches; represents the highest type of hollow tile faced with tapestry brick, fireproof construction. Located in select residential park; sewers, artesian water, electric light; sidewalks, macadam roads, and private police protection; boating, bathing, golf, and tennis courts; 7 minutes' walk to station or water. I built this house under my own supervision for a permanent home. Unexpected developments make necessary its immediate sale; will not rent. The sacrifice price at which it is offered makes it a *distinct bargain*. Will show by appointment; no brokers. Address Owner, Y 67 Times.

City Comforts Covert Park Country Homes

A restricted Long Island property for desirable people; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station or Flatbush Av.; substantially built houses, with large plots, $5,000-$8,500; easy terms; close to three express stations and trolley; latest improvements — not ordinary speculative houses.

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Tel. Gram. 2836. 200 5th Av., New York.

BUNGALOW.

Artistic and substantially built; hardwood trim; 5 rooms and bath; spacious porches; up to date in every respect; open fireplace; combination gas and electric fixtures; water front privileges; easy commutation; only 42 minutes from city; best bargain of the year for $2,500; terms $150 cash; balance easy monthly payments. Address Bungalow, Box D 75 Times.

Jericho Hill Top Old Colonial Residence

In the vicinity of Mrs. Vanderbilt's recent purchase, 16-room dwelling, 5-room help cottage, barn and large poultry plant; located in a 5-acre orchard; small pond, spring well; fine lawn and grand old trees; all on plot of 20 acres of rich rolling land; full details sent to interested parties; shown by appointment. PLAZA REALTY CO., 85 7th Av., Brooklyn.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW YORK PIONEER MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.—No. 17,400.—Notice of Proposed Sale.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given of a proposed sale of property of said bankrupt, and that there will be a hearing thereon at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, on the 27th day of March, 1913, at 4 o'clock P. M.

The property proposed to be sold is as follows: All power presses, foot presses, tools, and machinery used in the manufacture of gas burners and fixtures; also all electrical supplies, as well as sheet metal goods and tubing and other materials used by the above-named bankrupt in its business; also all office fixtures and effects located at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 806 Greenwich Street, New York City.

The above property may be inspected at said premises on March 24th, 25th, and 26th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Sealed bids for the whole or any part of said property will be received by the trustees at the meeting aforesaid, and all bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for 10% of the amount bid. The trustees reserve the right to reject any bid which does not equal 75% of the appraised value.

In the event that no bid is accepted the property will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at a time and place to be designated at said meeting, and without further notice to creditors.

For information as to terms of sale, &c., creditors are referred to Henry Hyman, Esq., trustee, at his office, No. 77 Chambers Street, New York City.

Dated New York, March 8th, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Trustees, 346 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York, —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH SAMUELS & JACQUES SAMUELS, trading as JOSEPH SAMUELS & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 27th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 129 W. 20th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of braids, silks, raw material, skeins of silk, a plant of machinery used for the manufacture of knitted ties, and all kinds of braids, German braiding machines, Hercules braiding machines, Radium braiding machines, Stripers, Tubular machines, Edging machines, Soutache machines, fixtures, &c.

ALEXANDER S. WEBB, Trustee.
IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Attorney for Trustee, 96 Broadway, New York.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 50 Church St., city.

Above sale adjourned until April 10th, 1913, at same time and place.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ROSENTHAL BROTHERS, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupts, consisting of fixtures, including safe, typewriting machines, desks, tables, chairs, adding machine, filing cabinets, &c., will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupts' place of business, No. 47 West 34th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1913, at 2 P. M.

Dated New York, March 21st, 1913.

CORNELIUS W. WICKERSHAM,
Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

Rent a motor car and have no responsibility of ownership. See "Automobile Exchange," next to last page.—Adv.

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NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Shore Sports
Shore Delights
Shore Pastimes

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OCEAN, BAY AND RIVER

Refined cottage and bungalow colony on the East Jersey coast, where boating, bathing, crabbing and social life on the water and cottage life in the pines are unsurpassed.

Present advantages in addition to the foregoing are Yacht Club, Water Mains, Board Walk, Railroad Station, Post Office, Countless Cottages and Bungalows, and other distinctive features.

A water scene never becomes tiresome; the restless waves, the passing yachts, the beach sports and the splashing waters on the shore make a picture of eternal interest.

Notwithstanding Ocean Gate surpasses all other shore places, we offer most desirably located sites at prices as amazingly low as

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

Shore Fronts, Business and Special Sites Higher. Convenient Monthly Payments.

SOUND TITLE—NO TAXES FOR ONE YEAR—NO INTEREST

Inaugural Spring Trip to Ocean Gate
SUNDAY, MARCH 30th.

Write, Call or 'Phone for FREE Tickets. 'Phones 186-187 Greeley.

Great Eastern Building Corporation, 45 West 34th St., New York.

Newark Office—671 Broad Street. Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.
Jersey City Office—15 Exchange Place, Room 229. Open Evenings.
New Brunswick Office—360 George Street, Room 5. Open Evenings.
Yonkers Office—Warburton Building. Open Evenings.

Beautiful Country Home.

At Atlantic Highlands, one hour from Manhattan; in restricted residential park overlooking Sandy Hook Bay. Cottage is practically new; contains 12 rooms, 2 baths; has hardwood floors; open fireplaces, and all modern improvements; large stable may be used for garage; completely furnished; on half acre of ground adjoining Atlantic Highlands golf links; best of bathing, boating, and fishing available; price $8,000; part cash, balance on mortgage. Inquire of F. Bradley Cox, 50 Church St. Tel. Cort. 2822.

FARMER'S FARM

100 acres, deep rich soil, 2 brooks, pasture, fine crops, attractive 10-room house, 34 miles out on D., L. & W. R. R. Bargain, easy terms; photographs. Elston M. French, 141 Broadway.

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1-family stone & brick, only $4,675. Subway. Bargain. Postal brings full particulars. The Rapelyea Co., 384 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. (Grant Ave. Station Kings Co. "L.")

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JAMAICA HOUSES

For Sale, Rent & Exchange.
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.
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Handsome Home on the Sound.

Beautiful cottage; 8 rooms; hardwood trim, etc., strictly up to date; sewer, gas, electricity; also use of dock and club; 25 minutes out; fine shade; $300 cash needed; balance $25 a month or deed. Rabus, D 99 Times.

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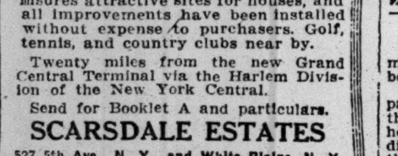
WHERE attractive homes of artistic design, containing present day conveniences that make for home comfort, may be purchased at remarkably low prices and easy terms.

The natural beauty of the property insures attractive sites for houses, and all improvements have been installed without expense to purchasers. Golf, tennis, and country clubs near by.

Twenty miles from the new Grand Central Terminal via the Harlem Division of the New York Central.

Send for Booklet A and particulars.

SCARSDALE ESTATES
527 5th Ave., N. Y., and White Plains, N. Y.



A $14,000 STUCCO HOUSE AT

SOUTHFIELD POINT

ON THE SOUND.

Living room 16x29 feet; dining room 17x19 feet; butler's pantry, kitchen with extra pantry; laundry in cellar. Second Floor:—Four master's rooms and two baths. Two servants' rooms and bath. Floors and trim of hardwood. City water, gas, sewerage and electric light. Unobstructed view of Sound, convenient to bathing beach and private dock. Yacht, Golf and Tennis Clubs in the vicinity. 50 minutes' ride from Grand Central Station. 115 Electric Trains Daily. Call or write for Booklet "B."

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COZY LITTLE COTTAGE

nestling among the trees on a hill from which you can get views for miles around; 10 minutes' walk to station of Hastings-on-Hudson; fine neighbors; 6 rooms and bath; every convenience; rooms decorated; easy terms; U. C., 230 Times.

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RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON

Country Homes on highest land in New York City. Reached in 35 minutes from 42d Street by automobile, Subway, or train.

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OVERLOOKING HUDSON DOBBS FERRY

Beautiful 12-room house, near station, all improvements; A1 condition; for sale or rent. FREITAG & MAIER, Owners.

GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME
12 ROOMS—3 ACRES—$12,000.

I have for sale a beautiful country home at Red Bank, N. J.; one hour from New York by train or boat. The house is situated on the crest of a hill, surrounded by 3 acres of well kept grounds, adjoining some of the finest estates in New Jersey.

Located one-third of a mile from the Shrewsbury River and one mile from the station. Best automobile roads and driveways in the country.

Large stable which will accommodate three automobiles and two horses.

Inquire of F. Bradley Cox, 50 Church St., New York; Tel. Cort. 2822.

Dainty Seven Room Cottage

$5,000—Easy Terms

Includes half acre shaded grounds. Newly built for all year round home; has steam heat, tiled bath, hardwood trim, parquet floor and all conveniences. Congenial neighbors. Restricted locality.

Cannot be duplicated at price

Address: Opportunity, P.O. Box 578, N.Y.

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To immediate purchaser I will sell $16,000 country residence for $10,000, part cash and part mortgage. All modern improvements; 13 rooms, billiard room, three tiled bathrooms; fireplaces, parquet floors, hardwood trim, steam heat; large grounds; newly built and ready for occupancy.

Five minutes' walk from Express Station on main line D., L. & W. R. R.; 55 minutes from Broadway.

Fine views, boating, etc.

Address Sacrifice, P. O. Box 150, N. Y. C.

AN OPPORTUNITY

Worthy of full investigation. New 10-room modern house on a large plot in New York's best residential suburb; 30 minutes out.

The large living room, handsomely trimmed, paneled, and beamed-ceiling dining room, with the outside sleeping room, are features of the house which will appeal very strongly to the discriminating; built by skilled mechanics for the owner. Price $8,750; worth $10,000; only $1,000 cash required. Pictures sent upon request. H. M. Seydler, Room 518, 1,328 Broadway, New York City.

Beautiful Residential Plot

between Mountain Station and Highland Av., Orange, N. J. Owner offers for sale, subject to restrictions, a choice plot in select residential section, within 10 minutes' walk railroad station, high location, large trees. An ideal spot for a high-class home. Further particulars upon request.

UOF, Room 321, 15 Whitehall St., N. Y.

FACTORY For SALE or RENT

Company retiring from business will sell buildings, power plant, &c., at great sacrifice. Ground is leased at very low rental, with option of renewal for 10 years. Also option to buy below market value, 70,000 square feet in factory building. Ideal location, 252 feet on New Jersey Central R. R., with siding and 572 feet on improved street, afford best shipping facilities. Might consider renting entire property, $6,000 annually. Apply George J. Fermier, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

THE MOST CONVENIENTLY PLANNED House was built to live in by owner, and contains all improvements; the large enclosed piazza, the sanitary kitchen, the airy bedrooms are the things that distinguish this house from the ordinary; nothing just like it for anywhere near the price; only $6,000; $1,000 cash required; ideally located, within thirty minutes of downtown New York; pictures will be sent if you are interested. Mr. Ford, Room 520, 66 West 35th St. New York City.

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Investigate. City lots 25x100, at the station; all improvements, sidewalks, water, gas and electricity. New and great manufacturing industries now starting. Lots $29 and upwards. No cost to investigate. Under no obligations if you do not purchase. Write now, 1,038 Singer Bldg., Dept. B.

$17 A MONTH BUYS NEW BUNGALOW. Fine all-year home with city improvements in New Jersey Hills; express station; 32 minutes out. Other houses for sale on easy terms. F. C. Becker, Room 178, 50 Church St., N. Y. City. 'Phone Cort. 8748.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

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A Modern High Class 18-Story Steel Constructed Building.

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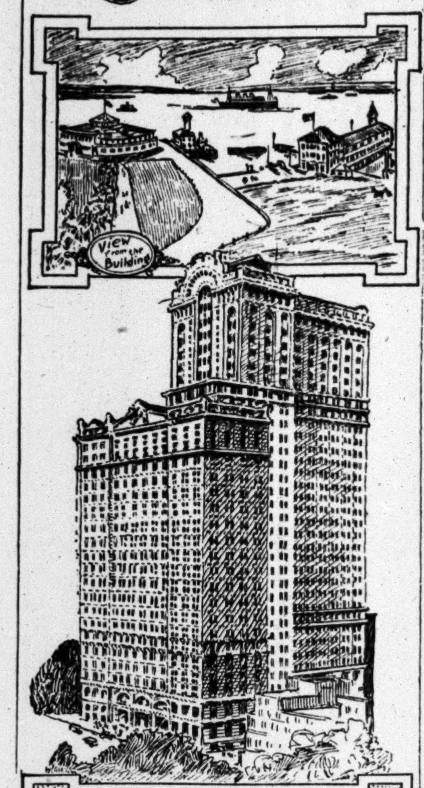

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Large house, barn, garage, stables, &c.
Electric lights; grand trees; and furnished!
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Make Big Profits In California

Buy an Irrigated Farm in the Sacramento Valley. You can raise corn, alfalfa, tomatoes, peanuts, prunes, or chickens, hogs, cattle—in fact everything that will grow. Thousands are here and doing these things. The same opportunity is open to you. A fortune awaits you if you act quickly. Easy payments place this within the reach of all. Write for beautifully colored booklet explaining our proposition. Kuhn Irrigated Land Co., Dept. A.—501 5th Ave., N. Y.

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PORTABLE BUNGALOWS FOR SALE

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Brooklyn Lots Owners

Have equities of $10,000, $6,000, $6,000, respectively, over first mortgage four-story tenements in Manhattan below 59th St. and east Madison Av., which client will trade for free and clear lots within 5 cents fare of Manhattan. Jerome Property Corporation, 319 6th Av., Brooklyn.

ANNUAL REAL ESTATE REVIEW
THE NEW YORK TIMES

SUNDAY, APRIL 13.

Articles of interest to buyers, brokers, and others identified with Real Estate; review of metropolitan activities, growth of real estate securities, interviews with prominent real estate men on different phases of the realty field. Developments in and around Greater New York, new territories opened by railroad lines, heating and ventilation.

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Fine store and basement, also 4 light lofts; passenger and freight elevator. Straight lease at fair rates.

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New eight-story Loft Building. Absolutely fireproof, perfect light, high ceilings, heavy construction; two elevators; good shipping facilities; rents reasonable; LIBERAL CONCESSIONS. See the top Loft, windows four sides.

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100TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
or your own broker.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.

Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts. Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

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3 Lofts, 9,000 Sq. Ft. Each.
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WITH OR WITHOUT POWER.
VERY LOW RENTALS
GREAT SAVING—COMPARE
534-550 West 58th St.
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2 Rector St. 'Phone, 609—Rector.

FOR RENT
29 West 34th St.

LARGE and SMALL OFFICES ALSO ENTIRE FLOOR

Light on four sides; suitable for showrooms; Rent $300 upwards. Apply on premises.

Lofts—Salesrooms—Studios

North light. Best transit facilities.
PRICED FOR QUICK RENTING.
311 WEST 59TH ST.
Suitable for light manufacturing.
Apply on premises.

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CAPITALIST WILL BUILD IN BROOKLYN EITHER TO LEASE OR SELL. WILL SUBMIT PLANS FREE.

Julius Stauss, 153 Remsen St., B'klyn

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Hotel San Rafael

65-67 West 45th St.
Single Rooms, $1.50 and $2.00 a day.
Single Rooms, with Bath, $3.00 a day.
Parlor Bedroom and Bath,
$4.00 to $5.00 a day.
Parlor, two Bedrooms, Bath, $7.00 a day.
Concessions to permanent guests; also unfurnished apartments.
Restaurant a la Carte. Reasonable.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
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Open fireplaces in your living-room that burn wood or coal will be one of the conveniences of your home in The Montana. Beautiful woodwork finished to please your taste. Perfect heating, lighting and plumbing. Private store-rooms and laundries. Refrigeration furnished. These and a multitude of other conveniences have been provided for the tenants of New York's best located apartment.

Visits by authorization only following a personal interview.

The MONTANA
Three-Seventy-Five Park Avenue
Block Front Fifty-Second & Fifty-Third Streets

TEMPORARY OFFICE: 384 PARK AV.

NEW Duplex Apartments
128 EAST 60TH ST.

THREE APARTMENTS REMAINING in this splendid, beautiful new fireproof, exclusive house—Only 8 apartments in Building.

RENTS $3,800 TO $4,200

To acceptable tenants, will make leases from Oct. 1st for

11 Rooms & 4 Baths

with fireplace and most modern appointments throughout.

This house will be known as the finest equipped and BEST RUN apartment house in city.

E. de Forest Simmons, Agt., 2 E. 58th St.

THE KNICKERBOCKER

247 5TH AV.

Family going abroad will rent very attractive Duplex Housekeeping Apartment.

DESIRABLE TOP LOFT,

19TH ST., 39 EAST; skylight; also windows on four sides; excellent Business location. ALSO WELL-LIGHTED LOWER LOFT.

Innes & Center, 30-32 East 20th

FAIRFAX ARMS,

151 EAST 19TH ST.

Doctor's office or Bachelor Apartment. Front room, foyer, 2 entrances, bathroom & closets. Superintendent on Premises.

INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH ST.

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th, 480 Park Av., 6 & 7 rooms, 2 baths. All night elev., standard service, $1,100-$1,500.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ADLON

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, 7TH AV AND 54TH ST.

This 14 story high class fireproof apartment house contains

SUITES OF 3 and 4 ROOMS

Large foyer & reception hall; parquet floors; abundance of closets; exclusive apartment house. References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.

SUPT. ON PREMISES OR
ADLON CONSTRUCTION CO.,
501 5TH AVE.

SCHUYLER ARMS HOTEL

307 West 98th Street.

Ideally located for accessibility and surroundings.
2-room & bath apts., furnished, $2 per day.
3-room apartment, with kitchen, furnished or unfurnished.
5-room unfurnished, with kitchen, suitable for doctor.
Maid service included. A la carte restaurant.

Telephone 3964 Riverside.

341 CENTRAL PARK WEST

(UPTOWN CORNER, 94TH ST.)
8 TO 10 ROOMS.

LIVING ROOM, 15x30. SUITES EQUAL TO 25 FT. HOUSE. EXCEPTIONAL CLOSET SPACE.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON

318-328 West 51st Street,

Attractive appartment, six and eight large, light rooms and bath, elevator, all modern improvements.

ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Av.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

VALLAMONT,

COR. ST. NICHOLAS AV. AND 119TH ST.

Especially desirable and attractive to conservative home-seeking families; 7 extra large, light rooms and closets; full service; rents extremely low; only $50 and $65. Diagrams of Superintendent, on premises, or WILCOX & SHELTON, 245 West 125th.

3694 BROADWAY

$26 AT 153D STREET. 4-5 ROOMS AND BATH. Steam heat, hot water supply, and telephone service. **$38**

J. E. Whitaker, 2108 Broadway at 74th St.

BROOKLYN.

Apartments: Bachelor or Housekeeping.

295 Schermerhorn St., near Nevins St.

$35 to $37.50; two rooms, bath and kitchenette; maid service; heat and hot water; minute to Subway; housekeeper on premises.

306 Livingston St., Opposite Montauk Theatre.

$22; 1 room and bath; maid service; heat, water.

GEO. E. LOVETT & CO., 306 Livingston St.

"ST. MARK'S,"
665 ST. MARK'S AV., bet. Bedford and Nostrand.

1st Apt.	$62.50	8 large light rooms, steam heat, hot water supply, freight elevator, basement, laundry; hall service.
2nd Apt.	$70	
4th Apt.	$60	

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BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL BRICK HOUSES FOR RENT

$25.00 and $30.00 in Brooklyn.

Semi-detached brick and stone, 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights, water, sewer and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn; on lines of elevated and new Subway; 5c. fare to New York. Send for booklet and photos. Special Manager 60-A Liberty Street, N. Y. Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

Seaside Cottages—For Rent

MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J.'s Choicest Seaside.

FURNISHED COTTAGES IN VARIETY
4 TO 20 ROOMS.
RENTS $250 TO $3,500.
Plans and Photographs at

S. deWalltearss & Hull,
20 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

FURNISHED COTTAGE

8-room house; bath. Fully furnished. Acre ground tennis court. Beautifully situated. Congenial neighbors. Price $6,500, part cash, part mortgage. North Shore Water Rights.

CURTIS SMITH
170 BROADWAY. Tel 1522 Cortlandt.

Real Estate.

Real Estate at Auction.

FORECLOSURE SALE—123 WEST 61ST STREET.

Four-story and basement paying furnished-room house. Auction April 11th, at 14 Vesey St. For full particulars address C. C. Scott, Guardian, 312 West 137th St.

Real Estate.

Manhattan—For Sale.

FOR SALE.

A modern six-story elevator apartment house, plot 75x100; fully rented on yearly leases; owing to sickness in family am compelled to sell and move in country; for that reason may consider country residence in part payment; only one mortgage on this property. Modern, 200 Times.

West Side.

Real estate for sale, 50x100; three blocks from Penn. R. R.; or exchange on property in Long Island City, vicinity of Queensboro Bridge. G 125 Times.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

38 Midwood St.—Prospect Park section; three-story house; every modern improvement; 10 rooms, 3 baths; rolling screens; double shades; beautifuly decorated; a splendid opportunity to obtain beautiful home, conveniently located within 1½ blocks of Prospect Av. "L" and within a few blocks of all surface cars; quick sale necessary because of owner moving to country. Room 306, 100 Hudson St., N. Y.

Circumstances compels me to sell my 2½-story 9-room house, with parquet floors, all improvements, on 2 lots, with beautiful lawn and shade trees, paved streets and sewers; price $7,500; $1,000 down; balance on bond and mortgage. Box E 15 Times.

Handsome eight-family Brooklyn apartment; good location; $10,000 equity; exchanged for $3,000 cash; balance city, suburban property. Stelling, 54 Manhattan St.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

One-family brick dwelling; nine rooms, two baths; excellent condition; near parks and school; price and terms right; located 2,665 Briggs Av.

$2,000 buys beautiful plot, 40x100; one-family house thereon; section of Forest Av.; mortgage $2,000. Alexander Selkin, 882 Prospect Av.

Dyre Avenue Properties. Houses, lots and stores. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 149th Street and Third Avenue.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

JAMAICA PROPERTY EXCLUSIVELY.
Acreage, lots, houses.
BENJAMIN H. SWEET,
324 Fulton St., Jamaica, New York City.

Want lots, Brooklyn or Queens, in exchange for 4 brand new 6-family apartments, excellent section Long Island City, rented; equity, $7,520; principals only. James B. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

Bargain.—Owner leaving city will sacrifice home, Murray Hill section; plot 50x110; beautiful corner; 10 rooms and bath; hot water heat; near trolley; $12,500. Box 383, Madison Square.

Long Island City; 13 lots, including two corners, near Bridge Plaza; exchange for high-class apartment, Manhattan; equity, $30,000. James B. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

Have $86,500 equity in 46 new six-family brick apartments; good section Long Island City; what am I offered. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

Beautiful home, with water front rights on Long Island Sound, 26 minutes out, at a sacrifice; must have $350 cash. Van T., D 96 Times.

ATTENTION.
Owing to change of residence owner will sell fine home at Jamaica, L. I., far below value. Address for particulars, Owner, 95 Times.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE OR RENT
Stone bungalow on hills of Staten Island; magnificent view of bay; $450 yearly; modern improvements. Owner 116 Times Downtown.

$300 down, $15 monthly will buy a nice cottage home at New Dorp Manor, S. I. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. at music store, 25 Ann St., near Nassau St., New York.

Bargains in Staten Island real estate. B. Williams, Real Estate, Tottenville, N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

WHITE PLAINS, 10 minutes' walk on Westchester Av. from Terminal station of the Boston & Westchester Railroad; 14 room house with about 3 acres of land; also 8 room house with 2 acres of land; also outbuildings; said houses to be remodelled and altered to suit tenant. Apply ELY J. RIESER, Owner, 28th St. & 1st Av., N. Y. C.

For Rent.—At Mount Vernon, desirable modern house, with nice lawn; nine rooms, tiled bath; two piazzas; rent, $45; free until May. Carpenter, 8 Adams St., Mount Vernon.

Larchmont Park, plot 76 by 245, near station and Sound; 42 minutes from Grand Central Station; price, $3,200; $500 cash. R. T. Badgley, 505 Fifth Av.

SCARSDALE AND HARTSDALE.
Cottages and country estates for rent. ANGELL, 507 5th Av., or Scarsdale, N. Y.

Taken over at foreclosure, and willing to accept $100 cash for 6-room cottage; Vivian Heights, White Plains. Box F 150 Times.

Farms.—Westchester, Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia, Orange Counties. Bliss Realty Co., 5 East 42d St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

DISTINCTIVE HOME, BARGAIN, QUEENS. Will sell on reasonable deposit and $40 monthly, or will rent with option to purchase; large living room, with tapestry brick fireplace, parquet floors, special hardwood trim; asphalt street, gas, electricity; tennis courts; refined community; 30 minutes from Manhattan. P. P. Edson, 1 West 34th St. Tel. 6546 Greeley.

FOR SALE NEAR HICKSVILLE,
a corner plot, 100x100 feet; price $220; first payment, $5 and $3 monthly; only 10 minutes' walk from station; 50 minutes from New York and Brooklyn railroad station; first-class place for chickens. Kennedy, 142 Times.

Offer at sacrifice, 6-room bungalow on Long Island Sound; all improvements; fine sandy beach; superb views; vegetable garden; select neighborhood; commuting distance; price $3,500; easy terms. Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

OCEAN BEACH—FIRE ISLAND.
Invigorating air, sea food, and cool breezes bring health and happiness to all who summer where cost of living is lowest; lots $200 up; easy payments. Address WILBUR, 334 5th Av.

Gentleman's country place, Bayport, L. I., on Merrick Road; 27 acres; house has 14 rooms, 1 bath, garage, stable, cow barn, and chicken house; asking $1,000 rent per annum. E. A. Tredwell, 41 Park Row, New York City.

BUILDER OR SPECULATOR.—BEAUTIFUL SITE FOR BUNGALOW PROPOSITION; RIGHT ON WATER; NEAR NEW YORK. PARTICULARS, HESSELS-DASHIELL CO., BAYSIDE, L. I. 'PHONE 1113 FLUSHING.

AN 8-ACRE CHICKEN FARM.
House; good neighborhood; fair soil, well drained; nice front; village conveniences; some fruit; much shrubbery; $2,500. One-third cash. Codling, Northport, L. I.

Eight-room house, overlooking water; 35 minutes out; all improvements, boating and bathing privileges; also few choice building plots. D 76 Times.

LONG BEACH.
For sale, plot 40x100, all improvements, in best location; will accept offers. Y 69 Times.

Real Estate—Out of City

For Sale—The biggest acre bargain in Chicago. Nelson Thomasson & Co., 117 N. Dearborn St.

Mortgage Loans.

FOR SALE.—SECOND MORTGAGES, FROM $2,000 UP; INTEREST 6%; PROPERTY SITUATED 26TH WARD, BROOKLYN; PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED. H. S. DAVIS, 516 SUTTER AV., BROOKLYN, REAL ESTATE OFFICE. PHONE 919 EAST NEW YORK.

1½% TOTAL CHARGES.
First mortgage money, Manhattan only, in good sections. 4½-5%. David Lion, 170 Broadway.

Abundance estate moneys to loan on bond and mortgage in any amounts. Estates, 320 Times Downtown.

The New York Times

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"Only advertisements fit to print."

As a guarantee against idleness, a Situation Wanted advertisement in The New York Times is most effective. Willing workers have learned that change of position and the securing of a better position is easily accomplished through Times Situations Wanted advertisements.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

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Apartments to Let or Wanted Agents Wanted Country Board Employment Bureaus Real Estate Horses and Carriages Houses to Let or Wanted	..25c
Business Notices Automobile Exchange Business Opportunities Lost, Found, Rewards Purchase and Exchange	..30c
Public Notices	40c

Real Estate.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

For small family, ideal home at Hillsdale, choicest Jersey suburb; restricted neighborhood; 5 minutes from express station; 1 block from school; 5 rooms and tiled bath; reception hall; open fireplace in living room; built-in bookcase; large kitchen; exceptional view; large veranda and plenty of shade; $500 cash; balance like rent. Write for photograph Hillsdale Estates, 802 Singer Bldg.

COMMUTERS' COUNTRY HOME.
On large lots and big plots; prices from $3,000 to $30,000; several bargains at "high and healthful" Chatham, N. J.; municipal improvements; excellent Lackawanna 62-daily train service; commutation low; hour out; what do you want? How much would you invest cash and mortgage? William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, New York.

LOTS, PLOTS, ACREAGE,
for home building or profitable investment, at "high and healthful" Chatham, N. J.; prices low; terms right; excellent Lackawanna 62-daily train service; hour out; what do you want? How much would you invest cash and mortgage? William B. Brokaw, 100 Broadway, New York.

$3,750 for an elegant house; 6 rooms and bath; fine location; 5 minutes' walk from station; best of train service; all improvements; 300 feet elevation; only 5 miles from Broadway; the greatest bargain ever offered; only $400 cash required; will send photos of houses. W. V. Champlin, 510 Times Building, New York City.

Astonishing Real Estate Offer.—Rare opportunity to acquire fine residence far below value. Twelve-room house and garage, on one of the finest corners in East Orange. Lot 81x167. Worth $8,000. Buildings cost $10,000. Good as new. Immediate offer of $12,500 accepted. Terms arranged. Address J. M. W., 73 South Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J.

HALF-ACRE BUNGALOW PLOT IN RESTRICTED HOME COLONY AT RED BANK, N. J.; HIGH GROUNDS COMMANDING VIEW OF THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY; PRICE, $800; WILL MAKE TERMS TO SUIT. INQUIRE OF F. BRADLEY COX, 50 CHURCH ST. TEL. CORT. 2822.

COLONIAL HOME WITH 2½ ACRES.
Hour out on D., L. & W., near station; big living room; sunny dining room, model kitchen, 4 bedrooms, in white enamel, mahogany finish doors, tiled bath; steam heat, electric light, 'phone. Write for floor plans and details, ACRE FARM & HOME COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

8-room house at beautiful Hillsdale, in hills Northern Jersey; close to city; excellent train service; near station and school; plot 50x112; parquet floors; tiled bath with shower; white enamel bedrooms; open fireplace, concrete cellar; beam ceiling in dining room; $6,000; easy terms. Miller, 801 Singer Bldg.

New stucco house, Fanwood; big living room, beamed ceiling, large fireplace, five bedrooms, steam heat, fine fixtures, tiled bath, oak floors, hardwood trim; near depot; large trees; choice decorations, &c. It is a big bargain at $5,900; easy terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

For Sale.—Newark, N. J., 69 Mt. Pleasant Av. Bargain to close estate. Comfortable house, fine condition, twelve rooms, two baths, 75 foot frontage. Lawn, flowers, shrubs, good neighborhood. Five minutes from station. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

ARCHITECT'S HOME, NEW JERSEY,
9 ROOMS, 2 BATHS;
LOT 75x130;
SACRIFICE.
A. T. REMICK, 103 PARK AV., N. Y.

Attractive bargain; new home, 9 large rooms, every improvement; half acre; fruit, shade, best section; convenient; 80 trains; express service; 45 minutes New York. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

A very choice plot, 50x130; only one block to depot, at Fanwood; $550, $10 cash, $6 monthly; it is a choice site for your home, and a sure winner as an investment. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

For Rent.—Newark, N. J., 132 Belleville Av., five minutes from station, brick dwelling, eight rooms and bath. Rent Thirty-five dollars. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

Bargain—Seven-room house; all improvements; lot 40x100; 30 minutes out; near train and trolley; $4,300, part cash. Hasbrouck Heights, N. J. Inquire Room 129, 346 Broadway, N. Y.

Bargain.—6 rooms and attic house on plot 50x200; all improvements; near Fairmount Station, Hackensack; $3,800; easy terms to quick buyer. Owner, 383 Madison Square.

N. J. Coast Real Estate.—Furnished cottages, river and ocean front properties, farms. Write your wants. Arthur Holtson, Long Branch, N. J.

Fine Fanwood lot, 100x400, $1,200; $10 cash, $12 monthly. Only three left. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

3-ROOM BUNGALOW, nice porch, outhouse, $395; large plot, shade trees, 35 minutes out, $150, $10 down. LACKAWANNA, 63 Times.

Hasbrouck Heights.—Overlooking Manhattan; plot $95; must sell. Samuel Kraft, 30 Church St., New York.

$10,000 closing estate; Shrewsbury River front; Oceanic. Particulars Brettell, executor, 184 East 123d St.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Summer hotel, 24 rooms; barn, boathouse, beautiful lake. Van Atta & Shaw, Binghamton, N. Y.

Rockland County.

TO RENT.—A large house situated on lake in Ramapo Hills, with modern improvements; suitable for boarding house; accommodate over fifty people; or will rent to private family. Address Miller, Ramapo, Rockland County, N. Y.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

COUNTRY ESTATE FOR SALE.
169-acre farm, 115 acres tillable, rich soil; State highway, trolley, Lake View; on main line Springfield to Worcester, Mass.; 12-room house, all improvements; 6-room cottage; childs' playhouse, corn crib; tool, ice, and hen houses; creamery; two barns, tie-ups for 73 head, Durham stock; 2,200 fruit trees, apple, pear, quince, 6 acres peaches, small fruits; large list machinery and tools; a rare chance to obtain a beautiful country estate. Address for particulars, Hampshire Realty & Construction Co., Easthampton, Mass.

Real Estate for Exchange.

I HAVE NO TIME
To attend to my nine-story fireproof loft building, fully rented, and earning 15%. I want city lots, clear or slightly mortgaged, for my equity of $75,000 above one mortgage. Manufacturer, Box 261 Times Downtown.

We will exchange 84 lots at Port Washington for loft building between 23d and 42d Sts., west side, New York; first mortgage not to exceed $100,000; principals only. Hessels-Dashiell Co., Bayside, L. I. 'Phone 1113 Flushing.

We can match any property for exchange; send particulars of your property and what you are looking for. Hessels-Dashiell Co., Bayside, L. I. 'Phone 1113 Flushing.

Lake Hopatcong—Five acres, near water; suitable for camp; exchange for Long Branch lots or building. Owner, 901 Madison Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

For acreage on Long Island suitable for pasturing horses will give private house on Edgecombe Av. Williamson-Bryan, 499 Willis Av.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

A very desirable three-story and basement brownstone dwelling to let, NO. 219 WEST 128TH ST. Nine rooms and bath; rent only $840. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY.

24TH 258 WEST.—Three-story dwelling; 11 rooms and bath.

Real Estate.

To Let for Business Purposes.

314 EAST 34TH ST.

Four exceptionally light lofts to rent in entirely renovated and remodeled building; 20x90; elevator service; steam heat; rent $65 up.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO.,
Tel. Cort. 1884. 95 Liberty St.

A.—3d Av., northeast corner 71st St.—Large store and basement, for 20 years occupied for the sale of hardware and housefurnishing goods; modern store front will be put in.
Firm L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty St. 3d Av., corner 68th St.

$60 and $65 Lofts, 2,500 square feet each, in the heart of cigar Manufacturing; very light; steam heated; elevator. 407-409 East 70th St. Inquire Sig. Lewy, 128 East 74th. 'Phone 277 Lenox or janitor.

DESK ROOM IN FINE SUITE OF ENGINEERING OFFICES; telephone and reception room; everything first class; modern building; best service; low rent. Suite 1,600, 2 Rector St.

Colwell Building, Lafayette and Walker Sts.—A few very desirable lofts, light three sides; size 60x80; electric lights, steam heat, elevators.

A rare opportunity for right party to secure desk space; good equipment; excellent service; opportunity for solicitors. Meacham Co., 149 Broadway.

STABLE, PRIVATE, 151 EAST 38TH ST., 3-STORY; 25x100.
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Fine, double store, 40x85; northwest corner 128th St. and 3d Av. Particulars of Brettell, 184 East 123d St.

42D ST., 138 West, (near Broadway.)—Offices and studios; rent, $10 up. Apply to Witte, on premises.

Lofts, 25x100 and 37x63, with power; woodworking allowed. Fagan, 202 W. Houston St

ONE-STORY BRICK BUILDING, 45x100. MULLER, 424 East 55th St.

Madison Av., 178, (34th St.)—Rent $1,500; second floor; 25x65; plate glass front.

18th St., 8 East, (5th Av.)—First loft, $50; second, $35; including steam heat.

Brooklyn.

Saloon to let; transfer corner. 367 Central Av., corner Gates Av., Brooklyn. Apply on premises.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A BARGAIN

Sublet for the Summer months, light, airy, four-room, completely furnished housekeeping apartment; the front apartment on the seventh floor of a new apartment building, with large open court in the rear of dwellings; electric light, telephone, all-night elevator and hall service, sunlight, and air and perfect cross ventilation in every room; will sublet from April to October; rent $480; references required; can be seen any day by appointment from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. Apply to Evans, 56 W. 11th St. Telephone 1710 Chelsea.

Family going abroad will sublet apartment six rooms; large foyer; two baths; handsomely furnished, complete; silverware, linens, pianola; all large, light, airy, outside rooms; finest fireproof building upper Broadway; convenient 96th St. Subway express station; May 1, or earlier, to Sept. 15 or Oct. 1. Apartment 9C, The Gramont, corner 98th St., Broadway. Phone Riverside 3840.

AT LASANNO COURT APARTMENT.
All outside, light rooms.
One apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, $275.
Fireproof building, splendid service.
Apply Superintendent, 307 West 79th St.

Bellmore, 600 West 133d St., corner Broadway.—Three outside rooms, bath, elegantly furnished; silver, linen, everything for housekeeping; elevator, electricity, telephone, all night service. Inquire agent. Phone 4737 Morningside.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS,
bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50, up monthly; unfurnished, $25, 30, $40; references.

69th St., 131 West.—In private residence; elegantly furnished suite two rooms and bath, electric light; all modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; also large sized single room; reference. Telephone 30 Columbus.

19TH, 113 EAST.—BACHELOR STUDIO APARTMENT; UNUSUALLY LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH; SKYLIGHT; GENTLEMEN ONLY; ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

High-class, up-to-date elevator apartment, furnished; four rooms, sunny southern and eastern exposure; near Broadway. Apply Howard, Heathcote Hall, 609 West 114th St.

Bright, large 4 room and bath, front; newly decorated and well furnished for housekeeping; elevator, restaurant; moderate rental. 3,120 Broadway. Apt. 54.

Apartment sublet; 6 all-light rooms; bath; elevator; beautiful view park; furnished, $85; unfurnished, $70 monthly. M., 383 Central Park West.

Furnished apartment; seven extra light rooms; seen between 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.; rental $175 per month. Apartment 23, 233 West 83d St.

7 West 92d St.—Attractively furnished six-room elevator apartment; use of silver, linen, piano, telephone; references. Apartment 22.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600.—Exceptionally attractive five-room apartment. Elevator; reasonable; Subway. Apartment 4A.

Sublet.—Six rooms, Summer months; handsomely furnished; piano, linen, silver. Maujer, 550 Riverside Drive.

Five rooms, elegantly furnished; piano; Washington Heights; near Subway; $55. Hewiston, 1,777 Broadway, (58th.)

118th St., 400 West.—High-class furnished apartment, filled with roomers; 8 rooms, 2 baths; $150 a month.

Completely furnished elevator apartment; 8 exceptionally large, light rooms. Kahn, 327 Central Park West.

47TH ST., 16 WEST.—Attractive small kitchenette apartment sublet; concessions for Summer. Warner.

108th, 255 West.—Apartment 9D; handsomely furnished; 7 rooms, 2 baths; reasonable; responsible party.

High-class furnished apartment, 8 rooms, for 4 months. 349 Central Park West. Heilbronner.

112th, 605 West.—4, 5 and 7 room apts.; newly, attractively furnished; reasonable. Apt. 2.

Furnished Apartments Wanted.

A.—List your furnished apartments now; registration and inspection free. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Sublet 8 extra, large, light rooms; first-class elevator house; low rent; to October. See Supt. Pinehurst, N. W. corner 180th St. and Fort Washington Av., or Moore, Schulte & Co., 1,685 Amsterdam Av.

At special rent inducements; 6 and 7 large rooms; private flats; $33 up; steam, hot water; private halls. 65 West 106th St., near Central Park, 104th St. "L" station.

Flat of six rooms; newly decorated; all large and light; hot water supply; hall heated; owner in house; rent, $28. 79 West 101st St.

104TH ST., 135 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive elevator apartment; all modern improvements; 6 large rooms, bath; $60.

130TH, 202 WEST.—Seven very desirable, extremely large, light rooms; private block; $45 and $60.

Morningside Av., 50, (corner 119th St.)—To sublet; four-room elevator apartment; rent reasonable.

Housekeeping apartment; 3 rooms and bath; all-night service. Superintendent, 140 West 55th St.

Elegant six-room elevator apartment to sublet; liberal concession. 518 West 111th St. Apt. 65.

Two connecting front rooms and bath in private house. Inquire, 254 West 88th St.

East Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

237 Lexington Av.; rents, $25 to $35; unfurnished.
Hibson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

27-29 EAST 27TH ST.
A very desirable apartment of three rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat and electric light; rent low; possession May 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY.

Bronx.

Five rooms; improvements; $24; four blocks west 166th elevated station. Kraft, 1,065 Teller Av.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted.

Wanted in apartment hotel or bachelors' apartment, containing strictly first-class restaurant, suite comprising living room, library, two sleeping rooms, bath, kitchenette; all large rooms; unfurnished; location between 36th and 65th Sts. East, west of 5th Av. limited on north to 59th St. Address Exacting, 288 Columbus Av.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

Spacious residence; furnished; 8 bed rooms, 4 baths; everything modern; unobstructed ocean view; select location; in Ventnor, near Chelsea; $1,200; long season. Owner, 5,115 Atlantic Av., cor. Frankfort.

Suburban beach fronts, hotels, boarding houses, estate to rent, furnished, Far Rockaway, Edgemere, Monmouth Beach, Rye, Larchmont. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

Furnished houses to rent for coming season; Edgemere, Far Rockaway Avenue; $500 up; bungalows, $300 up. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

Automobile Exchange.

MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM

GUARANTEED OWNERS' CARS
SAVE YOU $250 TO $2,500.
We handle private owners' cars on a 5 per cent. commission basis. Every car sold is guaranteed to be in perfect running order. Low prices.
MILLER-BRISBEN CO. Storage Mart, 30-32-34 West 63d St., (Near Broadway.)
Phone 1242 Col. Open Sunday 11-4.
We have exactly what you want in Automobiles. If you want something extraordinary we will rebuild to your order. Save money on serviceable cars at your own price now.
MONEY BACK if not AS REPRESENTED
BUICK—touring like new. $525
CADILLAC—touring 5-p.. 290
TO-DAY CHALMERS—5-p. like new 725
FORD—runabout, cheap.. 140
SPE- HUDSON—1912 5-p. fored. 850
HAYNES—7-p. tour., cheap 475
CIALS. MAXWELL—Land., fine.. 425
NATIONAL—Rer. '13 body. 1,175
ACT OVERLAND—Roadster .. 400
PACKARD—7-p. touring.. 650
QUICK. PEERLESS—Landaulet .. 625
RAINIER—Raceabout ... 495
SIMPLEX—50—like new.. 1,950
STOD.-DAYTON—touring. 450
TAXIS—Pack., Thomas, &c. 275
BUICK—Delivery 275
CHASSES—Auto 75
Business EMF—2 bodies 450
Autos. MAXWELL—Delivery.. 275
NATIONAL—Ton truck 375
THOMAS—Ton truck.. 325
BODIES—All types at $15 and up.
100 OTHER CARS—$100-$1,000.

BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER.
We have completed the rebuilding of (5) used models, and will offer them during the coming week at very low prices; this offer will appeal to the buyer who is desirous of obtaining a high-class car of recognized quality and ability at the minimum price.
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.,
275 Amsterdam Av.

POPE-HARTFORD USED CARS.

1911 Pope-Hartford 7-passenger	$1,100
1911 Pope-Hartford landaulet	1,200
1909 Pope-Hartford pony tonneau	450
1912 Hudson 5-passenger	850

POPE MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,694 Broadway.

PANHARD & LEVASSOR.
Owing to removal to other quarters, offer several used Panhard cars at attractive prices.
N. W. COR. BROADWAY & 62D ST.

WANT THE HIGHEST PRICE
for your auto? Sell on time payments; we protect you from losses which arise from FIRE, THEFT, COLLISION, ACCIDENT, &C. Write or phone for our price. Call 3418 John. MASON YOUNG CO., Suite 907, 25 Liberty St.

Mercer Raceabout; in perfect condition; just been thoroughly overhauled at expense of over $300; very fast, and could not be in better shape; leaving city only cause for selling; $1,200. Room 306, 100 Hudson St., New York. D 224 Times Downtown.

PROTECT YOURSELF
before buying a "USED AUTO," by having a thorough mechanical examination; my fee is small in comparison to what I save you. H. David Webster, 989 Bergen St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 'Phone 6657 J Prospect.

Pope-Hartford limousine, 1911 model; fine engine; car fully equipped; recently overhauled; upholstery in excellent condition; bargain. Pope-Hartford Garage, 150 West 63d St. Telephone 2732 Columbus.

MR. BUSINESS MAN.
Alco 3½-ton truck, 1912, 40; cab and platform; have sold business; cost $4,000; sell for $2,500; act quickly. Box 363, Asbury Park, N. J.

Toy tonneau, 40 h. p., 1912 model; cost $3,000; full equipment; electric lights and extras; just overhauled; perfect condition; price, $1,000. McNichol, 59 West 19th St. Phone 1567 Chelsea.

Suburban beach fronts, hotels, boarding houses, estate to rent, furnished, Far Rockaway, Edgemere, Monmouth Beach, Rye, Larchmont. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

For Sale—1912 Oakland 30 five-passenger, fully equipped. In absolutely first-class condition. For demonstration 'phone Broad 744. A. C. Bates, 27 William St.

For Sale—Waldorf-Astoria Auto Renting Co.; well established; large profits; very reasonable; $5,000. For appointment call at once, Murray Hill 5224.

1912 Havers 6, 44 h. p., fully equipped; used very little; in fine condition; guaranteed by us; $985. S. & M. Motor Co., Inc., Broadway, at 68th St.

1912 Stoddard-Dayton Roadster, full equipment, a bargain; ran 2,800 miles; no dealers. G. Beyer, 15 Crooke Av., Brooklyn.

Trucks, Panhards, Buicks; must sell; make offer. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 118 West 50th St.

Taken in exchange, Hupmobile and Overland; equipped; bargain. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier, six cylinder; ran less than 1,000 miles; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d St.

Reo, 1912; centre control; fully equipped; like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Fifty slightly used cars taken in exchange, $150 up. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Reo, 1912, Model R; fully equipped; $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

Private 7-passenger car, limousine or touring; almost new and very classy; own chauffeur, who has been with me for years; low rate by week or month. H. B. Burrows, 286 5th Av. Phone 5084 Madison Square.

Beautiful 1912, seven-passenger Premier touring, $3 hour; special theatre rates; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422

Auto Painting

AUTO BODIES, TOPS, PAINTING.
Before placing orders see us. Work done well and reasonably. L. Biondi, 155 W. 55th.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ADDING MACHINES.
Rebuilt, all styles and makes; Burroughs, Comptometers, Wales, &c., for sale or rent, from $40 up; guaranteed for one year.
ADDING MACHINE INSPECTION & SALES CO.,
Phone 6739 Cort. 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway at Leonard St. } Tel. 5408
956 Broadway at 23d St. } Franklin.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Electric vacuum cleaner; cost $85; sell for $18; electric vibrator, cost $35; sell for $9; both in perfect condition; description by mail on request; will send either one by express C. O. D. Muenzen, 131 West 42d St., Room 202, East.

Have just purchased an entire broker's office, consisting of roll, flat, typewriter desks, chairs, tables, hat trees, telephone booths, partitions and railings, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St., New York.

For Sale—Water power, sawmill, small factory, barn, house, land, &c.; all or part; on New York Central, with siding; 5 hours from New York; owner must retire; ill-health. Address Box 300 Groton, N. Y.

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets, and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

ELKS LODGES.
Mounted elk for sale, exceptional specimen; write for photograph and price. 120 Grand Av., Portland, Ore.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks selling out. 393 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay highest prices for furniture, carpets, pianos, bric-a-brac, silver, linens, books, &c. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyv. 1870.

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Schools.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

Henderson School of Oratory.—Dramatic arts, dramatic and oratorical courses; new quarter begins April 1. 3,790 Broadway. Tel. Audubon 5243.

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN.—Language phone method. 907 Putnam Building, 2 West 45th St.

Brooklyn.

SPANISH COURSE—BUSINESS MEN. Excellent board. 209 Bay 31st St. Marsans.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

Prof. Remenyi's Dancing School, 162 East 86th St., (Theatre Building.)—Turkey trot, devil trot, tango trot, and all latest dances taught quickly; $5. Tel. 5915 Lenox.

Horses and Carriages

Account of dull business, forced to sell 21 work horses, weight 900-1,400 pounds; express wagons, trucks, harness; $35 up; week's trial allowed. 421 East 75th St.

5 Senterling back dumpers, 4 express vans, delivery wagon. 1,161 1st Av. Phone 3095 Plaza.

Pianos and Organs

Sohmer upright piano; fine order; cost $600; sell for $135. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Steinway baby grand for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Public Notices

DAVE come home. Bertie and I want you. write at once, care of mother. CELIA.

Lost

LOST—Coupons Nos. 14674 and 5, Nos. 14691, 2, and 3, of Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, due April 1st, 1912, for $22.50 each. Return to Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, 15 William Street.

LOST.—March 25, on Broadway Subway, between West 181st St. and 42d St., lady's gold watch, with pin; initials A. A. on back, "Easter, 1913," inside; gold open face. Liberal reward for return to 19 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Sunday night, between Astor Hotel and Bustanoby's, 39th St., man's gold watch. Owner earnestly requests return of pawn ticket; will ask no questions; reward. Y 66 Times.

LOST.—Pearl earring, diamond setting, Sunday night, Cafe Lafayette or 9th St., 5th Av., to 61st St. and Park Av.; liberal reward. Return to Room 2,710, Grand Central Terminal.

LOST.—In telephone booth Grand Central Station, lady's silver handled umbrella, marked "C. H. Nichols." Reward to finder. S. H. Nichols, 25 Broad St.

LOST.—A gray fur neckpiece in going from house to automobile, Monday evening, about 10 o'clock. Suitable reward if returned to 35 West 56th St.

LOST.—Architect's drawings, on north-bound Subway train, Wednesday morning; suitable reward. American Blue Print Co., 44 East 23d St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, monogram E. L. T., Tuesday, between 80th and 18th Sts. Reward if returned Johnston, 425 West End Av.

LOST—Morningside Park, 116th St., Mar. 25, tortoise shell handle umbrella; monogram "L. L. D." Apt. 62, 110 Morningside Drive.

LOST.—Amsterdam Av. or 145th St., green leather bill and card case; owner's name on draft. Reward for return, 5 Nassau St.

LOST.—On Subway, between 145th St. and Bleecker St., 2 diamond rings and 1 graduation ring, 1906. S. Doman, 24 Bond St.

LOST.—Masonic 32d degree charm, on a string of gold beads; engraved Henry Cratz. Reward if returned to 714 Hotel Navarre.

LOST—Pearl mesh bracelet, with diamond ends; reward $100. Mrs. Vernon Castle, Louis Martin's, 42d and Broadway.

LOST.—On Monday, lady's silver handbag, probably on or near Fort Lee Ferry; reward for return. Y 70 Times.

LOST—Between E. 66th St. and the Plaza, on car or street, a string of pearls; reward. Office, 135 E. 66th St.

LOST.—By woman, purse containing money and key. Return to "Employed," 41 E. 28th St.; reward.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Strayed from 312 W. 83d St., medium sized Maltese (lightly striped) and white male cat. Reward for return.

Business Opportunities

Where can you make money?
In your own office, of course.
The man who cannot make money where he is should not try to make money in California and Honolulu.
My theory is to systematize the man first, and his business afterward.
All the card systems in the world will not make a man think straight.
The success of your business rests with you.
If you are not successful, let me help you as I have helped others.
GEORGE HENRY SMITH, D. N. R.,
123 Madison Building, Montclair, N. J.

Energetic young man, competent to supervise office system and details of profitable and growing business in automobile tire specialty, live, and who will invest $5,000 for half interest; owner has another business demanding more of his time; no financial agents or schemers need waste time; only one who means legitimate business and will give full details in answering. E 21 Times.

Opportunity to enter a clean, legitimate business having copyright approval of U. S. Government; investment of $150 to $5,000, fully protected; very high returns; invite investigation; 3 P. M. daily; also Monday and Thursday, 8 P. M. Kendall & Kendall, 32 Union Square, New York.

A young concern, with a number of high-class clients, wants a man to guarantee payment of its accounts; capital at present too small to swing the business; can show the goods, give unquestionable references; will make liberal arrangement. E 10 Times.

Young man, ten years' experience, good accountant, executive ability, good address, highest references, familiar with manufacturing methods and machinery, will make limited investment with services. E 14 Times.

Investigate; be convinced; I have a great money earner; unfilled orders from prominent houses; big field; cannot handle alone; need $10,000 with modern executive; services; expansion. D 60 Times.

Partner wanted with capital to finance the manufacturing and marketing of a substitute for leather; principals only. C. M., 852 Columbus Av.

Wanted—Partner to invest between $5,000 and $8,000 in well-paying business; good chance for right party. Y 68 Times.

Young man will make investment with valuable services in promising business proposition. D 32 Times.

I have few hundred dollars to invest, with services. E 19 Times.

Business Notices

Walker & Co., Inc., of 80 Pine Street, Exporters to Brazil, will remove to their new and larger offices, at No. 24 Stone Street, on Saturday, March 29, 1913.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; double and single rooms; private bath; table board.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small rooms; steam heated; excellent table; phone; references.

53D ST., 37 EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Room, with board; table board; references.

58TH ST., 132 EAST.—Neatly furnished, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; all conveniences; respectable, private house; telephone; hall room, $2.

83D, 151 EAST.—Exceptional home; two extra large rooms; private house and family.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Suite of rooms; large front room; private bath; telephone. Grammercy 1978.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable, well furnished, large single rooms; superior table; references; table guests.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

47TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; telephone; all conveniences; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; attractively furnished; excellent table; references; telephone.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Extra large front room, handsomely furnished; bay windows; electric light; private bath; dressing rooms; Southern cooking; attentive service.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; board; private baths; families; reasonable.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large, desirable room, with bath; references. Telephone 7597 Schuyler.

78TH, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent board; telephone; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur.
Residential hotels.
Attractive—unusual—homelike.
Southern cooking; white service.
Out-of-town guests accommodated; references.
Write for booklet.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; southern exposure; first-class boarding house.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; home environment; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; sunny, front room; parlor dining; reference.

80TH ST., 144 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double rooms, private baths; French cuisine; reasonable, select; reference.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Large, small room; excellent table; table guests; new management. Schuyler 8510.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; also private bath; business people. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

84TH, 57 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, suitable two; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms with board in private house; excellent cuisine; table guests; references.

87TH, 156 WEST.—Rooms, suite, single, bath; southern exposure; excellent; private house; Subway, "L."

88TH ST., 261 WEST.—Pleasant, large room; all conveniences; private family with few boarders; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive single, double rooms; table a specialty; private house; near Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

95TH, 63-65 WEST.—Few desirable vacancies; first-class house; cuisine and service exceptional.

113TH ST., 611 WEST.—Private family; handsomely furnished room; every convenience; refined surroundings; superior table; with or without board. Apartment 61.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Small room; business gentleman preferred; excellent table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

114H ST., 526 WEST.—Very large front room, with bath, overlooking Columbia grounds; table guests.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Hall room; closets; good table; near "L" station; telephone; gentlemen; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms; electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

149TH ST., 540 to 558 WEST, (near Broadway and beautiful Riverside, the Audubon.)—Few vacancies at our recently opened, newly furnished houses, 552 and 554; large rooms, including excellent board; $10 up for one, or $15 up for two; few smaller rooms, $7 to $8; every comfort, social surroundings; a real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

A.—A.—WHEELOCH MANSION,
158th St. and Hudson River, two blocks Subway station; unusually attractive rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water, showers; large private grounds; piazza 125x10 feet; telephone.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience, superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate; worth investigating. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

REFINED PEOPLE may obtain accommodations; exclusive house; adjoining rooms; every convenience. Phone 5262 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Unusual opportunity for refined married couple to secure accommodations in private adult family, owning beautifully furnished apartment; southwestern exposure; highest references exchanged. C 100 Times.

UNUSUALLY beautiful refined home, (Convent Av. and 143d St.;) private house; seldom opportunity; handsome large room, dressing room; one medium room; exceptional Southern table; a real home; permanent; references exchanged. Telephone 7605 Audubon.

WEST END AV., 524, 86th St. Subway.—Floor, singly or en suite; excellent table; references.

WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive, two blocks north of 157th Subway; beautiful grounds, Audubon 4412.

Rooms and Board Directories.

FREE INFORMATION.
Save time, carfare, and annoyance.
Consult our investigated list; superior accommodations; rooms and board; best locations. Leland's, 4 West 33d St. (Established over 25 years.)

Country Board.

Gentleman and wife, no children, with refined home on Cape Cod; would care for infant or small child; best of N. Y. or local reference. Y 52 Times.

Board Wanted

WANTED.—Room and board with private family for young German gentleman. D 285 Times Downtown.

Young lady desires board and room in private family. Give full particulars. D 317 Times Downtown.

Country Board Wanted

WANTED—In New Jersey suburb, by lady and child, (2 years,) one large airy room, with conveniences, and board for four months from April 1; child's food supplied by mother; state particulars. Fullarton, 1305 Kenyon St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Summer board wanted for four adults (three rooms required) within twenty-five miles of New York; must be near station; preferably on Harlem Road or Putnam Division. Address with particulars, D 318 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; nice, medium-sized front room; breakfast optional.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light, telephone.

55TH ST., 81 EAST.—A beautiful room, suitable for one or two. Telephone 3800 Plaza.

125TH ST., 2,015 5th Av.—Pleasant, large, small rooms; running water; private house; all conveniences.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

LEXINGTON AV., 626.—Scrupulously clean house; large room, handsomely furnished, heated; hot, cold running water; suitable two gentlemen; separate beds; $5.

LEXINGTON AV, 148, (Near 30th St.)—Rooms, well furnished; private house; telephone; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 642.—Handsome rooms, bath and all accommodations, scrupulously clean; private house; gentlemen; references.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean, light rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, bath, telephone; $2 upward; men. Hughes, No. 322 only.

44TH, 102 WEST, (Hotel Litchfield.)—Single room; $1 per day; double room, $1.50 per day; room with private bath, $2 per day; parlor bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, square room; quiet and well kept; moderate; references exchanged.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room, with private bath; also small room.

47TH ST., 113 WEST.—Furnished large, sunny room, bath; gentleman.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; private bath; gentlemen only; references.

56TH ST., 56 WEST.—Dentist or doctor's office; modern equipment; use of reception room.

56TH, 351 WEST.—Double and single rooms; every convenience; well-kept house; telephone; reasonable.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; unrivaled service; hot and cold water in every room. All modern conveniences. Breakfast optional

68TH, 70 WEST.—Unexcelled appointments; parlor floor; Italian mahogany, Persian rugs, grand piano; also single and double rooms; running water, telephone.

70TH ST., 117 WEST.—Elegant furnished large rooms; private bath; small rooms; telephone; references.

70TH, 130 WEST.—Large, second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

72D, 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room, select bachelors only; furnished or unfurnished rooms or en suite; "L" and Subway.

72D ST., 112 WEST.—To sublet, one room and bath, apartment, for one or two people; $50 per month. Hotel Hargrave.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Newly completed, one or two rooms, with bath, phone, electricity; convenient to Subway.

72D, 147 WEST.—Desirable, newly furnished room, with private bath; Subway, "L"; private family.

73D ST. WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, with washroom and closet; electric light; only room rented; private house; gentlemen only; particulars. Phone 3426 Columbus.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

73D, 104 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; convenient to elevated and Subway; gentlemen only; references.

76TH, 100 WEST.—Elegant sunny rooms, with piano; elevator apartment; $4-$8 weekly. Wolff.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large second floor room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny, front room; also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished, medium-sized, sunny room; bath adjoining; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; gentlemen; references.

78TH, 115 WEST.—Two large front rooms; conveniences; gentlemen. Call Tuesday, Wednesday. 4124 Schuyler.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large rooms; all modern conveniences; telephone, electricity; convenient Subway.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Delightful, large room; southern exposure; twin beds; running water; reduced rates.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Large handsome room, all modern conveniences; high-class private house; references.

84TH ST., 135 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, one flight; light housekeeping; central; reasonable. Seymour.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large room; private bath; medium, and small; telephone; reasonable.

86TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large room, bath, running water; gentleman; private house; $9.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Medium-sized room; large closets; running water; suitable two. Riverside 9069.

93D ST., 157 WEST.—Large room; near bath; convenient Subway, "L"; private family; reference.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished front room; private family; breakfast optional. Linz.

96TH, 38 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, with every modern convenience; Subway express and other transit facilities. Telephone 1045 Riverside.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Grossman.

100TH ST., 318 WEST.—Large, airy room; strictly private; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. M. L.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful room for gentleman, with dressing room; running water, bath; private house; one block Broadway Subway and elevated; $7.

109TH AND BROADWAY.—Two handsomely furnished outside rooms; private family. 'Phone 6321 Riverside.

113TH ST., 556 WEST.—Small room; southern exposure; private family; for gentleman; reasonable.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, Near Riverside Drive.—Attractive rooms, suite or singly; elevator. Apartment 31.

113TH ST., 541 WEST.—Attractive room, bath adjoining; first-class, modern; gentleman. Apt. 3.

114TH, 606 WEST, (bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.)—Luxuriously furnished two, three room suite; private bath; electricity; other rooms; private house; reasonable.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Large, double rooms, with lavatory; one minute Subway; breakfast; references. Wills.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Excellent rooms; housekeeping suite; high-class elevator apartment. Apartment 21.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Well-furnished, large and medium rooms. Apt. 54. Morningside 4769.

124TH, (3,120 Broadway.)—Clare Arms, Apartment 42; attractive, sunny front room; near Subway. Townsend.

124TH ST., 542 WEST.—Light room; refined, private family; all conveniences; $2.50. Apartment 43.

139TH, 602 WEST, (137th Express.)—Attractive, sunny room; elevator; private family; moderate. Apartment 19.

158TH, 646 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water; near bath; private home; good neighborhood; subway.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE, P. O. 1716.

A SOUTHERN LADY will rent one, two rooms, corner apartment, attractively appointed, near 96th St. Subway station; bachelors only. 'Phone 4089 River.

CLAREMONT AV., 29.—For gentleman, comfortable furnished room; lavatory, running hot, cold water, attached; every convenience; overlooking Columbia College and Drive; in private family; references required. Belmore.

LARGE, SUNNY BEDROOM, near Central Park West; elevator apartment; $5. Y 40 Times.

MORNINGSIDE AV, 50, (cor. 119th St.)—To sublet; four-room elevator apartment; rent reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 91st St. Subway.—Room, with or without private bath, in large apartment of private family; reasonable to one or two gentlemen; references required. D 83 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Alabama Apartments; rooms, singly and en suite; private bath; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610, (137th St. Subway;) well-furnished room; English family; elevator. Apt. 52.

Rooms and Board Directories.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR ROOMS? Call at Hewitson's New Directory; accommodations strictly high class. Thoroughfare Building, 1,777 Broadway. (Evenings until 8.)

Help Wanted, Female

ACTIVE CANVASSERS, reliable, trustworthy; universal household specialty, highly recommended, guaranteed; special inducements; carried in satchel. Write or call for particulars, Economic Percolator Company, 1A 265 Broadway, New York.

BEST & CO.,
5th Av. at 35th St.,
require experienced saleswomen for trimmed millinery.

BOOKKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; reliable, with experience and references. Henry Moerlender, 6 West 29th St.

BRIGHT, strong girl for special work in an office; good wages. Call 9 A. M. Thursday, Room 69, 81 Fulton St., New York.

COMPETENT white woman for general housework; family of three adults; must have good references. Call Thursday and Friday, between 1 and 3 o'clock, 1,425 Broadway, Room 17.

COOK.—Good, plain; best wages; city references required; Chambermaid and waitress; competent and experienced; best wages; city references required. 401 West End Av., corner 79th St.

BEST & CO.,
5th Av. at 35th St.,
require several young women, 18 years of age, with audit office experience.

ERRAND GIRLS AND SHOPPERS.
AITKEN, SON & CO. require neat, intelligent errand girls and shoppers, about 16 years of age. Apply Superintendent, Broadway and 18th St.

LADY to oversee cooking in school; Episcopal; salary moderate. Address, stating salary and references, Box 143, Bronxville, N. Y.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.
French woman, between 30 and 40, to take complete charge of boy 4 years old; must be well educated, happy natured, have nice appearance, be in good health, and have excellent references. Apply between 9 and 3 Wednesday and Thursday, Mrs. Shubert, 375 West End Av.

TYPIST.—Bright young woman to copy manuscripts for literary worker; state experience. X Y Z, 17 Times.

WANTED.
SMART, CLEVER SALESWOMAN FOR HIGH-CLASS SUIT AND GOWN SHOP; AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN OF CLEVER PERSONALITY, STYLISH APPEARANCE, AND REAL ABILITY; $25 SALARY AND EXCEPTIONAL INDUCEMENT TO RIGHT PARTY. APPLY HIRSCH, BROADWAY AND 42D ST., SUBWAY ENTRANCE.

BEST & CO.,
5th Av. at 35th St.,
require a young woman, 20 years of age, as entry clerk in the delivery credit room. Must be a rapid writer.

WANTED.—Refined, intelligent women, over 25, to interview mothers for a school extension plan; dignified employment; women of personality can earn from $25 to $75 a week; salary and commission; Fidelity bond, for which we pay, required. Call after 2 P. M., Dixon-Rucker Co., 303 Fifth Av.

WANTED—Nurse for 16 months child; personal city reference from some former employer required. Telephone 8642—Riverside, or apply 318 West 100th St., Apartment 15, between 9 and 10:30 mornings.

WANTED.—Mother's helper to assist in the care of 2 small children; good home and wages. A 291 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, WITH KNOWLEDGE DOUBLE ENTRY. ADDRESS, WITH REFERENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, D 320 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, SECRETARY.—Party taking financial interest. Machinery Manufacturer, third floor, 1,544 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent. Apply by letter only. Jacob Bros. piano factory office, 539 West 39th St.

BOOKMEN will find in our O. Henry and Kipling combination a proposition that will easily average three to five orders daily; other attractive combinations in short sets that get the signatures. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place, Mr. Mansfield, afternoons only.

CANVASSERS.—Experienced; salary paid and permanent position to industrious men. Call between 10-12 A. M. Friday. Mathushek & Son Piano Co., 150 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER who has had experience with vacuum apparatus and is competent to manage the manufacturing end of a small plant and show results. Reply, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected, V 71 Times.

COMPETENT cut stone draughtsman. Call before 1 o'clock Thursday at 224 Hotel Breslin or write John Oman, Jr., Nashville, Tenn.

DESIGNER OF ABILITY ON HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, 586 5TH AV.

Help Wanted, Male

ELEVATOR MEN.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced elevator men; apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, 8:30 and 9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M.

EXPERIENCED BOOK SALESMEN wanted; splendid new proposition open for a few good men; salesmen now making from $50 to $150 per week; leads furnished right parties. Call 9 to 10 A. M. or after 3 P. M., 118 East 25th St., near 4th Av. W. H. Bowers.

EXPORT SALESMAN.—Experienced man required by export machinery house to open office in Brazil; knowledge of Portuguese necessary. D 309 Times Downtown.

RUG STOCK MEN.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced rug stock men; apply at Carpet Department, third floor.

SALES MANAGER.—A strong, rapidly growing corporation offers an active, aggressive man, 35 to 45 years of age, thoroughly experienced in the automobile business and capable of taking charge of a rapidly growing sales department organized to handle a large volume of business, $1,000,000 and upward annually, including the advertising, correspondence, and sales force, &c.; embraced in such department an unusual opportunity to undertake this work and profit accordingly; good salary to commence with; state experience, present occupation, age, reference, &c., fully in answering, which will be considered in confidence. Address New York Corporation, P. O. Box 246.

SALESMEN.—THOSE EXPERIENCED IN THIS LINE OR IN SELLING SEWING MACHINES OR INSURANCE PREFERRED; ON SALARY. CALL BETWEEN 10 AND 12 A. M. FRIDAY. MATHUSHEK & SON PIANO CO., 150 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY.

SALESMEN with some insurance experience can make most profitable connection with largest company of its kind in the world. Exceptionally good opportunity to make money and establish an independent commission income. Address or call, Supervisor, Room 605, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN WANTED—No experience required; earn good wages while you learn. Write (or call) to-day for list of hundreds of positions now open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMAN WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY TO HANDLE SOUND, ATTRACTIVE INDUSTRIAL STOCKS; EXCELLENT COMPENSATION TO RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS CENTRAL FINANCE CORPORATION, 35 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

SALESMEN.—A large corporation, with branch offices in the leading cities and an extensively advertised line, desires to add to their selling force two first-class salesmen. Call on Sales Manager, 134 West 29th St., tenth floor.

SALESMAN.—High-class book salesman for Catholic Historical work; just out; new territory. Apply Mr. Marrin, Room 903, 1 West 34th St.

SALESMAN for New York City for small start; rapid advancement. Write, stating salary demanded, Samuel H. Moss, 36 East 23d St.

WANTED—Refined, well-dressed men, above 40, but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED, A COLLECTOR—A GENTLEMAN OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND ADDRESS; REFERENCE AND BOND REQUIRED. ADDRESS D 319 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED—Office boy, intelligent, ambitious, willing to work for advancement, with big business concern. Write, giving full particulars, D 302 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Experienced gas arc salesman; increased commissions. Apply by letter, stating experience, &c., Municipal Lighting Co., 124 East 15th St.

WANTED—Several strong boys, 15-16 years age; must be willing workers; wholesale hardware business. Call 2 South St.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
(Agency.)
Officers and Directors:

Otto T. Bannard, Pres.	Jacob H. Schiff.
John MacArthur, V. P.	Robert W. de Forest.
Paul M. Warburg, Treas.	George Blumenthal.
E. H. Outerbridge, Secy.	Francis. L. Hine.

L. F. Loree.
Hudson Terminal Bldg., 30 Church Street.
MALE.
BILL CLERK on typewriter; must speak German; $12.
LEDGER CLERK; must be excellent penman; $18.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; experienced, $15.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; good on detail, $10-12.
STENOGRAPHERS.
SECRETARY; must be a good stenographer; $20.
STENOGRAPHER; with law experience; $22.
STENOGRAPHER; for reliable machinery concern; $20.
STENOGRAPHER, for position offering good advancement in Brooklyn, $15; also a beginner at $8-$10.
TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT
has openings for engineers, executives, salesman, draftsmen, operatives, and men of technical training generally; call or write.
FEMALE DEPARTMENT.
STENOGRAPHER; expert at law work; salary $20-$25.

Domestic.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. Phone Plaza 4961. 769 Lexington Av.

Situations Wanted

Female

CARETAKER for man, wife. Call, write Mrs. Jeffreys, 325 West 52d St., care of Rice.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon and evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

FIRST-CLASS FRENCH DRESSMAKER.—gowns, lingerie; alteration; out by day. Miss Koster, care Hiller, 216 West 111th St.

GIRL, colored, wishes position chambermaid and waitress, chamber and laundress. Dickerson, 22 West 99th St.

GOOD, REFINED AMERICAN GIRL.—Chambermaid and child in nice family. Sadler, 217 East 85th St.

SOUTHERN colored woman, first-class laundress. wants washing home; reference. Mercer, 228 W. 63d St.

STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY; HIGH GRADE IN EVERY RESPECT; SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE; AMBITIOUS, REFINED; EXCELLENT REFERENCES; DESIRE SECRETARYSHIP OR RESPONSIBLE STENOGRAPHIC POSITION; $20. W 362 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; hard worker; takes notes quickly, transcribes accurately; moderate salary, with advancement. Elizabeth Kraft, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 1799 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, (19,) beginner; intelligent; high school graduate; American, neat, refined; no agency; plain penman; $8. D 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert, 4 years' experience along commercial and technical lines; thorough experience in business methods; A1 references. E 7 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and bookkeeper; reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey Street.

STENOGRAPHER.—(20;) good clerical worker, rapid, accurate worker; unquestionable references; $10. D 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—One year's experience; college graduate; $6; references. D 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, competent, reliable young lady; conscientious; $15. Elikann, 791 Jackson Av., (158th.)

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, ambitious; beginner; knowledge bookkeeping; versed all office details; $6. D 299 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Neat, competent, rapid typist; 3 years' experience; highest references; $12. Phone 2165 Gramercy.

STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator, double entry bookkeeper, ($18;) $7; neat; good references. D 298 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, fluent correspondent; absolutely reliable, trustworthy; $15. D 294 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight months' experience; neat, bright; $6; unquestionable references. D 312 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High School graduate; neat; knowledge bookkeeping; $12. D 295 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, bright, ambitious beginner; business school graduate; $6. D 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years real estate; (19;) conversant office work; $8. D 296 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Male

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systems installed, financial statements, &c., prepared; investigations, work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 702, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2780—Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT—Monthly audits that show conditions; inexpensive systems installed; investigations; reorganizations; dissolutions; entanglements straightened out, corporation accounts adjusted. Accountant, 429 6th Av. Phone Mad. Sq. 8322.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, or systematizes books; prepares financial statements; makes investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service given. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED, invites correspondence from parties requiring experienced assistance; accounts audited; general or cost accounting systems designed and installed; moderate fees. Y 29 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, or systematizes books; prepares financial statements; makes investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service given. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, investigated; partnershipship, corporation, trustee accounts; monthly service, reasonable. Auditor, Room 160, 280 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) opens, closes books; monthly audits; moderate. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

A BOOKKEEPER, office manager, correspondent, stenographer, seeks executive or responsible position; 12 years' broad, progressive, all around experience; efficient; trustworthy; well recommended; moderate salary. Service, D 157 Times.

AN ACCOUNTANT, long experience and wide acquaintance in municipal departments preparing Surrogates' reports, condemnation and bankruptcy proceedings, seeks position with law firm or corporation. D 316 Times Downtown.

A. — OFFICE MANAGER, ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly versed in efficiency methods and modern accounting, desires to connect with progressive concern. D 169 Times.

A1 SALESMAN,
age 30, with broad experience, desires connection locally or travel; if you have a staple product and a big proposition, get acquainted with me; A1 references. E 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER of 25 years' experience will post books and take off trial balance weekly or monthly for parties not keeping a bookkeeper; references. D 220 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 25, good correspondent; can take full charge of responsible position; moderate salary. Harry, 19 Irving Place. Telephone 1054 Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT, 10 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house; best credentials. Bookkeeper, D 223 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—28; accountant; exceptional ability; financial statements, profit and loss sheets; credentials A1. W. A. Smith, 566 West 173d St.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) thoroughly experienced take entire charge books; highly recommended; dependable. E 16 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; double entry; four years' experience; rapid and accurate figurer. 631 Times Downtown.

BOY with ambition, school graduate, honest, polite; fair penmanship; references. Hamilton, D 257 Times Downtown

BUTLER and COOK.—Japanese young man desires position as butler and cook in bachelor's apartment; reference. Tokumi, 184 High St., Brooklyn.

BUYER MEN'S FURNISHINGS.—Live wire, 35, who has made good for past ten years is open to connect with live concern after May 1; out-of-town proposition considered. Ability, 75 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; age 32; married; 12 years' best references; drives any car; fair wages expected. A. Haltiner, 968 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, sober; good references. Address P. G. Bravo, Garden City, Long Island.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—14 years' practice; well acquainted Latin America; has occupied important positions; speaks English, French, Spanish; German thoroughly; can give good references; open for position. D 155 Times.

COMPETENT executive, 35, experienced salesman, seeks responsible position; moderate salary; convincing credentials. Success, Post Office Box 69, New York.

CONFIDENTIAL MAN desires connection with man of affairs or small corporation; capable of acting as assistant to manager. D 261 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTING, tracer, and letterer wants position. D 165 Times.

EDITOR and REPORTER, with idle time each week, desires to connect with publication; editing, writing, make-up, reporting, special writing. Editor, Room 417, 132 Nassau St.

EDUCATED GENTLEMAN will call at residences when required to attend to correspondence, write up books, draw and typewrite contracts. D 163 Times.

EXPERT STATISTICIAN, economic analyist desires permanent engagement April with responsible concern; $30 D 112 Times.

FARMER, married, American, 29 years old, wishes position as working foreman; years of experience in garden, poultry, dairy, and all kinds of farm work. Irving Holmes, Ridgefield, Conn.

FOREMAN.—Working foreman (carpenter) for country estate work, where general improvements are contemplated, alterations, reconstructions, new buildings. J. R., Times Harlem.

GARDENER.—Married; life experience vegetables, fruits, flowers, lawns, and drives; handy with carpenter's tools; wife high-class laundress; best references. T. Martin, 243 East 45th St., New York.

MAN, German, married, porter, strong, handy with tools, good cleaner, &c.; references. A. B., 4,354 Park Av., Bronx.

USEFUL MAN.—Colored; 20 years; 2 years' experience; willing to make himself generally useful. Jackson, 27 Barker St., West Brighton, S. I.

YOUNG MAN (24) now employed, possessing brains, energy, and real ability; seven years' experience inside and outside, capable filling any position, offers his services to firm where conscientious work will create future. Ability, E 4 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 10 years' experience, good accountant, executive ability, highest references, familiar with manufacturing methods and machinery, desires position with progressive house; limited investment might follow. E 13 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position; three years' experience; knowledge of bookkeeping, shipping, typewriting, and general office work; excellent references; moderate salary. A. O. B., Room 1,538, 17 Battery Place.

YOUNG MAN with extensive experience in the fancy leather goods line wishes to connect with reliable house; capable of taking charge of business end; A1 references. D 310 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, willing, energetic, and ambitious, desires a position as salesman in some commercial line; can furnish A1 references; high school education. A 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position gentleman's place; handy, sober, willing worker; best reference. Astor, 251 W. 95th St.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) experienced credit investigator, collector, shipping clerk, desires position; $12. E 3 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—High school education; general office work experience; position at anything. E 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, just in from Western ranch, wants anything to do. Capable, E 12 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, wishes position inside or outside; excellent references. Y 72 Times.

Employment Bureaus,

Domestic.

A.—FOR EXCELLENT colored servants 'phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

BOND $1,000.—A1 colored help supplied. 1,119 Harlem. Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS. — Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT HELP, short notice, procurable at Progressive Emp.; reliable. 34 West 131st St. 5370 Harlem.

COUPLE.—Useful man; wife good cook and housekeeper; neat, obliging; first-class references; city or country. Pearson's Agency. Telephone 5049 Harlem.

EMPLOYERS—Capable boys supplied; phone your wants; prompt, efficient service, free. Children Aid Society Free Employment Bureau, 1,704 Murray Hill.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d. Tel. 9527 Riverside.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Neat, willing girl; good cook, excellent laundress; first reference; colored; city or country; $25. Pearson's Agency, 5049 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Phone Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. Tel. 6916 Morningside.

UNIVERSAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, (Agency,) couple, $70; nursing governess, $35; waitress, $30. 59 West 37th St.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 82 Centre.

A FREAK LETTER MAY CONVICT BOMBMAKER

It Is in a Typewriting Machine Used by Klotz in the Topographical Bureau.

SHOWS IN BOMB ADDRESSES

Prisoner Says Letters M. X. After Bomb Dates Mean Visits to His Doctor—Farrell Not Set Free.

Constant questioning by the police of Henry J. Klotz, who is charged with the death of Helen Taylor, one of the victims of the bomb murders, was attended yesterday by a relapse in his condition. Information came from Fordham Hospital last night that he had taken a turn for the worse. Further than this the hospital authorities refused to discuss the case. Klotz's sister complained of the treatment which she says her brother has suffered from the police, and denied emphatically that he had anything to do with the bomb murders.

Klotz was asked to explain the entries in his notebook, now in the hands of the police, that had to do with the letters "M. X." as used in connection with the dates of the bomb outrages on Helen Taylor, (who was also known as Grace Walker,) Judge Otto Rosalsky, and Mrs. Madeline Herrera. He replied that he chose the letters at random to call to his mind visits to a physician who treated him for an ailment on the dates mentioned. He said it was merely a coincidence if he called on the physician on the same days that bombs were received by the victims. When asked the name of the physician, the police say, Klotz replied:

"I cannot recall his name or address, but he had an office downtown."

Freak Letter Important as Evidence.

Experts engaged by Deputy Commissioner Dougherty reported that they had established to their own satisfaction that the typewriting machine used in addressing the bomb boxes to Helen Taylor and Judge Rosalsky was one to which Klotz had access in the Topographical Bureau of the Bronx, where he was employed as a draughtsman. This machine is one of a consignment of 350 made by the Elliott Fisher Company of 363 Broadway for the city and county offices of New York. They were constructed to do special work, and to this end styles of type unlike any used on other makes of machines were installed.

As far back as the Taylor murder on Feb. 3, 1912, the address pasted on the bomb box was submitted by Detective Bresnan to William Miller, a typewriting expert of this city. The letters were printed from Roman type, pica size, such as is not used on standard machines. Miller finally identified the type as that used on the special Elliott Fisher machines, and the police proceded to trace each machine.

Up to last Thursday, the day before Klotz was maimed by the explosion of a bomb of his own manufacture, more than 250 of these machines had been examined. None revealed the scarcely noticeable imperfections in the formation of the letters "r" and "a" which were reproduced on the address blanks of the Taylor and Rosalsky bombs.

Following the injury to Klotz Detective Bresnan went to the Bronx Bureau and examined the machines on which Klotz either had written or to which he had access. In this way the Elliott-Fisher machine possessing the imerfect letters was discovered. The small letter "a" was found to make an impression apparently identical with the "a" noted in the address on the bomb sent to Judge Rosalsky.

Revelations described as of the greatest importance for presentation to a jury attended a microscopic examination of the letter "r" in the machine. While the letter was being cast the heat probably caused a slight bending in the staff of the letter, and also produced a somewhat acute turn in the upper right-hand branch. These imperfections were freaks in the casting which gave an absolute identity to the letter. These freaks, the experts say, are reproduced in the "r" found in the addresses on the bomb sent to Helen Taylor, and also in the words "Riverside Drive" which followed Judge Rosalsky's name on the bomb received by him.

Only One in a Million Like It.

J. Frank Allard, New York manager for the Underwood typewriter, one of the experts consulted by the police, said that the inaccuracy in the formation of the "r" might not recur in the manufacture of a million machines, and, when taken in conjunction with the "a," both letters being attached to the same machine, furnished conclusive proof that the bomb addresses were written on the machine in the Bronx Bureau.

A complete record of the machine was obtained from G. K. Kendall, local manager for the Elliott Fisher Company, who said it was made especially for J. C. Hume, Assistant Chief of the Highways Department in the Bronx. The type was changed seven times before Mr. Hume was satisfied. Although there was a diligent search to establish the Elliott Fisher machine as the make which used the peculiar type disclosed in the addresses, it was several months before the discovery was made that there were ten of the machines in use at Police Headquarters.

Commissioner Dougherty's men are seeking to prove that the paper on which the Taylor and Rosalsky addresses were written is the same as paper found in Klotz's room on the top floor of his father's home at 1,332 Fulton Avenue, the Bronx. Experts also will examine paste found in Klotz's room and paste still adhering to the two address slips to ascertain if identity can be established.

Judge Rosalsky said yesterday he did not recall ever having seen Klotz. He told of sentencing a man named Charles O. McCarthaigh on April 29, 1909, to a year in the penitentiary for extortion. McCarthaigh was a Fire Marshal in the Bronx at the time of his conviction and lived at 1,492 Hoe Avenue, within a few blocks of Klotz's home. He is now living in Arlington, N. J. Inquiry in the Bronx yesterday brought forth information that McCarthaigh had many friends among the employes in the Topographical Bureau. Whether Klotz was among the number or whether he harbored any resentment against Judge Rosalsky for sentencing McCarthaigh could not be established.

Farrell Not Yet Released.

Capt. Tunney of the West Side Detective Bureau, reported to Commissioner Dougherty that while he was questioning Klotz about the bomb sent to Judge Rosalsky, Klotz said:

"You have got one man for that, and he has confessed. What do you want of another?"

Klotz referred to John Paul Farrell, who is a prisoner in the Tombs charged with the death of Mrs. Madeline Herrera.

Assistant District Attorney Breckinridge said yesterday the authorities are not ready to release Farrell in spite of the charges made against Klotz. Records of twelve convictions against Farrell have been found, and he has spent fifteen years in prison.

Farrell told yesterday of having seen Klotz and Mrs. Herrera in conversation on several occasions. Mr. Breckinridge made a personal inquiry in the neighborhood of the Klotz and Herrera homes, and says he talked with several persons who will testify if need be that Klotz and Mrs. Herrera, who was killed by a bomb on last Feb. 2, were acquainted.

"The police have got the wrong man, and they know it," Herman Klotz is quoted as saying yesterday when asked about his son's arrest. "My son had no connection with the murder of Helen Taylor, and it is just as ridiculous to try and connect him with the Rosalsky and Herrera cases. The police have framed up this charge against my boy. He has little hobbies, such as experimenting with smokeless powder and with electricity, but through them he has never harmed any one other than himself."

HUNTER'S OLD SCHOOLBOYS.

Hundreds of Them Once More Greet Loved Principal in Old No. 35.

Three hundred old pupils of Dr. Thomas Hunter in Public School 35, on West Thirteenth Street, went to the old building last night to play school once more. Most of them were gray-headed. Half a hundred of them came in their own motor cars. Dr. Hunter, who started his career as a teacher in the school in 1850, played school, too. He started off the exercises with a cheery "Good morning, boys," in the old familiar way, and followed it up with a "Good morning, girls," for some of the girls of Miss Lydia F. Wadleigh's old school 47, around the corner on West Twelfth Street, were there as the wives of some of Dr. Hunter's "boys."

Six of the "girls" met six of the "boys" in a spelling match under Spelling Master Charles Putzel. The "boys'" team won, and its Captain, Everett P. Wheeler, got a copy of "Robinson Crusoe" as his prize. Lewis S. Burchard, De Witt J. Seligman, and J. Van Vechten Olcott, the unspelled-down members of his team, got honorable mention. Gallantry toward the "girls" led Prof. Charles P. Fagnani and Marcus M. Marks of the "boys'" team to spell themselves out on such easy words as inflammable and ascendant.

Miss Emma C. Schoonmaker, leader of the "girls'" team, was its last surviving member, and got a box of red apples. Her team mates got Hunter badges as souvenirs. They were Mrs. Clara Williams, Mrs. E. C. Vanderboget, Mrs. Mary Hawkins, and Miss Emily Reeve.

Daniel P. Hays recited "Hiawatha" so pathetically that there were many damp eyes in the old assembly room. Mr. Hays's recitation brought the only "grown up" response of the evening. As he finished Archer V. Pancoast rose and said:

"We have been deeply moved by Mr. Hays's feeling portrayal of the woes of Hiawatha in the cruel Winter. Our brothers in the West are suffering a present affliction from flood and tornado which should move us to a real sympathy."

Col. Bridgman of Squadron A suggested that a collection be taken up at once to carry out the principles of Dr. Hunter in inculcating true humanity among his boys and as a means not only of showing brotherly feeling but of doing him honor. A collection of $751.50 was taken up.

After the exercises a school-day spread was served by girls from Washington Irving High School.

QUITS IN PRESBYTERIAN ROW.

Withdrawal of Intermediate Lessons Causes Judge Willson to Resign.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Judge Robert N. Willson, President of the Presbyterian Board of Publication and Sabbath School Work for twenty-five years, has resigned that position. His resignation was received at a meeting of the board Tuesday afternoon, and created a profound impression. A committee was appointed to request the Judge to reconsider his decision.

The resignation is said to have been influenced by the action of the Presbyterian General Assembly's Committee on graded lessons, which recently ordered the withdrawal of the intermediate lessons, prepared by the Rev. Milton S. Littlefield of Brooklyn for the Presbyterian Board. Judge Willson is believed to have regarded the Assembly Committee's action as a reflection upon his board.

Judge Willson has been a member of the Board of Publication forty-two years, and many spoke of him as "the cornerstone of its work."

The graded lessons have given the Presbyterian Board of Publication an unpleasant experience. Those prepared by Mr. Littlefield provoked a storm of criticism among conservative churchmen throughout the country.

Churches threw out the graded lessons, the church press denounced them, and Presbyteries sent protests to the General Assembly, which appointed a committee to investigate and remedy the trouble. On this committee were many of the ablest ministers and laymen of American Presbyterianism.

The Graded Lesson Committee has held many conferences with the Presbyterian Board of Publication, and after mature deliberation it ordered the withdrawal of the intermediate and senior lessons. It further decreed that the elementary and junior lessons must be rewritten.

PROSECUTING IMPORTERS.

Government Prepares 20 Suits, Some Criminal, Over China Valuations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Bills are being prepared under directions from the Attorney General for twenty suits against New York importers of china for duties alleged to have been evaded in the past three years by undervaluation. The cases are said to be similar to the case against L. Straus & Son, which was begun in the United States District Court at New York yesterday. While the question involved is regarded as technical, some of the cases, it is expected, will be criminally prosecuted.

The trouble grows out of the adoption of the Limoges schedule four years ago after a thorough inquiry into the whole state of the china trade and on representations made by manufacturers and jobbers in France and importers in this country. It is now contended by customs experts that there were false pretenses and conspiracy in the efforts of the manufacturers and importers to avoid the payment of duties.

To get at the facts, a commission of experts was appointed last year, known as the Wakefield Commission. Six months were spent investigating in France, and a report was made to the Secretary of the Treasury that gross frauds had been perpetrated on the Government in the representations made by which the Limoges schedule was approved and that the Government was losing large amounts in the system of undervaluations in progress. The amount covered in the suits under consideration is estimated to be $1,500,000.

CHOOSE AMERICAN STYLES.

Advertising Men's Guests Decide in Favor of Home Designers.

American fashions for American women were approved last night at the annual dinner of the Advertising Men's League of New York at the Aldine Club rooms in the Fifth Avenue Building. An exhibit of American and Parisian models was presented, and a poll of the women guests was in favor of the American designs. Cheruit and Callot were among the French designers represented, and America was represented by Alexandre Grean, Schotz, and Mesdames Nardi and Simcox.

A feature of the dinner was a parade of child models representing well-known trade marks of widely advertised American products. "The Dutch Boy Painter," "The Gold Dust Twins," "Sunny Jim," "Franco-American Chef," "Zu Zu Clown," "Uneeda Boy," "Little Fairy," "Porosknit Boys," and the "Knox Gelatine Boys" were among the many characters represented.

The speakers included Edward Bok, editor of The Ladies' Home Journal; Lionel Kremer, Hiram M. Allinson, and Herbert Casson. The general topic was "American Trademark Quality Standards."

SMITH-NUGENT MAN PUT ON JURY REFORM

Taylor Names Martin to Head New Jersey Assembly Conferrees.

KILLS CONSTITUTIONAL BILL

Disregarding Gov. Fielder's Message, Senate Refuses to Pass It by Vote of 14 to 4.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 26.—Speaker Taylor appointed this afternoon Assemblyman Martin of Hudson County, the Smith-Nugent floor leader, as Chairman of the House Committee to confer with three Senators on jury reform legislation. He named Assemblyman McDermott of Hudson and Salus of Atlantic as conferees. The latter is a Republican, and with Senator Leavitt of the upper house committee will support the Read bill, introduced by the minority early in the session. Senators Davis of Salem and Slocum of Monmouth, the other members of the Senate committee, will insist on the David bill making jury commissions mandatory, while Martin and McDermott want a modified measure carrying a referendum clause.

James R. Nugent, City Counsel for Newark and right-hand man of former Senator James Smith, Jr., has made it clear that he does not favor jury reform. He told Gov. Fielder so to-day and said there was no sentiment in Essex County for such a change. He was deaf to the Governor's argument that the party was pledged to the legislation.

Gov. Fielder is seeking the Democratic nomination for Governor, and aside from their differences as to jury reform he and Martin are good friends. There is a possibility that Martin will yield rather than embarrass the Governor. Martin says an agreement will be reached.

The Senate Democrats showed their friendliness to Gov. Fielder again to-day when they recalled from his hands the bill providing an eight-hour day for inmates and employes of penal institutions. The law, if enacted, would cost the State thousands of dollars more each year. The Governor would have been embarrassed in his candidacy had he been called upon to consider the measure, so the Senators withdrew it. Similar action was taken Monday on another eight-hour bill.

Disregarding a special message from Gov. Fielder and a sharp letter from Assemblyman Hennessy of Bergen County, sponsor for the measure, the Senate killed this afternoon the Constitutional bill by a vote of 14 to 4. Those voting for the bill were McGinnis of Passaic, Fitzherbert of Morris, Colgate of Essex, and Johnston of Essex. The Governor gave a public hearing on the bill at noon, the chief argument for the measure being made by George L. Record. He said that the Senate, because of the small county representation, always proved a stumbling block to progressive legislation.

Assemblyman Hennessy, in an open letter to Senator Davis of Salem County, Democratic whip in the Upper House, said that if the Senate did not pass the bill the party would be repudiated at the next election. It was not expected, however, that the Senate would take favorable action; because in that body the small counties of South Jersey have equal voting power with those in the northern part of the State, and their representatives would not stand for a bill that would give the more populous sections control of the convention.

SHOT DEAD BEFORE THE BAR.

Victim Unidentified and Slayer Insists It Was an Accident.

Two men stood before the bar in the saloon of James Shannon, at 189 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, late last night, drinking together. As Dennis Murphy left the bar for a moment to serve the proprietor and his friends in the rear room, he heard a shot. Hurrying back, he saw one of the two men lying on the floor, shot through the heart, and the other hastening to the door, revolver in hand.

Just in front of the saloon Policeman Cavanaugh was standing on fixed post. He hurried in on hearing the shot and arrested the man with the revolver. The prisoner identified himself as Jacob B. Ebbetts, a machinist of 296 East Thirty-eighth Street, Brooklyn. He had in his possession a patent magazine revolver with seven bullets. This, he said, he had been showing to the other man when it exploded. Ebbetts insisted that he did not know the man and that he had no quarrel with him.

According to Dr. Ryan, who came in an ambulance from the Holy Family Hospital, however, the pistol had been directly aimed at the dead man's heart, and the absence of powder burns on his clothing argued against the theory that the shot had been accidental and at very close range. Ebbetts was locked up in the Bergen Street Station.

The dead man was not identified last night. He was about 35 years old, 5 feet 7½ inches tall, weighed about 140 pounds, had dark hair, sharp features, and was smooth shaven, wore dark clothes and a derby hat, low-cut tan shoes, a white shirt, with pearl cuff buttons, and a black necktie. Inside his coat was a tag bearing the name "J. Daly," and the trade mark, "From the House of Morrison, 180 Fulton Street, Manhattan."

CARNEGIE TO GIVE A LIBRARY.

Offers a Second $40,000 Structure to Montclair, N. J.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 26.—It was announced by a committee of persons living in this city yesterday that Andrew Carnegie had agreed to give $40,000 for the construction of a library in the north end of this town. If the gift is accepted by the city it will be the second $40,000 library given by Mr. Carnegie to Montclair.

Ten years ago he gave a like sum for the construction of the Montclair Library at Church Street and Valley Road. This institution is called the Montclair Free Public Library, and, although the donor's name is inscribed on the building, it is never referred to as the "Carnegie Library."

IN NEW JERSEY.

BAYONNE.—The City Council has decided to buy for $97,225 property in the vicinity of Avenue C and Twenty-eighth Street for a new City Hall and Fire Headquarters.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—Fire destroyed the Mark & Davison shirt waist factory at South River, N. J., with a loss of $67,000. The fire was started by crossed electric light wires.

LONG BRANCH.—While her neighbor, Mrs. Pierson Grover, was dying, Mrs. Willard Mabb, knowing that poverty had delayed the payment of an insurance premium on her life, paid the premium herself. Mrs. Grover died a few hours afterward.

NEWTON.—The body of a man was found at the bottom of a stream at Flatbrookville. From papers in his pockets the body was identified as that of Daniel Strunk of Warren County.

SAW THIEVES' LIGHT.

Merchant's Daughter Warned Father in Time to Save Silver.

Giovanni Luzzetta, an Italian produce merchant, locked his apartment in the building at 46 West Eighty-third Street when he and his family went up to the seventh floor to visit friends. They had been there several hours when his daughter, glancing out of the window, saw a light on the roof of the building next door, as though cast from the windows of the Luzzetta apartment. She knew the lights had been put out, and Mr. Luzzetta hurried down to the floor below and opened the door. It opened only an inch or two, for some one had put the chain bolt in place, but it opened wide enough for him to hear the sounds of persons making a hurried exit through the window to the roof of the adjoining house.

When a policeman helped him force the door he found $1,000 worth of watches and jewelry gone, but a suit case packed with the table silver had been left behind in the haste of the thieves' departure.

A Man Who Wears Arnheim Clothes Said:

"For years I paid $50 to $60 for suits and overcoats. Then I tried ready-mades at $40. Now I pay $20 to $40 for ARNHEIM CLOTHES, and they are the best I ever wore." This man is not an exception. Let us prove to you that what he says is true.

Suits and Overcoats, $20 to $40

Broadway & 9th St. Arnheim

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEA., B'way & 43. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. MAY IRWIN in the Farce WIDOW BY PROXY. Hear her sing "Two-Lip Salve" and "Over the Garden Wall."

ASTOR B'way, 45 St. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. POP. WED. MATS. "OF SURPRISING INTEREST, BEAUTIFULLY STAGED AND EXCELLENTLY WELL ACTED.—JUDGE WARREN W. FOSTER. A MAN'S FRIENDS

GRAND OPERA HOUSE Milestones Saturday Matinee. Next Week—The Count of Luxembourg.

Ad. Philipp's Evs. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 57 St. Theatre, n'r 3 Av. Auction Pinochle

Palace THEATRE OF NEW YORK, B'way, 47th St. Eve. at 8:15. MATINEE DAILY at 2:30. Management of........MR. FRANK THOMPSON. Prices: Eves. 25c. to $1.50; Mats. 25c. to $1. La Napierkowska in "THE DANCE OF THE BEE," "THE ETERNAL WALTZ." HY. MAYER, THE FOUR VANIS, TAYLOR HOLMES, ED. WYNN & CO., MILTON POLLOCK & CO., OTA GYGI. THE LONDON PALACE GIRLS.

MINERS 8TH AVE. & 25TH ST. TEL. 1268 CHEL. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. Moulin Rouge Co. AMATEURS FRIDAY. PEOPLES BOWERY & SPRING ST. TEL. 3730 ORCH. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. The Auto Girls. AMATEURS FRIDAY. BRONX 3D AVE. & 156TH ST. TEL. 1023 MEL. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. The Tiger Lilies. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. Years of Discretion

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:10. A Good Little Devil

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50, 75c, $1. D'ly Matinees 25 & 50c. BIG EASTER BILL. 16 STAR ACTS

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Negligee Shirts, Madras & Percale, 85c. Beautiful designs in neat stripes.

$2 Soft Cuff Negligees, at $1.25. The sample line of a high class m'f'r. Of imported madras, crepe and percale, pleated and plain bosoms.

Spring Underwear. You'll save money by getting it here.

Balbriggan - 39c Each

Lisle Thread 39c Each

Long and Short Sleeves. Long and Knee Drawers

Nainsook Athletic Shirts or Drawers 29c

Elsewhere 50c

Silk Socks, Accordion Weave 29c

MAYOR GAYNOR writes about What Happened to Mary?

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

MARCH 25, 1913.

Dear Miss Wyndham:

I saw you play last night at the Fulton Theatre in your new play—"What Happened to Mary," and was very much pleased. The play is wholesome and interesting, and I also liked your acting very much. I am going up some night to hear you again. It is very clever throughout. All the girls should go to hear it.

Sincerely yours,

W. J. Gaynor,

MAYOR.

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN at the CENTURY THEATRE. Eves. 8 on the minute. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2 on the min. 8th Av. & 62d St.

EVERYMAN Children's Thea., Evs. 9. With Edith Wynne Matthison. Last Week. Century Thea. Bldg. Mats. To-day & Sat. 3.

WALLACK'S Beginning MONDAY, MAR. 31. Lucille La Verne's Dramatization of Will N. Harben's Novel. ANN BOYD. POWERFUL CAST. Evenings and Sat. Mat. 300 ORCH. SEATS $1.00. Balc. 75c, 50c; Fam. Cir. 25c. Wednesday Matinee Entire Orch. $1. Bal. 50c; Fam. Cir. 25c.

CENTURY THEATRE, TUES., APR. 1, 1:30. Theatrical Managers and Dramatic Profession's Annual Benefit Actors' Fund. THE USUAL GREAT ANNUAL BILL. 350 Seats at 50c.; 250 Seats at 75c; 200 Seats at $1.00; 200 Seats at $1.50. Seats at $2.00; Boxes $25. 4 New Plays and Special Star Features.

TRAVEL SHOW. MAR. 20-29. ADMISSION 25c. Indians, Scenic Booths, Mountains, Resorts, &c. Wonderful Kinemacolor Views, No Extra Charge. 46TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV. NEW GRAND CENTRAL PALACE

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES. 5th AVE. B'way 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. Wm. B. Macart & Ethelynne Bradford; "The Trained Nurses," with Clark & Bergman, Cross & Josephine, Edison's Talking Pictures. 23D ST., nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST., Lex. Av. Wonderful Kinemacolor Pictures in natural colors, in addition to the World's best Vaudeville at Modest Prices. Continuous Daily 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN. 88TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION. Fine Arts Galleries, 215 and 217 West 57th St. 10 A. M., 6 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M. Adm. 50c.

MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Burlesque. BEN WELCH and HIS BURLESQUERS.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.) Broadway at 29th St. 647 Eighth Ave. 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Stetson Hats

STETSON makes the best hats possible for $3.50 and $5.00. We would not sell them otherwise—it would be against the Wallach policy, which is to give a little more value for every dollar than that dollar would buy otherwhere.

The Wallach-Stetson book for Spring is ready, and there's a copy here for you. Step in to-day and get one. It's free.

Wallach Hats $2.00

Stetson Hats $3.50, $5.00 and $8.00

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
GOTHAM
COLOR-FAST GUARANTEED SHIRTS
$1.00 to $10.00
SEE GOTHAM PAJAMAS
ALSO GOTHAM ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR
GOTHAM

It Has the Long Points

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ASK FOR "THE RED-MAN" IN THE RED-MAN BRAND 2 FOR 25 CTS.

EARL & WILSON MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

Oratorio Society of New York

Andrew Carnegie, President. Louis Koemmenich, Conductor.

"A CHORAL SERVICE" Taubmann

DIE MEISTERSINGER (Finale, Act. III.) Wagner

AN IMPORTANT CONCERT! CARNEGIE HALL, FRIDAY, 8:15

Great Chorus of the Society—Distinguished Soloists—Choir of Boys—Orchestra N. Y. Symphony Society. Tickets, 75c. to $1.50.

HIPPODROME 6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. GYPSY LIFE. NEW CIRCUS. PLUNGING HORSES. In addition to the Great Spectacle. UNDER MANY FLAGS

WINTER GARDEN HONEYMOON EXPRESS GABY DESLYS AL JOLSON. MATINEE TO-DAY, 50c. TO $1.50. SUN. NIGHT CONCERT—Entirely New Star Acts.

48TH ST. Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. FRANCIS WILSON in His Latest Comedy, The Spiritualist.

48TH ST. THEA. SUN., March 30, at 8:30. FIRST NEW YORK LECTURE BY HELEN KELLER and MRS. JOHN MACY, Her Teacher. Tickets 75c. to $2.00.

WEBER & FIELDS' 44th ST. Thea. Beg'g To-night 8:10 Sharp. Nine-Star Revival THE GEISHA. GREATEST CAST EVER ASSEMBLED. James T. POWERS, Lina ABARBANELL, Alice ZEPILLI, Frank POLLOCK, Pauline HALL, Edwin STEVENS, Georgia CAINE, Carl GANTVOORT, Charles KING.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. STAR CAST in THE BEGGAR STUDENT

PRINCESS 39th, Bet. Broadway & 6th Av. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. A SMART THEATRE FOR SMART PEOPLE. "We might hesitate to take the minister's daughter to the Princess without first investigating the bill, but were we a visitor in New York it is one of the first places we should strike for. Which leads us to conclude that the success of the Grand Guignol of the western world is assured."—*Burns Mantle in Eve. Mail.*

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Last Mats. To-day & Sat. FINAL WEEK Little Women. MAT. TO-DAY. Best Seats $1.50. Next Monday GRACE GEORGE in a revival of DIVORCONS.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. ROMANCE

LYRIC 42d St., W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Last 2 Weeks. SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.

William Collier's COMEDY 41st. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. FANNY'S FIRST PLAY

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. at 2. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP. Wed. Mat. 25c. to $1. 500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday TRENTINI in THE FIREFLY. Next Week, William Collier, "Never Say Die."

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN NOW. SHORT SEASON, TWICE DAILY, 2:15-8:15. DOORS OPEN ONE HOUR EARLIER. CIRCUS BARNUM AND BAILEY. And ENTIRELY NEW EDITION 1250 CHARACTER SPECTACLE CLEOPATRA. Grandest, Biggest Circus Ever Seen in New York. Every Act a Hit—Clowns A Scream. Big Collection International Freaks. Admission to Everything 25c & 50c. Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Private box seats, $2.50. Children under 10 half price afternoons. Box office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. BRANCH TICKET OFFICES (Same Price as at Madison Square Garden.) BROADWAY OFFICES 1460 Broadway (near 42d St.) Lehigh Valley Ticket Office. Gimbel Bros. Store and John Wanamaker's Store. DOWNTOWN: World Travel Bureau, World Bldg. HARLEM OFFICE 121 W. 125th St. (near Lenox). N. Y. Central Ticket Office.

B. F. KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES. UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. Peter, the Chimpanzee, "Motoring in Midair," Talking Pictures and Others. COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Marie McFarland & Madame? Sam & Kitty Morton, Hermine Shone & Co., others. ALHAMBRA 7 Av. & 126 St. Maurice & Florence Walton, Gertrude Barnes, Dooley & Sales, Talking Pictures, oths. BRONX 149 St. 3d Ave. Daily Mats., 25c. Dr. Herman, Walter Law & Co., Visions d'Art, Mrs. Louis James, Talking Pictures, &c. HARLEM OPERA HOUSE 125th St., nr. 7th Av. Mat. Daily. Stock Co. in "OVERNIGHT." Vaudeville between acts.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. To-day, Pop. Price Mat. at 2. Rigoletto. Hempel; Macnez, Gilly, Rothier. Con. Sturani. To-night at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini. Fri. at 8. Boris Gudonoff. Homer, Cox; Maubourg, Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond. Toscanini. Sat. Mat. at 2. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond. Hertz. Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson, Fornia; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Didur. Cond. Morgenstern. Sun. Evg. Concert. Zimbalist, Violin. Homer, Althouse, Dr. Lulek, Baritone. Ent. Orch. Next Mon. at 8. Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini. Tues. at 8, Spec'l Perf'ce, Magic Flute. Gadski, Hempel, Alten; Jorn, Braun, Goritz, Reiss, Griswold. Cond. Hertz. Wed. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Homer; Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini. Thurs. Extra Mat. at 2. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Bada. Cond. Toscanini. Thurs. at 8. Tannhaeuser. Destinn, Fremstad; Urlus, Braun, Buers. Cond. Hertz. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. To-night at 8:15 & To-m'w (Fri.) Aft. 2:30. AT CARNEGIE HALL. Beethoven's Choral Symphony IX. SOLO QUARTET AND THE MACDOWELL CHORUS. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr. NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT 3. ALL WAGNER PROGRAMME

LAURIE MERRILL—EDMOND CLEMENT. VIOLINISTE (His Farewell Appearance) WALDORF-ASTORIA. Monday, March 31st, 3:30 P. M. Seats $3, $2. Boxes $25, $20. AT TYSON'S, WALDORF-ASTORIA

LITTLE THEATRE, 44th St., west of B'way. Two Recitals. Request Programs. To-morrow Night 8:45. Next Sunday Aft. at 4. EVENING AND MATINEE OF INTIMATE SONGS. JULIA CULP. COENRAAD V. BOS at the Piano. Tickets $3.00, on sale only at Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Metropolitan Opera House Bldg., 1425 B'way.

Carnegie Hall, next Sat. Afternoon at 2:30. LAST RECITAL This Season. ELMAN. Tickets 75c. to $2.00, now at Hall. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Berkeley Theatre, 23 West 44th St. Popular Prices. To-day at 3:30 and 8:30 P. M. ENORMOUS HIT. Lawrence Grant on Glacier Park. Dancers by Genuine Blackfeet Indians

Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., 7th Av., 25c to $1.00. Twice Daily, incl. Sundays, 3:15 & 8:30 P. M. PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR and THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION IN KINEMACOLOR.

BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Evgs. 8:30. MATINEES EVERY DAY, 2:30. PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day. GINGER GIRLS with ED LEE WROTHE.

OLYMPIC E. 14th St. Phone 1260 Stuy. Mat. Today. Seats 25c. To-night—Amateur Night. THE STAR & GARTER SHOW.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Liberty Hall WITH John Mason

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th St. Eves. 8 sharp. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2. JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL. with JOSEPH CAWTHORN

"A VERITABLE HAIR RAISER."—EVE. GLOBE. H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER. 200 GALLERY SEATS RESERVED 50c. LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. "MORE VIVID THAN WITHIN THE LAW." —WORLD, EVE. SUN, ALAN DALE. The Conspiracy

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. HAVE YOU EVER SEEN A MAN IN HARNESS? The Poor Little Rich Girl

THE MASTER MIND. FULL OF THRILLS. A SECOND RAFFLES. AT THE HARRIS THEATRE. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY. Regular Mat. Sat.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. What Happened to Mary with OLIVE WYNDHAM.

Eva Tanguay and her own vaudeville company. Park Thea., 59th St., Col. Circle. Seats 25 to $1.00. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 25c. and 50c.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. OH! OH! DELPHINE. The Last Word in Musical Comedy.

Liberty THEATRE NEXT Sunday Night. JEROME H. EDDY TESTIMONIAL. SENSATIONAL BILL OF FAMOUS STARS AND BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS. Seats $1, $2, $2.50. Now, at Box Office.

GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY. "STOP THIEF" A Farce by Carlyle Moore.

GLOBE MATINEE SATURDAY. MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS. THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

The Tenement Economies Society will hold a public conference at the Fine Arts Building, 215 West 57th St., on Friday evening, March 28, at 8:15.

The topic will be "The Perfection of the Economic Open Stair Tenement and Board of Appeal for the Tenement House Department." The speakers will be Prof. Chandler, Prof. Miller, Dr. Shannon, Mr. Atterbury Smith, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Krekeler.

Those interested in lower rents in tenements, or those believing that the custody of our tenement laws should be in the hands of more representative groups of citizens than at present, should attend.

Academy of Misapplied Art. First annual exhibition. 111 East 59th St., March 24 to 29, inclusive, 1 to 6, 8 to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-night, Brandt-Christians in Mutter-Landstrasse; Saturday Matinee, Alt Heidelberg.

OPERA TICKETS. Tel. 3026 Greeley. Choice seats for all theatres and operas. Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th St.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

MAJESTIC Mats. Wed. & Saturday. ANNIE RUSSELL'S Old English Comedy Co. Next Week............Weber & Fields Co.

B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM Daily Mat. 25c. GRACE LARUE | MACK & RAMBEAU, BERT FITZGIBBON, ALICE FISCHER, others.

CHARITIES.

SPECIAL PERFORMANCE Magic Flute for The Legal Aid Society. Metropolitan Opera House. Tuesday Evening, April 1st. Hempel, Gadski, Alten, Braun, Jorn, Goritz in principal roles. Illustrated Souvenirs. Regular Prices.

HOTELS.

HOTEL Bretton Hall BROADWAY 85th to 86th St. Between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Large rooms, large closets and all comforts of the best New York Hotels at one-third less price. Within ten minutes of shopping and theatre centres. Subway station at the door.

HOTEL SEYMOUR, 44-50 West 45th St. and 43 West 44th St. THREE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL. Larger rooms at lower rates than usual in N. Y. hotels. Suites any size, furnished or unfurnished. DAILY RATE:—Room and bath, one person, $2.00. Parlor, bedroom, and bath, two persons, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00. Excellent restaurant, a la carte, at reasonable prices.

HOTEL ABERDEEN 32d St., Bet. B'way & 5th Ave. 300 ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH. $1.50 & $2.00 PER DAY. PARLOR, BEDROOM, AND BATH, $2.50 & $3.00 PER DAY.

HOTEL PIERREPONT 32nd Street near Broadway. Large rooms with private bath, $1.50 per day; parlor, bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day.

RESTAURANTS.

Kaiser-Hof B'way & 39th St. High-class German Kitchen. Luncheon Daily in Annex 60 CENTS. Table d'Hote Dinners Sundays Only 6 to 9 P. M., $1.00

Lüchow 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

"TOKIO" New, 141 West 45th St., nr. Broadway. Am. & Oriental. "Cabaret International."